



Product information
High-efficiency wall-hung gas boiler

Quinta Ace S 90 - 110 - 130 - 150

Dear Customer,

Thank you very much for buying this appliance. Please read through the manual carefully before using the product, and keep it in a safe place for later reference. In order to ensure continued safe and efficient operation we recommend that the product is serviced regularly. Our service and customer service organisation can assist with this. We hope you enjoy years of problem-free operation with the product.

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1 About this manual

1.1 Additional documentation

The following documentation is available in addition to this manual:

- · Installation and user manual
- · Cascade description
- Service manual

1.2 Symbols used in the manual

This manual contains special instructions, marked with specific symbols. Please pay extra attention when these symbols are used.



Danger

Risk of dangerous situations that will result in death or serious injury.



Warning

Risk of dangerous situations that could result in death or serious injury.



Notice

Risk of dangerous situations that could result in damage to the product or other property.



Important

Please note: important information.

2 Description of the product

2.1 General description

The Quinta Ace S boilers are high-efficiency wall-hung gas boilers with the following properties:

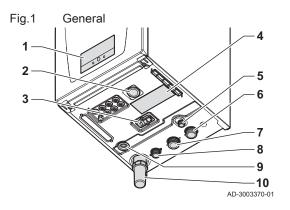
- · High-efficiency heating.
- · Stainless steel heat exchanger.
- · Limited emissions of polluting substances.
- · Ideal choice for cascade configurations.

The following boiler types are available:

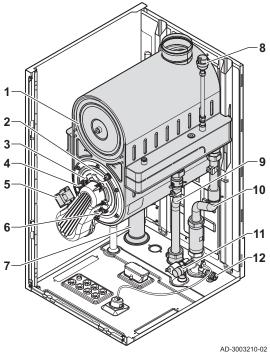
Tab.1 Boiler types

Name	Rated heat output (Prated)
Quinta Ace S 90	85 kW
Quinta Ace S 110	102 kW
Quinta Ace S 130	122 kW
Quinta Ace S 150	140 kW

2.2 Main components







- 1 Control panel
- 2 Pressure gauge
- 3 Quick connect
- 4 Data plate
- 5 Safety pressure relief valve outlet
- 6 Return pipe connection
- 7 Flow pipe connection
- 8 Gas pipe connection
- 9 Trap with condensate drain connection
- 10 Trap bottle
- 1 Heat exchanger
- 2 Heat exchanger thermal switch
- 3 Flame inspection glass
- 4 Ignition electrode
- 5 Ignition transformer
- 6 Ionisation electrode
- 7 Condensate trap
- 8 Automatic air valve
- 9 Flow pipe
- 10 Return pipe
- 11 Safety pressure relief valve
- 12 Heat exchanger drain valve

Fig.3 Gas-air

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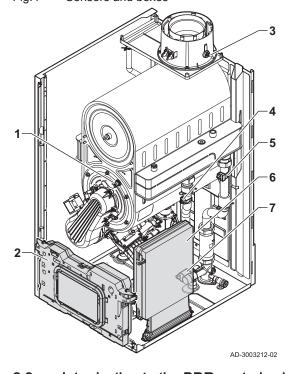
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3

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- 1 Fan
- 2 Mixing tube
- 3 Venturi
- 4 Air inlet with silencer
- 5 Air pressure switch (only on boiler types: 130 150)
- **6** Burner
- 7 Gas pipe
- 8 Gas control valve

Fig.4 Sensors and boxes

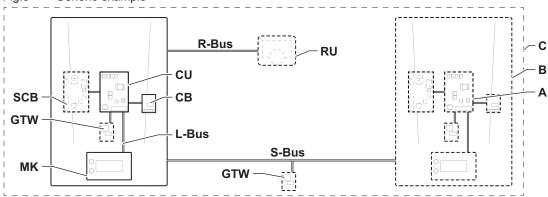


- 1 Heat exchanger thermal switch
- 2 Control box
- 3 Flue gas temperature sensor
- 4 Flow temperature sensor
- 5 Return temperature sensor
- **6** Expansion box (optional) For the 90 boiler it is located on the left inner side of the casing.
- 7 Water pressure sensor

2.3 Introduction to the BDR controls platform

The Quinta Ace S boiler is equipped with the BDR controls platform. This is a modular system, and offers compatibility and connectivity between all products that make use of the same platform.

Fig.5 Generic example



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Tab.2 Components in the example

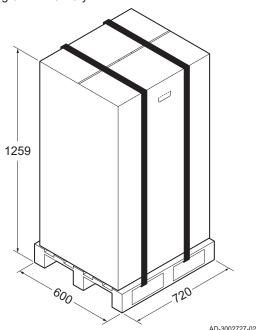
Item	Description	Function
CU	Control Unit: Control unit	The control unit handles all basic functionality of the appliance.
СВ	Connection Board: Connection PCB	The connection PCB provides easy access to all connectors of the control unit.
SCB	Smart Control Board: Expansion PCB	An expansion PCB provides extra functionality, like an internal calorifier or multiple zones.
GTW	Gateway: Conversion PCB	A gateway can be fitted to an appliance or system, to provide one of the following: • Extra (wireless) connectivity • Service connections • Communication with other platforms
MK	Control panel: Control panel and display	The control panel is the user interface to the appliance.
RU	Room Unit: Room unit (for example, a thermostat)	A room unit measures the temperature in a reference room.
L-bus	Local Bus: Connection between devices	The local bus provides communication between devices.
S-bus	System Bus: Connection between appliances	The system bus provides communication between appliances.
R-bus	Room unit Bus: Connection to a room unit	The room unit bus provides communication to a room unit.
Α	Device	A device is a PCB, control panel or a room unit.
В	Appliance	An appliance is a set of devices connected via the same L-bus
С	System	A system is a set of appliances connected via the same S-bus

Tab.3 Specific devices delivered with the Quinta Ace S boiler

Name visible in display	Software ver- sion	Description	Function
CU-GH20	1.0	Control unit CU-GH20	The CU-GH20 control unit handles all basic functionality of the Quinta Ace S boiler.
MK3	1.98	Control panel HMI Advanced	The HMI Advanced is the user interface to the Quinta Ace S boiler.

2.4 Standard delivery

Fig.6 Delivery



The boiler is delivered in a packaging on a pallet. The delivery includes:

- Quinta Ace S boiler
- Literature pack (including a mounting template)
- Trap bottle
- · Wall mounting set

2.5 Accessories and options

Various accessories can be obtained for the boiler.



Important

Contact us for more information.

3 Technical specifications

3.1 Homologations

3.1.1 Certifications

Tab.4 Certifications

CE identification number	CE-0085DP0589
Class NOx ⁽¹⁾	6
Type of flue gas connection	B ₂₃ ⁽²⁾ C ₁₃ , C ₃₃ , C ₄₃ , C ₅₃ , C ₆₃ , C ₈₃ , C ₉₃
(1) EN 15502–1(2) When installing a boiler with connection t	type B ₂₃ , the IP rating of the boiler is lowered to IP20.

3.1.2 Gas categories

Tab.5 Unit categories

Country	Category	Gas type	Connection pressure Pn (mbar)	Connection pressure Pn (kPa)
Great Britain	II _{2H3P}	G20 (H gas) G31 (propane)	20 37/50	2.0 3.7/5.0
Ireland	II _{2H3P}	G20 (H gas) G31 (propane)	20 37	2.0 3.7

3.1.3 Directives

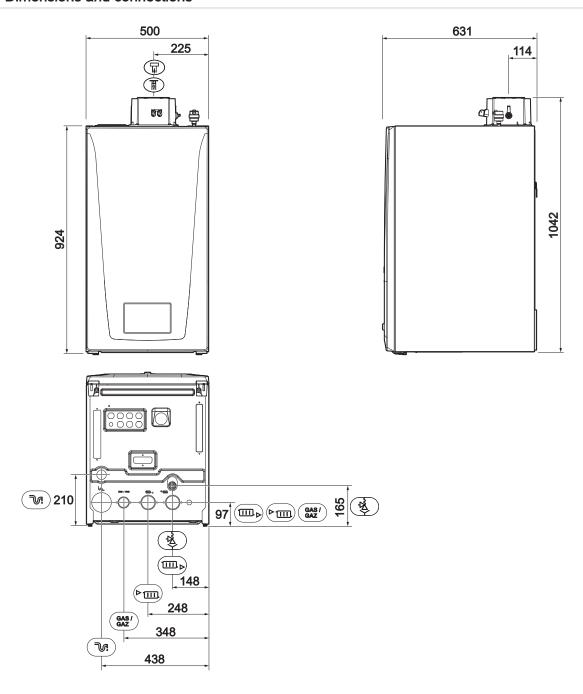
In addition to the legal requirements and guidelines, the supplementary guidelines in this manual must also be followed. Supplements or subsequent regulations and guidelines that are valid at the time of installation shall apply to all regulations and guidelines specified in this manual.

3.1.4 Factory test

Before leaving the factory, each boiler is optimally set and tested for:

- · Electrical safety.
- Adjustment of O₂.
- · Water tightness.
- · Gas tightness.
- · Parameter setting.

3.2 Dimensions and connections



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Tab.6 Dimensions and connections

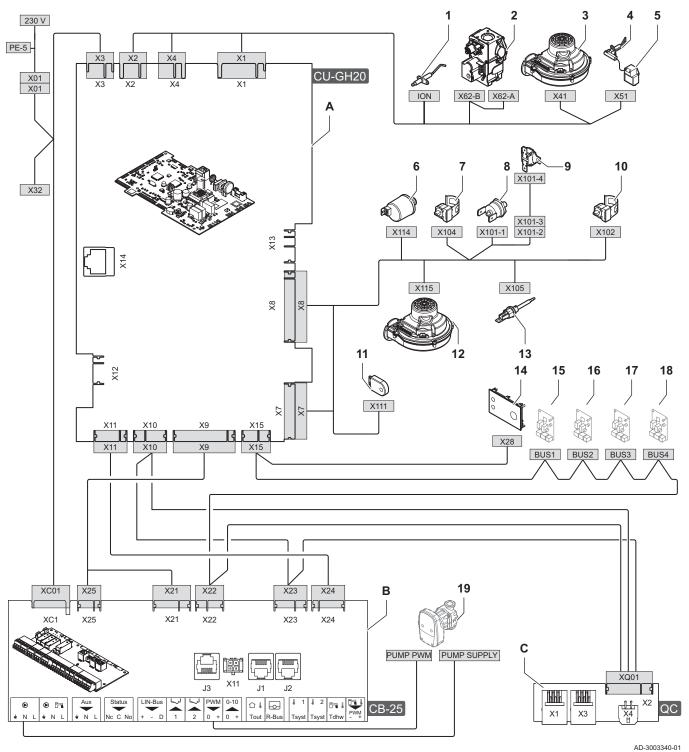
Symbol	Description	Dimension				
▶ □	Flow connection	1½" male thread				
Ⅲ▶	Return connection	1½" male thread				
GAS/ GAZ	Gas connection	1" male thread				
% :	Condensation outlet	Ø 24 mm external				
→ <u>A</u>	Safety pressure relief valve outlet	3/4" male thread				
Til I	Flue gas outlet ⁽¹⁾	Ø 110 mm				
T Air inlet ⁽²⁾ Ø 160 mm						

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⁽¹⁾ This is the inner pipe of the concentric flue gas adapter.(2) This is the outer pipe of the concentric flue gas adapter.

3.3 Electrical diagram

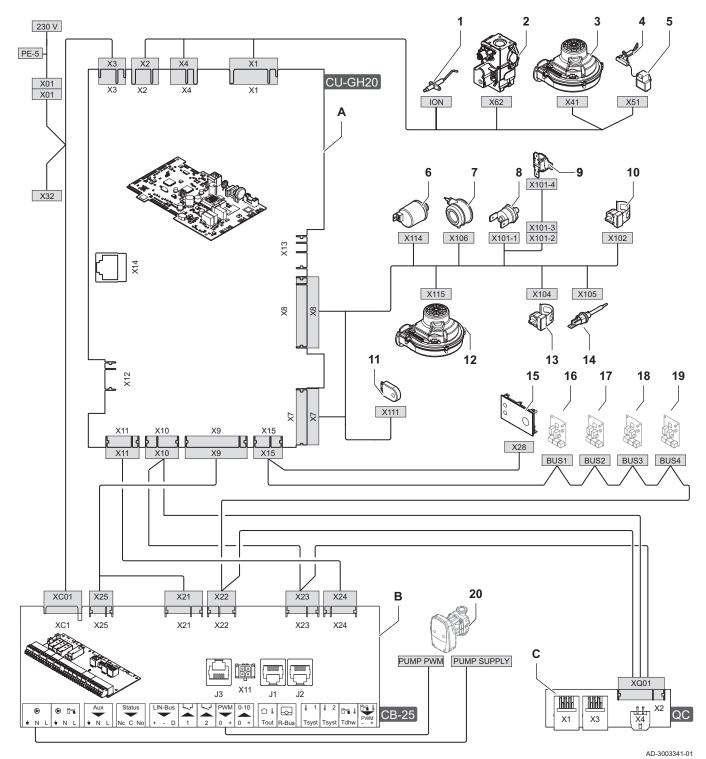
Fig.7 Electrical diagram for boiler types 90 - 110.



- A Control unit CU-GH20
- B Connection board CB-25
- C Quick connection board Quick connect
- 1 Ionisation electrode
- 2 Gas control valve
- 3 Fan power supply
- 4 Ignition electrode
- 4 Ignition electrode
- 5 Ignition transformer
- 6 Water pressure sensor
- 7 Flow temperature sensor
- 8 Thermal switch

- 9 Thermal fuse
- 10 Return temperature sensor
- 11 Configuration storage unit (CSU)
- 12 PWM signal fan
- 13 Flue gas temperature sensor
- 14 Control panel (HMI)
- 15 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 16 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 17 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 18 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 19 Boiler pump

Fig.8 Electrical diagram for boiler types 130 - 150.



A Control unit - CU-GH20

B Connection board - CB-25

- C Quick connection board Quick connect
- 1 Ionisation electrode
- 2 Gas control valve
- 3 Fan power supply
- 4 Ignition electrode
- 5 Ignition transformer
- 6 Water pressure sensor
- 7 Air pressure differential switch
- 8 Thermal switch
- 9 Thermal fuse

- 10 Return temperature sensor
- 11 Configuration storage unit (CSU)
- 12 PWM signal fan
- 13 Flow temperature sensor
- **14** Flue gas temperature sensor
- 15 Control panel (HMI)
- 16 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 17 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 18 CAN connection for expansion PCB
- 19 CAN connection for expansion PCB

20 Boiler pump

3.4 Technical data

Tab.7 General

Quinta Ace S				90	110	130	150
Nominal output	<i>P_n</i> 80/60 °C	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	9.4 85.0	20.5 102.0	28.4 121.5	28.1 140.3
Nominal output	P _{nc} 50/30 °C	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	10.2 91.8	22.1 110.2	30.6 130.6	30.2 150.9
Nominal input	$Q_{nh}\left(H_{i}\right)$	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	9.7 87.4	21.0 104.9	29.0 123.8	28.6 143.0
Nominal input	$Q_{nh}\left(H_{s}\right)$	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	10.8 97.0	23.3 116.4	32.2 137.4	31.7 158.7
Nominal input G31	$Q_{nh}(H_i)$	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	9.7 87.4	21.0 104.9	29.0 123.8	28.6 143.0
Nominal input G31	$Q_{nh}\left(H_{s}\right)$	kW	min max ⁽¹⁾	10.8 97.0	23.3 116.4	32.2 137.4	31.7 158.7
Full load central heating efficiency	P _n (H _i) 80/60 °C	%		97.3	97.2	98.1	98.1
Full load central heating efficiency	H _i 50/30 °C	%		105.5	105.1	105.5	105.5
Part load central heating efficiency	P _n (H _i) RT=30 °C ⁽²⁾	%		107.5	107.4	108.6	108.6
Full load central heating efficiency	P _n (H _s) 80/60 °C	%		87.6	87.5	88.3	88.3
Full load central heating efficiency	<i>H_s</i> 50/30 °C	%		95.0	94.6	95.0	95.0
Part load central heating efficiency	P _n (H _s) RT=30 °C ⁽²⁾	%		96.8	96.7	97.8	97.8
(1) Factory setting.	1		!	1			

Tab.8 Details of gas and flue gas

Quinta Ace S				90	110	130	150
Gas test pressure	G20	mbar	min	17	17	17	17
			max	25	25	25	25
Gas test pressure	G31	mbar	min	30	30	30	30
			max	50	50	50	50
Gas consumption	G20	m ³ /h	min	1.03	2.22	3.07	3.03
			max	9.25	11.10	13.10	15.13
Gas consumption	G31	m ³ /h	min	0.51	0.86	1.45	1.67
			max	3.57	4.28	5.06	5.84
Gas consumption	G31	kg/h	min	0.97	1.63	2.75	3.17
			max	6.78	8.13	9.61	11.09
NOx annual emissions	G20	mg/kWh	H_i	44	25	35	52
	(EN15502)		$H_{\mathcal{S}}$	40	23	32	47
			Class	6	6	6	6
CO annual emissions	G20 (EN15502)	mg/kWh	H _i	11	8	16	18
NOx annual emission (BREEAM)	G20	mg/kWh	H_s	22	23	19	23
	(EN15502)		Credits	2	2	2	2
Flue gas amount		kg/s	min	0.005	0.005	0.012	0.014
			max	0.040	0.047	0.056	0.064
Flue gas temperature		°C	max	70	70	70	70
Maximum counter pressure for flue gas outlet		Pa		153	190	180	270

Tab.9 Central heating circuit data

Quinta Ace S			90	110	130	150
Water content	I		9	10	10	11
Water operating pressure	bar	min	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

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⁽¹⁾ Factory setting.(2) Return temperature.

Quinta Ace S				90	110	130	150
Water operating pressure (PMS)	PMS	bar	max	4	4	6	6
Water temperature		°C	max	110	110	110	110
Operating water temperature		°C	max	90	90	90	90
Hydraulic resistance	ΔT=20 K	mbar		375	399	433	520
Water flow	ΔT=11 K	m ³ /h		6.65	7.97	9.50	10.97
Water flow at maximum CH input	80/60 °C	m ³ /h	nom	3.66	4.39	5.22	6.03
Water flow at minimum CH input	80/60 °C	m ³ /h	nom	0.40	0.49	1.04	1.21
Water flow at maximum CH input	50/30 °C	m ³ /h	nom	3.95	4.74	5.62	6.49
Water flow at minimum CH input	50/30 °C	m ³ /h	nom	0.44	0.53	1.13	1.30
Casing-related losses (without insulation)	ΔT=30 °C	W		50	73	97	121
Casing-related losses (without insulation)	ΔT=50 °C	W		131	158	184	211

Tab.10 Electrical data

Quinta Ace S				90	110	130	150
Supply voltage		V~/Hz		230/50	230/50	230/50	230/50
Power consumption – full load ⁽¹⁾		W	max ⁽¹⁾ min	140 17	178 21	159 20	238 22
Power consumption – standby ⁽¹⁾	P_{SB}	W		3	3	3	3
Electrical protection index		IP ⁽²⁾		X5D	X5D	X5D	X5D
Fuse – main (power connector)		(AT)		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Fuse – CU-GH20		(AT)		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Fuse – CB		(AT)		6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3

Other data Tab.11

			130	150
kg	96.0	101.1	104.0	106.4
kg	81.0	86.1	89.0	91.4
kg	79.0	84.1	87.0	89.4
dB(A)	56.4	56.8	52.6	56.7
dB(A)	67.6	67.9	63.8	67.8
	kg dB(A)	kg 79.0 dB(A) 56.4	kg 79.0 84.1 dB(A) 56.4 56.8	kg 79.0 84.1 87.0 dB(A) 56.4 56.8 52.6

⁽¹⁾ Without front panel.

Tab.12 Technical parameters

Quinta Ace S			90	110	130	150
Condensing boiler			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Low-temperature boiler(1)			No	No	No	No
B1 boiler			No	No	No	No
Cogeneration space heater			No	No	No	No
Combination heater			No	No	No	No
Rated heat output	Prated	kW	85	102	122	140
Useful heat output at nominal heat output and high temperature operation ⁽²⁾	P_4	kW	85.0	102.0	121.5	140.3
Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾	P ₁	kW	28.2	33.8	40.4	46.6
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	%	-	-	-	-

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⁽¹⁾ Without pump.
(2) When installing a boiler with connection type B₂₃, the IP rating of the boiler is lowered to IP20.

⁽²⁾ Maximum.

⁽³⁾ Central heating operation.

Quinta Ace S			90	110	130	150
Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽²⁾	η_4	%	87.7	87.6	88.4	88.4
Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾	η_1	%	96.9	96.8	97.8	97.8
Auxiliary electricity consumption						
Full load	elmax	kW	0.140	0.178	0.159	0.238
Part load	elmin	kW	0.017	0.021	0.020	0.022
Standby mode	P_{SB}	kW	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Other items						
Standby heat loss	P _{stby}	kW	0.050	0.073	0.097	0.121
Ignition burner power consumption	P _{ign}	kW	-	-	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}	GJ	-	-	-	-
Sound power level, indoors	L _{WA}	dB	68	68	64	68
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO _X	mg/kWh	31	22	17	23

⁽¹⁾ Low temperature means 30 °C for condensing boilers, 37 °C for low temperature boilers and 50 °C (at heater inlet) for other heating appliances.

⁽²⁾ High temperature operation means 60 °C return temperature at heater inlet and 80 °C feed temperature at heater outlet.

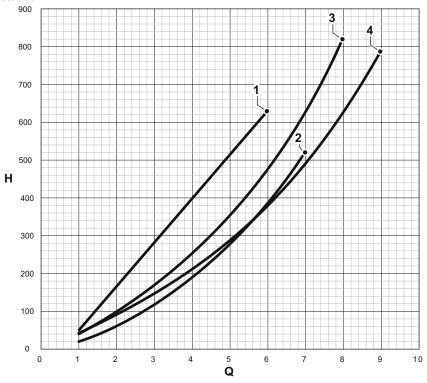


See The back cover for contact details.

3.5 Hydraulic resistance

Take the boiler resistance and system resistance into account when selecting a pump. The graphs show the resistance curves for the entire boiler range. The models shown in the graph's legend apply to your market. The table shows nominal flow data and the corresponding hydraulic resistance.

Fig.9 Hydraulic resistance



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Q Water flow (m³/h)

H Hydraulic resistance (mbar)

1 Quinta Ace S 90

2 Quinta Ace S 110

3 Quinta Ace S 130

4 Quinta Ace S 150

Tab.13 Water flow rate data

	Unit	90	110	130	150
Minimum flow rate	m ³ /h	2.00	2.25	2.25	3.15
Maximum flow rate	m ³ /h	4.60	4.80	5.90	6.70
H at ΔT = 15 °C	mbar	500	390	700	700
Q at ΔT = 15 °C	m ³ /h	5.0	6.0	7.5	8.6
H at ΔT = 20 °C	mbar	357	230	400	410
Q at ΔT = 20 °C	m ³ /h	4.20	4.60	5.40	5.60
H at ΔT = 30 °C	mbar	209	110	180	210
Q at ΔT = 30 °C	m ³ /h	2.5	3.0	3.7	4.3

4 Before installation

4.1 Installation regulations



Warning

The boiler must be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.



Warning

The installer must be registered with Gas Safe and have the correct ACS qualifications.



Important

Practical guidelines - see the latest version.

4.2 Choice of the location

4.2.1 Location requirements



Danger

Never store combustible substances within 30 cm of the boiler, either temporarily or permanently.



Warning

- Fix the boiler to a solid wall capable of bearing the boiler when full of water and fully equipped.
- Do not place the boiler above a heat source or a cooking appliance.



Notice

The boiler must be installed in a frost-free area.



Important

- An earthed electrical connection must be available close to the boiler.
- A drain connection must be available close to the boiler.
- Do not locate the boiler in direct or indirect sunlight.

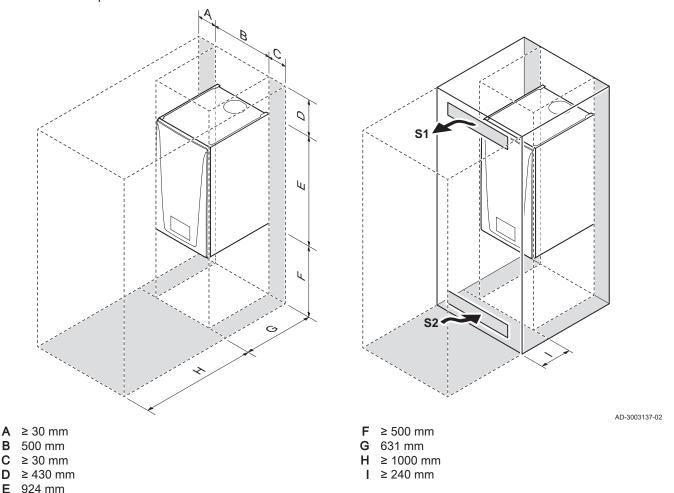
When choosing the best installation location, consider:

- · The regulations.
- · The required installation space.
- The permitted position of the flue gas outlet and/or air supply opening.
- The evenness of the surface.

When installing in a closed cupboard (or similar):

- Take the minimum distance between the boiler and the walls of the cupboard into account.
- Create ventilation openings with a minimum cross section: S1 + S2 = 150 cm²

Fig.10 Location requirements



4.3 Requirements for the condensate drain

- The drain pipe must be Ø 32 mm or larger, terminating in the drain.
- Use only plastic material for the discharge pipe due to the acidity (pH 2 to 5) of the condensate.
- Fit a trap in the drain pipe.
- The drain pipe must slope down at least 30 mm per metre, the maximum horizontal length is 5 metres.
- Do not make a fixed connection in order to prevent an overpressure in the trap.

4.4 Requirements for water connections

- Before installation, check that the connections meet the set requirements.
- Carry out any welding work required at a safe distance from the appliance.
- If using synthetic pipes, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

4.4.1 Requirements for the central heating connections

We recommend installing a central heating filter in the return pipe to prevent clogging of boiler components.

4.5 Requirements for the gas connection

- Carry out any welding work required at a safe distance from the boiler.
- Before installing, check that the gas meter has sufficient capacity. Take into account the consumption of all appliances. Notify
 the local energy company if the gas meter has insufficient capacity.
- An installed boiler gas cock must always be accessible.
- We recommend installing a gas filter to prevent clogging of the gas control valve.

4.6 Requirements for the flue gas discharge system

4.6.1 Classification

i

Important

- The installer is responsible for choosing the correct type, diameter, and length of the flue system.
- Always use connection materials, roof terminal and/or horizontal flue terminal supplied by the same manufacturer. Consult the manufacturer for compatibility details.
- The use of flue systems from other manufacturers is allowed in addition to the recommended manufacturers listed in this manual. Use is only allowed when all our requirements are met and the description of flue system C₆₃ is respected.

Tab.14 Type of flue system: B₂₃

Principle	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽¹⁾		
AD-3000924-01	Room-ventilated version. • Without down-draught diverter. • Flue gas discharge via the roof. • Air supply from the installation area. • The air inlet connection of the boiler must stay open. • The installation area must be vented to ensure sufficient air supply. The vents must not be obstructed or shut off. • The IP rating of the boiler is lowered to IP20.	Connection material and roof terminal: Centrotherm Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol Natalini		
(1) The material must also s	(1) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.			

Tab.15 Type of flue system: C₁₃

Principle	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽¹⁾	
AD-3000926-01	Room-sealed version. Flue gas discharge in the outside wall. The air inlet is in the same pressure zone as the flue (for example a horizontal flue terminal). Parallel wall terminal not permitted.	Horizontal flue terminal and connection material: Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol	
(1) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.			

Tab.16 Type of flue system: C₃₃

Principle	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽¹⁾
AD-3000927-01	Room-sealed version. Flue gas discharge via the roof. The air inlet is in the same pressure zone as the flue (for example a concentric roof terminal).	Roof terminal and connection material Centrotherm Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol Natalini
(1) The material must also s	atisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.	

Tab.17 Type of flue system: C_{43}

Principle ⁽¹⁾	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽²⁾
1	Combined air inlet and flue system (common shared flue system) with overpressure.	Connecting material to the common shared flue system:
AD-3000928-01	 Concentric (preferably). Parallel (if concentric is not possible). 	 Centrotherm Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol Natalini
(1) FN 15502-2-1: 0.5 mba		

- (1) EN 15502-2-1: 0.5 mbar suction due to negative pressure.
- (2) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.

Tab.18 Type of flue system: C₅₃

Principle	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽¹⁾		
AD-3000929-02	 Connection in different pressure zones. Closed unit. Separate air inlet and flue. Discharging into various pressure areas. The air inlet and flue must not be placed on opposite walls. 	Connection material and roof terminal: Centrotherm Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol Natalini		
(1) The material must also sa	(1) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.			

Tab.19 Type of flue system: C₆₃

Principle	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽¹⁾
	 This system is supplied by us without an air inlet and flue. When selecting the material, please note the following: Condensed water must flow back to the boiler. The material must be resistant to the flue gas temperature of this boiler. Maximum permissible recirculation of 10%. The air inlet and flue must not be placed on opposite walls. Minimum permitted pressure difference between the air inlet and the flue is -200 Pa (including -100 Pa wind pressure). A common shared flue system with overpressure is not permitted. 	Use is only allowed when all our requirements are met and the description of this flue system type is respected.
(1) The material must also s	atisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.	

Tab.20 Type of flue system: C₈₃

Principle ⁽¹⁾	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽²⁾
<u>†</u>	Individual air inlet and shared flue system (common shared flue system).	Connecting material to the common shared flue system
	Place a condensation drain, equipped with a trap, at the bottom of the duct.	Centrotherm Cox Geelen Muelink & Grol Natalini
AD-3000930-01		

- (1) 4 mbar negative pressure can occur.
- (2) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.

Tab.21 Type of flue system: C₉₃

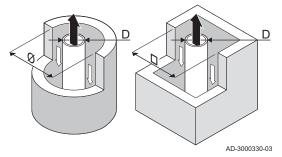
Principle ⁽¹⁾	Description	Recommended manufactur- ers ⁽²⁾
AD-3000931-02	Room-sealed version. • Air inlet and flue in shaft or duct: - Concentric. - Air supply from existing shaft or duct. - Flue gas discharge via the roof. - Air inlet is in the same pressure zone as the flue.	Connection material and roof terminal: • Centrotherm • Cox Geelen • Muelink & Grol • Natalini

- (1) See table for shaft or duct requirements.
- (2) The material must also satisfy the material property requirements from the relevant chapter.

Tab.22 Minimum dimensions of shaft or duct C_{93}

Version (D)	Without air supply		With air supply	
Rigid 110 mm	Ø 170 mm	□ 170 x 170 mm	Ø 180 mm	□ 175 x 175 mm
Concentric 110/160 mm	Ø 200 mm	□ 200 x 200 mm	Ø 200 mm	□ 200 x 200 mm

Fig.11 Minimum dimensions of shaft or duct C_{93}





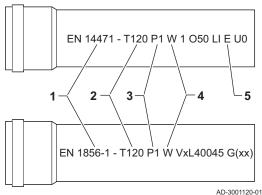
The shaft must comply with the airtightness requirements of the local regulations.

i Important

- Always clean shafts thoroughly when using flue liners and/or an air inlet connection.
- It must be possible to inspect the flue liner.

4.6.2 Material

Fig.12 Sample string



Use the string on the flue gas outlet material to check whether it is suitable for use on this appliance.

- 1 EN 14471 or EN 1856–1: The material is UKCA and CE approved according to this standard. For plastic this is EN 14471, For aluminium and stainless steel this is EN 1856-1.
- 2 T120: The material has temperature class T120. A higher number is also allowed, but not lower.
- **3 P1**: The material falls into pressure class P1. H1 is also allowed.
- 4 W: The material is suitable for draining condensation water (W='wet'). D is not allowed (D='dry').
- **5 E**: The material falls into fire resistance class E. Class A to D are also allowed, F is not allowed. Only applicable to plastic.

Λ

Warning

- The coupling and connection methods may vary depending on the manufacturer. It is not permitted to combine pipes, coupling and connection methods from different manufacturers. This also applies to roof terminal and common shared flue ducts.
- The materials used must comply with the prevailing regulations and standards.
- Please contact us to discuss using flexible flue gas outlet material.

Tab.23 Overview of material properties

Version	Flue gas outlet		Air supply	
	Material	Material properties	Material	Material properties
Single-wall, rigid	Plastic ⁽¹⁾ Stainless steel ⁽²⁾ Thick-walled, aluminium ⁽²⁾	With UKCA and/or CE marking Temperature class T120 or higher Condensate class W (wet) Pressure class P1 or H1 Fire resistance class E or better ⁽³⁾	Plastic Stainless steel Aluminium	With UKCA and/or CE marking Pressure class P1 or H1 Fire resistance class E or better ⁽³⁾
(1) according to EN 14471 (2) according to EN 1856				

4.6.3 Dimensions of flue gas outlet pipe

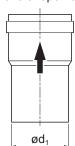
(3) according to EN 13501-1



Warning

The pipes connected to the flue gas adapter must satisfy the following dimension requirements.

Fig.13 Dimensions of open connection



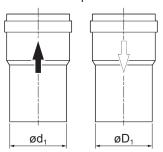
AD-3001094-01

d₁ External dimensions of flue gas outlet pipe

Tab.24 Dimensions of pipe

	d ₁ (min-max)
110 mm	109.3 - 110.3 mm

Fig.14 Dimensions of parallel connection



AD-3000963-01

- B| External aumenticione o
- D₁ External dimensions of air supply pipe

d₁ External dimensions of flue gas outlet pipe

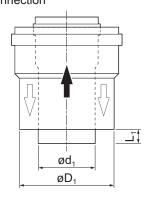
d₁ External dimensions of flue gas outlet pipe

D₁ External dimensions of air supply pipe

Tab.25 Dimensions of pipe

	d ₁ (min-max)	D ₁ (min-max)
110/110 mm	109.3 - 110.3 mm	109.3 - 110.3 mm

Fig.15 Dimensions of concentric connection



Tab.26 Dime	ensions of pipe		
	d ₁ (min-max)	D ₁ (min-max)	L ₁ ⁽¹⁾ (min-max)
110/160 mm	109.3 - 110.3 mm	159 - 161 mm	0 - 15 mm
(1) Shorten the inner pipe if the length difference is too great.			

Length difference between flue gas outlet pipe and air supply pipe

AD-3000962-01

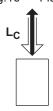
4.6.4 Length of the flue and air supply pipes

The maximum length of the flue and air supply vary per appliance type. Consult the relevant chapter for the correct lengths.

- If a boiler is not compatible with a specific flue system or diameter, it is indicated with "-" in the table.
- When using bends, the maximum flue length (L) must be shortened according to the reduction table.
- Use approved flue reducers for adaptation to another diameter.
- The boiler also supports other flue lengths and diameters than those specified in the tables. Contact us for more information.

■ Maximum flue lengths for C₁₃, C₃₃, C₆₃, C₉₃

Fig.16 Flue system length (Concentric)



AD-3002011-01

L_C Length from the air inlet connection and flue gas connection up to the terminal.

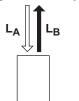
Calculation: $L = L_C$

Tab.27 Maximum length (L)

3, ()	
Diameter ⁽¹⁾	110/160 mm
Quinta Ace S 90	12 m
Quinta Ace S 110	13 m
Quinta Ace S 130	3 m
Quinta Ace S 150	4 m
(1) While maintaining the maximum length, addi-	tional 5 times 90° or 10 times

 While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times 45° bends can be used (indicated for each boiler type and diameter).

Fig.17 Flue system length (Parallel)



AD-3002010-01

 $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{A}}$ Length from the terminal up to the air inlet connection.

Length from the flue gas connection up to the terminal.

Calculation: L = L_A + L_B

An 80/80 or 110/110 mm flue gas splitting kit (optional) must be fitted for this connection.

Tab.28 Maximum length (L)

Diameter ⁽¹⁾	110 – 110 mm ⁽²⁾
Quinta Ace S 90	24 m
Quinta Ace S 110	18 m
Quinta Ace S 130	6 m
Quinta Ace S 150	8 m

- (1) While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times 45° bends can be used (indicated for each boiler type and diameter).
- (2) The maximum length was calculated with a concentric 110/160 mm terminal (indicated for each boiler type and diameter).

Maximum flue lengths for B₂₃

 L_B Length from the flue gas connection up to the terminal. Calculation: $L = L_B$

Tab.29 Maximum length (L)

Diameter ⁽¹⁾	110 mm	
Quinta Ace S 90	38 m	
Quinta Ace S 110	32 m	
Quinta Ace S 130	21 m	
Quinta Ace S 150	24 m	
(1) While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times		

(1) While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times 45° bends can be used (indicated for each boiler type and diameter).

Maximum flue lengths for C₅₃

L_A Length from the terminal up to the air inlet connection.

Length from the flue gas connection up to the terminal.

Calculation: $L = L_A + L_B$

Calculation

Important

The maximum permitted height difference between the air inlet and the roof terminal is 36 m.

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AD-3002009-01

Tab.30 Maximum length (L)

Diameter ⁽¹⁾	110 – 110 mm
Quinta Ace S 90	29 m
Quinta Ace S 110	26 m
Quinta Ace S 130	16 m
Quinta Ace S 150	20 m
(1) While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times	

1) While maintaining the maximum length, additional 5 times 90° or 10 times 45° bends can be used (indicated for each boiler type and diameter).

Flue system length

Fig.18

Fig.19 Flue system length

LA

LB

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Reduction table

Tab.31 Pipe reduction for each bend - radius ½D (parallel)

Diameter	110 mm
R=½D D 45°	1.5 m
<u>R=1/2D</u> <u>D</u> 90°	5.4 m

Tab.32 Pipe reduction for each bend - radius ½D (concentric)

Diameter	110/160 mm
R=½D D 45°	1.2 m
<u>R=½D</u> <u>D</u> <u>90°</u>	2.5 m

4.6.5 Additional guidelines

■ Installation



Warning

If the flue gas outlet and air supply materials are not installed in accordance with the instructions, this can result in dangerous situations and/or physical injury.

- For installing the flue gas outlet and air supply materials, refer to the instructions of the manufacturer of the material. After installation, check at least all flue gas outlet and air supply parts for tightness.
- Install the flue gas outlet pipe towards the boiler with a sufficient gradient (at least 50 mm per metre).
- Install a sufficient condensate collector and discharge at least 1 m before the outlet of the boiler.
- The bends used must be larger than 90° to guarantee the gradient and a good seal on the lip rings.

Condensation

- Direct connection of the flue gas outlet to structural ducts is not permitted because of condensation.
- If condensate from a plastic or stainless steel pipe section can flow back to an aluminium part in the flue gas outlet, this condensate must be discharged via a trap before it reaches the aluminium.
- Newly installed aluminium flue gas pipes with longer lengths can
 produce relatively larger quantities of corrosion products. Also casting
 sand and processing metal chips from new boilers can fill the boiler trap
 on short term after installation. Check and clean the trap more often for
 these reasons.

4.7 Requirements for the electrical connections

- Establish the electrical connections in accordance with all current local and national regulations and standards.
- · Electrical connections must only be made by qualified installers, and only while the power supply is disconnected.
- The appliance is completely pre-wired. Never change the internal connections of the control panel.

- Always connect the appliance to a well-earthed installation.
- If the power cord is permanently connected, you must always install a main bipolar switch with an opening gap of at least 3 mm (BS EN 60335-1).
- The wiring must comply with the instructions in the electrical diagrams.
- Follow the recommendations in this manual.
- Separate the sensor cables from the 230 V cables

Make sure the following requirements are met when connecting the cables to the PCB connectors:

Tab.33 PCB connectors

Wire cross section	Stripping length	Tightening torque
solid wire: 0.14 – 4.0 mm² (AWG 26 – 12)	8 mm	0.5 N⋅m
stranded wire: 0.14 – 2.5 mm² (AWG 26 – 14)		
stranded wire with ferrule: 0.25 – 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 – 14)		

4.8 Water quality and water treatment



Notice

Water quality

Damage to the product.

Warranty void.

• Make sure the water quality requirements are fulfilled.

For this appliance, the quality of the heating water must comply with all requirements as listed in **VDI 2035**. If water quality requirements for other components in the system are stated, the most stringent requirements apply.

If water quality is not met, consult a specialist.

Tab.34 Water quality requirements according to VDI 2035

Property	Unit	Values
Degree of acidity at 25 °C	рН	8.2 - 10.0
Electrical conductivity at 25 °C (for low saline water)	μS/cm	≤ 100
Electrical conductivity at 25 °C (for saline water)	μS/cm	100 - 1500
Oxygen (for low saline water)	mg/l	≤ 0.1
Oxygen (for saline water)	mg/l	≤ 0.02
Sum of alkaline earth metals	mmol/l	≤ 0.02

5 Appendix

5.1 ErP information

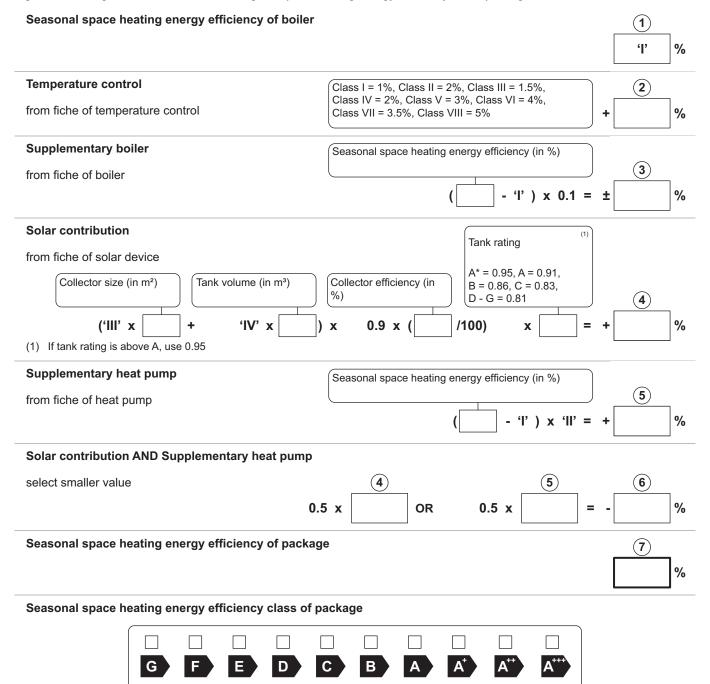
5.1.1 Product fiche

Tab.35 Product fiche

BAXI – Quinta Ace S		90	110	130	150
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class		-	-	-	-
Rated heat output (Prated)	kW	85	102	122	140
Annual energy consumption(Q _{HE})	GJ	-	-	-	-
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η _s)	%	-	-	-	-
Sound power level L _{WA} indoors	dB(A)	63	63	60	64

5.1.2 Package sheet

Fig.20 Package sheet for boilers indicating the space heating energy efficiency of the package



<30% ≥30% ≥34% ≥36% ≥75% ≥82% ≥90% ≥98% ≥125% ≥150%

The energy efficiency of the package of products provided for in this fiche may not correspond to its actual energy efficiency once installed in a building, as this efficiency is influenced by further factors such as heat loss in the distribution system and the dimensioning of the products in relation to building size and characteristics.

AD-3000743-01

- I The value of the seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the preferential space heater, expressed in %.
- II The factor for weighting the heat output of preferential and supplementary heaters of a package as set out in the following table
- III The value of the mathematical expression: 294/(11 · Prated), whereby 'Prated' is related to the preferential space heater.
- IV The value of the mathematical expression 115/(11 · Prated), whereby 'Prated' is related to the preferential space heater.

Tab.36 Weighting of boilers

Psup / (Prated + Psup) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	II, package without hot water storage tank	II, package with hot water storage tank
0	0	0
0.1	0.3	0.37
0.2	0.55	0.70
0.3	0.75	0.85
0.4	0.85	0.94
0.5	0.95	0.98
0.6	0.98	1.00
≥ 0.7	1.00	1.00

- (1) The intermediate values are calculated by linear interpolation between the two adjacent values.
- (2) Prated is related to the preferential space heater or combination heater.

5.2 EC Declaration of conformity

This appliance complies with the standard type described in the EC declaration of conformity. It has been manufactured and commissioned in accordance with European and British directives.



Fig.21 QR code



AD-3001616-01

5 Appendix

5 Appendix





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