

Low Tone, Flat Feet, and Exercise for Children with NF

September 18th, Mi Ran Shin, MD, MPH

Objectives

- Identify 'Low Tone' in children with NF, its implications and interventions
- Identify 'Flat Feet' in children with NF, its implications and interventions
- Know some options for exercising in children with NF



Definition of Low Tone

Medical term is called "hypotonia" Described typically as having a 'floppy child' Unclear understanding of low tone..

Clinically can manifest as

- Sitting with 'poor posture'
- Hypermobile joints
- Floppy child when picked up





Figure 1: A child with NF sitting, low tone with poor trunk control. Picture credit from:

https://www.candgnews.com/index.php/news/spreading-neurofibromatosis-awareness-108069



Ira T. Lott, in Progress in Brain Research, 2012

Clinical implications

Depending on severity, can affect development (i.e. difficulties sitting on time)

Can impact/ be associated with secondary musculoskeletal changes such as...

- Flat feet
- Pronation (rolling) of feet
- Scoliosis



What can we do?

Treatment depends on the severity, body parts affected

If low tone at trunk, your provider may consider trunk brace/vests such as..







https://www.bostonoandp.com/blog/finding-a-path-to-independence-with-dmo-supergirl-suit/



If hypotonia is affecting feet

Can consider shoe inserts or ankle braces such as...

SMO: Supramalleolar orthoses





https://surestep.net/products/surestep-smo/



Definition of 'Flat Feet'

Lack of arch development
Typically develops by age 3-6 years

Mostly asymptomatic but..

Can lead to pain, rigid causing secondary deformities









Treatment

Depends on whether there's any symptoms (i.e. pain), severity, rigidity, secondary changes

- Observation
- Shoe inserts
- SMO
- Surgical procedures



https://www.cascadeshop.com/shoeinserts.aspx



Challenges with Exercising







Bony deformities

NIF

Weakness, poor endurance Pain





Coordination





Exercise options

- Home exercise
- Physical / Occupational therapies
 - Private / Early Intervention / School based
- School based classes (i.e. gym/ P.E)
- Team sports
 - School club, community, traveling team
- Recreational
 - Hiking, walking, play ground
- Private personal training



Goals and Benefits of Exercising

Structured program to address specific difficulties

- Increase muscle strength
- Prevent contractures (stretching)
- Improve posture
- Improve balance
- Build stamina decrease fatigue
- Improve functional tasks/ development
- Decrease pain
- Participation/ quality of life





Questions?

Thank You!

