# **Children's Hospital and Health System Patient Care Policy and Procedure**

This policy applies to the	following entity(s):	
Milwaukee Hospital	Specialty Clinics	Surgicenter

# **SUBJECT: Pregnancy Screening, Testing and Care of the Pregnant Patient**

<u>Purpose</u>: Through pregnancy screening and testing, Children's Wisconsin (Children's) strives to minimize the potential harmful effects of medical treatment/procedures on a pregnant patient, embryo, and/or fetus.

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#### **Definitions**

Last Menstrual Period (LMP): First day of the last menstrual bleeding.

- <u>Pregnancy Screening</u>: The process of assessing the possibility of pregnancy with verbal questioning including date of LMP.
- **<u>Pregnancy Testing:</u>** The process of completing a urine pregnancy test which includes point of care testing and/or lab testing.
- <u>Transgender</u>: Of, relating to, or being a person whose gender identity is opposite the sex the person had or was identified as having at birth.

# <u>POLICY</u>

- 1. In the areas listed below, female or transgender male patients 11 years of age and older will be routinely **screened for pregnancy** by a nurse, medical assistant (MA), nursing assistant, or technologist with demonstrated competencies, at the start of each encounter or hospitalization. The screening should be completed before administering any medications, diagnostic studies, or procedures that may be harmful to a fetus.
  - EDTC

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- Imaging
- Hospital
- Outpatient Specialty Clinic

<u>Outpatient Specialty Clinic Exclusions</u>: Screening is not required in the following encounters: Occupational Therapy, Physical Therapy, Speech Therapy, Audiology, Outpatient Lab, Ophthalmology, Dental Clinic, psychology testing, counseling and education only visits.

- A urine <u>pregnancy test will be completed</u> by a nurse, medical assistant, certified nursing assistant, or technologist with demonstrated competencies prior to any of the following for female or transgender male patients 11 years of age and older AND for patients who are less than 11 years of age who have started menstruation OR unidentified patient with female characteristics (>/= Tanner stage IV):
  - Administration of anesthesia or moderate/deep procedural sedation
  - Administration of chemotherapy
    - A urine pregnancy test must be performed at the beginning of each chemotherapy cycle. If the cycle lasts longer than 21 days, another pregnancy test should be performed.
  - Imaging exams which increase potential for fetal harm based on generally accepted recommendations from the American College of Radiology and the Society for Pediatric Radiology:
    - Multiphase Computed Tomography (CT) studies and CT Angiography studies of the abdomen and pelvis or both
    - CT-guided interventional procedures of the abdomen
    - Gastrointestinal (GI) and Genitourinary (GU) Fluoroscopy Procedures including but not limited to upper GI, small bowel, contrast enema, Voiding Cystourethrogram (VCUG) and Nasojejunal (NJ) tube placement.
- 3. Pregnant patients can be treated if the primary reason for seeking care is not related to the pregnancy.
  - Need for OB/GYN consultation will be based on patient need.
  - For those patients without an identified pregnancy care provider, OB/GYN will be consulted.
- Any patient requiring care for pregnancy related issues should be transferred to an adult care facility, in accordance with EMTALA (Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act).
- 5. Most pregnant patients ages 13 and under and any age child where there is reasonable suspicion of sexual abuse or assault should be reported to child protective services and/or law enforcement. Refer to "Child Abuse and Neglect Identification and Reporting" policy. If unsure about the need to report a pregnant child/youth, consider contacting Child Advocacy and/or enter a social work consult.

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#### **PROCEDURE**

#### I. PREGNANCY SCREENING:

- A. In the areas listed below, female or transgender male patients 11 years of age and older will be routinely **screened for pregnancy** by a nurse, medical or nursing assistant, or technologist with demonstrated competencies in the following areas at the start of each encounter or hospitalization. The screening should be completed before administering any medications, diagnostic studies, or procedures that may be harmful to a fetus.
  - EDTC
  - Imaging
  - Hospital
  - Outpatient Specialty Clinic
    - o <u>Outpatient Specialty Clinic exclusions</u>: Screening will not be performed during the following encounters: Occupational Therapy, Physical Therapy, Speech Therapy, Audiology, Outpatient Lab, Ophthalmology, Dental Clinic, psychology testing, counseling and education only visits.
- B. The possibility of pregnancy will be determined via the following screening questions.
  - "I'm going to ask you a few questions we ask all female patients."
  - "Have you started your period?"
  - "What date did your last period start?"
- C. If the LMP is beyond 4 weeks or unknown, notify the provider for the possibility of additional testing.

#### II. PREGNANCY TESTING:

- A. A <u>urine pregnancy test will be completed</u> by a nurse, medical assistant or certified nursing assistant, or technologist with demonstrated competencies prior to any of the following for female or transgender male patients who are 11 years of age and older:
  - 1. Administration of anesthesia or moderate/deep procedural sedation
  - 2. Administration of chemotherapy
    - o A urine pregnancy test must be performed at the beginning of each chemotherapy cycle. If the cycle lasts longer than 21 days, another pregnancy test should be performed.
  - 3. Imaging exams which increase potential for fetal harm based on generally accepted recommendations from the American College of Radiology and the Society for Pediatric Radiology:
    - a. Multiphase Computed Tomography (CT) studies and CT Angiography studies of the abdomen and pelvis or both
    - b. CT-guided interventional procedures of the abdomen

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- c. Gastrointestinal (GI) and Genitourinary (GU) Fluoroscopy Procedures including but not limited to upper GI, small bowel, contrast enema, Voiding Cystourethrogram (VCUG) and Nasojejunal (NJ) tube placement
- B. Obtaining urine sample: Nurse, medical or nursing assistant, or technologist obtains a urine cup and places patient label on cup in front of the patient after verifying two patient identifiers with the patient. (Refer to "Patient Identification: Matching Correct Patient with the Correct Intervention" and the "Lab Specimen Collection, Labeling and Handling (Blood, Body Fluids and Tissue)" policies and procedures.)
  - 1. This does not need to be a clean catch, but simply a minimum of 1-2 ml of urine in the cup.
  - 2. Explain test to the patient and parents. (Note: Parents will see test on billing.)
    - a. "It is hospital policy to test for pregnancy. Here is a cup. Please pee into the cup. We need a small amount of pee. When you are done, place the lid on the cup and return to me."
- C. If the patient and/or family refuses the urine pregnancy test:
  - 1. Document refusal of the test in the medical record and notify the provider.
  - 2. If provider determines that proceeding with the medication or procedure is indicated without a pregnancy test, provider will:
    - a. Discuss with the patient and parent/guardian the risks and benefits of proceeding with the medication or procedure without a pregnancy test.
    - b. Obtain the parent/guardian informed consent to proceed.
- D. <u>If patient is unable to give a urine sample</u>: notify provider to consider ordering a serum pregnancy test.
- E. A urine pregnancy test will be completed via department's standards, either via Point of Care Testing (POCT) or sent to lab.
- F. If pregnancy test results are:
  - Positive for pregnancy: after documentation of results, notify the provider. Do not start any medication, diagnostic studies, or procedure until further direction from the provider.
  - 2. <u>Negative for pregnancy</u>: after documentation of results, proceed with medication, diagnostic studies, or procedure.
- G. Results of pregnancy tests are valid for 7 days or the length of the hospital stay that the testing was completed. If the patient returns for a separate visit beyond 7 days, testing will need to be repeated.
- H. Urine must be obtained at time of encounter, not brought to the encounter.
- I. Written pregnancy test results obtained from other clinics or hospitals may be accepted provided the results were completed within 7 days prior to the encounter.

# III. COMMUNICATION OF POSITIVE PREGNANCY RESULTS TO PATIENT:

A. The provider will share the positive pregnancy results with the patient <u>in private</u>, away from any other audience including parent/guardian.

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- B. The pregnancy should <u>NOT</u> be disclosed to the parent/guardian without permission of the patient. The patient should be encouraged to inform their parent/guardian on their own. There may be exceptions related to abuse or neglect where the parent may be notified.
  - 1. Consult Social Work if you need assistance. Refer to the "On Call Schedules" on the intranet page to contact the Social Worker on call.
  - 2. Document discussion in the medical record.
  - 3. Children's cannot guarantee the minor's confidentiality for pregnancy testing results provided at Children's entities due to billing and medical records.
- C. If the provider determines that proceeding with the medication or procedure is indicated, provider will discuss the risks and benefits of continuing with the planned diagnostic study, medication or procedure with the patient and/or parent/guardian. Document this discussion in the medical record. If the planned procedure is imaging with ionizing radiation or MRI, written consent by a provider should be obtained prior to proceeding.
- D. Elective surgical procedures are automatically cancelled.
- E. Follow–up care related to the pregnancy is directed to the patient's primary care provider.

# IV. CARE OF THE PREGNANT PATIENT:

- A. Pregnant patients can be treated (outside of Fetal Concerns Center) when the primary reason for seeking care is not related to the pregnancy.
- B. Any patient requiring care for pregnancy related issues should be transferred to an adult care facility, in accordance with Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act (EMTALA) and if needed, transferred to an adult care facility. Pregnant patients seeking care at the Fetal Concerns Center are excluded.
- C. The following steps should be followed when a pregnant patient will be admitted to the hospital for treatment of a non-pregnancy related issue.
  - 1. Consult OB/GYN based on patient need if hospitalized.
  - 2. Partner with the OB/GYN as needed to provide educational materials to recognize emergency situations.
  - 3. If OB/GYN consultation is required, consultation will be obtained following standard practice, policies and procedures. Refer to the "On Call Schedules" on the intranet page to contact the OB/GYN practitioner on call.
  - 4. For those patients without an identified pregnancy care provider, OB/GYN will be consulted.
  - 5. For pregnant patients with positive alcohol or drug test results:
    - a. Notify the provider
    - b. The provider will determine if further interventions are needed. Interventions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
      - i. Consultation with Child Advocacy
      - ii. Continued lab testing

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- iii. Reporting to Child Protective Services See related policies: Consent for Treatment, and Child Abuse, Neglect Identification and Reporting
- D. Most pregnant patients ages 13 and under and any age child where there is reasonable suspicion of sexual abuse or assault should be reported to child protective services and/or law enforcement. Refer to "Child Abuse and Neglect Identification and Reporting" policy. If unsure about the need to report a pregnant child/youth, consider contacting Child Advocacy and/or ask for a social work consult.
- E. If patient develops emergent signs or symptoms, follow the emergency response for your location (RRT, code, call 911, or MD to MD transfer to adult facility). See Addendum A.

# **References:**

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- American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists Committee Opinion Number 474, Committee on Obstetric Practice. Nonobstetric Surgery During Pregnancy. http://www.acog.org/-/media/Committee-Opinions/Committee-on-Obstetric-Practice/co474.pdf?dmc=1&ts=20141013T1551357449. Accessed June 8, 2017.
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Approved by the:

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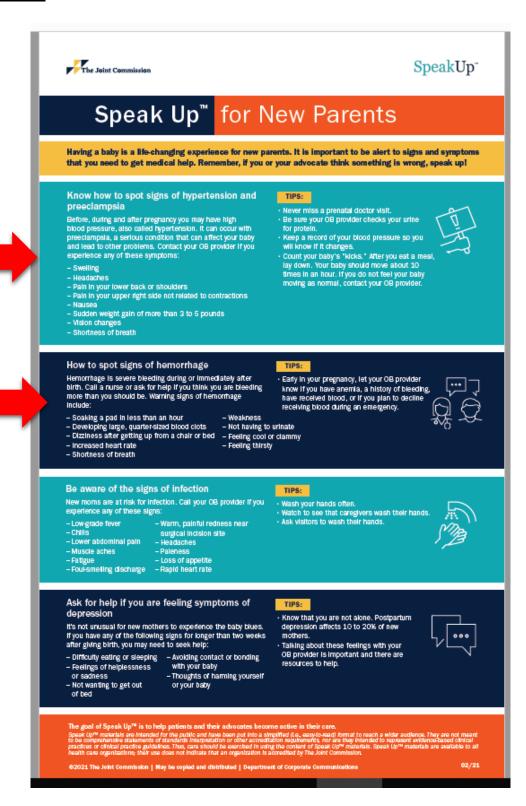
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#### Addendum A

Emergency

**Emergency** 



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