Colchester Green Bond Fund

ARSN 658 713 010

Annual report

For the year ended 30 June 2026

Colchester Green Bond Fund

ARSN 658 713 010

Annual report
For the year ended 30 June 2026

Contents

Directors' report
Auditor's independence declaration
Statement of comprehensive income
Statement of financial position
Statement of changes in equity
Statement of cash flows
Notes to the financial statements
Directors' declaration
Independent auditor's report to the unit holders of Colchester Green Bond Fund

This annual report covers Colchester Green Bond Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Colchester Green Bond Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 22, 530 Collins Street
Melbourne, VIC 3000.

Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of Colchester Green Bond Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Principal activities

The Fund invests in a globally diversified portfolio of primarily government bonds and currencies in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	**Provider**
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	Colchester Global Investors (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.
Custodian and Administrator	The Northern Trust Company
Statutory Auditor	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Michael J O'Brien	Chairman
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 July 2025)
Mary A O'Connor	(resigned 1 July 2025)
David B Warren	
Andrew P Godfrey	
Johanna E Platt	

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance was 2.38% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2026. The Fund's benchmark, ICE Sovereign and Government Related Green Bond Custom Index hedged in Australian Dollars returned 3.12% for the same year.

Net Fund performance is based on end of month hard close redemption prices assuming the reinvestment of all distributions and gains. Net return is calculated after the deduction of actual trading expenses and is net of taxes withheld on foreign interest and gains and after deducting the stated management fees and costs, which includes management and other administrative fees (custody, legal, administration, audit and other fees).

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year ($)	**224,758**	217,252
Distributions paid and payable ($)	**989,386**	215,025
Distributions (cents per unit)	**10.19**	2.23

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Directors' report (continued)

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

(i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
(ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
(iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid out of the assets of the Fund in regard to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnification of auditor

The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund's property during the year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest dollar

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest dollar in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183,* unless otherwise indicated.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.

Andrew P Godfrey
Director

Melbourne
24 September 2026

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
ABN 74 490 121 060

477 Collins Street
Melbourne VIC 3000
GPO Box 78
Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

Tel: +61 3 9671 7000
Fax: +61 3 9671 7001
www.deloitte.com.au

24 September 2026

The Board of Directors
Equity Trustees Limited
Level 22, 530 Collins Street
MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Board Members

Auditor's Independence Declaration to Colchester Green Bond Fund

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity, regarding the financial report of Colchester Green Bond Fund (the "Fund").

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2026, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

M Stretton

Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Member of Deloitte Asia Pacific Limited and the Deloitte organisation.

Statement of comprehensive income

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2026 $	Year ended 30 June 2025 $
Income			
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		**278,602**	246,439
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		**798**	4,999
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		**(5,602)**	3,191
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		**8,334**	15,851
Management fees and costs reimbursement	15	**1,500**	3,754
Total income/(loss)		**283,632**	274,234
Expenses			
Management fees and costs	15	**58,148**	55,674
Withholding taxes		**726**	1,308
Total expenses		**58,874**	56,982
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year		**224,758**	217,252
Finance costs attributable to unit holders			
Distributions to unit holders	9	**(989,386)**	(215,025)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders	8	**764,628**	(2,227)
Profit/(loss) for the year		**-**	-
Other comprehensive income		**-**	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		**-**	-

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	Note	As at **30 June 2026** **$**	30 June 2025 $
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	**166,234**	113,227
Receivables	12	**91,139**	82,513
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		**86,805**	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	**9,484,851**	9,699,108
Total assets		**9,829,029**	9,894,848
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	9	**822,835**	55,254
Payables	13	**55,606**	43,150
Redemptions payable		**100,385**	827
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6	**199,165**	130,595
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)		**1,177,991**	229,826
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability	8	**8,651,038**	9,665,022

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	**-**	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	**-**	-
Other comprehensive income	**-**	-
Total comprehensive income	**-**	-
Transactions with unit holders	**-**	-
Total equity at the end of the financial year*	**-**	-

*Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the beginning or end of the financial year.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes with reference to Notes 2(c) and 8.

Statement of cash flows

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2026 $	30 June 2025 $
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		**2,896,643**	2,648,287
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		**(2,692,286)**	(11,135,885)
Interest income received from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		**269,282**	172,085
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		**771**	4,930
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		**(5,490)**	3,126
Management fees and costs reimbursement received		**1,500**	31,800
Management fees and costs paid		**(45,691)**	(43,279)
RITC received/(paid)		**(6)**	(320)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	11(a)	**424,723**	(8,319,256)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		**620,121**	8,928,433
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		**(793,792)**	(384,667)
Distributions paid to unit holders		**(197,933)**	(142,748)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		**(371,604)**	8,401,018
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		**53,119**	81,762
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		**113,227**	31,400
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		**(112)**	65
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	10	**166,234**	113,227
Non-cash operating and financing activities	11(b)	**23,872**	23,604

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements

Contents

1 General information
2 Summary of material accounting policy information
3 Financial risk management
4 Fair value measurement
5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
6 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
7 Derivative financial instruments
8 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability
9 Distributions to unit holders
10 Cash and cash equivalents
11 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities
12 Receivables
13 Payables
14 Remuneration of auditors
15 Related party transactions
16 Transactions with the Investment Manager
17 Events occurring after the reporting period
18 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

1 General information

These financial statements cover Colchester Green Bond Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 29 March 2022 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 22, 530 Collins Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The investment activities of the Fund are managed by Colchester Global Investors (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the ″Investment Manager″). The custody and administration services of the Fund are delegated to The Northern Trust Company (the ″Custodian and Administrator″).

The Fund invests in a globally diversified portfolio of primarily government bonds and currencies in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2025 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

AASB 18 *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*

AASB 18 was issued in June 2024 and replaces AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements.* The new standard introduces new requirements for the statement of comprehensive income, including:

- new categories for the classification of income and expenses into operating, investing and financing categories, and
- presentation of subtotals for "operating profit" and "profit before financing and income taxes".

2 Summary of material accounting policy information (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

Additional disclosure requirements are introduced for management-defined performance measures and new principles for aggregation and disaggregation of information in the notes and the primary financial statements and the presentation of interest and dividends in the statement of cash flows. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and will be applied retrospectively by the Fund for the financial year ending 30 June 2028.

This new standard is not expected to have an impact on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, however there will likely be changes in how the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position line items are presented as well as some additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. Management is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard.

AASB 2024-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments* [AASB 7 & AASB 9] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026).

In July 2024, the AASB issued amendments to AASB 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* and AASB 9 *Financial Instruments*. This amendment amends requirements related to settling financial liabilities using an electronic payment system and assessing contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance and similar features. It also amends disclosure requirements relating to investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and adds disclosure requirements for financial instruments with contingent features that do not relate directly to basic lending risks and costs. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

Management is currently working to identify all the impact of the new standards and amendments on the primary financial statements and the related notes.

Certain amendments to accounting standards have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2026 reporting year and have not been early adopted by the Fund. These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers payable, distributions payable and management fees and costs payable).

2 Summary of material accounting policy information (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligations under the liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired.

(iii) Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined, please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses (″ECL″).

Cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers, and receivables are carried at amortised cost.

(iv) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall estimate a loss allowance on each of the financial assets carried at amortised cost (cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The ECL approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

(v) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

2 Summary of material accounting policy information (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unit holders

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Fund is required to distribute its distributable income in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represents the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Income

(i) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(ii) Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments

Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the end of the reporting period and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest income.

Changes in fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b)iii to the financial statements.

(f) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

Management fees and costs cover certain ordinary expenses such as Responsible Entity fees, investment management fees, custodian fees, administration, audit fees and other operating expenses.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it distributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders on a present entitlement basis.

2 Summary of material accounting policy information (continued)

(g) Income tax (continued)

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

(h) Distributions

The Fund distributes its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unit holders.

(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. As the Fund's units are classified as financial liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and is recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(l) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

(m) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund and any distributions declared which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

(n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

2 Summary of material accounting policy information (continued)

(o) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 95.50%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows related to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, is classified as an operating cash flow.

(p) Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations, require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For more information on how fair value is calculated, refer to Note 4 to the financial statements.

The Fund estimates that the resultant ECL derived from using the impairment model has not materially impacted the Fund.

Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

(q) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise indicated.

(r) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund's policy allows it to use derivative financial instruments in managing its financial risks.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss on debt securities is limited to the fair value of those positions. The maximum loss on capital on forward currency contracts is limited to the notional contract values of those positions.

The investments of the Fund, and the associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Colchester Global Investors (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, under an Investment Management Agreement ("IMA") approved by the Responsible Entity and containing the investment strategy and investment guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain.

The majority of the Fund's directly held financial assets and liabilities are interest bearing securities that have exposure to interest rate movement and therefore have minimal exposure to price risk. As a result, there are limited exposures to price risk at year end.

The Investment Manager generally seeks to invest primarily in sovereign debt securities that possess fundamental value. Securities that possess high yields after allowing for the impact of estimated future inflation and are denominated in currencies that are either undervalued, or of a reasonable value according to purchasing power parity analysis, typically possess fundamental investment value.

The Investment Manager carries out financial analysis on countries and individual issues in order to assess the issuer's respective financial strengths and vulnerabilities. Having made a fundamental real assessment of the value of all country bond markets and currencies in the global opportunity set, the Investment Manager then builds optimal portfolios seeking to maximise returns.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund operates internationally and holds both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. However, the Investment Manager monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

Forward foreign exchange transactions (including non-deliverable foreign exchange transactions) may be used by the Fund to reduce the risk of adverse market changes in exchange rates or to increase exposure to foreign currencies or to shift exposure in order to address foreign currency fluctuations between currencies. For accounting purposes, the Fund does not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship, and hence these derivative financial instruments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Foreign exchange risk is managed as part of price risk.

The table below summarises the fair value of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

	Gross	Sell foreign currency contracts	Net
As at 30 June 2026	**$**	**$**	**$**
British Pound Sterling	**822,495**	**(806,621)**	**15,874**
Canadian Dollar	**745,735**	**(643,199)**	**102,536**
Colombian Peso	**259,804**	**(109,203)**	**150,601**
Czech Koruna	**1,633**	**(158,294)**	**(156,661)**
Euro	**3,823,087**	**(4,129,210)**	**(306,123)**
HK offshore Chinese Yuan Renminbi	**293,462**	**(3,026)**	**290,436**
Hungarian Forint	**237,743**	**(269,232)**	**(31,489)**
Indonesian Rupiah	**344,013**	**(153,840)**	**190,173**
Israeli Shekel	**2,085**	**(200,740)**	**(198,655)**
Japanese Yen	**435,181**	**(4,504)**	**430,677**
Mexican Peso	**866,732**	**(860,015)**	**6,717**
Malaysian Ringgit	**370**	**-**	**370**
New Zealand Dollar	**629,202**	**(755,437)**	**(126,235)**
Norwegian Krone	**616,381**	**(316,866)**	**299,515**
Peruvian Sol	**-**	**(60,256)**	**(60,256)**
Singapore Dollar	**61,236**	**(187,097)**	**(125,861)**
Swedish Krona	**65,661**	**-**	**65,661**
Swiss Franc	**1,973**	**(188,905)**	**(186,932)**
South Korean Won	**204,067**	**(2,109)**	**201,958**
Thai Baht	**-**	**(40,898)**	**(40,898)**
United States Dollar	**9,735,199**	**(10,346,965)**	**(611,766)**
Total	**19,146,059**	**(19,236,417)**	**(90,358)**

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2025	Gross $	Sell foreign currency contracts $	Net $
British Pound Sterling	636,806	(400,087)	236,719
Canadian Dollar	796,574	(785,024)	11,550
Colombian Peso	210,751	(158,412)	52,339
Czech Koruna	-	(148,427)	(148,427)
Euro	4,097,598	(4,392,136)	(294,538)
HK offshore Chinese Yuan Renminbi	-	(109,729)	(109,729)
Hungarian Forint	195,295	(191,441)	3,854
Indonesian Rupiah	364,277	(204,262)	160,015
Israeli Shekel	-	(99,162)	(99,162)
Japanese Yen	444,154	-	444,154
Mexican Peso	785,746	(568,997)	216,749
Malaysian Ringgit	380	-	380
New Zealand Dollar	900,053	(1,181,029)	(280,976)
Norwegian Krone	610,170	(322,002)	288,168
Peruvian Sol	-	(59,286)	(59,286)
Singapore Dollar	58,864	(103,890)	(45,026)
Swedish Krona	402,285	-	402,285
Swiss Franc	-	(226,709)	(226,709)
South Korean Won	320,786	-	320,786
Thai Baht	-	(240,618)	(240,618)
United States Dollar	9,624,032	(10,254,043)	(630,011)
Total	19,447,771	(19,445,254)	2,517

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by +/- 10% (2025: +/- 10%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis. The impact of the interest rate risk on profit and net assets attributable to unit holders is considered material to the Fund.

The Fund's main interest rate risk arises from its investment in primarily green globally diversified government bonds.

Interest rate risk is managed by financial analysis on countries and individual issues in order to assess the issuer's respective financial strengths and vulnerabilities. Having made a fundamental real assessment of the value of all country bond markets and currencies in the global opportunity set, the Investment Manager then builds optimal portfolios seeking to maximise returns.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (continued)

The following table summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period.

	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
	$	$	$	$
As at 30 June 2026				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	**166,234**	**-**	**-**	**166,234**
Receivables	**-**	**-**	**91,139**	**91,139**
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	**-**	**-**	**86,805**	**86,805**
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	**-**	**9,395,145**	**89,706**	**9,484,851**
Total financial assets	**166,234**	**9,395,145**	**267,650**	**9,829,029**
Financial liabilities				
Distribution payable	**-**	**-**	**822,835**	**822,835**
Payables	**-**	**-**	**55,606**	**55,606**
Redemptions payable	**-**	**-**	**100,385**	**100,385**
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	**-**	**-**	**199,165**	**199,165**
Total financial liabilities	**-**	**-**	**1,177,991**	**1,177,991**
Net exposure	**166,234**	**9,395,145**	**(910,341)**	**8,651,038**
As at 30 June 2025				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	113,227	-	-	113,227
Receivables	-	-	82,513	82,513
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	9,569,862	129,246	9,699,108
Total financial assets	113,227	9,569,862	211,759	9,894,848
Financial liabilities				
Distribution payable	-	-	55,254	55,254
Payables	-	-	43,150	43,150
Redemptions payable	-	-	827	827
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	130,595	130,595
Total financial liabilities	-	-	229,826	229,826
Net exposure	113,227	9,569,862	(18,067)	9,665,022

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders through changes in fair value of changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the interest rates changed by +/- 200 basis points (30 June 2025: +/- 200 basis points) from the year end rates with all other variables held constant.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on net assets attributable to unit holders			
	Interest rate risk		**Foreign exchange risk**	
	+200bps	**-200bps**	**+10%**	**-10%**
	$	**$**	**$**	**$**
As at 30 June 2026	**(184,578)**	**184,578**	**244,453**	**(244,453)**
As at 30 June 2025	(189,133)	189,133	18,751	(18,751)

(c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in debt securities. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers balances and other receivables.

The Fund determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. At 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025, all receivables, cash and short-term deposits are held with counterparties with a credit rating of AA/Aa or higher and are either callable on demand or due to be settled within 1 week. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

(i) Debt securities

The Fund invests in debt securities which have an investment grade categorisation as rated by Standard and Poor's or Moody's. For unrated assets a rating is assigned by the Investment Manager using an approach that is consistent with the approach used by rating agencies. All debt securities must have a minimum investment grade as outlined in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

The table below summarises the credit rating composition for the Fund's interest bearing securities assets using Standard and Poor's or Moody's ratings.

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
International debt securities rating		
AAA	**4,740,637**	4,747,749
AA+	**996,272**	700,016
AA	**978,353**	1,544,650
AA-	**493,524**	1,427,272
A+	**1,259,408**	177,777
A	**-**	49,337
A-	**198,822**	218,241
BBB+	**266,858**	304,216
BBB-	**461,271**	400,604
Total	**9,395,145**	9,569,862

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 30 June 2026 or 30 June 2025.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

The Fund restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading of derivative instruments it holds by entering into master netting arrangements with counterparties with whom it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. The credit risk associated with favourable contracts is reduced by a master netting arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are closed and settled on a net basis. The Fund's overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to master netting arrangements can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangements.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests or to fund foreign exchange related cash flow requirements.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Investment Manager by ensuring that the Fund, as far as possible, holds only highly liquid, marketable sovereign debt securities and that there is a reasonable cash balance at all times to deal with any redemptions. This risk may be higher where the Fund invests in bonds where a bond is issued by the government of an emerging market country or where a derivative instrument has to be traded over-the-counter with a single party.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2026 and 2025.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holders' option. However, the Responsible Entity does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash flows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

As at 30 June 2026	**Less than 1 month** **$**	**1 to 6 months** **$**	**6 to 12 months** **$**	**Over 12 months** **$**	**Total** **$**
Distributions payable	**822,835**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**822,835**
Payables	**1,895**	**53,711**	**-**	**-**	**55,606**
Redemptions payable	**100,385**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**100,385**
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability	**8,651,038**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**8,651,038**
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	**9,576,153**	**53,711**	**-**	**-**	**9,629,864**
As at 30 June 2025					
Distributions payable	55,254	-	-	-	55,254
Payables	92	43,058	-	-	43,150
Redemptions payable	827	-	-	-	827
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability	9,665,022	-	-	-	9,665,022
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	9,721,195	43,058	-	-	9,764,253

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

(ii) Maturities of gross settled derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's gross settled derivative financial instruments in a loss position for which the contractual maturities are considered to be essential to an understanding of the timing of cash flows based on the Fund's investment strategy.

As at 30 June 2026	Less than 1 month $	1 to 6 months $	6 to 12 months $	Over 12 months $	Total $
Forward currency contracts	**199,165**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**199,165**
Total gross settled derivatives	**199,165**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**199,165**
As at 30 June 2025					
Forward currency contracts	130,595	-	-	-	130,595
Total gross settled derivatives	130,595	-	-	-	130,595

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 5 and Note 6).
- Derivative financial instruments (see Note 7)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

(a) Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets are based on their last traded prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period or where there was no trade, their quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market prices used for financial assets and liabilities held by the Fund are a calculated mid price using the current bid and ask prices. The quoted market price incorporates the market's assumptions with respect to changes in economic climate such as rising interest rates and inflation, as well as changes due to risk.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(b) Significant observable inputs (Level 2)

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(b) Significant observable inputs (Level 2) (continued)

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward currency contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

(c) Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

As at 30 June 2026	**Level 1 $**	**Level 2 $**	**Level 3 $**	**Total $**
Financial assets				
Forward currency contracts	**-**	**89,706**	**-**	**89,706**
Fixed interest securities	**-**	**9,395,145**	**-**	**9,395,145**
Total financial assets	**-**	**9,484,851**	**-**	**9,484,851**
Financial liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	**-**	**199,165**	**-**	**199,165**
Total financial liabilities	**-**	**199,165**	**-**	**199,165**

As at 30 June 2025				
Financial assets				
Forward currency contracts	-	129,246	-	129,246
Fixed interest securities	-	9,569,862	-	9,569,862
Total financial assets	-	9,699,108	-	9,699,108
Financial liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	-	130,595	-	130,595
Total financial liabilities	-	130,595	-	130,595

(d) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value through the profit and loss include:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, balances due from/to brokers. These are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying values approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparties; and

(ii) Net assets attributable to unit holders, as the Fund routinely redeems and issues units at an amount equal to the proportionate share of the Fund's net assets at the time of redemption, calculated on a basis consistent with that used in these financial statements. Accordingly, the carrying value of net assets attributable to unit holders approximates their fair value. Any difference is not material in the current year or prior year.

5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Forward currency contracts	**89,706**	129,246
Fixed interest securities	**9,395,145**	9,569,862
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	**9,484,851**	9,699,108

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

6 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Forward currency contracts	**199,165**	130,595
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	**199,165**	130,595

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

7 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the market exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivatives:

(a) Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. The fair value of a forward currency contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

7 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(a) Forward currency contracts (continued)

The Fund's derivative financial instruments measured at fair value at year end are detailed below:

As at 30 June 2026	**Contractual/ notional $**	**Assets $**	**Contractual/ notional $**	**Liabilities**
Forward currency contracts	**8,192,733**	**89,706**	**10,818,703**	**199,165**
Total derivatives	**8,192,733**	**89,706**	**10,818,703**	**199,165**
As at 30 June 2025				
Forward currency contracts	11,292,189	129,246	8,224,770	130,595
Total derivatives	11,292,189	129,246	8,224,770	130,595

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

8 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability

The Fund's units are classified as a liability as they do not meet the definition of a financial instrument to be classified as equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2026 Units	**30 June 2026 $**	30 June 2025 Units	30 June 2025 $
Opening balance	**9,927,956**	**9,665,022**	1,144,645	1,096,252
Applications	**638,518**	**620,122**	9,160,668	8,928,433
Redemptions	**(921,168)**	**(893,350)**	(401,741)	(385,494)
Reinvestment of distributions	**24,689**	**23,872**	24,384	23,604
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	**-**	**(764,628)**	-	2,227
Closing balance	**9,669,995**	**8,651,038**	9,927,956	9,665,022

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

8 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability (continued)

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

9 Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared for the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2026 $	**30 June 2026 CPU**	30 June 2025 $	30 June 2025 CPU
Distributions				
September	**55,406**	**0.56**	52,359	0.57
December	**57,006**	**0.59**	53,662	0.56
March	**54,139**	**0.54**	53,750	0.54
June (payable)	**822,835**	**8.50**	55,254	0.56
Total distributions	**989,386**	**10.19**	215,025	2.23

10 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2026 $	30 June 2025 $
Cash at bank	**166,234**	113,227
Total cash and cash equivalents	**166,234**	113,227

11 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	**(764,628)**	2,227
Distributions to unit holders	**989,386**	215,025
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	**2,896,643**	2,648,287
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	**(2,692,286)**	(11,135,885)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	**(8,334)**	(15,851)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	**112**	(65)
Net change in receivables	**(8,626)**	(45,388)
Net change in payables	**12,456**	12,394
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	**424,723**	(8,319,256)

(b) Non-cash operating and financing activities

The following distribution payments to unit holders were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	**23,872**	23,604
Total non-cash operating and financing activities	**23,872**	23,604

As described in Note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. The change in this amount for the year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

12 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Interest receivable	**90,804**	82,183
GST receivable	**335**	330
Total receivables	**91,139**	82,513

13 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Management fees and costs payable	**55,606**	43,150
Total payables	**55,606**	43,150

14 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu		
Audit and other assurance services		
Audit of financial statements	**13,768**	13,367
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	**13,768**	13,367
Taxation services		
Tax compliance services	**18,425**	13,725
Total remuneration for taxation services	**18,425**	13,725
Total remuneration of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu	**32,193**	27,092
PricewaterhouseCoopers		
Audit and other assurance services		
Audit of compliance plan	**2,448**	2,448
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	**2,448**	2,448
Total remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers	**2,448**	2,448

The auditors' remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

15 Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of Colchester Green Bond Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The only related parties to the Fund, as defined by AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures,* are the Responsible Entity, schemes managed by the Responsible Entity and key management personnel of the Responsible Entity.

(a) Key management personnel

(i) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Equity Trustees Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Michael J O'Brien	Chairman
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 July 2025)
Mary A O'Connor	(resigned 1 July 2025)
David B Warren	
Andrew P Godfrey	
Johanna E Platt	

(ii) Responsible Entity

Other than fees paid to the Responsible Entity, there were no other transactions.

(iii) Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

15 Related party transactions (continued)

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

(c) Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel did not hold units in the Fund as at 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: nil).

(d) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

(e) Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(f) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

(g) Responsible Entity fees and other transactions

The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and its service providers as per Note 1:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	$	$
Management fees and costs for the year	**58,148**	55,674
Management fees and costs reimbursement for the year	**1,500**	3,754
Management fees and costs payable at year end	**55,606**	43,150

Equity Trustees Limited earned $2,895 (2025: $4,453) for Responsible Entity fees provided to the Fund paid from management fees and costs.

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, management fees and costs include responsible entity fees paid to the Responsible Entity, management fees paid to the Investment Manager and other costs (such as custody fees, administration fees and audit fees) paid to other unrelated parties. Please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement for information on how management fees and costs are calculated.

Management fees and costs reimbursed represent monies put into the Fund by the Investment Manager to ensure that the Fund's overall management fees and costs remain within those disclosed in the Product Disclosure Statement.

(h) Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited) held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: nil).

(i) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (30 June 2025: nil).

16 Transactions with the Investment Manager

Management fees are paid by the Responsible Entity to the Investment Manager and are included in management fees and costs as disclosed in note 15(g).

During the reporting period, the Fund did not hold investments in other Schemes managed by the Fund's Investment Manager (30 June 2025: nil).

17 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

18 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

(a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 30 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and

(ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.

(b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

(c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.

Andrew P Godfrey
Director

Melbourne
24 September 2026

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
ABN 74 490 121 060

477 Collins Street
Melbourne VIC 3000
GPO Box 78
Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

Tel: +61 3 9671 7000
Fax: +61 3 9671 7001
www.deloitte.com.au

Independent Auditor's Report to the Unit Holders of Colchester Green Bond Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Colchester Green Bond Fund (the "Fund") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board Limited (the Code) that are relevant to audits of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund (the "Directors"), would be in the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2026, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Member of Deloitte Asia Pacific Limited and the Deloitte organisation.

Deloitte.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible:

- For the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- For such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund, and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Deloitte.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

M Stretton

Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 24 September 2026