

**Market Price Monitor**

**Local Equity Markets**

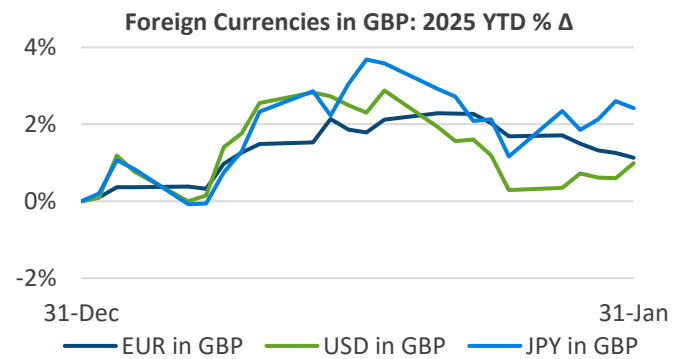
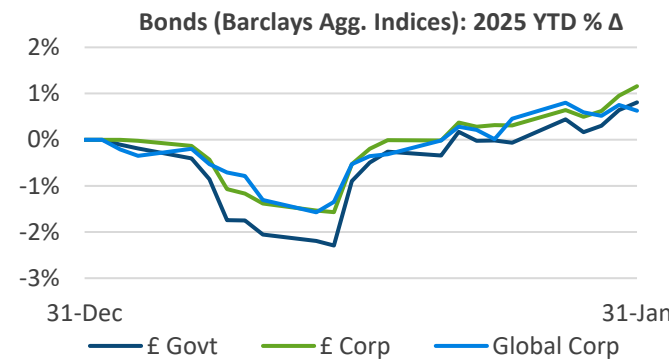
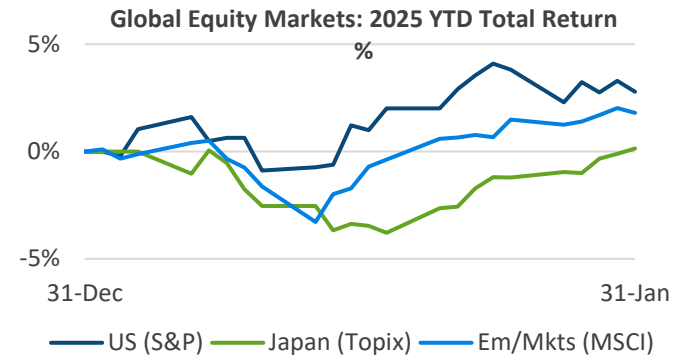
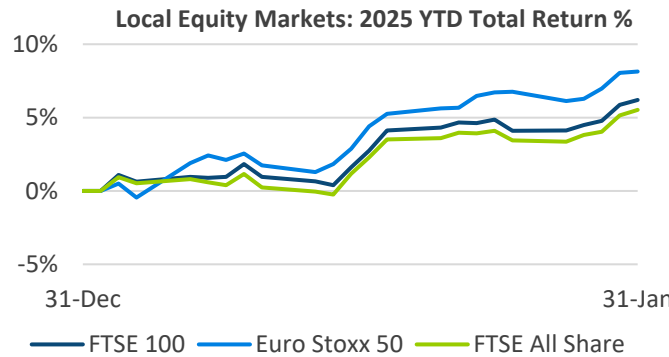
- Global equity markets had a strong start to 2025, with the Euro Stoxx 50 outperforming its global peers as stronger than expected Eurozone economic data and revised earnings expectations supported equities in the region.
- The Euro Stoxx 50 was up 8.1%.
- The FTSE 100 returned 6.2%.

**Global Equity Markets**

- The S&P 500 ended the month up 2.8%.
- The Topix index ended the month flat.
- The MSCI emerging markets index gained 1.8%.

**Bond/FX Markets**

- Both the British government and corporate bond indices rose in January. The former was up 0.8% and the latter gained 1.2%.
- The British Pound had a poor performance in January, weakening by 2.4% and 1.1% against the Japanese Yen and the Euro, respectively. The Pound dropped by 1.0% against the US Dollar.



	Total Returns as of January 31, 2025											
	FTSE 100	FTSE All Share	Euro Stoxx 50	US (S&P)	Japan (Topix)	Em/Mkts (MSCI)	£ Govt	£ Corp	Global Corp	EUR in GBP	USD in GBP	JPY in GBP
1 Month	6.2%	5.5%	8.1%	2.8%	0.1%	1.8%	0.8%	1.2%	0.6%	1.1%	1.0%	2.4%
3 Month	7.6%	6.9%	9.9%	6.2%	3.6%	-1.9%	0.0%	2.1%	-0.8%	-1.0%	3.7%	1.7%
1 Year	18.0%	17.1%	17.5%	26.4%	11.9%	15.3%	-0.9%	4.0%	2.3%	-2.0%	2.6%	-3.2%
YTD	6.2%	5.5%	8.1%	2.8%	0.1%	1.8%	0.8%	1.2%	0.6%	1.1%	1.0%	2.4%

## Milliman Financial Risk Management

London Market Monitor – 31 January 2025

Data sources: Bloomberg; Barclays; EIOPA; PRA; ONS; Milliman FRM

### Insurance Monitor

#### Solvency II Risk Free Rates

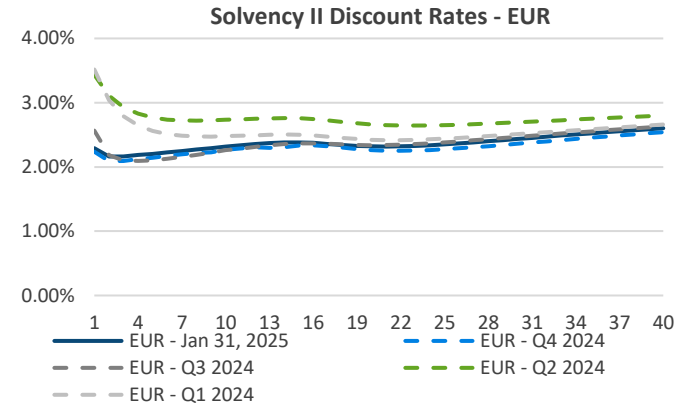
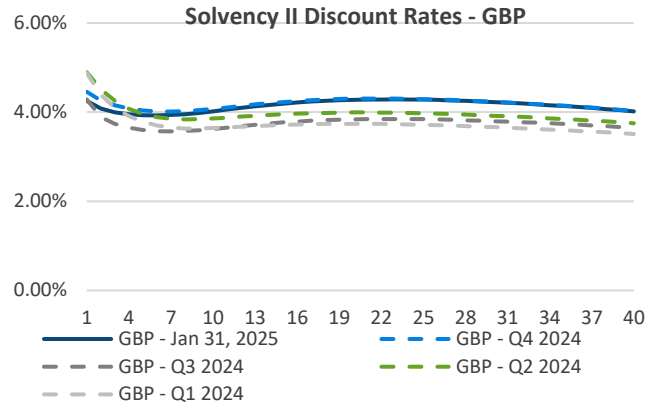
- GBP risk-free rates fell at all terms in January, with the declines more pronounced at the short-end of the curve.
- The 1 and 5-year GBP risk-free rates fell by 20 and 10 basis points, respectively.
- EUR risk-free rates rose in the region of 5 to 8 basis points in January.
- The EUR CRA was unchanged and remains floored at 10 basis points.

The **Solvency II risk-free discount rates** are calculated independently based on applying the Smith-Wilson Extrapolation to swap rates sourced from Bloomberg and applying the Credit Risk Adjustment as defined in the Technical Specs. For the official published curves please refer to [EIOPA](#) and [PRA](#) websites.

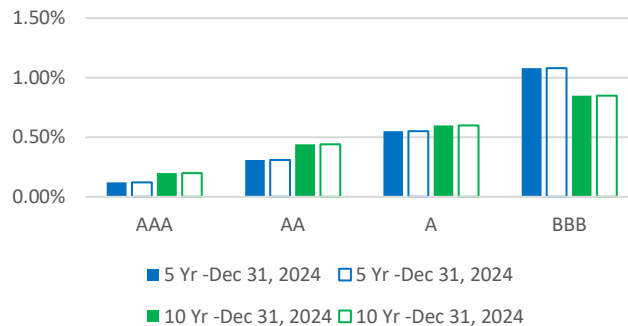
#### Solvency II Fundamental Spreads

- There were no material changes since the start of the year.

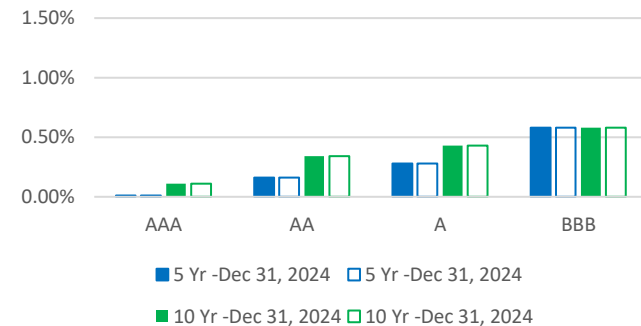
**EIOPA fundamental spreads** show the credit spread corresponding to the risk of default or downgrading of an asset. This is shown here across financial and non-financial assets, credit quality steps 0-3 and durations of 1-30 years. The data is provided by EIOPA. **Fundamental spread** = maximum (probability of default + cost of downgrade; 35% of long-term average spread). For fundamental spreads on other tenors please refer to the [EIOPA](#) website.



#### GBP Financial Fundamental Spreads



#### GBP Non-Financial Fundamental Spreads



#### Change in GBP Discount Rates (bps)

	1Y	Y5	Y10	Y20	Y30
Since Q4 2024	-20	-10	-5	-2	-1
Since Q3 2024	-3	33	40	44	43
Since Q2 2024	-64	-3	16	28	31
Since Q1 2024	-62	15	38	54	56

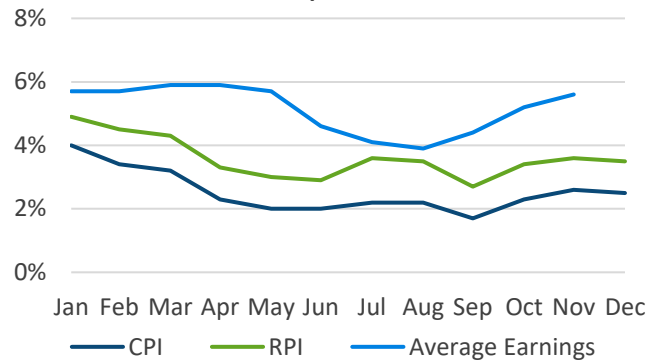
#### Change in EUR Discount Rates (bps)

	1Y	Y5	Y10	Y20	Y30	CRA
Since Q4 2024	6	6	5	6	8	0
Since Q3 2024	-28	10	6	-2	-3	0
Since Q2 2024	-114	-57	-42	-34	-26	0
Since Q1 2024	-123	-36	-16	-10	-7	0

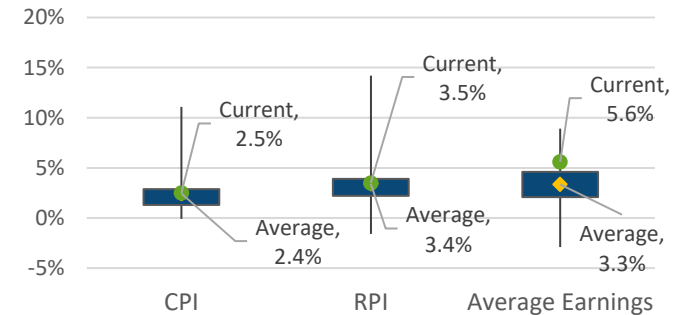
**UK Inflation Monitor**

- UK's CPI fell by 10 basis points to 2.5% in December.
- Similarly, UK's RPI measure decreased by 10 basis points to 3.5% in December.
- According to the ONS: *“The largest downward contribution came from restaurants and hotels; the largest upward contribution came from transport.”*
- Average earnings rose by 40 basis points to 5.6% in November.
- The projected RPI curve increased at the short-end in comparison to the previous month.

**UK Inflation Rate: Experience over Past Year**



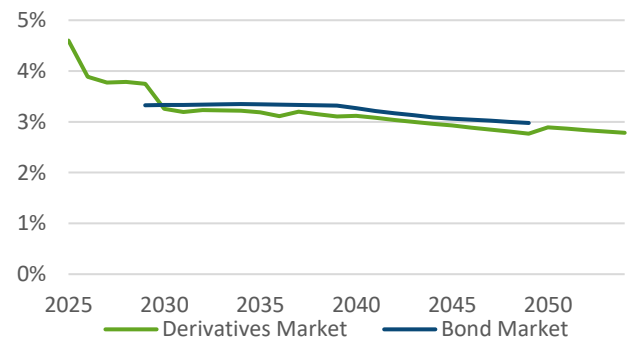
**Max, Min and 50% Range: Since BoE Independence**



**Historical UK GDP Growth (Year-on-Year)**



**Projected UK RPI Inflation (Year-on-Year)**



Historical year-on-year inflation rate is assessed by the % change on:

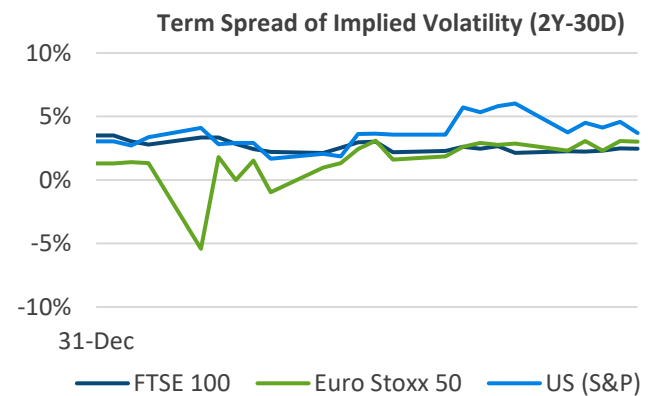
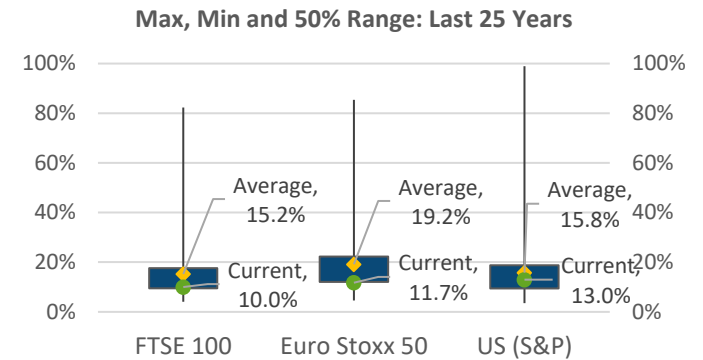
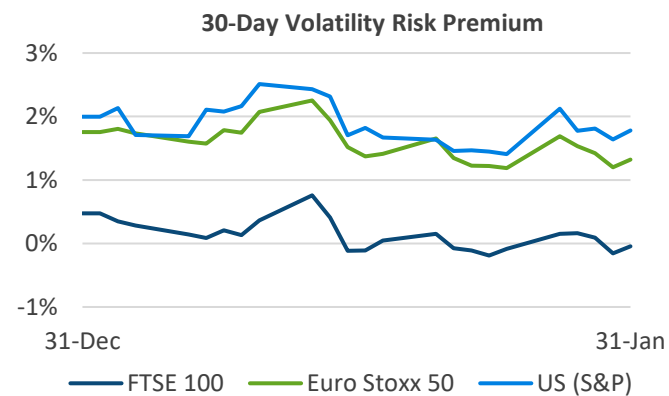
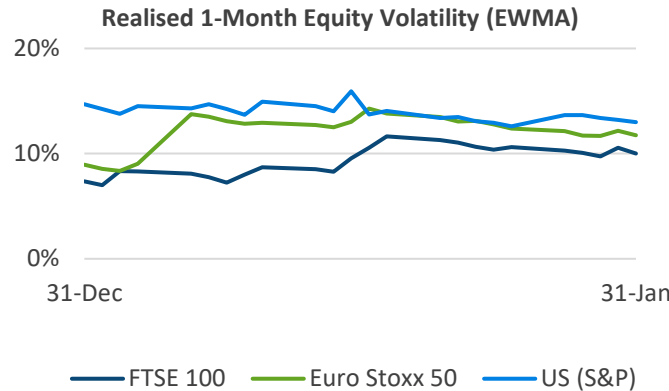
- **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** – measuring the monthly price of a basket of consumer goods and services
- **Retail Price Index (RPI)** – similar to CPI, but the main difference due the addition of mortgage payments, council tax and other housing costs
- **Average Earnings** – measuring the average total weekly employee remuneration over the previous 3 months.

Projection year-on-year inflation rate is the forward rate calculated from market data:

- **Derivatives Market View** – constructed from zero coupon inflation par swap rates against the RPI index at various tenors
- **Bond Market View** – constructed from the difference between the nominal rates implied by the conventional gilts and the real rates implied by the index-linked (RPI) gilts.

**Volatility and Hedging Cost Monitor**

- Realised volatilities of the FTSE 100 and the Euro Stoxx 50 increased, whilst the realised volatility of the S&P 500 was lower at month-end.
- The FTSE 100 ended the month with a realised volatility of 10.0%. The same measure stood at 11.7% and 13.0% on the Euro Stoxx 50 and the S&P 500, respectively.
- Volatility risk premiums on major indices declined. The FTSE 100 had a volatility risk premium of 0.0% at month-end. The volatility risk premium on the Euro Stoxx 50 was 1.3%, and 1.8% on the S&P 500.
- The change in spread between implied volatility of 2-year and 30-day at-the-money options was mixed but remained positive for the major indices at month-end.



**Actual realised equity volatility** is measured by the weighted standard deviation of 1 month daily index change. The Exponentially Weighted Moving Average (EWMA) methodology places more importance to the recent returns in the calculation of the volatility.

**Volatility Risk Premium** is estimated as the difference between 30-day implied volatility and projected realised volatility. This reflects the additional cost of hedging from purchasing a basket of options, in comparison to managing a dynamic delta hedge with futures (ignoring rolling transaction costs).

**Volatility Term Premium** is calculated as the difference between the implied volatility of an at-the-money 2-year maturity option and the implied volatility of an at-the-money 30-day option. This gives an indication of market demand for protection over the longer term, relative to demand for protection in the shorter-term. Bloomberg as the source of the data interpolates between listed options to provide implied volatility data for these fixed terms.

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Established in 1998, the practice includes professionals operating from four trading platforms around the world (Chicago, London and Sydney).

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