

Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered)

ARSN 147 222 535

Annual Report For the year ended 30 June 2024

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Independent auditor's report to the unit holders of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered)

This annual report covers Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:
Level 1, 575 Bourke Street
Melbourne VIC 3000.

Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Principal activities

The Fund invests in global equity securities, equity linked securities and currency contracts in accordance with the Fund's Offer Documents and provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Pty Limited
Administrator	Citigroup Pty Limited
Custodian	Citibank N.A. Hong Kong Branch
Statutory Auditor	Ernst & Young
Unit Registry	SS&C Solutions Pty Ltd*

*Effective on 1 October 2023 SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc acquired the managed funds administration business of Iress Limited and the entity name was changed to SS&C Solutions Pty Ltd.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	Chairman (resigned 6 June 2024)
Michael J O'Brien	Chairman (appointed 6 June 2024)
Russell W Beasley	
Mary A O'Connor	
David B Warren	
Andrew P Godfrey	(appointed 1 May 2024)

Review of results and operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with its investment objectives and approach as set out in the Fund's Offer Documents and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

Results

	Fund gross return	MSCI ACWI Special Tax Index (benchmark)
	%	%
Gross fee of return for the year ended 30 June 2024	20.67	19.24

Directors' report (continued)

Review of results and operations (continued)

Gross returns for are calculated gross of all income, net of all operating expenses, assume reinvestment of distributions and before any buy/sell spread on applications/redemptions. Gross returns are calculated before the deduction of all management and performance fees.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year (\$'000)	621,419	492,168
<i>Retail Class</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	57,305	51,202
Distributions (cents per unit)	1,522.4711	1,216.0819
Redemption price per unit (\$)	136.9430	127.3269
<i>Refundable Reserve Fee Class H3</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	312,740	161,230
Distributions (cents per unit)	1,779.1745	983.5621
Redemption price per unit (\$)	145.6792	135.7549
<i>Refundable Reserve Fee Class I4</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	2,695	2,200
Distributions (cents per unit)	1,632.2181	1,263.4151
Redemption price per unit (\$)	137.5123	128.0198
<i>Refundable Reserve Fee Class BV4</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	965	752
Distributions (cents per unit)	1,590.8347	1,238.1985
Redemption price per unit (\$)	135.5385	126.2187
<i>Refundable Reserve Fee Class A20</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	-	8,832
Distributions (cents per unit)	-	1,305.0233
Redemption price per unit (\$)	-	128.8554
<i>Refundable Reserve Fee Class W6</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	5,316	4,158
Distributions (cents per unit)	1,597.0676	1,299.0294
Redemption price per unit (\$)	134.4297	125.1620
<i>Fee Reserve Class</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	4	3
Distributions (cents per unit)	0.2600	0.2006
Redemption price per unit (\$)	0.0209	0.0195

Directors' report (continued)

Indirect Cost Ratio (ICR)

	Year Ended	
	30 June 2024 %	30 June 2023 %
Retail Class	1.06	1.07
Refundable Reserve Fee Class H3	0.31	0.33
Refundable Reserve Fee Class I4	0.51	0.51
Refundable Reserve Fee Class BV4	0.66	0.66
Refundable Reserve Fee Class A20	–	0.51
Refundable Reserve Fee Class W6	0.52	0.51

The ICR calculation includes fees charged to the Fund during the financial year, including those charged by the Responsible Entity for providing services to the Fund, plus management fees and costs (including performance fees if any), custody fees and administration costs.

Expenses excluded from the ICR calculation are those that would have ordinarily been incurred by a direct investment in the underlying assets of the Fund, such as brokerage, transaction costs and government taxes.

To determine the ICR, the fees are expressed as a percentage of the average net assets of the respective class during the financial year under review. The ICR may be negative due to the refund mechanism of the Investment Manager's fees.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Andrew P Godfrey was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on the 1 May 2024.

Philip D Gentry resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 6 June 2024.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- i the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- ii the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Fund's Offer Documents and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Directors' report (continued)

Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums were paid out of the assets of the Fund in regard to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. As long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain fully indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnification of auditor

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Fund against a liability incurred as auditor.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's property during the year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by the Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



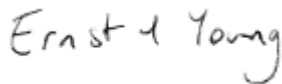
Andrew P Godfrey
Director

Melbourne
19 September 2024

Auditor's independence declaration to the directors of Equity Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity for Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered)

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) for the financial year ended 30 June 2024, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Ernst & Young



Rohit Khanna
Partner
19 September 2024

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
		\$'000	\$'000
Income			
Dividend and trust distribution income		91,200	75,860
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		230	84
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,510	1,768
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		(2)	(70)
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		552,180	435,220
Other income		194	249
Total income/(loss)		647,312	513,111
Expenses			
Management fees and costs	14(g)	14,956	12,197
Transaction costs		2,769	1,675
Dividend withholding taxes		7,999	6,740
Interest expense from financial assets at amortised cost		131	52
Other expenses		38	279
Total expenses		25,893	20,943
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year		621,419	492,168
Finance costs attributable to unit holders			
Distributions to unit holders	10	(379,025)	(228,377)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders	9	(242,394)	(263,791)
Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,079	9,231
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		46,812	50,869
Dividends receivable		9,607	6,629
Receivable for unit holder applications		175	51
Other receivables		874	660
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	3,531,418	3,151,806
Total assets		3,590,965	3,219,246
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	10	379,025	228,377
Margin accounts		2,076	7,111
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		36,868	46,234
Payable for unit holder redemptions		536	1,241
Management fees and costs payable	14(g)	1,246	1,137
Capital gains tax payable		815	821
Other payables		44	352
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	7	11,906	6,852
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)		432,516	292,125
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability	9	3,158,449	2,927,121

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year*	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-
Total equity at the end of the financial year*	-	-

*Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or end of the financial year.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes with reference to Notes 1, 2 and 9.

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from maturity of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		2,250,926	1,511,999
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(2,076,406)	(1,342,069)
Net movement in margin accounts		(5,034)	6,339
Dividends and trust distributions received (net of dividend withholding taxes)		78,015	67,221
Other income received		(19)	2,387
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		230	84
Interest income received from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,510	1,768
Interest expense paid from financial assets at amortised cost		(131)	(52)
Management fees and costs paid		(14,847)	(12,195)
Transaction costs paid		(2,769)	(1,675)
Other expenses paid		(353)	(153)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	12(a)	233,122	233,654
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		66,611	108,505
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		(266,130)	(260,992)
Distributions paid to unit holders		(40,753)	(89,916)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		(240,272)	(242,403)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7,150)	(8,749)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		9,231	18,050
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(2)	(70)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11	2,079	9,231
Non-cash operating and financing activities	12(b)	189,832	872,029

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements

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1 General information

These financial statements cover Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 27 June 2005 and will terminate in accordance with the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund invests in global equity securities, equity linked securities and currency contracts in accordance with the Fund's Offer Documents and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

The Fund has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for its financial year beginning 1 July 2023:

- AASB 2021-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates* [AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 108, AASB 134 & AASB Practice Statement 2].

The amendments have had an impact on the Fund's disclosures of accounting policies, including the requirement to disclose 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Fund's financial statements.

None of the other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2023 have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2024, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy as outlined in the Offer Documents. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities, derivatives and treasury bills, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

- Financial liabilities

The Fund invests in derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts. These derivative financial instruments that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost. The Fund includes short-term payables in this category including due to brokers, distributions payable, payable for unit holder redemptions, other payables and management fees and costs payable.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(iii) Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 5 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers, receivables and short-term payables are carried at amortised cost.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iv) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall estimate a loss allowance on each of the financial assets carried at amortised cost (cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The expected credit loss ("ECL") approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

(v) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets and liabilities that have been offset are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

(c) Net assets attributable to unit holders

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Fund is required to distribute its distributable income in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Changes in the value of this financial liability are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as they arise.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represents the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held with brokers as collateral for derivative transactions. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls. It is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

(f) Income

(i) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from treasury bills measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(ii) Dividends and distributions

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trust distribution income is recognised on an entitlement basis.

(g) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accrual basis.

Interest expense from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method.

As per the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement (PDS), management fees and costs covered management fee and fund expenses such as responsible entity, custody, registry and administration fees and customary professional fees.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax on the basis that the Responsible Entity has attributed the determined taxable components to the unit holders on a fair and reasonable basis in accordance with the constituent documents of the Fund.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding and capital gains taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes and capital gains taxes are included in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

The benefits of any imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unit holders.

(i) Distributions

The Fund may distribute its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. Distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unit holders.

(j) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. As the Fund's units are classified as financial liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(k) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included in the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(l) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and is recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest, dividends and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities, accrued expenses owed by the Fund and any distributions declared which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period. A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

(o) Applications and redemptions

The application price of each unit is based on the net asset value plus an allowance for transaction costs (the buy/sell spread) required for acquiring investments. The redemption price of each unit is based on the net asset value less the buy/sell spread required for selling investments. The buy/sell spread is paid to the Fund and is currently set at 0.25% for the retail class and 0.20% for all other classes.

(p) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(q) Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods effected.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

The Fund estimates that the resultant expected credit loss ("ECL") derived from using impairment model, has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 5 to the financial statements.

(r) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

(s) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Constitution, the Offer Documents and the investment guidelines of the Fund. The investments of the Fund are managed by a specialist Investment Manager under an Investment Management Agreement ("the IMA") that contains the investment strategy and investment guidelines of the Fund consistent with those stated in the Offer Documents. By remaining continuously invested in, and exposed to, all the risks and rewards of selected global equities, the Fund seeks higher returns than the average of the world's equity markets, without greater risk.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund's investment portfolio consists of global equity securities and derivatives, the fair value of which will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Global equity securities are classified in the statement of financial position as held at fair value through profit or loss. All securities held present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

Where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian Dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Investment Manager attempts to mitigate price risk through the use of a consistent and carefully considered investment approach based on extensive proprietary investment research, appropriate diversification of investment and equity selection in accordance with the investment guidelines of the Fund. In constructing the portfolio, the Investment Manager assesses not only each equity's perceived risk and reward but also, in order to manage risk further by appropriate diversification, its correlation with the rest of the portfolio. The Investment Manager also takes into account the composition of the Fund's performance benchmark, the MSCI ACWI Special Tax Index (with net dividends reinvested) and monitors the Fund's risk of underperforming its benchmark by comparing the Fund's weighting in each industry, stock market and currency with that in the benchmark and ensuring that deviations in such weightings, which are prompted by detailed "bottom up" research, are not inconsistent with the Investment Manager's "top down" macroeconomic views. In assessing the impact of anticipated changes in market prices, the Investment Manager considers a price movement of +/-15% (2023: +/-15%) to be reasonably possible. The impact of such a price movement on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unit holders at 30 June is set out in Note 3(b). The impact mainly arises from the possible change in the fair value of listed equities as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund holds equity securities denominated in foreign currencies, and receives foreign dividend income from these securities. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of equity securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Fund's currency exposure is not hedged into Australian dollars. For this reason, part of the Investment Manager's research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, the Investment Manager actively reviews the Fund's currency exposure. Those currencies held but considered vulnerable may to some extent be sold in favour of those considered more attractive, generally using forward currency contracts.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The Fund holds equity securities denominated in foreign currencies, and receives foreign dividend income from these securities. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of equity securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Fund's currency exposure is not hedged into Australian dollars. For this reason, part of the Investment Manager's research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, the Investment Manager actively reviews the Fund's currency exposure. Those currencies held but considered vulnerable may to some extent be sold in favour of those considered more attractive, generally using forward currency contracts. The Fund's currency deployment therefore frequently differs significantly from the geographic deployment of its selected equities. The Fund does not designate any forward currency contracts as hedges in a hedging relationship and hence these derivative financial instruments are classified as held at fair value through profit or loss.

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities which are denominated in these main foreign currencies.

	EUR A\$'000	JPY A\$'000	USD A\$'000
As at 30 June 2024			
Cash and cash equivalents	60	37	1,361
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	19,146	21,134
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	242,697	221,559	2,165,988
Receivables	2,598	799	2,023
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	(19,007)	(10,242)
Margin accounts	-	-	(2,076)
Payables	-	-	(773)
Net exposure	245,355	222,534	2,177,415
Notional exposure from forward currency contracts			
- Buy foreign currency	112,707	279,651	567,775
- Sell foreign currency	(19,761)	(3,190)	(723,176)
Net exposure including forward currency contracts	338,301	498,995	2,022,014
As at 30 June 2023			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	152	8,775
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	8,028	4,865	27,079
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	257,254	405,432	1,804,957
Receivables	1,466	1,661	248
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	(2,620)	(5,013)	(30,720)
Margin accounts	-	-	(7,111)
Payables	-	-	(753)
Net exposure	264,134	407,097	1,802,475
Notional exposure from forward currency contracts			
- Buy foreign currency	98,058	138,896	309,802
- Sell foreign currency	(3,239)	(16,332)	(447,957)
Net exposure including forward currency contracts	358,953	529,661	1,664,320

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The summarised sensitivity analysis in Note 3(b) shows the impact of a reasonable possible change of +/- 10% (2023: +/-10%) change in the value of the Australian dollar relative to the main foreign currencies on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders at the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk management is undertaken by maintaining as close to a fully invested position as possible thus limiting the exposure of the Fund to interest rate risk.

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on the Investment Manager's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in price risk, historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the MSCI ACWI Special Tax Index and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or lower than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Price risk Impact on net assets attributable to unit holders	
	+15% \$'000	-15% \$'000
As at 30 June 2024	503,893	(503,893)
As at 30 June 2023	463,174	(463,174)

	Foreign exchange currency risk Impact on net assets attributable to unit holders					
	+10% EUR \$'000	-10% EUR \$'000	+10% JPY \$'000	-10% JPY \$'000	+10% USD \$'000	-10% USD \$'000
As at 30 June 2024	(9,560)	9,560	(27,744)	27,744	14,397	(14,397)
As at 30 June 2023	(10,170)	10,170	(12,423)	12,423	14,064	(14,064)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

Credit risk arises from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and amounts due from brokers.

The Investment Manager will seek to reduce the Fund's contractual risk to the extent practicable, for example, by the selection of derivatives and derivatives dealers and instructing the Custodian to arrange for equity transactions to be settled "delivery versus payment" whenever possible.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests or to fund foreign exchange related cash flow requirements.

The Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of. It invests only a limited proportion of its assets in investments not actively traded on a stock exchange.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in derivative contracts traded over the counter, which are not traded in an organised market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to liquidate quickly its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2024 and 2023.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

All non-derivative financial liabilities of the Fund in the current period have maturities of less than one month.

(ii) Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments. It is expected that the Fund will settle these derivatives net, even if they are not offset for presentation purposes in the financial statements (Refer to Note 4). The amounts disclosed in the table represent the undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2024					
Net settled derivatives					
Forward currency contracts	989	(11,903)	-	-	(10,914)
Total net settled derivatives	989	(11,903)	-	-	(10,914)
As at 30 June 2023					
Net settled derivatives					
Forward currency contracts	-	(436)	-	-	(436)
Total net settled derivatives	-	(436)	-	-	(436)

4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the table below.

Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			
	Gross amounts of financial instruments \$'000	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position \$'000	Net amount of financial instruments presented in the statement of financial position \$'000
As at 30 June 2024			
Financial assets			
Forward currency contracts	6,279	(5,287)	992
Total	6,279	(5,287)	992
Financial liabilities			
Forward currency contracts	17,193	(5,287)	11,906
Total	17,193	(5,287)	11,906
 As at 30 June 2023			
Financial assets			
Forward currency contracts	11,297	(4,881)	6,416
Total	11,297	(4,881)	6,416
Financial liabilities			
Forward currency contracts	11,733	(4,881)	6,852
Total	11,733	(4,881)	6,852

Master netting arrangement

Forward currency contracts are subject to legally enforceable master netting arrangements, such as an International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") master netting agreement. The ISDA agreements in place meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position as, under the agreement, the Fund has a current legally enforceable right to offset recognised amounts under all circumstances. Accordingly, those contracts that meet the criteria have been offset in the statement of financial position.

5 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 6 and Note 7)
- Derivative financial instruments (see Note 8)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

(a) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets such as listed equity securities are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Fund is the last trade price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(b) Fair value in an inactive market (level 2)

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of forward currency contracts is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

5 Fair value measurement (continued)

(b) Fair value in an inactive market (level 2) (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include over the counter derivatives and fixed income securities. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

(c) Fair value in an unquoted market (level 3)

Financial assets classified as level 3 investments are valued using proprietary pricing models developed from recognised valuation methods. Some or all of the inputs into these models may not be observable in the market and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions. Valuation models that use unobservable inputs require a higher degree of management judgement and estimation in the determination of fair value. Management judgement and estimation are usually required for the selection of the appropriate valuation model to be used, determination of expected future cash flows for the financial instrument being valued, determination of the probability of counterparty default and prepayments and selection of appropriate discount rates.

(d) Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2024.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2024				
Financial assets				
Forward currency contracts	-	992	-	992
Listed equity securities	3,355,948	-	3,337	3,359,285
Treasury bills	-	171,141	-	171,141
Total financial assets	3,355,948	172,133	3,337	3,531,418
Financial liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	-	11,906	-	11,906
Total financial liabilities	-	11,906	-	11,906
As at 30 June 2023				
Financial assets				
Forward currency contracts	-	6,416	-	6,416
Listed equity securities	3,087,828	-	-	3,087,828
Treasury bills	-	57,562	-	57,562
Total financial assets	3,087,828	63,978	-	3,151,806
Financial liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	-	6,852	-	6,852
Total financial liabilities	-	6,852	-	6,852

5 Fair value measurement (continued)

(e) Transfers between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(f) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The financial instruments not measured at fair value through profit or loss include:

- i. Cash and cash equivalents, balances due from/to brokers, distributions payable and other receivables/payables relating to fund expenses. These are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparties; and
- ii. Net assets attributable to unit holders, as the Fund routinely redeems and issues units at an amount equal to the proportionate share of the Fund's net assets at the time of redemption or issuance of units, calculated on a basis consistent with that used in these financial statements. Accordingly, the carrying value of net assets attributable to unit holders approximates their fair value. Any difference is not material in the current year or prior year.

(g) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements. See (a) and (b) above for the valuation techniques adopted.

Description	Fair value at 30 June 2024 \$'000	Unobservable inputs*	Range of inputs (Value used)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Listed equities that are suspended from trading	3,337	Estimated deal expenses that are deducted from sale proceeds	2% to 14.8% (8.4%)	Decreasing the estimated deal expenses to 2% would increase the fair value by \$233,000. Increasing the estimated deal expenses to 14.8% would decrease the fair value by \$233,000.
		Foreign exchange rate - Russian Rubles per US Dollars	85 to 95 (90.3)	Decreasing the foreign exchange rate of Russian Rubles to US Dollars to 85 Rubles per Dollar would increase the fair value by \$209,000. Increasing the foreign exchange rate of Russian Rubles to US Dollars to 95 Rubles per Dollar would decrease the fair value by \$164,000.

*There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Forward currency contracts	992	6,416
Listed equity securities - Australian equities	-	33,475
Listed equity securities - Global equities excluding Australia	3,359,285	3,054,353
Treasury bills	171,141	57,562
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,531,418	3,151,806

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

7 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Forward currency contracts	11,906	6,852
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	11,906	6,852

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

8 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments, such as forward currency contracts and warrants. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values, foreign exchange risk or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to assist in managing the Fund's currency exposure. In terms of these contracts, the Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward currency contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments measured at fair value at year end are detailed below:

	Contractual/ notional \$'000	Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
As at 30 June 2024			
Forward currency contracts	1,009,230	992	11,906
Total	1,009,230	992	11,906
As at 30 June 2023			
Forward currency contracts	574,229	6,416	6,852
Total	574,229	6,416	6,852

9 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability

(a) Movement in net assets attributable to unit holders

The Fund's units are classified as a liability as they do not meet the definition of a financial instrument to be classified as equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Opening balance	2,927,121	1,942,382
Applications	66,735	678,325
Redemptions	(265,425)	(259,251)
Reinvestment of distributions	187,624	301,874
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	242,394	263,791
Closing balance	3,158,449	2,927,121

(b) Movement in the number of units on issue

As at 30 June 2024	Opening balance as at 1 July 2023 Units'000	Applications Units'000	Redemptions Units'000	Reinvestment of distributions Units'000	Closing balance as at 30 June 2024 Units'000
Class					
Retail Class	4,210	469	(1,003)	88	3,764
Refundable Reserve Fee Class A20	677	-	(745)	68	-
Refundable Reserve Fee Class BV4	61	-	-	-	61
Refundable Reserve Fee Class H3	16,392	-	-	1,186	17,578
Refundable Reserve Fee Class I4	174	1	(27)	17	165
Refundable Reserve Fee Class W6	338	-	(38)	33	333
Fee Reserve Class	1,505	-	-	154	1,659

9 Net assets attributable to unit holders – liability (continued)

(b) Movement in the number of units on issue (continued)

As at 30 June 2023	Opening balance as at 1 July 2022	Applications	Redemptions	Reinvestment of distributions	Closing balance as at 30 June 2023
	Units'000	Units'000	Units'000	Units'000	Units'000
Class					
Retail Class	4,824	628	(1,407)	165	4,210
Refundable Reserve Fee Class A20	892	-	(395)	180	677
Refundable Reserve Fee Class BV4	61	-	-	-	61
Refundable Reserve Fee Class E11	228	-	(274)	46	-
Refundable Reserve Fee Class H3	10,083	4,240	-	2,069	16,392
Refundable Reserve Fee Class I4	160	-	(18)	32	174
Refundable Reserve Fee Class W6	281	-	-	57	338
Fee Reserve Class	1,247	-	-	258	1,505

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets in the Fund.

There are seven separate classes of units and each unit within the same class has the same rights as all other units within that class. Each class has a different management fee rate.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

10 Distributions to unit holders

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2024 CPU	30 June 2023 \$'000	30 June 2023 CPU
Retail Class	57,305	1,522.4711	51,202	1,216.0819
Refundable Reserve Fee Class H3	312,740	1,779.1745	161,230	983.5621
Refundable Reserve Fee Class I4	2,695	1,632.2181	2,200	1,263.4151
Refundable Reserve Fee Class BV4	965	1,590.8347	752	1,238.1985
Refundable Reserve Fee Class A20	-	-	8,832	1,305.0233
Refundable Reserve Fee Class W6	5,316	1,597.0676	4,158	1,229.0294
Fee Reserve Class	4	0.2600	3	0.2006
Total distributions	379,025		228,377	

11 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Cash at bank	2,079	9,231
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,079	9,231

12 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	242,394	263,791
Distributions to unit holders	379,025	228,377
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2,250,926	1,511,999
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(2,076,406)	(1,342,069)
Dividend income reinvested	(2,208)	-
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(552,180)	(435,220)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	2	70
Net change in receivables	(3,191)	199
Net change in payables	(206)	168
Net change in margin accounts	(5,034)	6,339
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	233,122	233,654
(b) Non-cash financing and operating activities		
Applications satisfied by in specie asset transfers	-	570,155
Purchases of investments satisfied by the participation in dividend reinvestment plans	2,208	-
Distribution payments satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	187,624	301,874
Total non-cash financing and operating activities	189,832	872,029

As described in Note 2(j), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

13 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$	\$
Ernst & Young		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit and review of financial statements	53,070	50,543
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	53,070	50,543
<i>Taxation services</i>		
Total compliance services	32,209	30,970
Total remuneration for taxation services	32,209	30,970
Total remuneration of Ernst & Young	85,279	81,513
PricewaterhouseCoopers		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of compliance plan	2,400	2,346
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	2,400	2,346
Total remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers	2,400	2,346

The auditors' remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

14 Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Orbis Investment Management Limited to act as Investment Manager for the Fund, Citibank N.A. Hong Kong Branch to act as Custodian, SS&C Solutions Pty Ltd to act as Unit Registry for the Fund and Citigroup Pty Limited to act as Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

(a) Key management personnel

(i) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Equity Trustees Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	Chairman (resigned 6 June 2024)
Michael J O'Brien	Chairman (appointed 6 June 2024)
Russell W Beasley	
Mary A O'Connor	
David B Warren	
Andrew P Godfrey	(appointed 1 May 2024)

(ii) Responsible Entity

Other than fees paid to the Responsible Entity, there were no other transactions.

(iii) Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

(c) Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel did not hold any units in the Fund as at 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

(d) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

(e) Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(f) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.

14 Related party transactions (continued)

(g) Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

For the Retail Class, a management fee, calculated at a rate of 1.00% p.a. of the Net Asset Value of the Retail Class, is payable on a monthly basis to the Investment Manager.

The Retail Class may also pay a performance fee calculated based on the Fund performance compared to the Benchmark. Where the Fund beats the Benchmark, 25% of the outperformance is paid into a reserve. Where the Benchmark beats the Fund (i.e. the Fund underperforms), refunds are issued at the same 25% rate from the reserve. The Investment Manager receives payment of the performance fee from the reserve only where the reserve has a positive value, and this amount is capped at 2.5% (per year) of the Retail Class's Net Asset Value.

For the Core Refundable Reserve Fee Class, a management fee, calculated at a tiered rate from 0.20% p.a. to 0.45% p.a. of the Net Asset Value of the Class, is payable on a monthly basis to the Investment Manager.

For the Base Refundable Reserve Fee Class, a management fee, calculated at a rate of 0.60% p.a. of the Net Asset Value of the Class, is payable on a monthly basis to the Investment Manager. This Class is no longer offered to unit holders.

The Core and Base Refundable Reserve Fee Classes may also pay a performance fee calculated based on the Fund performance compared to the Benchmark. Where the Fund beats the Benchmark, 25% of the outperformance is paid into a reserve. Where the Benchmark beats the Fund (i.e. the Fund underperforms), refunds are issued at the same 25% rate from the reserve. The Investment Manager receives payment of the performance fee from the reserve only where the reserve has a positive value, and this amount is capped at 2.0% (per year) of the Class's Net Asset Value.

The Zero Base Refundable Reserve Fee Class may pay a performance fee calculated based on the Fund performance compared to the Benchmark. Where the Fund beats the Benchmark, 33% of the outperformance is paid into a reserve. Where the Benchmark beats the Fund (i.e. the Fund underperforms), refunds are issued at the same 33% rate from the reserve. The Investment Manager receives payment of the performance fee from the reserve only where the reserve has a positive value, and this amount is capped at 2.75% (per year) of the Class's Net Asset Value.

Transactions with related parties have taken place in the ordinary course of business. The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$	\$
Management fees and costs for the year	14,956,133	12,197,444
Management fees and costs payable	1,245,955	1,136,862

Equity Trustees Limited earned \$1,122,446 (2023: \$765,912) for the Responsible Entity services to the Fund paid from management fees and costs.

14 Related party transactions (continued)

(g) Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions (continued)

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement, management fees and costs includes responsible entity fees paid to the Responsible Entity, management fees paid to the Investment Manager and other costs (such as custody fees, administration fees and audit fees) paid to other unrelated parties. Please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement for information on how management fees and costs are calculated.

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement, the Investment Manager is also entitled to receive a performance fee in relation to the performance of the fund. For information on how performance fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement. For information on how management and performance fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Information Memorandum and relevant Product Disclosure Statement.

(h) Related party unit holdings

Orbis Investment Management Limited, a Bermudian company, is the Investment Manager of the Fund. Details of transactions during the year, distributions payable for the year, and holdings at the end of the year by the Investment Manager, either directly or indirectly through its associates are shown below:

Unit holder	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment \$	Interest held (% of total Fund)	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions payable by the Fund \$
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As at 30 June 2024

Fee Reserve Class

Orbis Investment Management Limited	1,504,517	1,659,287	34,679	-	154,770	-	4,314
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Retail Class

Orbis Investment Advisory Pty Limited	61,223	67,056	9,182,867	0.29	5,833	-	1,020,910
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14 Related party transactions (continued)

(h) Related party unit holdings (continued)

Unit holder	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment \$	Interest held (% of total Fund)	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions payable by the Fund \$
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As at 30 June 2023

Fee Reserve Class

Orbis Investment Management Limited	1,246,765	1,504,517	29,338	0.01	257,752	-	3,018
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Retail Class

Orbis Investment Advisory Pty Limited	51,286	61,223	7,795,383	0.27	9,937	-	744,526
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Refundable Reserve Fee Class E11

State Street Australia ACF Equity Trustees Wealth Services Limited as RE for EQT Responsible Investment Global Share Fund	228,000	-	-	-	46,147	(274,147)	-
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(i) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (2023: nil).

15 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 8 to 38 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by the Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Andrew P Godfrey
Director

Melbourne
19 September 2024

Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered)

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Orbis Global Equity Fund (Australia Registered) (the Fund), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a. Giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors of the Equity Trustees Limited (Responsible Entity) are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

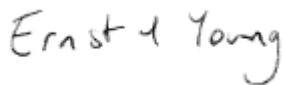
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Responsible Entity.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Ernst & Young



Rohit Khanna
Partner
Sydney
19 September 2024