

сниста

Chillventa Specialist Forums 2022 Chillventa Fachforen 2022

CONNECTING EXPERTS.

ECO-EFFICIENT SOLUTIONS TO ENSURE THE SUSTAINABILITY OF YOUR INVESTMENTS

New HFO alternatives below 150 for commercial and industrial refrigeration

October 11th – Delphine Martin / Pierre-Emmanuel Danet

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THE CONCEPT OF A CIRCULAR ECONOMY, THE VERY ESSENCE OF OUR BRAND

- The environmental responsibility is at the heart of our technological innovations.
- Opening of an **excellence hub in Circular Economy** with state-of-the-art equipments
- For efficient resource management in technical processes

IN FIGURES





75% of fluorinated greenhouse gas waste i**s recovered.**



R&D Investment : + 10% TO



More than 30 millions t. Eq. CO2 **avoided** by our action in Europe



Introduction of bio-sourced materials in the formulation of heat transfer fluids



TICK THE MAXIMUM BOXES WITH SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS

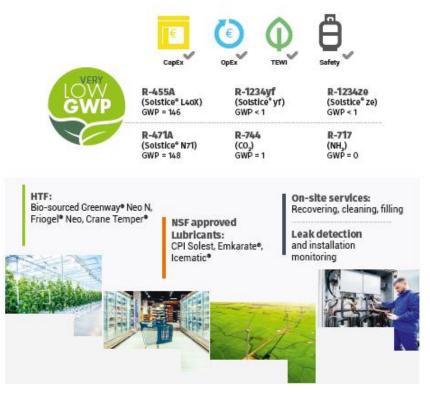
How to choose a refrigerant?

- Reducing t. eq. CO2 of greenhouse gas emissions should strongly encourage the use of new ultra-low GWP refrigerants
- But GWP is not sufficient to select the right refrigerant
- Taking into account the eco-efficiency approach allows :
 - Total cost of ownership (TCO)
 - Environmental impact (TEWI)

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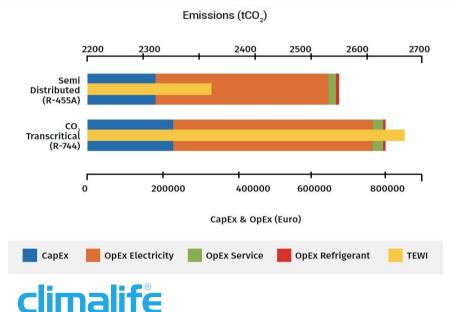
Tick the maximum boxes with sustainable solutions

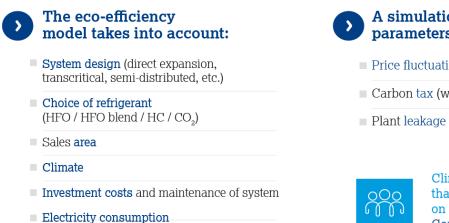


HOW TO DEFINE THE INVESTMENT VALUE IN RETAIL SECTOR?

The Eco-Efficiency Decision Support Model

- The concept of eco-efficiency allows refrigeration systems to be compared in terms of their environmental impact and total cost of ownership (TCO).
- Honeywell's Eco-Efficiency Model is a powerful decision support tool, which has been validated by the independent Cemafroid Institute.
- It allows the selection of the solution that offers the lowest environmental impact with the lowest possible TCO, and to check the sensitivity of the results to changes in specific parameters.





(compressors, display cabinets, condensers, etc.)



- Price fluctuations (electricity, refrigerant, etc.)
- Carbon tax (where applicable)
- Plant leakage rate



Climalife has a dedicated team that can carry out simulations on your future projects. Contact us!

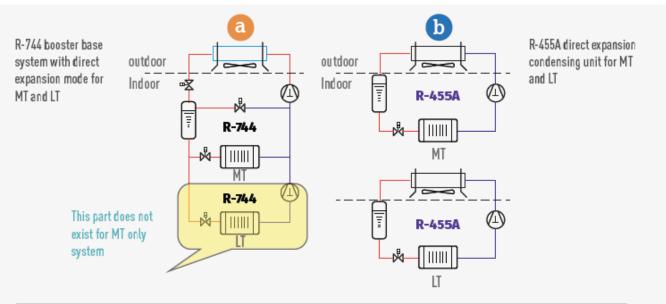
Description of the systems compared by the eco-efficiency model validated by Cemafroid

CO₂ booster with direct expansion mode for the 3 chilled and frozen cold rooms.

b

a

R-455A direct expansion condensing unit for the 3 chilled and frozen cold rooms.



Type of cold rooms	Internal temperature	Evaporation temperature	Cooling capacity
	(°C)	(°C)	(kW)
CR Chilled Fruit and Vegetables	+1	-4	3.88
CR n°2 Frozen (Bakery)	-28	-33	2.42
CR n°1 Frozen products	-28	-33	3.27

Assumptions taken into account in the eco-efficiency tool:

The leakage rate is fixed at 5% per year for R-455A and 20% for R-744.

✓ The cost of electricity is:

- 0.2 €/kWh for fixed electricity rate

- 0.2 €/kWh for year 1 in a variable electricity rate scenario, the annual price increase is 8%, the electricity price in year 10 (end of system life) is 0.4 €/kWh.

 \sim CO₂ emissions per kWh = 58 grams CO₂ /kWh (ref: coal ~ 1000gr. CO₂ /kWh, nuclear ~ 50gr. CO₂ /kWh).

 \checkmark The energy efficiency class of the air-cooled condenser / gas cooler for CO_2 is 50 kW/kW, low level or class "C" (*).

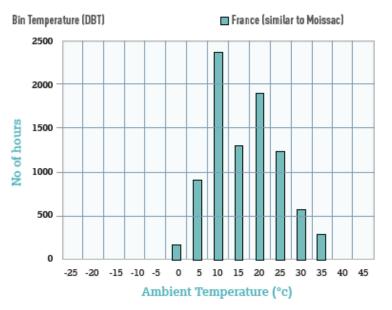
 \checkmark The minimum condensation temperature is 15°C for R-455A and 10°C for R-744.

 Evaporating and condensing temperatures for the R-455A are "mid" because of glide.

For the high side of the system, following Temperature Difference in condensers have been assumed:

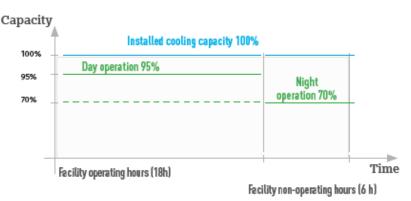
	Subcritical operation	Transcritical operation
R-744 system (condenser / gas cooler)	10 K	Gas cooler exit temp 3K above ambient
R-455A system (condenser)	10 K	N/A

✓ The temperature profile is the following:



The lifespan of the systems is 10 years

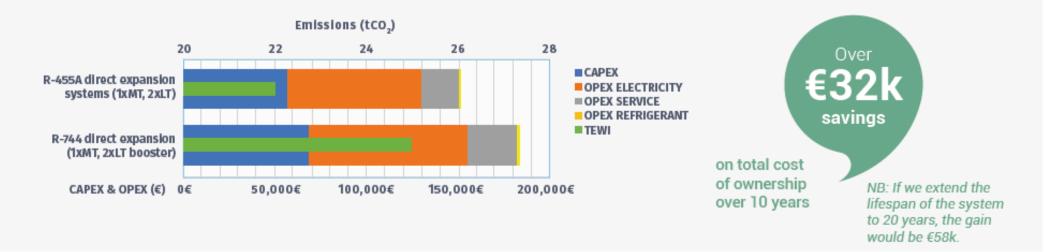
Cooling load is distributed during 24 hours in the following way:



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Results with a fixed electricity price

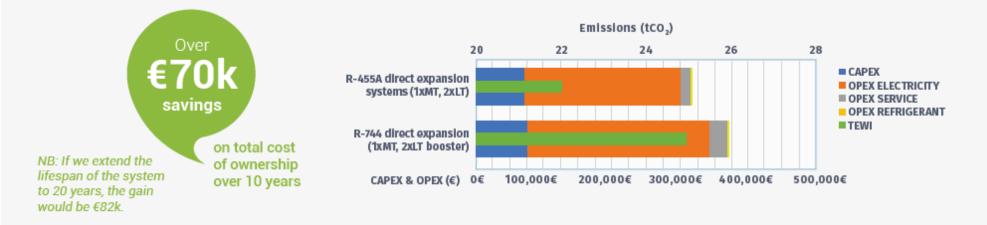
Architecture system	CAPEX	CAPEX compared to the CO ₂ solution	OPEX ELEC. (electricity bill)	OPEX ELEC. compared to the CO ₂ solution	OPEX maintenance	OPEX refrigerant refill	Σ OPEX	CAPEX + OPEX	CO ₂ EMISSIONS from the power plant	CO ₂ EMISSIONS emissions from refrigerant leaks	Σ EMISSIONS OF CO ₂
[-]	[€]	[%]	[€]	[%]	[€]	[€]	[€]	[€]	[t.equ. CO ₂]	[t CO ₂]	[t C0 ₂]
1. R-744 direct expansion (1xMT, 2xLT booster)	67.834	100.00%	87.268	100.0%	27.751	900	115.919	183.752	25	N/A	25
2. R-455A direct expansion system (1xMT, 2xLT)	57.036	84.08%	73.300	84.0%	20.400	475	94.175	151.211	21	1.0	22



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Results with an 8% annual increase in electricity prices

Architecture installation	CAPEX	CAPEX compared to the CO ₂ solution	OPEX ELEC. (electricity bill)	OPEX ELEC. compared to the CO ₂ solution	OPEX maintenance	OPEX refrigerant refill	<u>Σ</u> ΟΡΕΧ	CAPEX + OPEX	CO ₂ EMISSIONS from the power plant	CO ₂ EMISSIONS emissions from refrigerant leaks	Σ EMISSIONS OF CO ₂
[-]	[€]	[%]	[€]	[%]	[€]	[€]	[€]	[€]	[t CO ₂]	[t CO ₂]	[t. C0 ₂]
1. R-744 direct expansion (1xMT, 2xLT booster)	67.834	100.00%	297.963	100.0%	27.751	900	326.614	394.448	25	N/A	25
2. R-455A direct expansion system (1xMT, 2xLT)	57.036	84.08%	246.496	82.7%	20.400	475	267.371	324.407	21	1.0	22



(*) energy efficiency 50 kW/kW, means that in the condenser / gas cooler 50 kW of heat is rejected with consumption of 1 kW of electricity by the fan.





			Medium temperature	Low temperature	
Retrofit or "Interim Solution	R-404A		R-448A (Solstice [®] N40)		
(GWP <2500)	K-404A	Transport	R-452A		
	R-134a		R-513A / R-450A	N.A.	
New System / "Remodelling (GWP <150)	Small Format (<2000	m²)	R-455A (Solstice [®] L40X)		
	Large Format (>2000	m²)	R-471A (Solstice [®] N71)	R-455A (Solstice® L40X)	

Eco-efficient solutions for new and existing systems



SOLSTICE® N71 (R-471A)

Physical and chemical properties

ASHRAE number	R-471A
Composition	R-1234ze(E) / R-227ea / R-1336mzz(E) 78.7 / 4.3 / 17 %
Molar mass (g/mol)	122.1
Boiling point at 1.013 bar (°C)	-16.87
Temperature glide at 1.013 bar (K)	3.3
Critical pressure (bar)	35.34
Critical temperature (°C)	112.36
Saturated liquid density at 25°C (Kg/m³)	1195.5
Ozone Depletion Potential	0
GWP according to IPCC-AR4	148
ASHRAE safety classification	A1





SOLSTICE® N71 CHANGES THE GAME IN MEDIUM TEMPERATURE REFRIGERATION

Features	Benefits
GWP<150	Long-term solution, compliant with regulatory requirements globally
Class A1 / Non-flammable	 Possibility to use in Direct Expansion systems w/o charge limitation Possibility to re-use components in case of remodelling Same handling, storage & transportation as well-known low pressure, A1 refrigerants
High efficiency:Similar to R-134a13% higher than R-404A	Lower electricity consumption
Low pressure	Low leaks, minimal recharge volumes
Similar system technology to R-134a	Standard service practices and traditional contractor base

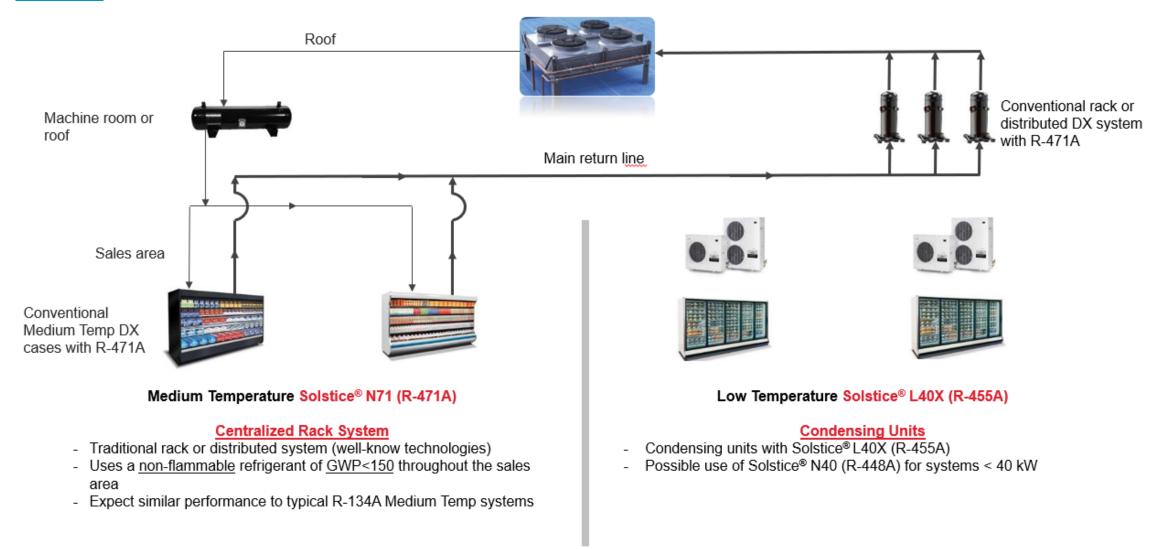
Commercialisation planned in 2023



ARCHITECTURE FOR FOOD RETAIL STORE (A)

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ECO-EFFICIENCY SIMULATION FOR A SUPERMARKET

Parameter	Assumption			
Life Span	10 Years			
Number of Trading & nontrading hours	14 Trading Hours 10 Nontrading Hours			
Installed cooling capacities	Med Temp 162 kW Low Temp 34 kW	High Side TD Ass G	umptions in C as Coolers	ondensers /
Supermarket Size	4000 m ²		Sub-	Trans-
<u>R-744 System</u> CO2 Booster Running conditions	Tevap = -8°C MT, Tevap = -32°C LT min Tcond = 10°C		critical operation	critical operation
(Tevap, min. Tcond)		R-744 system	8 K	3°K above ambient
<u>R-471A / R-455A System</u> Medium Temp Direct Expansion Low Temp Cascade Running conditions (Tevap, min. Tcond)	Tevap =-8ºC MT, Tevap =-32ºC LT min Tcond = 15ºC	R-455A system	8 К	Not applicabl e
Store Location	London	R-471A system	8 K	Not applicabl
Cooling load distribution	90% of the total installed cooling capacity during the day 70% of the total installed cooling capacity during the night			e
Electricity Cost	0.097 € /kWh			
Energy Efficiency Class for Condenser / Gas Cooler	45 kW/kW (low level or class "C" *) for all systems.			

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* Class "C" or energy efficiency 45kW/kW, means that in the condenser / gas cooler, 45 kW of heat is rejected with consumption of 1 kW of electricity by the fan.

ECO-EFFICIENCY SIMULATION FOR A SUPERMARKET* 4000 sqm

Solution	CAPEX (kEUR)	OPEX Electricity + Service (kEUR)	TCO CAPEX + OPEX (kEUR)	Energy Consumption (millions of kWh)	Total Carbon Footprint (t CO ₂ e)
R-471A (N71) Centralized Rack (Med Temp) + <u>R-455A (L40X)</u> Condensing Units (Low Temp)	561	444	1,005	4.29	1,871
<u>R-744 (CO₂)</u> Transcritical Booster System	648	529	1,177	5.01	2,191
Delta in favour of R-471A	87 kEUR	85 kEUR	172 kEUR	0.72 million kWh	320 t CO ₂ e

*Based on specific assumptions and 10-year system operating period. Honeywell can conduct a simulation reflecting accurately your own situation and investment options.



ECO-EFFICIENCY SIMULATION FOR A SUPERMARKET* 4000 sqm

Electricity cost increase to 0.5 EUR/kWh

Solution	CAPEX (kEUR)	OPEX Electricity + Service (kEUR)	TCO CAPEX + OPEX (kEUR)	Energy Consumption (millions of kWh)	Total Carbon Footprint (t CO ₂ e)
<u>R-471A (N71)</u> Centralized Rack (Med Temp) + <u>R-455A (L40X)</u> Condensing Units (Low Temp)	561	2,161	2,732	4.29	1,871
<u>R-744 (CO₂)</u> Transcritical Booster System	648	2,572	3,230	5.01	2,191
Delta in favour of R-471A	87 kEUR	411 kEUR	498 kEUR	0.72 million kWh	320 t CO ₂ e

*Based on specific assumptions and 10-year system operating period. Honeywell can conduct a simulation reflecting accurately your own situation and investment options.



SOLSTICE RANGE[®]: SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS FOR REFRIGERATION



COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS

- New systems: with GWP <150, Solstice[®] solutions allow for long-term regulatory compliance in Europe and worldwide.
- Existing systems: retrofitting with R-448A / R-513A / R-450A allows the installations to be used until the end of their life, in compliance with the regulations.



LOW EMISSIONS

- Very low GWP values.
- R-455A / R-1234yf / R-1234ze, but also R-448A / R-513A / R-450A, contribute to the **reduction of energy consumption** in refrigeration systems.
- Lower pressures than CO₂ systems minimise the risk of leakage.



MINIMISED COSTS

- Low CAPEX (capital costs) due to simple technology.
- Low energy costs due to high efficiency and low maintenance costs (OPEX).
- Low risk of system failure due to maximum reliability.



MAXIMUM SAFETY

- Components and systems approved for "A2L" are available.
- The systems are easy to handle, install and maintain.
- Minimal flammability risks compared to hydrocarbons
 / Low pressures compared to CO₂.

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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