

1H2018 Results

7th August 2018

A Bank Like No Other

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1H2018 Results: Key Highlights



Solid financial performance

- €39.9m of Adjusted Net Income (+5% y/y), after having expensed €0.8m of Tier II costs and provisions for €1.0m on Polish SME factoring portfolio in run off, and despite €20m of lower cashed in LPI vs. 1H17
- +7% of Adjusted Net Interest Income
- Stock of unrecognized off balance sheet LPI at €358m (+3% vs 1H17)
- Efficient operation with Adj. C/I ratio of 38%
- 32% of Adjusted ROTE

Double digit growth in loans and volumes

- Total customer loans up 17% y/y, 32% outside Italy
- New volumes up 24% y/y

Solid capital position and low risk profile

- TC and CET1 ratios equal to 17.2% and 12.3% (excluding €41m of net income for the period) well above SREP requirements, and including mark to market effect on HTC&S portfolio
- Low Net NPLs (1.0% of loans), of which 77% related to Italian municipalities in conservatorship ("Comuni in dissesto")
- Annualised CoR 1H18 of 21bps, of which 8bps due to the Polish SME factoring portfolio in run off and 9 bps due to Italian municipalities in conservatorship
- Significantly smaller government bond portfolio (-35% y/y)

New Business Initiatives

- Launch of a new financial solution in the infrastructures renovation sector with first deal signed with Citelum
- First two revolving agreements signed in Greece
- Portuguese branch opened in July 2018

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3

Source: Company data;

+5% Growth in Adjusted Net Income

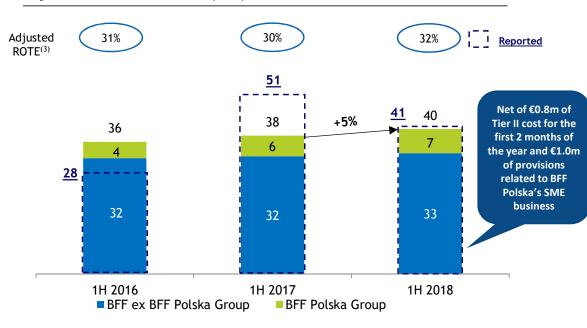


- €39.9m of 1H18 Adjusted Net Income, +5% vs 1H17 despite:
 - €0.3m of lower net over-recovery⁽¹⁾ accounted in P&L vs
 1H17
 - €37m of cashed-in LPI vs. €57m in 1H17
- The 1H18 Adjusted Net Income after having expensed (all values post tax):
 - €0.8m of Tier II cost for the first 2 months (not present in 1H17)
 - €1.0m of provision related to BFF Polska's (ex. Magellan)
 SME business placed in run-off at the end of 2017
- Profitability: Adjusted RoTE of 32%
- Dividend capacity: €0.24 per share as of 1H18

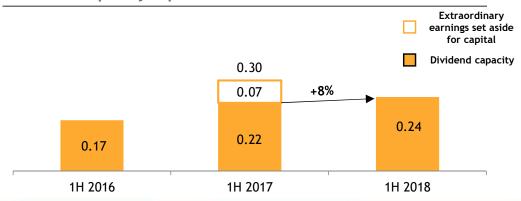
1H18 Extraordinary items net of taxes: €0.9m stock option plan costs, balanced by change in equity reserve; €0.5m extraordinary contribution to 2016 Resolution Fund; €2.8m after tax positive impact from the change in €/PLN exchange rate on the acquisition loan for BFF Polska, balanced by a change in equity reserve; 1H17 Extraordinary items net of taxes: €17.8m income related to the change in LPI estimated recovery 40% to 45%; €1.7m extr. costs related to IPO; €1.1m stock option plan costs, balanced by change in equity reserve; €2.5m after tax positive impact from the change in €/PLN exchange rate on the acquisition loan for BFF Polska, balanced by a change in equity reserve;

1H16 Extraordinary items net of taxes: €0.9m extr. costs related to IPO costs; €3.8m extr. costs related to BFF Polska Group acquisition; €0.6m positive exchange rate difference

Adjusted Net income⁽²⁾ (€m)



Dividend capacity € per share⁽⁴⁾



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4

Notes: (1) Net of the rescheduling impact; in case a credit is not collected at the expected collection date, the value of the credit on the balance sheet is re-calculated using the new expected cash-flow schedule. The negative delta in value of the loan is booked in the P&L line interest income ("rescheduling impact") (2) Adjusted to exclude extraordinary items (3) 1H17 Tangible equity includes extraordinary earnings set aside for capital; 1H18 Tangible equity excludes 1H18 net income (4) 1H16 EPS adjusted for 1:100 stock split done in conjunction with IPO (April 2017)

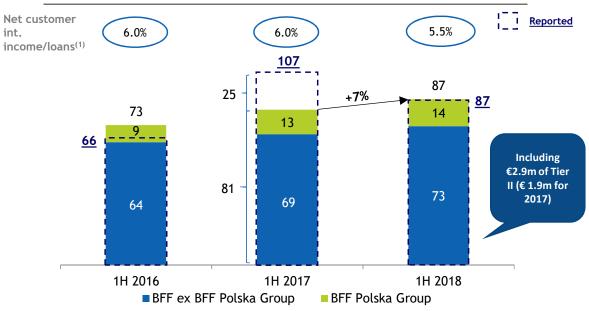
Growing Adjusted Net Interest Income and Net Banking Income



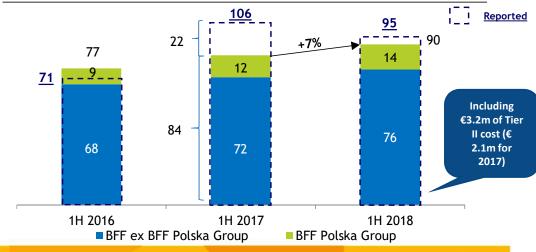
Adjusted Net Interest Income (€m)

- Adjusted net interest income and Adjusted Net Banking
 income +7% compared to 1H17 mainly driven by:
 - Higher stock of net loans
 - Costs of funding affected by Tier II issuance for additional
 €1.0m of costs (Tier II outstanding for 6 months vs 4 month in 2017)

Adjusted Net interest income (1) does not include €25.2m one-off impact of change in LPI accounting from 40% to 45% on 1/1/2017; (2) includes €2.9m of Tier II costs for 1H 2018 (€1.9m for 1H 2017), which in 2016 were not present. Adjusted Net Banking income (1) does not include €4.1m of positive change in exchange rates impact for 1H 2018 (-€3.6m 1H2017 and €1.0m in 1H2016), €25.2m one-off impact of change in LPI accounting from 40% to 45% on 1/1/2017, €0.3m commissions related to Magellan acquisition for 1H2016 (2) includes €3.2m of interest expenses and commissions related to Tier II for 1H2018 (€2.1m for 1H 2017), which in 2016 were not present.



Adjusted Net Banking Income (€m)

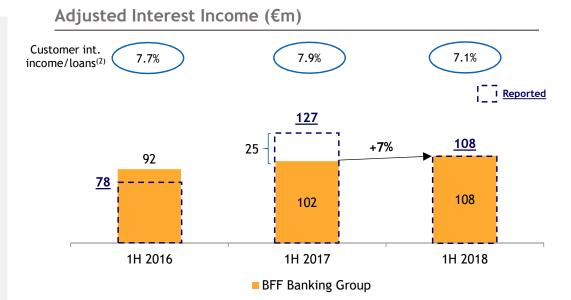


Interest Income Growth Driven by Higher Stock of Loans

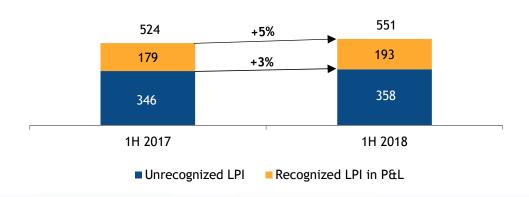


- 1H18 interest income increased to €108m (+7% y/y) driven mainly by higher stock of loans
- Net over-recovery⁽¹⁾ accounted in P&L stable y/y (€6.8m in 1H18 vs. €7.1m in 1H17) despite €20m of lower LPIs cashedin:
 - €37m of cashed-in LPI vs. €57m in 1H17 (€24m in 1H16) resulted in only €0.3m of lower net LPI over-recovery due to the combined effect of *i*. higher LPI recovery rate and *ii*. lower rescheduling impact⁽¹⁾ in 1H18 vs. 1H17
- Gross yield on loan book decreased in 1H18 mainly as a result of the significant income deferral (LPI over-recovery recognized only when collected)
- Stock of unrecognized LPI reached of €358m at the end of June 2018, + 3% vs. the end of June 2017

1H 2017 Adjusted Interest income does not include € 25.2m one-off impact of change in LPI accounting from 40% to 45%



LPI Stock evolution (Excl. BFF Polska Group) (€m)



Focus on Deferral Income and Net Over Recovery of LPI Collection

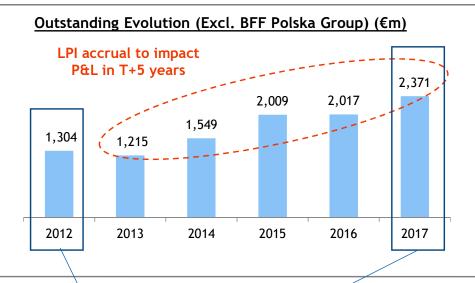


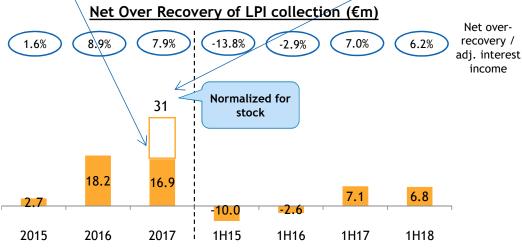
Deferral Income of LPI collection

- BFF prudently recognizes in P&L on an accrual basis only 45% of LPI legally due (discounted over 1800 days, i.e. 5 years horizon). 45% is the minimum at which BFF settles its LPI recovery. Over-collection vs. 45% minimum is recognized on a cash basis at collection (5 years on average)
- Therefore, the full impacts on P&L of the LPI generated by the growing outstanding over the last years will be visible only in the coming years:
 - **Discounting effect of the 45%:** the amount of LPI accrued in P&L will increase for the next 5 years also in case of stable outstandings
 - Deferral effect of the over recovery: over-recovery generated by the larger 2017 outstanding vs. previous years will be visible only in 5 years



- The loans on balance sheet are accounted based on the amortized cost:
 - In case the credit is not collected at the expected collection date, the value of the credit is re-calculated using the new expected cashflow schedule
 - The delta in the value of the loan is booked in the P&L line "interest income" with a negative impact (**rescheduling impact**)
- The **net over-recovery**, **i.e.** over-recovery of LPI less the rescheduling impact, has been on average less than 10% of the interest income over the last 3 years





Improving Funding Costs

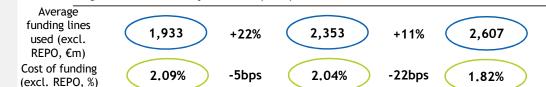


Reduction in cost of funding continued:

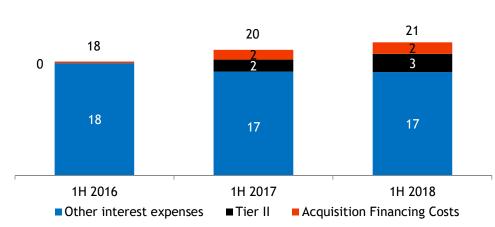
- 1.82% 1H2018 cost of funding versus 2.04% in 1H2017
- Increasing interest expenses from €20.1m to €21.4m in 1H2018, mainly due to i. the impact of Tier II (€2.9m in 1H2018, €1.9m in 1H2017), ii. one-off commission cost on the refinancing (at lower rate) of part of BFF Polska acquisition financing for €0.3m, iii. the increase of drawn funding due to the growth of the business and iv. the increase in Zloty funding (+77% yoy) which has a higher base rate (Wibor 3M 1.70% vs. Euribor 3M -0.321% as of 29th June 2018)

• Good visibility on further cost of funding reduction:

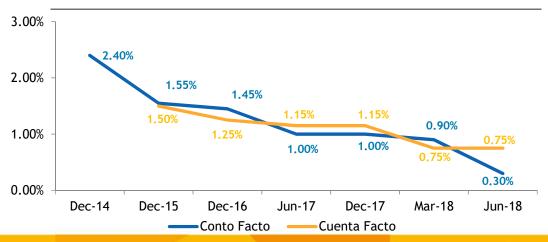
- Rates offered on 12-month online deposits in Italy were cut in March and then again in May 2018 to 0.30% with the benefit expected to unfold once the deposits are reinvested at lower rates
- Deposits have grown YoY despite the reduction in offered rates



Adj. Interest expenses (€m)



12-months Online Deposits Interest Offered to New Money



Good Operating Efficiency

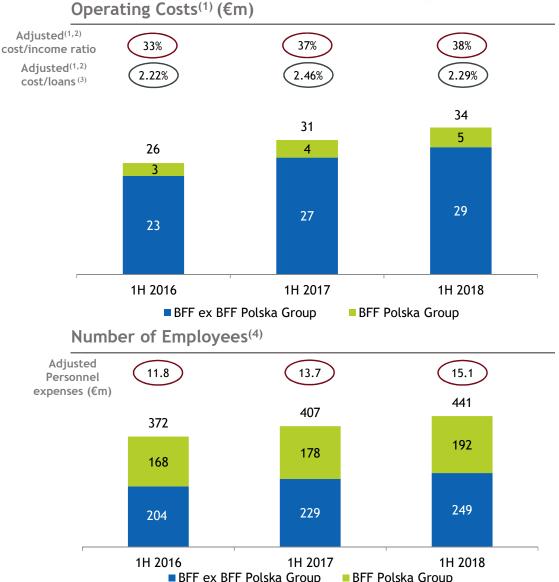


- Highly efficient structure with adjusted Cost/Income ratio of 38% and improving operating leverage, with operating costs/loans at 2.29%
- Operating cost up +9% y/y:
 - Personnel cost increased by 10% vs. 1H17 driven by higher employee base
 - Ordinary Resolution Fund and FITD contribution in
 1H18 equal to €2.2m in total vs. €1.5m in 1H17
 - Flat other operating expenses
- On personnel:
 - Already recruited the personnel required for establishment of Portuguese branch and for the Greek and Croatian operations in freedom of service
 - Some BFF Italy processes that were outsourced to Italian suppliers are being brought in house in Poland with 13 employees as of 30th June 2018, with net savings to be achieved in 2019

1H18 gross extraordinary costs of € 2.0m in total: €1.3m related to stock option plan (pro-rata) related to IPO which generates an increase in equity, €0.7m extraordinary contribution to 2016 Resolution Fund;

1H17 gross extraordinary costs of € 3.9m in total: €1.5m related to stock option plan (pro-rata) related to IPO which generates an increase in equity, €2.4m non-recurring costs related to the IPO process

1H16 gross extraordinary costs of € 6.6m in total: €1.4m extr. costs related to IPO, €5.2m extr. costs related to BFF Polska Group acquisition

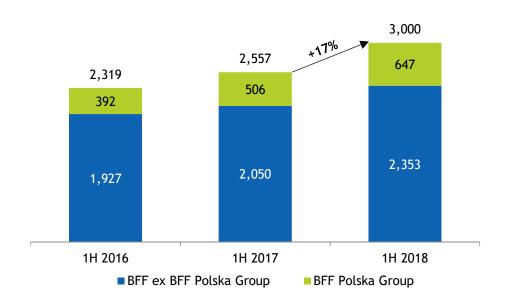


Double Digit Growth in Customer Loans



- Strong growth in customer loans (+17% y/y) throughout the Group:
 - Double digit growth in all geographies
 - Assets in Spain almost doubled y/y
 - BFF Polska Group up by 28%
- Residual €4m net customer loans related to BFF Polska's SME factoring business placed in in run-off at the end of 2017, down from €6m at December 2017

Customer Loans Evolution (€m)



Customer Loans Breakdown by Geography (€m)

| BFF Group excl. BFF Polska Group | 1H16 | 1H17 | 1H18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Italy | 1,681 | 1,864 | 2,045 |
| Spain | 204 | 105 | 205 |
| Portugal | 42 | 82 | 95 |
| Greece | | - | 8 |
| Total | 1,927 | 2,050 | 2,353 |

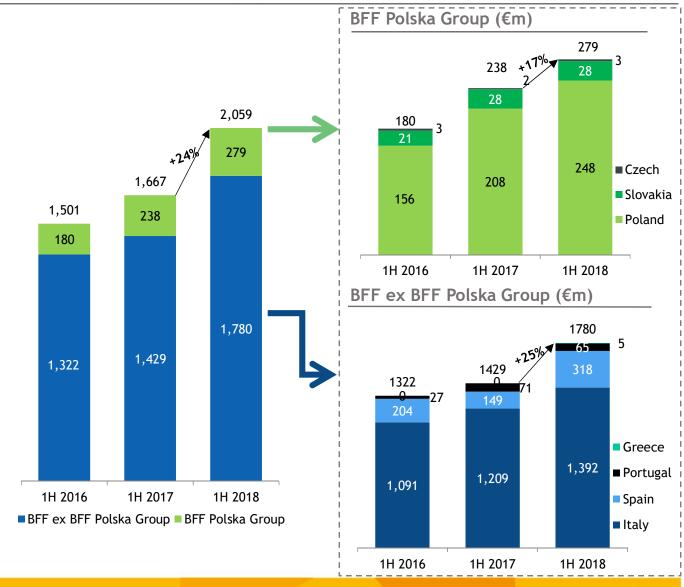
| BFF Polska Group | 1H16 | 1H17 | 1H18 |
|------------------|------|------|------|
| Poland | 311 | 397 | 505 |
| Slovakia | 73 | 107 | 140 |
| Czech Rep. | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Spain | 5 | - | - |
| Total | 392 | 506 | 647 |

Solid New Business Production across Countries



Total New Business Volumes (€m)

- Strong y/y growth (+24%) in new business volumes, mainly driven by:
 - Italy +15% y/y
 - More than double volumes in Spain, +114%y/y
 - Poland +19% y/y
 - Czech +52% y/y
- Greece contributed for €5m
- Stable new business in Slovakia
- Portugal -9% y/y due to different seasonality
 - Branch opened in July should support new business volumes growth going forward

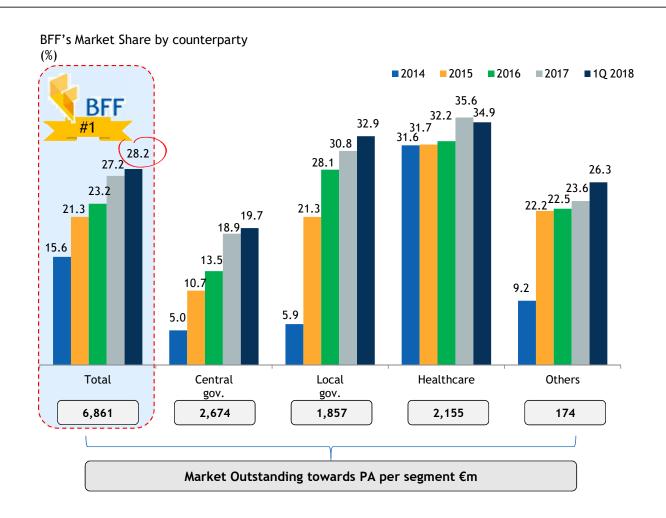


Market Leadership In all PA Segments in Italy



BFF Banking Group Market Share in Italy

- #1 in Italy for factoring toward PA & NHS
- Market share of 28.2% on total nonrecourse factoring outstanding (€6.9bn)
- Undisputed leadership across all segments
- BFF's market share constantly growing in all segments over the last four years

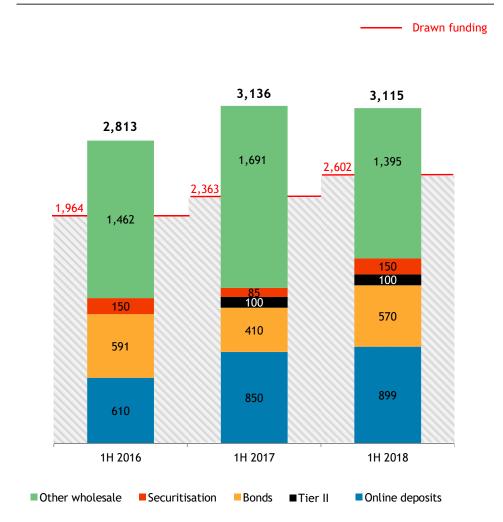


Diversified Funding Base with ample liquidity



- A diversified and flexible funding base to support business growth:
 - Deposits account for 35% of drawn funds and are equal to €899m as of June 2018, +6% y/y despite strong reduction in offered yields
- Ample excess liquidity with group undrawn funding at €0.5bn⁽¹⁾, down from €0.8bn as of June 2017 following the optimization of the wholesale funding lines to decrease funding cost

Available Funding^(2;3) (€m)

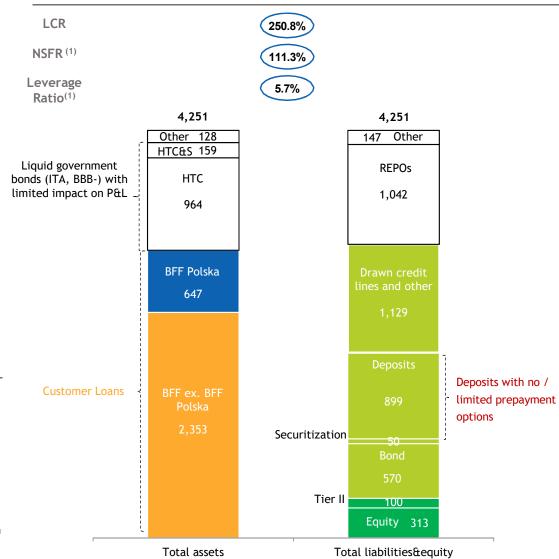


Fortress Balance Sheet

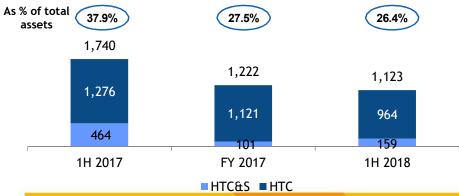


- Decreasing Government bond portfolio (-35% y/y): negative mark to market of HTC&S for €5.4m after tax (booked in equity) and €9.7m after tax on HTC
- Conservative asset / liability management
- Customer loans funded through a well diversified funding base with shorter maturity of the asset side vs. liabilities, allowing for fast repricing
- Positively geared to higher interest rates
- Strong liquidity position with a LCR of 251% as of June 2018
- Natural currency hedge: forex assets and BFF Polska tangible equity funded with forex liabilities

Breakdown of Balance Sheet 1H 2018 (€m)



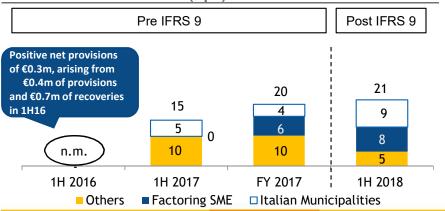
Bond Portfolio⁽²⁾ (€m)



Negligible Credit Risk

- Increase in Net NPLs (€29.6m, 1.0% of net loans) driven mainly by the growing activities towards the Italian Municipalities:
 - €23m (77% of total) are related to Italian municipalities in conservatorship, classified NPLs by regulation despite BFF being legally entitled to receive 100% of the capital and LPI at the end of the process (€6m already in conservatorship at the time of purchase), €1m is related to the San Raffaele Hospital exposure. Expected over-recovery on both Italian municipalities and San Raffaele exposure
 - Net past due and total net impaired assets are for 81% and 77% respectively towards the public sector
- Negligible cost of risk of 21bps in 1H18, 5bps excluding:
 - 8bps related to the SME factoring business in run-off
 - 9bps related to the Italian municipalities in conservatorship

Annualised cost of risk (bps)



Net Non Performing Loans Evolution (€m)

| MEL MOII | renorming Loans | Evolution (em) | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| NPL Ratio | 0.6% | 0.6% | 1.0% | |
| Coverage Ratio NPL Ratio excl. | 56% | 54% | 43% | |
| Italian Municipalities | 0.3% | 0.1% | 0.2% | |
| Coverage Ratio excl. Italian Municipalities | 73% | 86% | 74% | |
| | | | 29.6 | |
| | 15.3 8.3 | 18.2 | Of wi € 5.7 purch impa | 7m ase |
| | 6.0 | 2.2 | 5.7 | |
| 1 | 1H 2017 | FY 2017 | 1H 2018 | |
| | ■ BFF Polska Group | ■Other □Itali | an Municipalities | |

| Asset quality - €/000 | 1H2017 | FY2017 | 1H2018 | Public sector |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------------|
| Net Non performing - total | 15,329 | 18,175 | 29,554 | Sector |
| Net unlikely to pay | 3,722 | 6,760 | 9,210 | |
| Net past due | 54,672 | 69,794 | 128,328 | 81% |
| Total net impaired assets | 73,724 | 94,730 | 167,093 | 77% |

Strong capital position



- Total Capital ratio of 17.2% and CET1 ratio of 12.3%:
 - €41.3m of reported net income not included in capital ratios (equal to 202 bps of additional CET1 and total capital) available for dividend distribution
 - 220bps Total Capital in excess of 15% target available to sustain RWA growth
 - Both ratios are net of the negative exchange rate and HTC&S mark to market impact (respectively 21bps and 27bps)
- Conservative RWA calculation based on standard model and with Italian exposure to NHS and other PA risk weighted at 100%⁽²⁾. One notch Italian rating upgrade would move the risk weighting to 50% with a 3.6% positive impact on Total Capital Ratio and a 2.6% impact on CET1 Ratio
- Lower RWA density thanks to a better loan mix, 67% as of June 2018, vs. 72% as of June 2017, despite increasing past due and non performing loans

Total Capital Ratio - Banking Group ex TUB Capital Ratio⁽¹⁾



31/12/2017

30/06/2018

| AA (Low) A (High) A (Low) BBB (High) BBB (Low) BB (High) BB (High) | | DBRS | Country | Other PA RWA |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| BBB (Low) BB (High) BB (Low) BB (High) BB (Low) | irade | AA (High) AA | | 20% |
| BBB (Low) BB (High) BB (Low) BB (How) BB (Low) | vestment G | A (High) A | * | 50% |
| BB Not rated by DBRS 1009 | <u>``</u> | ВВВ | II | |
| B (High) B | Φ | ВВ | | 100% |
| 일 B (Low) | Von-Investment Grade | | : | |
| CCC (Low) | on-Investr | CCC | | |
| CC C D | ž | CC C | | 150% |

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30/06/2017

Potential initiatives of the New Italian Government and Impact on BFF's Business



Run Rate Effect Initiative Comment on Net Income The 2016 "Legge di Stabilità" reduced IRES for corporates to 24% starting from 2017, maintaining IRES for banks and 20% financial intermediaries (including BFF) at 27.5% in order for Italian banks to preserve the capital generated through deferred tax asset ("DTA") Corporate The envisaged reduction of the IRES rate to 20%, if applied also to banks and financial institutions, would have a positive **Income Tax** material impact on BFF profitability, with zero impact on capital given no DTA Following the introduction of the VAT Split Payment (a temporary measure introduced in 2015 and authorized by the EU until June 2020), BFF purchases receivables net of VAT (on average ~15% of the face value of the receivables) **VAT Split** • Minister of Economic Development Di Maio recently announced the intention to terminate the split payment mechanism earlier following the introduction of the B2B electronic invoicing **Payment** If implemented, BFF volumes, net interest income and commissions in Italy (managed only / purchased) would automatically increase by ~15% or more (VAT amount) with virtually no impact on operating costs Proposal to extend the existing mechanism of compensation currently limited to "certified" receivables Compensation The operational complexity would make it more expensive for companies, PA and factoring companies to operate, as well of Tax payables as expose the factoring players to greater uncertainty about the existence of credit, with negative impact mainly for / receivables SMEs Proposal to prevent bankruptcy of companies because of unpaid claims against the PA **Bramini law** Positive for BFF since it will reduce dilution risk towards the small sellers of receivables open up more activity with mid sized companies **CDP** Proposed to the CDP to guarantee payments of public administration receivables Initiative already tried in 2013-2014 without much success quarantee Proposal to introduce a new payment instrument to pay credits for a maximum of €25k p.a. per creditor In addition to difficult implementation from an operational / cost point of view, it would also have limited to zero impact **MiniBOT** on BFF given its client are mainly large corporates In an interview (June 2018), Minister of Finance Tria stated that they do not intend to introduce such instrument More unfunded expenditures mean longer DSOs Wider More concerns on Italian public finances means more demand for our products, and potentially better pricing to be **Budget Deficit** balanced by higher cost of funding

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18

Source: Company data;



Appendix

Focus on Drivers of the % of Net Interest Margin vs. Previous Year



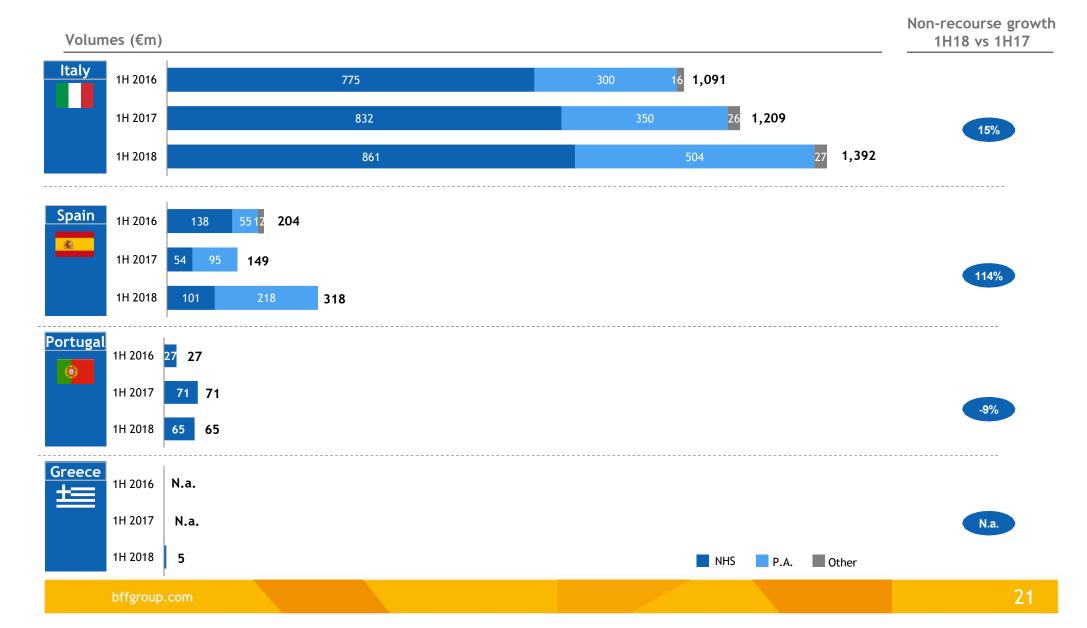
Assuming pricing done at i. constant target ROE vs capital absorbed and

ii. no LPI over-recovery Deferral effect of LPI over-recovery For receivables not collected within the expected maximum collection LPI over-recovery Maturity commission date, interest income is reduced by the amount of yield required to keep Net interest - Re-scheduling the IRR of the portfolio constant until the new expected collection rate. + 45% LPI discounted income on In particular, the value of the credit on the balance sheet is re-calculated impact customer loan - interest expenses⁽²⁾ using the new expected cash-flow schedule and the negative delta in value % NIM is booked in P&L to maintain the original IRR ("rescheduling impact"). (FY17 €144.4m⁽¹⁾) (FY17 €161.3m⁽¹⁾) (FY17 €16.9m) (FY17 6.1%) Impact Avg. customer on Avg. customer loans Avg. customer loans loans Yield (Average FY2017 €2,640m) (Average FY2017 €2,640m) Comments (Avg FY17 €2,640m) on RWA Deferral effect of LPI over-recovery: the over-recovery on In case of LPI generated by the current loan book will be visible in loan growth P&L in 5 years on average. Therefore, in case of loan (with stable growth the NIM on current loan book would decrease RWA density) because of the increase in the denominator and the deferral of income In case of In case of no growth in the loan book, the deferral effect of no loan the LPI and the over-recoveries "catching up" with the loan **Impact** growth book will increase the reported yield on the (with stable % of RWA density) NIM • Pricing is based on, among other, CoF, capital absorption and assuming no over-recovery on LPI In case of Larger loan book coupled with lower capital absorption will lower RWA generate better RoRWAs and lower NIM density • With stable loan (no growth) and lower RWA density, NIM would decrease while ROE and RoRWA would improve (Pricing) • Improvement of RoRWA fully visible in 5 years since LPI over-recovery does not depend on capital absorbed 20

Source: Company data;

Non-recourse Volumes

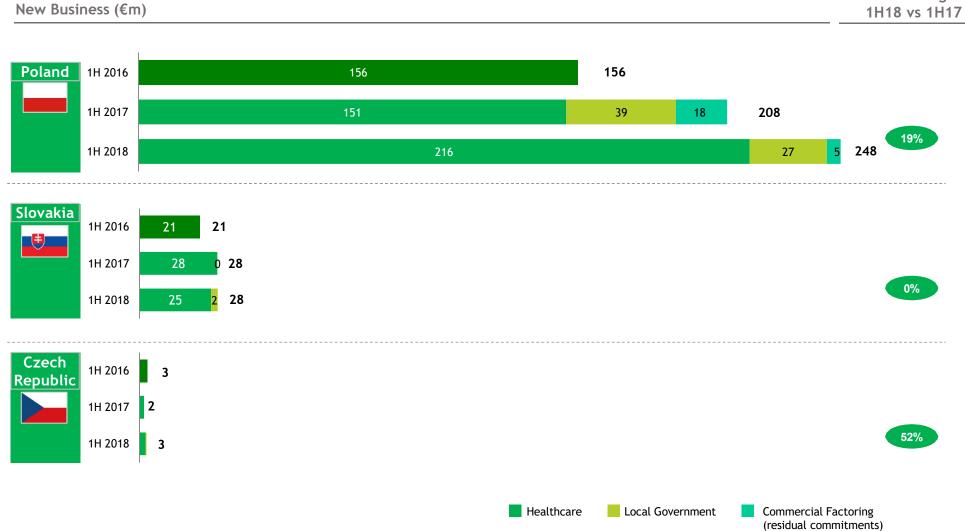




New Business



New Business growth 1H18 vs 1H17



Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation



| €m | 1H16 | 1H17 | 1H18 |
|---|-------|--------|-------|
| Group BFF Reported Net income | 28.3 | 50.7 | 41.3 |
| Change in LPI accounting from 40% to 45% | | (17.8) | |
| One-off IPO costs | 0.9 | 1.7 | |
| Exchange rates movement (offset at the comprehensive income and equity level) | (0.6) | 2.5 | (2.8) |
| Stock options | | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| Extraordinary Resolution Fund contribution | | | 0.5 |
| Magellan acquisition costs | 3.8 | | |
| Magellan Net Income | 4.0 | | |
| Adjusted Net Income | 36.4 | 38.1 | 39.9 |
| Additional 2 months Tier II costs | | | 0.8 |
| Magellan SME factoring provision | | | 1.0 |
| Adjusted Net Income "like for like" | 36.4 | 38.1 | 41.7 |

Summary Profit & Loss



| €m | 1H16 | 1H16 | 1H16 |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| en en | 11110 | 11110 | 11110 |
| | Combined | Adjustments | Adjusted |
| | | · | |
| Interest Income | 91.7 | 0.0 | 91.7 |
| Interest Expenses | -18.3 | 0.0 | -18.3 |
| Net Interest Income | 73.4 | 0.0 | 73.4 |
| Net Fee and Commission | 3.4 | -0.3 | 3.2 |
| Income | 5.4 | -0.5 | 3.2 |
| Dividends | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Gains/Losses on Trading | 0.9 | -1.0 | -0.1 |
| Gains/Losses on Hedging | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Gains/losses on | | | |
| Purchase/Disposal of Available- | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| for-Sale Financial Assets | | | |
| Net Banking Income | 78.2 | -1.2 | 76.9 |
| Impairment Losses/Reversal | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| on Financial Assets | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Administrative Expenses | -31.6 | 6.6 | -25.0 |
| Writebacks on Property, Plan | | | |
| and Equipment and Intangible | -1.5 | 0.0 | -1.5 |
| Assets | | | |
| Provisions for risks and charges | -0.5 | 0.0 | -0.5 |
| Other Operating Income | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| (Expenses) | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Profit Before Income Taxes | 46.3 | 5.4 | 51.6 |
| from Continuing Operations | 40.3 | 5.4 | 21.0 |
| Income Taxes | -14.0 | -1.3 | -15.3 |
| Net Income | 32.3 | 4.1 | 36.4 |

| | 1H17 | 1H17 | 1H17 | 1H18 | 1H18 | 1H18 |
|---|----------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | Reported | Adjustments | Adjusted | Reported | Adjustments | Adjusted |
| Interest Income | 126.7 | -25.2 | 101.5 | 108.3 | | 108.3 |
| of which interest income calculated using the effective interest | | | | | | |
| rate method | 106.8 | -25.2 | 81.6 | 93.7 | | 93.7 |
| Interest Expenses | -20.1 | | -20.1 | -21.4 | | -21.4 |
| Net Interest Income | 106.6 | -25.2 | 81.4 | 87.0 | | 87.0 |
| Net Fee and Commission Income | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 3.0 | | 3.0 |
| Dividends | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| Gains/Losses on Trading | -4.2 | 3.6 | -0.6 | 4.1 | -4.1 | 0.0 |
| Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting | 0.0 | | | 0.1 | | 0.1 |
| Gains/losses on disposal/repurchase of | | | 0.0 | | | |
| a) financial assets measured at amortized cost | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| b) financial assets measured at fair value through OCI | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.4 | | 0.4 |
| Net Banking Income | 105.9 | -21.6 | 84.3 | 94.5 | -4.1 | 90.5 |
| Net adjustments/reversals of impairment for credit risk concerning: | | | 0.0 | | | |
| a) financial assets measured at amortized cost | -1.9 | | -1.9 | -3.2 | | -3.2 |
| b) financial assets measured at fair value through OCI | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| Administrative Expenses | -33.4 | 3.9 | -29.5 | -34.3 | 2.0 | -32.4 |
| Net provisions for risks and charges | | | 0.0 | | | |
| a) commitments and guarantees provided | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| b) other net allocations | -0.4 | | -0.4 | -0.5 | | -0.5 |
| Net Adjustments to/ Writebacks on Property, Plan and Equipment | | | | | | |
| and Intangible Assets | -1.6 | | -1.6 | -1.7 | | -1.7 |
| Other Operating Income (Expenses) | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1.6 | | 1.6 |
| Profit Before Income Taxes from Continuing Operations | 70.5 | -17.7 | 52.9 | 56.4 | -2.1 | 54.3 |
| Income Taxes | -19.9 | 5.1 | -14.8 | -15.1 | 0.7 | -14.4 |
| Net Income | 50.7 | -12.6 | 38.1 | 41.3 | -1.4 | 39.9 |

bffgroup.com 24

Source: Company data

Summary Balance Sheet



| €/m | 1H16 | 1H17 | FY17 | | FY17 | 1H18 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|
| C/III | Reported | Reported | Reported | | Reported | Reported |
| Assets | Reported | Reported | Reported | | перопец | neponeu |
| Cash and cash Balances | 0.9 | 3.7 | 80.9 | Cash and cash Balances | 80.9 | 38.6 |
| | | _ | 0.0 | Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Financial Assets Held for Trading | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | a) financial assets held for trading | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value | 3.4 | 1.2 | 0.5 | b) financial assets designated at fair value | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Available-for-Sale Financial Assets | 331.8 | 464.1 | 101.4 | c) other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Financial Assets Held to Maturity | 1,347.1 | 1,275.8 | 1,120.6 | Financial assets measured at fair value through OCI | 101.4 | 159.2 |
| Due from Banks | 80.6 | 228.0 | 44.8 | Financial assets measured at amortized cost | 4,183.9 | 3,983.3 |
| Receivables and Loans | 2,319.3 | 2,556.7 | 3,018.5 | a) Loans and receivables with banks | 44.8 | 19.2 |
| Hedging derivatives | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | b) Loans and receivables with customers | 4,139.1 | 3,964.1 |
| Equity Investments | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | Hedging derivatives | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 13.0 | 12.9 | 12.8 | Equity Investments | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| Intangible Assets | 24.4 | 25.2 | 26.0 | Property, Plant and Equipment | 12.8 | 12.5 |
| Tax Assets | 13.8 | 16.2 | 30.9 | Intangible Assets | 26.0 | 25.3 |
| Other Assets | 9.2 | 9.7 | 9.8 | Tax Assets | 30.9 | 19.3 |
| Total Assets | 4,143.8 | 4,594.0 | 4,446.9 | Other Assets Total Assets | 9.8 | 12.5 |
| Liabilities and Equity | Í | , | , | Liabilities and Equity | 4,446.9 | 4,250.8 |
| Due to Banks | 449.8 | 665.4 | 658.0 | Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost | 3,944.1 | 3,791.3 |
| Due to Customers | 2,469.1 | 2,853.1 | 2,496.0 | a) deposits from banks | 658.0 | 687.3 |
| Securities Issued | 739.1 | 591.8 | 790.1 | b) deposits from customers | 2,496.0 | 2,386.3 |
| Financial Liabilities Held for Trading | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.5 | c) securities issued | 790.1 | 717.6 |
| Hedging Derivatives | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | Financial Liabilities Held for Trading | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Tax Liabilities | 64.9 | 69.4 | 82.5 | Hedging Derivatives | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other Liabilities | 125.0 | 89.5 | 49.7 | Tax Liabilities | 82.5 | 72.6 |
| Employess Severance Indemnities | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | Other Liabilities | 49.7 | 68.9 |
| Provision for Risks and Charges | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.4 | Employess Severance Indemnities | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| | | | 268.3 | Provision for Risks and Charges | 5.4 | 4.2 |
| Equity | 260.8 | 265.7 | | Equity | 268.3 | 271.5 |
| Profits for the Year | 28.3 | 50.7 | 95.5 | Profits for the Year | 95.5 | 41.3 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | 4,143.8 | 4,594.0 | 4,446.9 | Total Liabilities and Equity | 4,446.9 | 4,250.8 |

bffgroup.com 25

Source: Company data

Breakdown by quarter - BFF Group



| Adjusted Values | 2016 (| including N | /Jagellan fo | or full peri | od) | | | 2017 | | | | 2018 | |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Data in €/m | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | FY | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | FY | 1Q | 2Q | 1H |
| Interest income | 45.6 | 46.0 | 44.3 | 68.1 | 204.0 | 54.8 | 46.8 | 44.4 | 66.8 | 212.8 | 53.4 | 54.9 | 108.3 |
| Interest expenses | (9.4) | (8.9) | (9.6) | (9.3) | (37.1) | (9.8) | (10.3) | (9.7) | (10.1) | (39.9) | (11.3) | (10.1) | (21.4) |
| Net interest income | 36.3 | 37.2 | 34.7 | 58.8 | 166.9 | 45.0 | 36.4 | 34.8 | 56.7 | 172.8 | 42.2 | 44.8 | 87.0 |
| Net banking income | 38.2 | 38.7 | 37.3 | 60.6 | 174.8 | 45.9 | 38.4 | 36.8 | 59.1 | 180.3 | 44.0 | 46.5 | 90.5 |
| Operating costs and D&A | (12.7) | (13.8) | (13.9) | (16.0) | (56.4) | (15.6) | (15.5) | (13.6) | (16.6) | (61.2) | (15.3) | (18.7) | (34.0) |
| LLPs | (0.2) | 0.6 | (0.5) | (2.5) | (2.6) | (0.7) | (1.2) | (0.4) | (3.7) | (6.0) | (1.0) | (2.3) | (3.2) |
| Profit Before Taxes | 25.5 | 26.1 | 23.7 | 44.5 | 119.8 | 30.3 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 39.7 | 115.3 | 27.9 | 26.4 | 54.3 |
| Income Taxes | (7.2) | (8.0) | (5.2) | (12.1) | (32.5) | (8.5) | (6.2) | (6.2) | (10.6) | (31.6) | (7.6) | (6.7) | (14.4) |
| Net income | 18.3 | 18.1 | 18.5 | 32.5 | 87.3 | 21.8 | 16.3 | 16.5 | 29.1 | 83.7 | 20.3 | 19.7 | 39.9 |

| Reported Values | | | 2016 | | | | | 2017 | | | | 2018 | |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Data in €/m | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | FY | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | FY | 1Q | 2Q | 1H |
| Interest income | 37.5 | 40.5 | 44.1 | 68.1 | 190.2 | 79.9 | 46.8 | 44.4 | 66.8 | 237.9 | 53.4 | 54.9 | 108.3 |
| Interest expenses | (5.7) | (6.5) | (10.0) | (8.9) | (31.0) | (9.8) | (10.3) | (9.7) | (10.1) | (39.9) | (11.3) | (10.1) | (21.4) |
| Net interest income | 31.8 | 34.0 | 34.2 | 59.2 | 159.2 | 70.1 | 36.4 | 34.8 | 56.7 | 198.0 | 42.2 | 44.8 | 87.0 |
| Net banking income | 33.7 | 36.9 | 31.1 | 62.3 | 164.0 | 67.4 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 56.5 | 200.8 | 44.7 | 49.8 | 94.5 |
| Operating costs and D&A | (12.0) | (18.4) | (16.2) | (19.7) | (66.3) | (19.5) | (15.5) | (13.6) | (16.6) | (65.1) | (16.6) | (19.4) | (36.0) |
| LLPs | (0.1) | 0.7 | (0.4) | (2.5) | (2.2) | (0.7) | (1.2) | (0.4) | (3.7) | (6.0) | (1.0) | (2.3) | (3.2) |
| Profit Before Taxes | 21.7 | 19.7 | 15.2 | 42.5 | 99.1 | 47.8 | 22.7 | 24.4 | 37.0 | 132.0 | 27.3 | 29.1 | 56.4 |
| Income Taxes | (6.4) | (6.6) | (2.6) | (11.4) | (27.0) | (13.6) | (6.3) | (6.8) | (9.8) | (36.4) | (7.5) | (7.6) | (15.1) |
| Net income | 15.3 | 13.1 | 12.6 | 31.1 | 72.1 | 34.2 | 16.4 | 17.7 | 27.2 | 95.5 | 19.8 | 21.5 | 41.3 |

Asset quality



| | 30/06/2018 | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|--|--|--|
| €/000 | Gross | Provision | Net | | | |
| Net non performing - total | 51,917 | (22,363) | 29,554 | | | |
| Net unlikely to pay | 12,615 | (3,405) | 9,210 | | | |
| Net past due | 128,936 | (607) | 128,328 | | | |
| Total net impaired assets | 193,467 | (26,375) | 167,093 | | | |

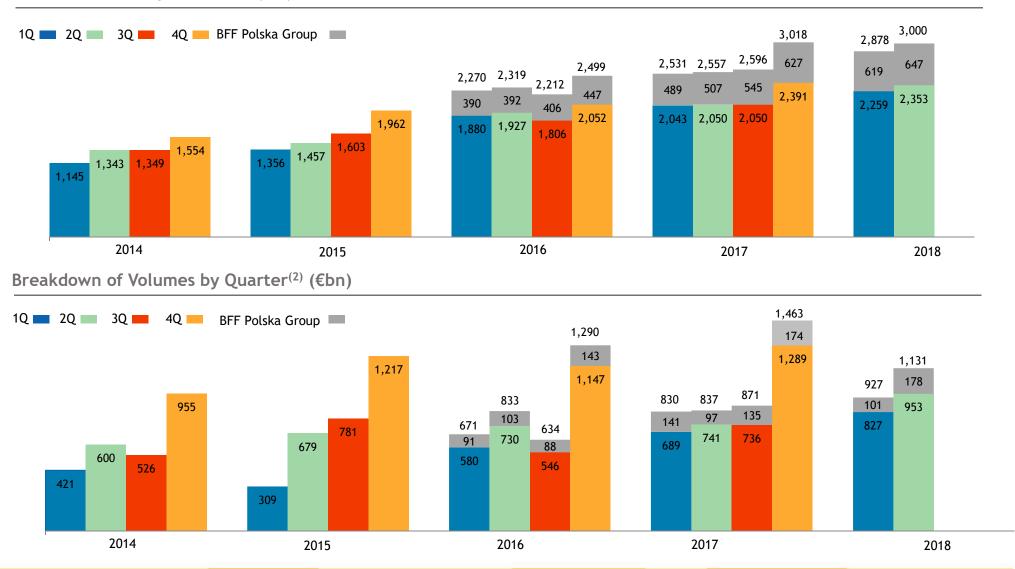
| | 31/12/2017 | | |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|
| €/000 | Gross | Provision | Net |
| Net non performing - total | 39,587 | (21,412) | 18,175 |
| Net unlikely to pay | 10,370 | (3,610) | 6,760 |
| Net past due | 69,935 | (140) | 69,794 |
| Total net impaired assets | 119,892 | (25,162) | 94,730 |

| | 30/06/2017 | | |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|
| €/000 | Gross | Provision | Net |
| Net non performing - total | 34,695 | (19,366) | 15,329 |
| Net unlikely to pay | 4,876 | (1,153) | 3,722 |
| Net past due | 54,921 | (249) | 54,672 |
| Total net impaired assets | 94,492 | (20,768) | 73,724 |

Traditional Business Subject to Seasonality, with Peak in Q4



Loans Evolution by Quarter⁽¹⁾ (€m)



28