Hall 7A

сниста





Joris Kortstee

Danfoss

The natural choices in Industrial Refrigeration system design

Talk green. Walk green.

ENGINEERING TOMORROW



CHILLVENTA, Nürnberg, 11. – 13. October 2022

The natural choices in Industrial Refrigeration system design Talkgreen. - Introduction

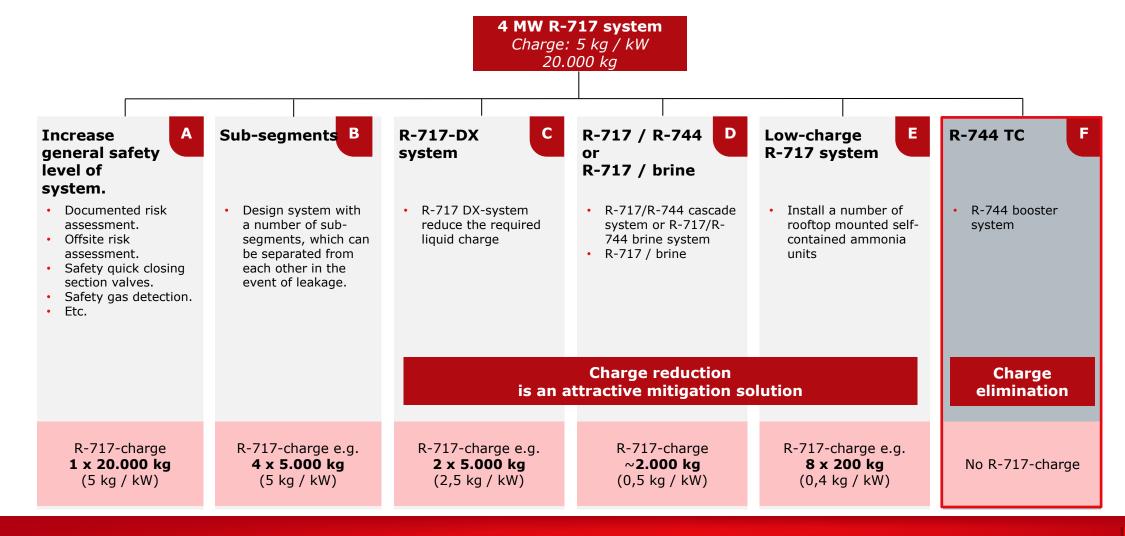
- For decades, R-717 has been used in Industrial Refrigeration systems as the primary refrigerant due to it's excellent thermodynamic properties. Pump circulated systems are regarded as the "reference R-717 system" with highest system efficiency and a mature and solid reputation.
- R-717 is a natural refrigerant. GWP=0, ODP=0. However it's classified as a toxic and flammable refrigerant. There's a huge focus on charge reduction to mitigate risks. This can be done in many ways and with different system types.
- The purpose of this presentation is to give a snap shot of some of these system types with R-744 as a refrigerant option.
- There is not 1 "best" solution. This depends on the local requirements and legislations, end users requirements and focus, possibilities regarding first costs, TCO considerations, and geographical location.
- We try to give a transparent and neutral overview of possibilities.
- We will focus a bit deeper into a transcritical R-744 pump circulated systems
- We will show you some ongoing developments for supporting such larger systems





Offset risk mitigation by charge reduction / segmentation

Talk green. Walk green.



4 | Talk Green. Walk Green.

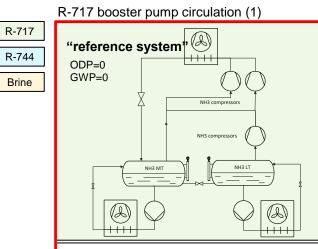
CHILLVENTA, Nürnberg, 11. – 13. October 2022

ENGINEERING TOMORROW



Industrial Refrigeration system types

- A few examples



Features

Brine

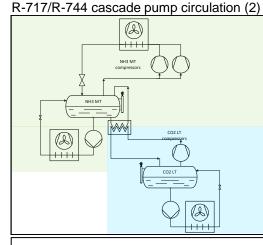
- R-717 MT/LT pump circulation (flooded)
- Larger capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels
- Long life time (25+)

(+

- Natural refrigerant, ODP=0, GWP=0
- Excellent thermodynamic properties R-717
- Mature, proven and reliable technology
- Generally acknowledged as most efficient
- Relatively easy to control
- Flexible in temp levels Can handle high peak demands due to the twophase state and liquid separation

NH3 classifications and charge .

- Special design requirements needed (R-717) .
- Oil management required (R-717)
- First costs (compared to DX)



Features

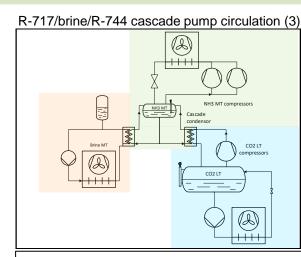
- R-717 MT pump / cascade R-744 LT pump
- Larger capacities •
- Multi stage temperature levels ۰
- Long life time (25+)

(+

- Natural refrigerants (R-744: ODP=0, GWP=1) .
- R-717 charge red. on LT side
- Excellent thermodynamic properties R-717 .
- Mature, proven and reliable technology .
- Relatively easy to control
- Flexible in temp levels .
- R-744 LT pumped can handle high peak demands . due to the two-phase state and liquid separation
- Same/or better efficiency (LT R-744 compressors) .

.

- NH3 classification and charge •
- Special design requirements needed (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-717)
- First costs •
- Higher pressure (R-744) .
- Oil management required (R-744)



Features

- R-717 MT/cascade R-744 LT pump/Brine MT pump
- Medium/Large capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels
- Long life time (25+) •

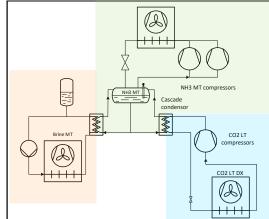
(+

- Partly natural refrigerants
- Huge R-717 charge reduction on MT (70/80%)
- Mature, proven and reliable technology •
- Relatively easy to control
- Flexible in temp levels
- R-744 LT pumped can handle high peak • demands due to the two-phase state and liquid separation
- NH3 classification and charge
- Special design requirements needed (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-717)
- (First costs) and running costs
- Higher pressure R-744 •
- Oil management required (R-744) . Efficiency loss (mostly due to MT brine)

R-717/brine/R-744 LT DX cascade (4)

Talkgreen.

Walk green.



Features

- R-717/brine MT pump / R-744 cascade LT DX Medium/(large) capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels
- Lona life time (25+)

(Ŧ

- Partly natural refrigerants •
- Huge R-717 charge reduction (70/80%) •
- . Mature, proven and reliable technology
- Relatively easy to control .
- Flexible in temp levels

- . NH3 classification and charge
- Special design requirements needed (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-717)
- (First costs) and running costs .
- Higher pressure R-744 .
- Efficiency loss (mostly due to brine) •
- Efficiency loss due to DX on LT





Industrial Refrigeration system types

- A few examples

R-717 / R-744 pump circulation (5)



R-717

Brine

(\mathcal{L}) -Cascade CO2 compres CO2 LT CO2 MT (\black) (\black) +++++

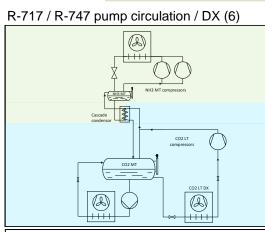
Features

- R-717/R-744 cascade system (flooded) .
- Medium/Large capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels •
- . Long life time (25+)

• Natural refrigerants

- Huge R-717 charge reduction (70/80%) •
- Excellent thermodynamic properties R-717 .
- Mature, proven and reliable technology
- Relatively easy to control
- . Flexible in temp levels
- Can handle high peak demands due to the twophase state and liquid separation

- NH3 classification and charge
- Special design requirements needed (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-744)
- First costs (compared to DX) •
- Higher pressure R-744 .
- Efficiency loss (cascade)



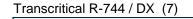
Features

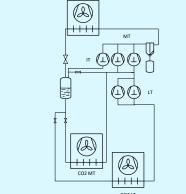
- R-717/R-744 cascade system (flooded and DX) •
 - Medium/Large capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels
- CO2 MT pump circulation (Large) and LT DX (small) •
- Long life time (25+)

- Natural refrigerants
- Huge R-717 charge reduction (70/80%)
- Excellent thermodynamic properties R-717
- Mature, proven and reliable technology
- Relatively easy to control
- Flexible in temp levels
- Can handle high peak demands due to the • two-phase state and liquid separation

• NH3 classification and charge

- Special design requirements needed (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-717)
- Oil management required (R-744) •
- First costs
- Higher pressure (R-744)
- Efficiency loss (cascade) •
- Efficiency loss due to DX on LT





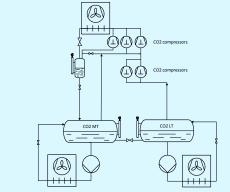
Features

- R-744 booster system (transcritical) . • DX
- Commercial system type
- Small/medium/large capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels
- < 25 year life time •

- . No R-717
- . Relatively simple design
- Mature systems
- First costs .

- . System efficiency is depending on geographical location
- Transcritical pressures .
- . Useful superheat in evaporators reduces efficiencv
- Less efficient compared to flooded when SH not 0K

Transcritical R-744 pump circulation (8)



Features

- R-744 booster system (transcritical)
- Pump circulation

Talkgreen.

Walk green.

- Industrial system type
- Medium/large capacities
- Multi stage temperature levels •
- < 25 years life time

. No R-717

•

- Relatively easy to control (No expansion valves)
- Flexible in temp levels
- Can handle high peak demands due to the twophase state and liquid separation
- No useful superheat in evaporators. Smaller dT, higher evaporating temperature, better heat transfer, increased efficiency
- **Controlled oil management** .
- Safe and reliable hotgas defrost
- System efficiency is depending on geographical . location
- Transcritical pressures
- . **Oil management required**
- Level/pump control required .
- First costs

CHILLVENTA, Nürnberg, 11. – 13. October 2022



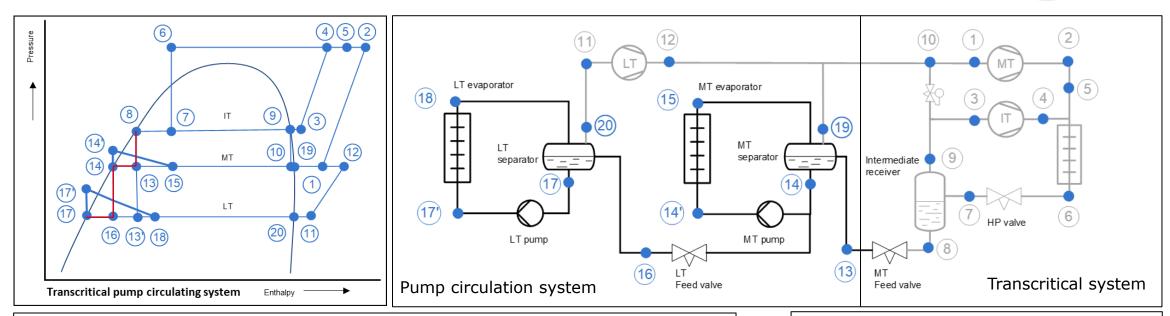




CO2 booster system pump circulation

Talkgreen. Walk green.

- Principle explanation



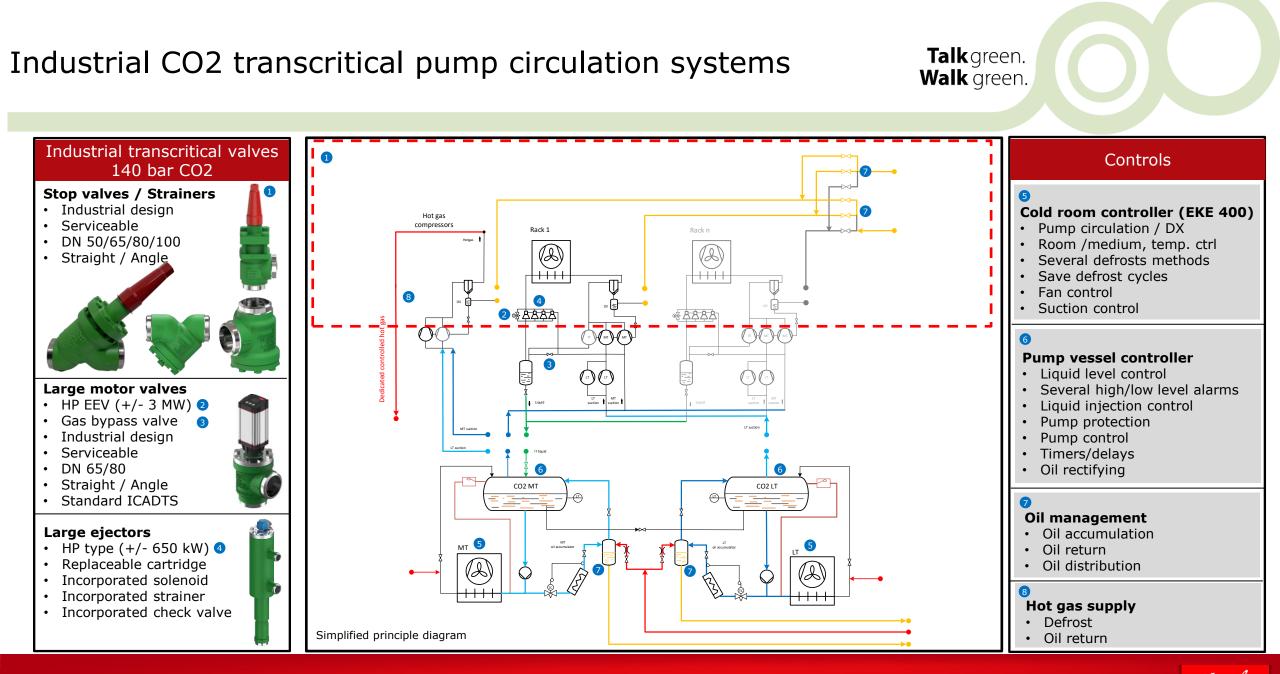
Characteristics of pump circulation systems

- No DX but flooded systems
- No expansion valves
- Liquid separation always ensures dry gas to compressors
- No useful superheat. Better utilization of evaporator surface area.
- Better heat transfer, so increased efficiency
- Can operate on higher evaporating temperatures compared to DX operation (smaller dT)
- Relatively easy to control (on/off)
- Can handle high peak demands safely and reliably due to the two-phase state and liquid separation
- Easy and safe hotgas defrost, controlled drain into liquid separators

Control of TC CO2 pump circulation systems

- Larger high pressure line components
- Larger high pressure motor expansion valves
- Large gas bypass valves
- Larger ejectors
- Hot gas defrost
- Pump separator control
- Evaporator control incl. defrost
- Oil management
- System coordination





CHILLVENTA, Nürnberg, 11. – 13. October 2022

ENGINEERING TOMORROW

Conclusion





R-717 is still the dominant refrigerant for industrial refrigeration systems. R-744 is finding it's place as well.



R-717 charge reduction remains an obvious goal and offer a significant lower regulatory burden.

3

R-744 as refrigerant has the potential to play a role in the R-717 charge reduction.



However: transparent comparison of energy efficiency of different system types is extremely important!



Commercial and Industrial R-744 TC systems are different-both due to different performance, lifetime, reliability and safety expectations.

6

R-744 transcritical pump circulating systems close the gap for mid size capacity plants capacities when R-717 is not considered in the first place.



Larger transcritical R-744 compressor capacities are paving the way for larger refrigeration systems.



Danfoss Industrial Refrigeration is developing larger industrial transcritical valves and controls for such systems.



The viability of R-744 TC Systems in Industrial Refrigeration applications should become more clear in the next few years.



Thank you for your attention

Talk green. Walk green.





CHILLVENTA, Nürnberg, 11. – 13. October 2022

Hall 7A

сниста

