

# Global Innovation

Q4 2025



## Liontrust GF Global Dividend Fund



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### Key takeaways

- Entering 2026, growth is resilient but uneven, with moderating inflation and easing rates supportive for investment and valuations, though volatility from geopolitics, energy and policy uncertainty remains elevated.
- Eli Lilly was the standout contributor, reflecting strong execution and accelerating GLP-1 growth, with Danaher and LVMH also contributing positively, while Oracle detracted as negative AI sentiment outweighed fundamentals and Ferrari was a detractor that offered an attractive entry point.
- The outlook remains positive for high-quality Global Leaders with strong balance sheets, pricing power and cash generation, where diversified structural growth drivers support sustainable dividend growth and long-term compounding.

### Performance overview

The Liontrust GF Global Dividend Fund returned 0.2% in Q4 in US dollar terms, versus the 3.3% from the MSCI World Index comparator benchmark.

### Fund commentary

As we enter 2026, the macro backdrop is characterised by resilient but uneven growth, moderating inflation and a declining global cost of capital, alongside persistent volatility driven by policy uncertainty and geopolitics. For income and dividend growth investors, the direction of inflation and interest rates remains the key variable. A more stable inflation outlook and easing borrowing costs can support corporate investment and capital market activity, while also reducing pressure on equity valuations.

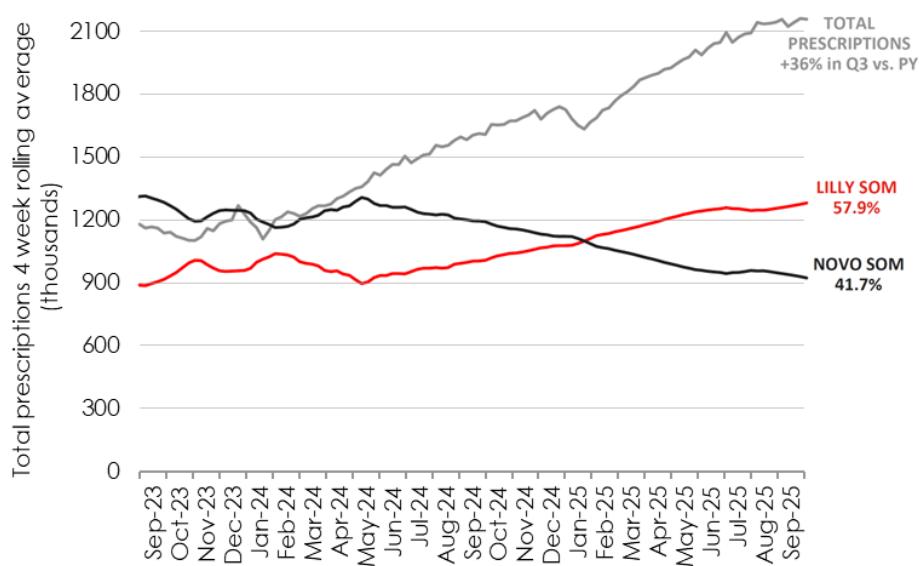
At the same time, risks remain meaningful. Energy and commodity prices may remain volatile, with electricity prices a particular swing factor as investment catches up to structurally higher power demand. Elevated sovereign debt and shifting trade policy can keep term premia higher, amplify dispersion across sectors and reinforce the importance of balance sheet strength, pricing power and stock selection.

Against this backdrop, we see the most investable opportunities for dividend growth increasingly sitting in broad-based structural compounding across multiple sectors, rather than in narrow, single-theme narratives. The Fund is positioned accordingly, with exposure to Global Leaders benefiting from healthcare innovation, electrification and infrastructure investment, premium consumer franchises and selective financial compounders.

The top performer for Q4 was pharmaceutical giant **Eli Lilly** (+41%). We took advantage of the 20% pullback in Eli Lilly shares during July and August to increase our position, believing the extreme negative sentiment mis-evaluated the scale and longevity of the GLP-1 opportunity across obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular disease and broader cardiometabolic health. GLP-1s are the fastest-growing drug class in history and we remain in the early stages of this revolution, with the market widely expected to exceed \$100 billion by 2030 and obesity patient penetration still below 1%, before considering label expansion into more than 200 chronic diseases associated with obesity.

Lilly's Q3 results were very encouraging: topline growth accelerated to 54% year-on-year, while earnings beat expectations by 23%. For the fifth consecutive quarter, the company gained market share in the US incretin analogues market and continued to take share internationally. Management has consistently emphasised the importance of execution at scale in a market that could ultimately reach tens or even hundreds of millions of patients, an area where Lilly's manufacturing investment and operational discipline provide a clear competitive advantage.

## US Incretin Analogs Market



### Incretin Analogs Market Key Highlights:

U.S. market grew 36% in Q3 vs. prior year and 7% vs. Q2.2025

Lilly share of market increased to 57.9%, +1.0pp vs. prior quarter, despite Zepbound CVS template plans access change on 7/1/25

Lilly's NBRx share of market increased to 65.1%, +1.3pp

Source: Eli Lilly earnings update November 2025

After a lean period, **Danaher** (+16%) is re-emerging as a life sciences leader as sector conditions improve. The company's bioprocessing business is recovering as post-pandemic destocking fades, with management expecting destocking in North America and Western Europe to be largely complete by mid-2024, supporting a return to mid-single-digit growth. Danaher has invested to shorten lead times and improve availability, expanding capacity across chromatography, filtration and single-use technologies in multiple geographies.

Beyond bioprocessing, the company continues to strengthen its mix of recurring revenues through consumables and services, supported by disciplined capital allocation. Recent initiatives, including automation in diagnostics

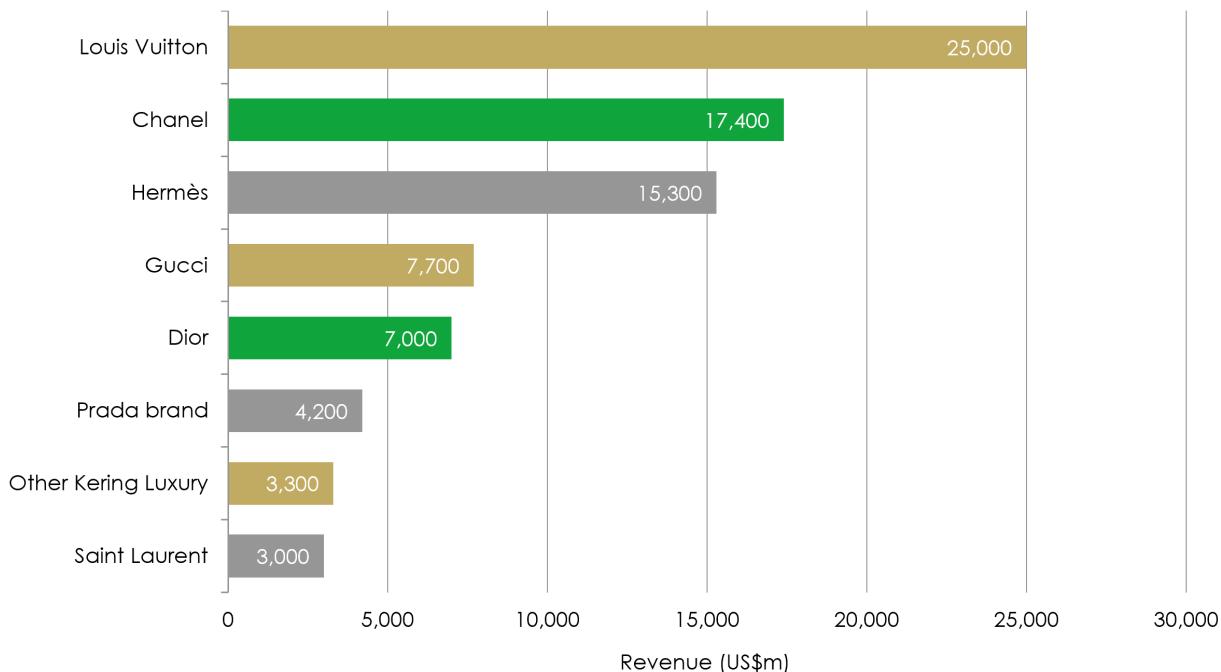
and the integration of Abcam's antibodies and reagents portfolio, enhance cross-selling opportunities and support durable cash conversion. For a dividend strategy, these characteristics — visible end demand, recurring revenue streams and strong execution — provide a clear pathway to sustainable dividend growth.

**LVMH** (+25%) rebounded strongly after entering the Q3 earnings season with very low expectations. Consensus had anticipated a 4% organic revenue decline; instead, revenues grew 1%, driven by volume rather than price, prompting a sharp recovery in the shares. While the company has faced well-documented headwinds, including softer Chinese demand and pressure on Western middle incomes, these risks were already reflected in the valuation.

Importantly, LVMH has continued to invest through the downturn. The group has refreshed creative direction, innovated across product, partnerships and distribution, and leveraged its scale to sustain brand investment that smaller peers struggle to match. These actions are beginning to show through, with organic growth improving sequentially across all divisions in Q3. Enduring brand equity, scale advantages and scarcity-driven pricing power support premium margins and long-term resilience, reinforcing LVMH's position as a Global Leader capable of defending cash flows through more volatile macro environments.

### Scale matters in an industry where innovation is driven on fixed costs

Key soft luxury brands by revenue 2024 – based on publicly report sales figures



Source: Bernstein, Liontrust, October 2025

Turning to the detractors, market sentiment towards **Oracle** (-31%) has turned sharply negative over the past two months, following its blowout guidance last quarter. Oracle's credit default swaps (CDS) has increasingly been used as a proxy for bearish positioning on AI infrastructure and OpenAI, given Oracle's sizeable AI-related deal wins. In our view, this has created a meaningful disconnect between fundamentals and sentiment. We trimmed Oracle across our funds in September after shares rose c.40% post Q2 results.

We see Oracle as a structural winner in the AI era. Technology platform shifts consistently reshuffle competitive dynamics, and Oracle is emerging as a disruptor in cloud infrastructure, particularly for AI workloads. While it holds only ~5% of global cloud revenue share, Oracle accounts for a far larger share of Nvidia GPU deployments, highlighting its strength in accelerated compute. This reflects a broader decoupling in AI, where purpose-built infrastructure is displacing legacy cloud architectures.

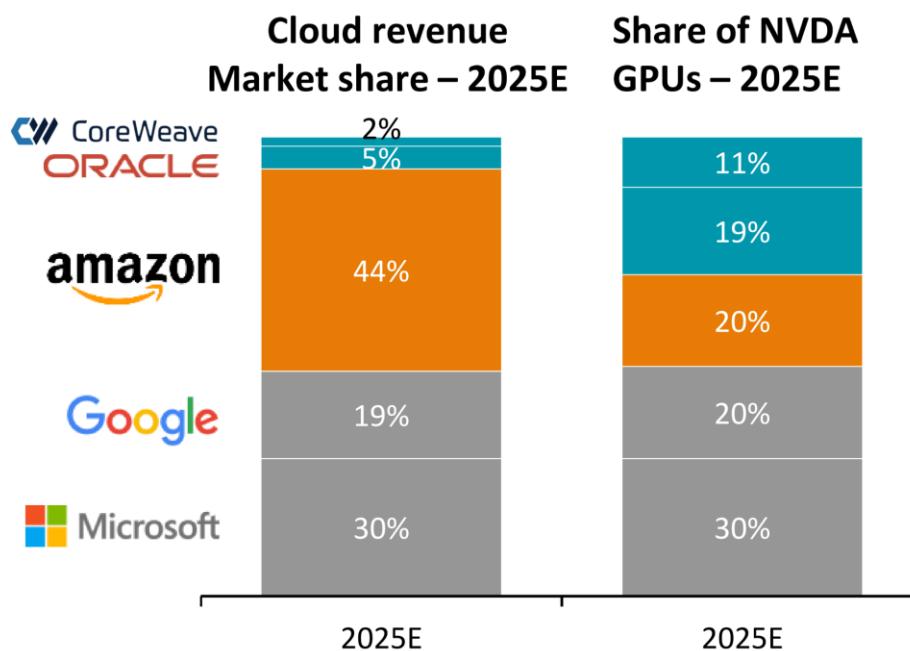
Oracle's advantage stems from its Generation 2 data centres, designed from the ground up for AI. Being late to cloud proved beneficial, giving Oracle a blank canvas to engineer GPU-dense, RDMA-linked clusters that deliver

materially better price-performance, scalability and reliability than incumbents. This enables faster time-to-value for customers, a critical differentiator for AI labs, enterprises and sovereigns, and explains Oracle's recent large contract wins.

Beyond AI infrastructure, Oracle has three durable growth engines: OCI, its core database franchise and strategic SaaS. The underappreciated driver is databases, where migrations from on-prem to Oracle Cloud can deliver a 4–5x revenue uplift, with attractive margins and strong customer lock-in.

Concerns around rising leverage and AI capex have driven CDS wider, but we see these fears as overstated. Capex is front-loaded yet supported by long-dated, contracted demand and a highly cash-generative software base. Rating agencies have reaffirmed Oracle's investment-grade status. In our view, the share price moves reflect AI scepticism rather than deteriorating fundamentals.

#### Estimated share of NVDA GPUs and share of Cloud revenue



Source: Oracle, CoreWeave and Liontrust 2025. All use of company logos, images and trademarks in this document are for references purposes only.

**Ferrari** (-23%) share price weakness during the quarter gave us the opportunity to build a position in this scarcity-led luxury franchise with high barriers to entry and long order visibility. Short-term volatility can create attractive entry points into Global Leaders, and Ferrari's long-term strategy remains firmly intact.

The company is executing against a clearly defined roadmap designed to preserve exclusivity while managing the powertrain transition. Its flexible manufacturing platform supports a balanced mix of internal combustion, hybrid and battery electric vehicles, while maintaining targeted margins and disciplined volume growth. Order visibility now extends into 2027, and recent results showed no evidence of demand softness, with growth driven by mix and personalisation rather than volumes. In a world of more frequent macro "air pockets", Ferrari's scarcity, pricing power and innovation-led strategy support its ability to compound cash flows and dividends through the cycle.

## Outlook

Entering 2026, we expect global growth to remain resilient, with inflation continuing to moderate and policy rates easing. For income and dividend-growth investors, a more stable inflation profile and lower borrowing costs can support corporate investment and capital market activity, while also improving the backdrop for equity valuations.

The opportunity set is supported by several constructive dynamics. As financing conditions normalise, companies with strong balance sheets and clear reinvestment pathways should be well placed to sustain earnings momentum and dividend growth. Structural demand drivers remain intact across healthcare innovation, electrification and infrastructure investment, premium consumer franchises and selective financial compounders.

We therefore continue to see a positive outlook for Global Leaders with durable competitive advantages, pricing power and high free-cash-flow conversion, where earnings are underpinned by visible demand and disciplined capital allocation. The portfolio's diversified structural exposures provide multiple independent engines of compounding, supporting both income delivery and long-term capital growth.

Implementation remains valuation-aware. We seek to allocate capital to high-quality franchises when prospective returns are attractive, while recycling capital selectively to maintain portfolio quality and support long-term dividend growth.

Overall, we believe 2026 offers a supportive environment for disciplined ownership of high-quality global leaders with the capacity to compound cash flows and grow dividends through the cycle.

## Key Features of the Liontrust GF Global Dividend Fund

INVESTMENT POLICY <sup>1</sup> :	OBJECTIVE &	<p>The Fund aims to achieve income with the potential for capital growth over the long-term (five years or more). The Fund aims to deliver a net target yield in excess of the net yield of the MSCI World Index each year.</p> <p><b>There can be no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.</b></p> <p>The Investment Adviser will seek to achieve the investment objective of the Fund by investing at least 80% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in shares of companies across the world. The Fund may also invest up to 20% of its Net Asset Value in other eligible asset classes. Other eligible asset classes include collective investment schemes (which may include funds managed by the Investment Adviser), cash or near cash, deposits and Money Market Instruments.</p> <p>In addition the Fund may invest in exchange traded funds ("ETFs") (which are classified as collective investment schemes) and other open-ended collective investment schemes. Investment in open-ended collective investment schemes will not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. The Fund may invest in closed-ended funds domiciled in the United Kingdom and/or the EU that qualify as transferable securities. Investment in closed-ended funds will be used where the closed-ended fund aligns to the objectives and policies of the Fund. Investment in closed-ended funds will further be confined to schemes which are considered by the Investment Adviser to be liquid in nature and such an investment shall constitute an investment in a transferable security in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank. Investment in closed-ended funds is not expected to comprise a significant portion of the Fund's Net Asset Value and will not typically exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.</p>
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RECOMMENDED HORIZON:	INVESTMENT	The Fund is considered to be suitable for investors seeking income with the potential for long-term capital growth over a long term investment horizon (at least 5 years) with the level of volatility typical of an equity fund.
SRI <sup>2</sup> :	6	
ACTIVE / PASSIVE INVESTMENT STYLE:	Active	
BENCHMARK:		The Fund is considered to be actively managed in reference to the MSCI World Index (the "Benchmark") by virtue of the fact that it uses the benchmark(s) for performance comparison purposes. The benchmark(s) are not used to define the portfolio composition of the Fund and the Fund may be wholly invested in securities which are not constituents of the benchmark.
SUSTAINABILITY PROFILE		The Fund is a financial product subject to Article 8 of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR).

Notes: <sup>1</sup>As specified in the PRIIP KID of the fund; <sup>2</sup>SRI = Summary Risk Indicator. Please refer to the PRIIP KID for further detail on how this is calculated.

For a comprehensive list of common financial words and terms, see our glossary at:  
<https://www.liontrust.co.uk/benefits-of-investing/guide-financial-words-terms>

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## Key Risks

**Past performance does not predict future returns. You may get back less than you originally invested. We recommend any fund is held long term (minimum period of 5 years). We recommend that you hold funds as part of a diversified portfolio of investments.**

The Funds managed by the Global Innovation Team:

May hold overseas investments that may carry a higher currency risk. They are valued by reference to their local currency which may move up or down when compared to the currency of a Fund.

May have a concentrated portfolio, i.e. hold a limited number of investments. If one of these investments falls in value this can have a greater impact on a Fund's value than if it held a larger number of investments.

May encounter liquidity constraints from time to time. The spread between the price you buy and sell shares will reflect the less liquid nature of the underlying holdings.

Outside of normal conditions, may hold higher levels of cash which may be deposited with several credit counterparties (e.g. international banks). A credit risk arises should one or more of these counterparties be unable to return the deposited cash.

May be exposed to Counterparty Risk: any derivative contract, including FX hedging, may be at risk if the counterparty fails.

Do not guarantee a level of income.

The issue of units/shares in Liontrust Funds may be subject to an initial charge, which will have an impact on the realisable value of the investment, particularly in the short term. Investments should always be considered as long term.

The risks detailed above are reflective of the full range of Funds managed by the Global Innovation Team and not all of the risks listed are applicable to each individual Fund. For the risks associated with an individual Fund, please refer to its Key Investor Information Document (KIID)/PRIIP KID.

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