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Brunel Energy, Inc.

Code of Conduct Policy

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1. Purpose

- 1.1. Brunel Energy, Inc., hereinafter referred to as, “the Company,” has established a Code of Conduct Policy to develop and maintain a standard of conduct that is acceptable to the Company, its vendors, customers, and employees.

2. Applicability

- 2.1. This Policy applies to employees, subcontractors and/or visitor(s) of the Company. For the purposes of this Policy, an employee shall be considered on the job whenever he/she is:
 - 2.1.1. On or in, any Company or client property, including parking areas; or
 - 2.1.2. On Company time even if off Company premises (including paid lunch, rest periods and periods of being on call).
- 2.2. As a condition of employment, Company employees are required to abide by additional governmental or customer policies and requirements that may be imposed at a worksite in addition to the requirements of these policies and procedures. Nothing set forth in this Policy constitutes, construes, or interprets in any way as a contract of employment.

3. Responsibilities

- 3.1. Manager(s) shall:
 - 3.1.1. Create an atmosphere of open and honest communication.
 - 3.1.2. Take employee reports of conduct concerns seriously.
 - 3.1.3. Display ethical and professional behavior at all times.
 - 3.1.4. Direct all media inquiries to the executive management team.
- 3.2. Employee(s) shall:
 - 3.2.1. Report conduct concerns to their managers.
 - 3.2.2. Display ethical and professional behavior at all times.
 - 3.2.3. Direct all media inquiries to the executive management team.
- 3.3. Human Resources shall:
 - 3.3.1. Take all reports of conduct concerns seriously and investigate as appropriate.
 - 3.3.2. Display ethical and professional behavior at all times.
 - 3.3.3. Direct all media inquiries to the executive management team.
- 3.4. Executive Management team shall:
 - 3.4.1. Take all reports of conduct concerns seriously and investigate as appropriate.
 - 3.4.2. Display ethical and professional behavior at all times.
 - 3.4.3. Manage all media inquiries.

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4. Requirements

4.1. Build Trust and Credibility

- 4.1.1. The success of our business is dependent on the trust and confidence we earn from our employees, customers, and shareholders. We gain credibility by adhering to our commitments, displaying honesty and integrity, and reaching company goals solely through honorable conduct. It is easy to say what we must do, but the proof is in our actions. Ultimately, we will be judged on what we do.
- 4.1.2. When considering any action, it is wise to ask: Will this build trust and credibility for the Company? Will it help create a working environment in which the Company can succeed over the long term? Is the commitment I am making one I can follow through with? The only way we will maximize trust and credibility is by answering “yes” to these questions and by working every day to build our trust and credibility.

4.2. Respect for the Individual

- 4.2.1. We all deserve to work in an environment where we are treated with dignity and respect. The Company is committed to creating such an environment because it brings out the full potential in each of us, which, in turn, contributes directly to our business success. We cannot afford to let anyone’s talents go to waste.
- 4.2.2. The Company is an equal employment employer and is committed to providing a workplace that is free of discrimination of all types and from abusive, offensive, or harassing behavior. Any employee who feels harassed or discriminated against should report the incident to his or her manager or to human resources.
- 4.2.3. All the Company employees are also expected to support an inclusive workplace by adhering to the following conduct standards:
 - 4.2.3.1. Treat others with dignity and respect at all times.
 - 4.2.3.2. Address and report inappropriate behavior and comments that are discriminatory, harassing, abusive, offensive, or unwelcome.
 - 4.2.3.3. Foster teamwork and employee participation, encouraging the representation of different employee perspectives.
 - 4.2.3.4. Seek out insights from employees with different experiences, perspectives, and backgrounds.
 - 4.2.3.5. Avoid slang or idioms that might not translate across cultures.
 - 4.2.3.6. Support flexible work arrangements for co-workers with different needs, abilities and/or obligations.
 - 4.2.3.7. Confront the decisions or behaviors of others that are based on conscious or unconscious biases.
 - 4.2.3.8. Be open-minded and listen when given constructive feedback regarding others' perception of your conduct.

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4.2.4. The Company will not tolerate discrimination, harassment or any behavior or language that is abusive, offensive, or unwelcome.

4.3. Create a Culture of Open and Honest Communication

4.3.1. At the Company, everyone should feel comfortable speaking his or her mind, particularly with respect to ethics concerns. Managers have a responsibility to create an open and supportive environment where employees feel comfortable raising such questions. We all benefit tremendously when employees exercise their power to prevent mistakes or wrongdoing by asking the right questions at the right times.

4.3.2. The Company will investigate all reported instances of questionable or unethical behavior. In every instance where improper behavior is found to have occurred, the Company will take appropriate action. We will not tolerate retaliation against employees who raise genuine ethics concerns in good faith.

4.3.3. Employees are encouraged, in the first instance, to address such issues with their managers or the HR manager, as most problems can be resolved swiftly. If for any reason that is not possible or if an employee is not comfortable raising the issue with his or her manager or HR, the Company's executive team operates with an open-door policy.

4.4. Set Tone at the Top

4.4.1. Management has the added responsibility of demonstrating, through their actions, the importance of this Policy. In any business, ethical behavior does not simply happen; it is the product of clear and direct communication of behavioral expectations, modeled from the top and demonstrated by example. Again, ultimately, our actions are what matters.

4.4.2. To make our Policy work, managers must be responsible for promptly addressing ethical questions or concerns raised by employees and for taking the appropriate steps to deal with such issues. Managers should not consider employees' ethics concerns as threats or challenges to their authority, but rather as another encouraged form of business communication. At the Company, we want the ethics dialogue to become a natural part of daily work.

4.5. Uphold the Law

4.5.1. The Company's commitment to integrity begins with complying with laws, rules, and regulations where we do business. Further, each of us must understand the Company policies, laws, rules, and regulations that apply to our specific roles. If we are unsure of whether a contemplated action is permitted by law or the Company policy, we should seek the advice from the resource expert. We are responsible for preventing violations of the law and for speaking up if we see possible violations.

4.6. Competition

4.6.1. We are dedicated to ethical, fair, and vigorous competition. We will sell the Company products and services based on their merit, superior quality, functionality, and

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competitive pricing. We will make independent pricing and marketing decisions and will not improperly cooperate or coordinate our activities with our competitors. We will not offer or solicit improper payments or gratuities in connection with the purchase of goods or services for the Company or the sales of its products or services, nor will we engage or assist in unlawful boycotts of customers.

4.7. Proprietary Information

- 4.7.1. It is important that we respect the property rights of others. We will not acquire or seek to acquire improper means of a competitor's trade secrets or other proprietary or confidential information. We will not engage in unauthorized use, copying, distribution or alteration of software or other intellectual property.

4.8. Selective Disclosure

- 4.8.1. We will not selectively disclose (whether in one-on-one or small discussions, meetings, presentations, proposals or otherwise) any material nonpublic information with respect to the Company, its securities, business operations, plans, financial condition, results of operations or any development plan. We should be particularly vigilant when making presentations or proposals to customers to ensure that our presentations do not contain material nonpublic information.

4.9. Health and Safety

- 4.9.1. The Company is dedicated to maintaining a healthy environment. A safety manual has been designed to educate you on safety in the workplace. If you do not have a copy of this manual, please see the HR department.

4.10. Avoid Conflicts of Interest

4.10.1. Conflicts of Interest

- 4.10.1.1. We must avoid any relationship or activity that might impair, or even appear to impair, our ability to make objective and fair decisions when performing our jobs. At times, we may be faced with situations where the business actions we take on behalf of the Company may conflict with our own personal or family interests. We owe a duty to the Company to advance its legitimate interests when the opportunity to do so arises. We must never use the Company property or information for personal gain or personally take for ourselves any opportunity that is discovered through our position with the Company.

4.10.1.2. Here are some other ways in which conflicts of interest could arise:

- 4.10.1.2.1. Being employed (you or a close family member) by, or acting as a consultant to, a competitor or potential competitor, supplier, or contractor, regardless of the nature of the employment, while you are employed with the Company.

- 4.10.1.2.2. Hiring or supervising family members or closely related persons.

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- 4.10.1.2.3. Serving as a board member for a competing company or organization.
- 4.10.1.2.4. Owning or having a substantial interest in a competitor, supplier, or contractor.
- 4.10.1.2.5. Having a personal interest, financial interest, or potential gain in any the Company transaction.
- 4.10.1.2.6. Placing Company business with a firm owned or controlled by a Company employee or his or her family.
- 4.10.1.2.7. Accepting gifts, discounts, favors, or services from a customer/potential customer, competitor, or supplier, unless equally available to all the Company employees.

4.10.1.3. Determining whether a conflict of interest exists is not always easy to do. Employees with a conflict-of-interest question should seek advice from management. Before engaging in any activity, transaction or relationship that might give rise to a conflict of interest, employees must seek review from their managers or the HR department.

4.11. Gifts, Gratuities and Business Courtesies

4.11.1.1. The Company is committed to competing solely on the merit of our products and services. We should avoid any actions that create a perception that favorable treatment of outside entities by the Company was sought, received, or given in exchange for personal business courtesies. Business courtesies include gifts, gratuities, meals, refreshments, entertainment or other benefits from persons or companies with whom the Company does or may do business. We will neither give nor accept business courtesies that constitute, or could reasonably be perceived as constituting, unfair business inducements that would violate law, regulation or policies of the Company or customers, or would cause embarrassment or reflect negatively on the Company's reputation.

4.11.2. Accepting Business Courtesies

4.11.2.1. Most business courtesies offered to us in the course of our employment are offered because of our positions at the Company. We should not feel any entitlement to accept and keep a business courtesy. Although we may not use our position at the Company to obtain business courtesies, and we must never ask for them, we may accept unsolicited business courtesies that promote successful working relationships and good will with the firms that the Company maintains or may establish a business relationship with.

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4.11.2.2. Employees who award contracts or who can influence the allocation of business, who create specifications that result in the placement of business or who participate in negotiation of contracts must be particularly careful to avoid actions that create the appearance of favoritism or that may adversely affect the Company's reputation for impartiality and fair dealing. The prudent course is to refuse a courtesy from a supplier when the Company is involved in choosing or reconfirming a supplier or under circumstances that would create an impression that offering courtesy is the way to obtain the Company business.

4.11.3. Meals, Refreshments and Entertainment

4.11.3.1. We may accept occasional meals, refreshments, entertainment, and similar business courtesies that are shared with the person who has offered to pay for the meal or entertainment, provided that:

4.11.3.1.1. They are not inappropriately lavish or excessive.

4.11.3.1.2. Courtesies are not frequent and do not reflect a pattern of frequent acceptance of courtesies from the same person or entity.

4.11.3.1.3. Courtesy does not create the appearance of an attempt to influence business decisions, such as accepting courtesies or entertainment from a supplier whose contract is expiring in the near future.

4.11.3.1.4. The employee accepting the business courtesy would not feel uncomfortable discussing the courtesy with his or her manager or co-worker or having the courtesy known by the public.

4.11.4. Gifts

4.11.4.1. Employees may accept unsolicited gifts, other than money, which conform to the reasonable ethical practices of the marketplace, including:

4.11.4.1.1. Flowers, fruit baskets and other modest presents that commemorate a special occasion.

4.11.4.1.2. Gifts of nominal value, such as calendars, pens, mugs, caps, and t-shirts (or other novelty, advertising, or promotional items).

4.11.4.2. Generally, employees may not accept compensation, honoraria, or money of any amount from entities with whom the Company does or may do business. Tangible gifts (including tickets to a sporting or entertainment event) that have a market value greater than \$100 may not be accepted unless approval is obtained from management.

4.11.4.3. Employees with questions about accepting business courtesies should talk to their managers or the HR department.

4.11.5. Offering Business Courtesies

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4.11.5.1. Any employee who offers a business courtesy must assure that it cannot reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to gain an unfair business advantage or otherwise reflect negatively upon the Company. An employee may never use personal funds or resources to do something that cannot be done with the Company resources. Accounting for business courtesies must be done in accordance with approved Company procedures.

4.11.5.2. Other than to our government customers, for whom special rules apply, we may provide nonmonetary gifts (i.e., Company logo apparel or similar promotional items) to our customers. Further, management may approve other courtesies, including meals, refreshments, or entertainment of reasonable value, provided that:

4.11.5.2.1. The practice does not violate any law or regulation or the standards of conduct of the recipient's organization.

4.11.5.2.2. The business courtesy is consistent with industry practice, is infrequent in nature and is not lavish.

4.11.5.2.3. The business courtesy is accurately reflected in the books and records of the Company.

4.12. Accurate Public Disclosures

4.12.1. We will make certain that all disclosures made in financial reports and public documents are full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable. This obligation applies to all employees, including all financial executives, with any responsibility for the preparation of such reports, including drafting, reviewing, and signing or certifying the information contained therein. No business goal of any kind is ever an excuse for misrepresenting facts or falsifying records.

4.12.2. Employees should inform executive management and the HR department if they learn that information in any filing or public communication was untrue or misleading at the time it was made or if subsequent information would affect a similar future filing or public communication.

4.13. Corporate Recordkeeping

4.13.1. We create, retain, and dispose of our Company records as part of our normal course of business in compliance with all the Company policies and guidelines, as well as all regulatory and legal requirements.

4.13.2. All corporate records must be true, accurate and complete, and Company data must be promptly and accurately entered in our books in accordance with the Company's and other applicable accounting principles.

4.13.3. We must not improperly influence, manipulate, or mislead any authorized audit, nor interfere with any auditor engaged to perform an internal independent audit of the Company books, records, processes, or internal controls.

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4.14. Promote Substance Over Form

- 4.14.1. At times, we are all faced with decisions we would rather not have to make and issues we would prefer to avoid. Sometimes, we hope that if we avoid confronting a problem, it will simply go away.
- 4.14.2. At the Company, we must have the courage to tackle the tough decisions and make difficult choices, secure in the knowledge that the Company is committed to doing the right thing. At times this will mean doing more than simply what the law requires. Merely because we can pursue a course of action does not mean we should do so.
- 4.14.3. Although the Company's guiding principles cannot address every issue or provide answers to every dilemma, they can define the spirit in which we intend to do business and should guide us in our daily conduct.
- 4.14.4. Each of us is responsible for knowing and adhering to the values and standards set forth in this Policy and for raising questions if we are uncertain about Company policy. If we are concerned whether the standards are being met or are aware of violations of the Policy, we must contact the HR department.
- 4.14.5. The Company takes seriously the standards set forth in the Policy, and violations are cause for disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

4.15. Be Loyal

- 4.15.1. Integral to the Company's business success is our protection of confidential Company information, as well as nonpublic information entrusted to us by employees, customers, and other business partners. Confidential and proprietary information includes such things as pricing and financial data, customer names/addresses or nonpublic information about other companies, including current or potential suppliers and vendors. We will not disclose confidential and nonpublic information without a valid business purpose and proper authorization.

4.16. Use of Company Resources

- 4.16.1. Company resources, including time, material, equipment, and information, are provided for Company business use. Nonetheless, occasional personal use is permissible if it does not affect job performance or cause a disruption to the workplace.
- 4.16.2. Employees and those who represent the Company are trusted to behave responsibly and use good judgment to conserve Company resources. Managers are responsible for the resources assigned to their departments and are empowered to resolve issues concerning their proper use.
- 4.16.3. Generally, we will not use Company equipment such as computers, copiers, and fax machines in the conduct of an outside business or in support of any religious, political, or other outside daily activity, except for Company-requested support to nonprofit organizations.

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4.16.4. We will not solicit contributions nor distribute non-work-related materials during work hours.

4.16.5. To protect the interests of the Company network and our fellow employees, the Company reserves the right to monitor or review all data and information contained on an employee's Company-issued computer or electronic device, the use of the Internet or the Company's intranet. We will not tolerate the use of Company resources to create, access, store, print, solicit or send any materials that are harassing, threatening, abusive, sexually explicit, or otherwise offensive or inappropriate.

4.16.6. Questions about the proper use of Company resources should be directed to your manager.

4.17. Media Inquiries

4.17.1. From time to time, reporters and other members of the media may approach employees. To ensure that we speak with one voice and provide accurate information about the Company, we should direct all media inquiries to the executive management team. No one may issue a press release without first consulting with the executive management team.

4.18. Do the Right Thing

4.18.1. Several key questions can help identify situations that may be unethical, inappropriate, or illegal. Ask yourself:

4.18.1.1. Does what I am doing comply with the Company guiding principles, Code of Conduct, and Company policies?

4.18.1.2. Have I been asked to misrepresent information or deviate from normal procedure?

4.18.1.3. Would I feel comfortable describing my decision at a staff meeting?

4.18.1.4. How would it look if it made the headlines?

4.18.1.5. Am I being loyal to my family, my Company and myself?

4.18.1.6. What would I tell a child to do?

4.18.1.7. Is this the right thing to do?

5. Training

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- 5.1. All members of the executive management team shall be trained in this Policy. In addition, all employees and managers shall be trained in this Policy. Training on this Policy should be completed upon new hire and annually or as refreshers are appropriate.

6. Reference

- 6.1. OSHA 3021-12R 2019 – Worker’s Rights
- 6.2. OSHA’s General Duty Clause, Section 5(a)(1) & 5(b)