

Specialist Terms of Reference: Periodic Maintenance of DR 1797 - Kurland, Western Cape

28 January 2020

Project Name: Periodic Maintenance of DR 1797 - Kurland, Western Cape

1. Introduction

Hatch Africa (Pty) Ltd (Hatch) has been appointed by the Provincial Department of Transport and Public Works: Roads Infrastructure Branch of the Western Cape Government (WCG), to undertake the Periodic Maintenance of DR 1797, Kurland, Western Cape. The work will cover upgrades to Road 1797 (from gravel to tar), which joins the TR2/12 near Kurland. This document provides an overview of the project and the key tasks required from the botanical specialist to meet the requirements of the 2014 NEMA Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations promulgated on 8 December 2014 and as amended on 7 April 2017 promulgated in Government Gazette 40772 and Government Notice (GN) R324, R325, R326 and R327 (as corrected in GN 706 in Government Gazette 41766 of 13 July 2018).

1.1 Background

At the end of 2019, an option analysis was undertaken by Hatch to determine the most appropriate solution to the potential geometric design challenges the DR 17979 presented. Due to the option which was chosen by the client, it is anticipated that an Environmental Authorisation will be required for the upgrade of the DR 1797. Due to this the DR 1797 Road Upgrade Project has been separated from the TR2/12 and the OP 7220 road as this authorisation would hold up the construction of the TR2/12 and the OP 7220 road Maintenance which have the correct authorisation.

2. Project Description

2.1 Site Locality

The Upgrade of the DR1797 will be from Km0.00 (left off the N2 and just past The Crags Petrol Station) to km 4.87

This road is dual lane, single carriageway and is situated in the jurisdiction of the Garden Route District Municipality (formerly known as the Eden District Municipality). A locality plan is shown in Figure 1.

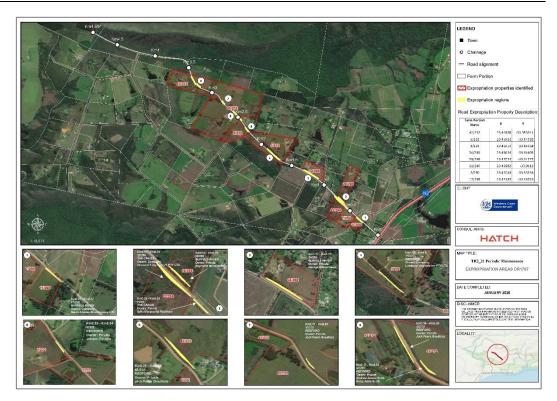


Figure 2-1: Expropriation Areas

2.2 Project Activities

The objectives of the project are to upgrade, rehabilitate and maintain provincial roads in the Western Cape Province, provide EPWP work opportunities, develop emerging CIDB contractors and contribute towards black economic empowerment within the local communities.

The specific objectives of this project are to:

- Clearing and grubbing;
- Accommodation of traffic;
- Vertical and horizontal realignment between km 0.00 and km 4.87 which entails cut and fill operations.
- Construction of a temporary widening for the accommodation of traffic during half width construction;
- The construction of a new pavement between km 0.00 and km 4.87 including the following:
 - Excavation of the surfacing layer and excavation of the underlying layers to the required depth;
 - o Preparation of road bed;
 - Construction of a selected subgrade of at least G7 quality;
 - o Construction of a single C4 stabilised subbase layer;
 - Construction of a single G4 base layer;



- Construction of a 20mm single seal with two layers;
- Construction of a Major Culvert at km 0.7;
- Construction of subsoil drainage and unlined earth drain structures along the route;
- Erecting additional and missing signs as well as replacing existing signs in poor condition;
- Re-establishing permanent road markings;
- Expropriation and moving of the fence line where required.

2.3 Overview of Construction Works

2.3.1 Road Works

2.3.1.1 Cross section (lane and shoulder widths, cut and fill slopes etc.)

The typical cross section of the single carriageway of DR1797 generally conforms to a Class 4 unsurfaced (gravel) cross section. The gravel road consists of 2 by 3.0m wide lanes with no defined gravel shoulders. he surfacing width shall conform to a special Class 4 consisting of 2 by 3.4m wide lanes with a 300mm gravel shoulder on each side.

2.3.1.2 Horizontal and vertical alignment

Upgrading of the existing gravel road will require adjustments to the vertical and horizontal alignment. The new alignment shall allow for a 60km/hr design speed (with advanced warning signage at the sharp curve situated at km 3.4) and will tie into all existing access roads along the section.

2.3.1.3 Intersections

There are twenty-one accesses and three OP road intersections all of which are at grade accesses on this section of the DR1797. All minor and major farm accesses as well as the three OP road intersections are to be formalized.

2.3.1.4 Side Drains

The drainage along this route is deemed inadequate. Subsoil drains and unlined side drains shall be constructed along the road as specified on the drawings.

2.3.2 Structural Works

2.3.2.1 Major Culverts

The third structure would be one that is built along the fill of the road and allows water to pass under the road. This culvert structure would similarly need to be 5m wide and 3m high with a length of 20m, Due to this structure requiring a large amount of fill with a fill footprint that will extend beyond the existing road reserve, expropriation of additional land would be required.

2.3.3 Appurtenant works

2.3.3.1 Road markings

Road markings and new road studs will be applied in accordance with the latest SADC Road Traffic Signs Manual and as specified.



2.3.3.2 Road signs

New road signs as well as the replacement of existing signs are required as indicated on the drawings or as directed by the Employers Agent. A Road Sign Schedule that provides details regarding the new road signs is included in Volume 4: Drawings for Road Works.

2.3.3.3 Guardrails

Guardrails are to be erected at locations which have high fills along the DR1797

2.3.3.4 Fencing

The condition of the fencing along the route varies from fair to poor. It is anticipated that about 50% of the length of the existing fencing shall be replaced. Additional fencing is to be erected at the positions where there is no fencing.

	Fenci	ng (LHS)	
Start km	End km	Length (m)	Type
0.01	0.28	270	Vermin
0.28	0.80	520	Stock
1.04	1.26	220	Stock
1.67	3.42	1750	Stock
	Total LHS (m)	2760	
Fencing (RHS)			
Start km	End km	Length (m)	Туре
0.01	0.13	120	Vermin
0.13	3.42	3290	Stock
	Total RHS (m)	3410	

2.3.3.5 Services

No Telkom, Eskom, electrical or water lines are to be relocated.

2.3.3.6 Accesses

The project will cover the upgrade of Road 1797 which joins the TR2/12 near Kurland. The length of the route is approximately 5km and upgrades is to include conversion of the road from gravel to tar. A more detailed construction strategy for these upgrades will be provided on completion of the engineering site assessment. The road is shown below:





2.4 Proposed Construction

The proposed construction strategy envisaged for the upgrade of DR1797 per identified period is to be carried out in the sequence of work shown in the construction strategy below:

Phase 1 (km 0.00 -km 1.43)

- Installation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Construction of a temporary widening on the LHS;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the RHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with two slurry layers on the RHS;
- Relocation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the LHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with slurry layer on the LHS;
- Temporary road markings and road studs.

Phase 2 (km 1.43 - km 2.70)

- Installation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Construction of temporary widening on the RHS;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the LHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with two slurry layers;
- Relocation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the RHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with two slurry layers;
- Temporary road markings and road studs.

Phase 3 (km 2.70 - km 3.64)

- Installation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Construction of temporary widening on the LHS;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the RHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with two slurry layers;



- Relocation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the LHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with slurry layer;
- Temporary road markings and road studs.

Phase 4 (km 3.64 – km 4.87)

- Installation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Construction of temporary widening on the LHS;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the RHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with two slurry layers;
- Relocation of moveable temporary barriers and channelization devices;
- Excavation of existing pavement layers to the required depth for the proposed new pavement structure on the LHS;
- Construction of new pavement layers of the lane and a 20mm single seal with slurry layer;
- Final road markings and road studs over the entire length of the road;
- Installation of final road signs and other ancillary works as specified and required.

3. Key Tasks

3.1 Basic Assessment

In terms of GN R.983 & R.984 of the EIA Regulations of December 2014, as amended 2017, in terms of the National Environmental Management Act 107 of 1998, as amended (NEMA) is it anticipated that a Basic Assessment will be triggered.

A specialist study will be required to assess the environmental impacts of the periodic maintenance of the DR 1797 as well as mitigation measures which can be implemented to reduce the impact on the environment.

The task is to therefore provide technical specialist information in support of the Basic Assessment Application for the proposed activities.

This requires the completion of the following:

- Specialist assessment
- Assessment of engineering method statements to ensure viable mitigation measures.
- Input into the Basic Assessment Impact Assessment including mitigation measures



4. Exclusions

The following exclusions apply:

- Completion of relevant GA application forms.
- Completion of Basic Assessment

5. Returnable

The following returnables should accompany the quotation:

- A brief methodology outlining the tasks that will be undertaken.
- A list of deliverables and timelines.
- Budgets inclusive of all professional fees and disbursements.
- Complete CV's of all staff involved in the project.
- Any other supporting documentation.