

Oncology: Pre-Test Answers

1. Which of the following is a nutrient that patients who undergo a bone marrow transplant may have to limit/eliminate the following nutrient due to increased sensitivity?
 - a. Long chain fatty acids
 - b. Lactose
 - c. Iron
 - d. Fiber
2. Symptoms of cancer treatment that may impact one's ability to eat include which of the following?
 - a. Nausea
 - b. Vomiting
 - c. Dry mouth
 - d. Taste changes
 - e. All of the above
3. True or False: Weight is the best indicator of nutrition status in oncology patients when performing a full nutrition assessment. Often weights are variable due to hyperhydration and other anthropometric techniques such as MUAC are more beneficial.
4. Bone Marrow Transplant patients have increased needs to which of the following nutrients?
 - a. Carbohydrates
 - b. Fat
 - c. Protein
5. Which intervention would be the most helpful for someone who is having taste changes?
 - a. Small, frequent meals
 - b. Hot meals
 - c. Cold or room temperature foods
 - d. Eating favorite foods
6. True or False: With oncology patients on enteral nutrition advancement plans should be more conservative and advance slowly.
7. Which of the following is/are an indication to start parenteral nutrition in an oncology & bone marrow transplant patient? (may be more than one answer)
 - a. Mucositis
 - b. Graft vs host disease
 - c. Severe diarrhea with inability to gain weight on enteral nutrition
 - d. Weight loss

