Office of Planning & Budgets Common Data Set: 1999-2000

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Name of College or U	•	MICHIGAN STATE UN	IVERSITY
Mailing Address, City	y/State/Zip:	East Lansing, MI 48824	
Main phone: WWW Home Page A	ddress:	(517) 355-1855 www.msu.edu	
Admissions Phone No		(517) 355-8332	
Admissions Office M			.; MSU; E. Lansing, Mi 48824
Admissions Fax number	ber:	(517) 353-1647	
Admissions E-mail A		admis@msu.edu	
Is there a separate UF	L application site or	n the Internet? If so, please s	pecify:
	See http://www.esp	o.msu.edu	
A2. Source of institutional co	ntrol (check one onl	(y)	
☐ Public☐ Private (nonprofit)☐ Proprietary			
A3. Classify your undergradu	ıate institution:		
☐ Coeducational colleg☐ Men's college☐ Women's college	ge		
A4. Academic year calendar			
	4-1-4		
Quarter	Continuous		
Trimester	☐ Differs by progra	am (describe):	
Other (describe):			
A5. Degrees offered by your in	nstitution		
□ Certificate	Post-bachel	lor's certificate	
Diploma	Master's		
Associate		r's certificate	
Transfer Terminal	☑ Doctoral☑ First profes	aional	
Bachelor's	= -	sional certificate	
Zacheror 5	I not profes	or o	
	B. ENROL	LMENT AND PERSIST	ENCE
B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students reported on IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 1999. Refer to IPEDS EF-1 Part A or IPEDS EF-2 Part A (undergraduates only) survey.			
			D. D
	FU	LL-TIME	PART-TIME

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	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	2827	3676	line 1	102	111	line 15
Other first-year, degree- seeking	935	1005	line 2	151	135	line 16
All other degree-seeking	9788	11093	lines 3-6	1894	1970	lines 17-20
Total degree-seeking	13550	15774		2147	2216	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	77	49	line 7	79	74	line 21
Total undergraduates	13627	15823	line 8	2226	2290	line 22
First-professional						
First-time, first-professional students	135	196	line 9	1	0	line 23
All other first-professionals	410	577	line 10	5	16	line 24
Total first-professional	545	773		6	16	
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time	583	561	line 11	259	450	line 25
All other degree-seeking	1423	1138	line 12	895	1103	line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	159	443	line 13	246	472	line 27
Total graduate	2165	2142		1400	2025	

Total all undergraduates (IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22, cols. 15 and 16):

Total all graduate and professional students (IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16): 9072

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS (IPEDS line 29, sum of cols. 15 and 16): 43038

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of degree-seeking undergraduate students reported on IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 1999. Refer to IPEDS EF-1 Part A or IPEDS EF-2 Part A surveys based on column and line numbers in grid for totals.

	Degree-seeking first-time first year	Degree-seeking undergraduates
	IPEDS	IPEDS
	sum of lines 1 and 15	sum of lines 1-6 and
		lines 15-20
Nonresident aliens	93	721
IPEDS cols. 1-2		
Black, non-Hispanic	690	2943
IPEDS cols. 3-4		
American Indian or Alaskan Native	52	195

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IPEDS cols. 5-6		
Asian or Pacific Islander	311	1354
IPEDS cols. 7-8		
Hispanic	188	805
IPEDS cols. 9-10		
White, non-Hispanic	5347	27475
IPEDS cols. 11-12		
Race/ethnicity unknown	35	194
IPEDS cols. 13-14		
Total	6716	33687
IPEDS cols. 15-16		

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1998, to June 30, 1999.

Certificate/diploma	165
Associate degrees	0
Bachelor's degrees	6687
Postbachelor's certificates	0
Master's degrees	1842
Post-master's certificates	18
Doctoral degrees	404
First professional degrees	322
First professional certificates	0

Graduation Rates

The information in this section comes from the IPEDS Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1993. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1993.

- **B4.** Initial 1993 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 6010 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- **B5.** Of the initial 1993 cohort, how many did

not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 5 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part C, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)

- **B6.** Final 1993 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 6005 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
- **B7.** Of the initial 1993 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1997): 1851 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- **B8**. Of the initial 1993 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1997 and by August 31, 1998): 1672 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 20, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- **B9.** Of the initial 1993 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 1998 and by August 31, 1999): 307

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(IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 21, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 3830 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B11. Six-year graduation rate for 1993 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 64 %

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1998 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 1998 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 1999?

88%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 1999. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants include all students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total men applied	10,305	
Total women applied	12,318	
Total men admitted	6,918	
Total women admitted	9,166	
Total full-time, first-time	, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	2,564
Total part-time, first-time	e, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	115
Total full-time, first-time	, first-year (freshman) women enrolled	3,591
	e, first-year (freshman) women enrolled:	258

C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? No
If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 1999 admissions:

Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list

Number accepting a place on the waiting list

Number of wait-listed students admitted

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

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	valent is not required		
C4. Does your institution require or re	commend a general co	llege-preparatory pro	gram for degree-seeking students?
Required	G		
Recommended			
Neither required nor recommende	ed		
C5. Distribution of high school units re			
year of study or its equivalent). If you			sing Carnegie units (one unit equals one
year or study or its equivalent). If you	u use a unicient system	for carculating units, pr	ease convert.
	Units required	Units recommended]
m . 1 . 1			-
Total academic units			
English	4		
Mathematics	3*		
Science	2		
Of these, units that must be lab			
Foreign language	2		
Social studies	3**		
History			
Academic electives			
Other (specify)			
* INCLUDING 2 YEARS OF ** AT LEAST ONE YEAR OF			
Basis for Selection NOT APPL	ICABLE		
		ly all secondary school	graduates or students with GED
Basis for Selection NOT APPL. C6. Do you have an open admission polequivalency diplomas are admitted without applies:	icy, under which virtual		
C6. Do you have an open admission polequivalency diplomas are admitted without	icy, under which virtuallut regard to academic re	cord, test scores, or oth	

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C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first- year,

degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

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	Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Secondary school record Class rank Recommendation(s) Standardized test scores Essay				
	Very impor	tant Important	Considered	Not Considered
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status Volunteer work Work experience				
SAT and ACT Policies C8. Entrance exams A. Does your institution make use of seeking applicants? ☐ Yes ☐ If yes, place check mark	No			
SAT I ACT SAT I or ACT (no preference SAT I or ACTSAT I preference SAT I or ACTACT preference SAT I and SAT II SAT I and SAT II SAT II	e) 🔲	ADMISSIC some commend Require some	for Considered if	Not used
In addition, does your inst Placement Counseling	itution use applicants' te Yes N Yes N	0	or counseling?	
B: Does your institution use the SAT	I or II or the ACT for I	placement only? If so, p PLACEMENT	please mark the approp	oriate boxes below:
SAT I SAT II ACT SAT I or ACT	Require	Recommend Require some		

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C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission: 07/30

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission: N/A

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled degree-seeking full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 1999, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 1999 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores: 26% Number submitting SAT scores 1682
Percent submitting ACT scores 95% Number submitting ACT scores 6230

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT I Verbal	490	610
SAT I Math	490	630
ACT Composite	21	26
ACT English	20	26
ACT Math	20	27

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	7%	9%
600-699	23%	29%
500-599	42%	37%
400-499	24%	22%
300-399	5%	3%
200-299	-	-

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	7%	8%	10%
24-29	45&	42%	40%
18-23	42%	41%	41%
12-17	5%	9%	9%
6-11	1%	-	-
below 6	-	-	-

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

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Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class
Percent in top half of high school graduating class
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class
1%

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: 90%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99
Percent who had GPA below 1.0
-

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: 3.4

Admission Policies

C13. Application fee

Does your institution have an application fee?

Amount of application fee

Sao

Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?

Yes

C14. Application closing date

Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes Application closing date (fall): 07/30

- C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? Yes
- C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

On a rolling basis beginning (date) Date Varies

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants

Must reply within 4 weeks of date of admission

C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?

Yes

If yes, maximum period of postponement: After one year, student must re-apply.

- **C19. Early admission of high school students:** Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? No
- **C20.** Common application: Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary

While the Common Application would be accepted, MSU prefers that applicants use the MSU application.

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

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C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	well in				
No					
D. TRANSFER ADMISSION					
Fall Applicants					
 D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? ☑ Yes ☐ No (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work comple other colleges/universities? ☑ Yes ☐ No D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 					
Applicants Admitted applicants Enrolled applicants					
Men					
Women 1803					
10tal 3070 2370 1803					
 Application for Admission D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:					
Required of Recommended Recommended Required of Not require	ed				
all of all of some some					
High school transcript					
College transcript(s) X Essay or personal statement					
Essay or personal statement Interview					
Standardized test scores					
Statement of good standing X					
from prior institution(s)					

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): N/A

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify

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o. List any other	application requ	mements specific	to transfer applicant	5.		
			and candidate reply of mark in the "Rolling		er students. If applicat olumn.	ions are review
	Priority date	Closing date	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission	
Fall		07/25		1 7	8 ***	
Winter						
Spring	_					_
Summer						
0. Does an one	n admission polic	ev if reported an	ply to transfer studer	ıts? □ Yes □	\exists No	
cen, academic p	rogress & intende				2.0 gpa, provide recordleges and/or majors	
ransfer Credi	t Policies					
3. Maximum n Numbe 4. Maximum n	umber of credits or 60 Ur umber of credits or	or courses that manit type <u>credits</u> or courses that man	that may be transferr ay be transferred from ay be transferred from	n a two-year ir	stitution:	
	T	Unit type hat transfers mus	t complete at your in	 stitution to ear	n an associate degree:	
			i complete at your m	sutulion to ear		
i 6. Minimiim ni	imber of credits t	hat transfers mus	t complete at your in			
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			t complete at your in			
		policies:		stitution to ear	n a bachelor's degree:	
		policies:	t complete at your in	stitution to ear	n a bachelor's degree:	
17. Describe oth	er transfer credit	policies: E. ACADEM		AND POLIC	n a bachelor's degree:	
. Special study	er transfer credit	policies: E. ACADEM	IC OFFERINGS A	AND POLIC	n a bachelor's degree:	
17. Describe oth 1. Special study Accee	er transfer credit y options: Identif lerated program perative (work-stu	E. ACADEM fy those programs	IC OFFERINGS As available at your ins ☐ Honors prog ☐ Independent	AND POLIC stitution. Refer	n a bachelor's degree:	
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17. Describe oth	y options: Identificated program erative (work-stus-registration nce learning ole major	E. ACADEM fy those programs	IC OFFERINGS As available at your ins Honors prog Independent Internships Liberal arts/ Student-desi	AND POLICE stitution. Refer ram study career combinaged major	n a bachelor's degree: CIES to definitions.	
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17. Describe oth . Special study	y options: Identificated program perative (work-stus-s-registration noce learning ple major enrollment ish as a Second L	E. ACADEM fy those programs ady) program	IC OFFERINGS A s available at your ins Honors prog Independent Internships Liberal arts/ Student-desi Study abroad Teacher cert	AND POLICE stitution. Refer ram study career combination major diffication programs.	n a bachelor's degree: CIES to definitions.	
. Special study Acce	options: Identificated program perative (work-stus-registration nace learning ple major enrollment ish as a Second Lange student program	E. ACADEM fy those programs ady) program anguage gram (domestic)	IC OFFERINGS A s available at your ins Honors prog Independent Internships Liberal arts/ Student-desi	AND POLICE stitution. Refer ram study career combination major diffication programs.	n a bachelor's degree: CIES to definitions.	
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Foreign la History Other (des		☑ Sciences (biological☑ Social science	or physical)		
Library Collections					
Report the number of h	oldings. Refer to most reco	ent IPEDS Library Survey	, Part D, for corresponding ed	quivalents.	
catalog 4,272,3	75 criptions (paper, microforr : 5,359,675 als (units): 45,752	_	nts (titles) that are accessible	through the library's	
		F. STUDENT LIFE			
F1. Percentages of fir who fit the follow		nan) students and all de	gree-seeking undergraduate First-time, first-year (freshman) students	es enrolled in fall 1999 Undergraduates	
Percent of men wh Percent of women Percent who live in Percent who live o Percent of students Average age of ful	who join sororities n college-owned, -operated ff campus or commute s age 25 and older	l, or -affiliated housing		9 7 7 44 56 7 20 21	
F2. Activities offered ⊠ Choral gro	Identify those programs a	·			
Concert ba Concert ba Dance Drama/the Jazz band Literary m	and Music en Musical ater Opera Pep band	nsembles Studen theater Studen Sympl Televi	 		
F3. ROTC (program o	offered in cooperation with	Reserve Officers' Trainir	ng Corps)		
Army ROTC is off ☐ On camp ☐ At coope					
Naval ROTC is off On camp At coope					

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Air Force ROTC is offered

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g for disabled stude g for international sority housing busing sthat are applicable applicable and applicable applicable and applicable applica	ole to your institution. In State University ate student for the FULL from September to Junear-one-four plan. Room a quired fees include only th, or activity fees.) Do
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s that are applicabed policy at Michigan d ill-time undergraduate enerally extending od covered by a found mum meal plan. Reconstruction, health	ate student for the FULL from September to Junear-one-four plan. Room a quired fees include only th, or activity fees.) Do
policy at Michigan d all-time undergradua generally extending od covered by a fou num meal plan. Rec g., registration, healt	ate student for the FULL from September to Junear-one-four plan. Room a quired fees include only th, or activity fees.) Do
policy at Michigan d all-time undergradua generally extending od covered by a fou num meal plan. Rec g., registration, healt	ate student for the FULL from September to Junear-one-four plan. Room a quired fees include only th, or activity fees.) Do
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___minimum ___maximum

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition

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G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Yes Yes	☐ No
G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: _		

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters	Commuters
		(living at home)	(not living at home)
Books and supplies:	716	716	716
Room only:			4804
Board only:			
Transportation:	296	2590	
Other expenses:	1184	1236	2628

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	147.25
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	394.00
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the definitions section.)

Indicate academic year for which data are reported 1999-2000 estimated

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	13,096,004	180,750
State	14,894,309	0
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or	21,389,543	0
other institutional awards) and external		
funds awarded by the college excluding		
athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are		

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reported below)		
Scholarships/grants from external sources	5,452,132	0
(e.g., Kiwanis, NMSQT) not awarded by		
the college		
Total Scholarships/Grants	54,831,988	180,750
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding	43,315,493	24,988,433
parent loans)		
Federal Work-Study	5,308,750	0
State and other work-study/	3,428,068	0
employment		
Total Self-Help	52,042,311	24,988,433
Parent Loans	2,174,205	15,809,734
Tuition waivers	289,610	599,044
Athletic awards	1,296,215	3,330,007

Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid

H2. List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	Need-based awards	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	Less than full-time undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 1999 cohort)	6503	29450	4516
b)	Number of students in line a who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	4414	16732	2060
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	2782	11897	1599
d)	Number of students in line c who received any financial aid	2759	11786	1552
e)	Number of students in line d who received any need-based gift aid	2157	8505	957
f)	Number of students in line d who received any need-based self-help aid	2646	11318	1482
g)	Number of students in line d who received any non-need-based gift aid	8	43	1
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude</u> PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans).	1375	6589	742
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and	87	88	85

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	<u>private alternative loans</u>).			
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude	6766	7142	6875
	any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans,			
	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans.)			
k)	Average need-based gift award of those in line e	3204	2878	2012
1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans,	3824	4480	4328
	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in			
	line f			
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized	2107	4076	3795
	loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who			
	received a need-based loan.			

Non-need-based awards	First-time Full- time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad	Less than Full-time
		Inc. fresh.	undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need who received non-need-based aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and tuition benefits)	1208	4076	421
o) Average award to students in line (n)	3207	4256	4123
p) Number of students in line a who received a non-need-based athletic award	80	327	8
q) Average non-need-based athletic award to those in line (p)	10378	10127	4731

H3: Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

Federal methodology (FM)

H4. Percent of 1999 graduating undergraduate class who have borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution. 70%

H5. Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4; do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$ 17,875

Aid to Undergraduate International Students

H6.	Indicate yo	our institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate international (nonresident alien) students
		College-administered need-based financial aid is available for undergraduate international students
	\boxtimes	College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available for undergraduate international students
		College-administered financial aid is not available for undergraduate international students
	If college	administrated financial aid is available for undergraduate international students, mayide the number of
	_	administered financial aid is available for undergraduate international students, provide the number of
	unde	rgraduate international students who received need- or non-need-based aid: 201

Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate international students: \$6875

Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate international students: \$1,381,875

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

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\boxtimes	FAFSA
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
Π	State aid form
	Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement
Π	Business/Farm Supplement
Ħ	Other:
_	
ня (Check off all financial aid forms international (nonresident alien) first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
110. (check off an imalicial aid forms international (nonlesident affen) first-year imalicial aid applicants must submit.
\square	Institution's own financial aid form
Ħ	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
Ħ	Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application
H	Foreign Student's Certification of Finances
	Other:
ш	
H9. I	ndicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	D''' 1 C C'' 1 1 C C C''
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: 02/21
	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: 06/30
	No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10.	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	indicate notification dates for fine your (notification of a of o).
	b. Students notified on a rolling basis: yes If yes, starting date: 03/15
H11.	Indicate reply dates:
	Students must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification

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Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)
\boxtimes	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
\boxtimes	Direct PLUS Loans
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
\boxtimes	Federal Perkins Loans
Ħ	Federal Nursing Loans
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	State Loans
	College/university loans from institutional funds
	Other (specify):
H13. So	cholarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED:
\boxtimes	Federal Pell
\boxtimes	SEOG
\boxtimes	State scholarships/grants
\boxtimes	Private scholarships
\boxtimes	College/university gift aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
	Federal Nursing Scholarship
	Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics			Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
	X	Art			Music/drama
X	X	Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
X		ROTC			

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 1999.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine

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- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes Ph.D., Ed.D in education, DMA in musical arts, DBA in business administration, D. Eng or DES in engineering.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
Total number of instructional faculty	2309	209	2518
Total number who are members of minority	333	19	352
groups			
Total number who are women	645	107	752
Total number who are men	1664	102	1776
Total number who are non-resident aliens	83	10	93
(international)			
Total number with doctorate, first professional,	2186	132	2218
or other terminal degree			
Total number whose highest degree is a	113	65	178
master's but not a terminal master's			
Total number whose highest degree is a	10	8	18
bachelor's			

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 1999 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 1999 Student to Faculty ratio: 18 to 1.

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 1999 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships,

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foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 1999. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled.

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	Less than 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS	139	400	652	446	159	334	276	2406
SECTIONS								
	Less than 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	148	543	684	339	66	33	3	1816
SECTIONS								

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 1998 and June 30, 1999

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP categories to
	certificates			include here
Agriculture	90		7	1 and 2
Architecture			1	4
Area and ethnic studies			<1	5
Biological/life sciences			6	26
Business/marketing			19	8 and 52
Communications/communication			9	9 and 10
technologies				
Computer and information			1	11
sciences				
Education			6	13
Engineering/engineering			10	14 and 15
technologies				
English			3	23
Foreign languages and literature			1	16
Health professions and related	10		4	51
sciences				

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Home economics and vocational			5	19 and 20
home economics				
Interdisciplinary studies			2	30
Law/legal studies			0	22
Liberal arts/general studies			1	24
Library science			0	25
Mathematics			1	27
Military science and technologies			<1	28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental			2	3
science				
Parks and recreation			1	31
Personal and miscellaneous			0	12
services				
Philosophy, religion, theology			<1	38 and 39
Physical sciences			1	40 and 41
Protective services/public			4	43 and 44
administration				
Psychology			4	42
Social sciences and history			11	45
Trade and industry			0	46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			1	50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

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Common Data Set Definitions 1999

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

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Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Core curriculum: A specified number of courses or credits in the humanities, social sciences, life sciences, and/or physical sciences required of all students, regardless of major, to ensure a basic set of learning experiences.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

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Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

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First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

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*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma (at least one but less than two academic years): Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least one but less than two fulltime equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but fewer than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but fewer than 1.800 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

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Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

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Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

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Financial aid definitions

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed by the student.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, NMSQT scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Self-help aid: Need-based loans and jobs up to the level of institutionally determined need.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.