





Heat Pumps – the answer to very important issues of our society today

Reducing CO₂ emissions

Even before gas prices started to rocket, heat pumps were considered as the solution that would solve the problem of CO₂ emissions in the heating sector.

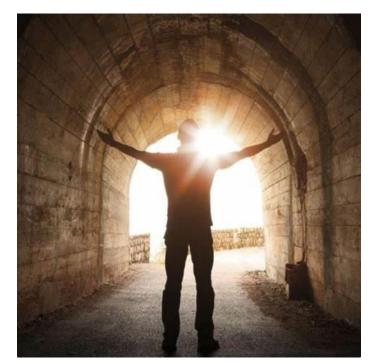
Reducing the dependence of gas and other fossil fuels

Heat pumps are a now also becoming a key to **reduce dependence on fossil fuels** – and for Europe especially Russian gas.

> But if so

Will Electricity production capacity be enough? Probably not!

 High efficiency of running the heat pumps is crucial to limit the electrical consumption and cost.

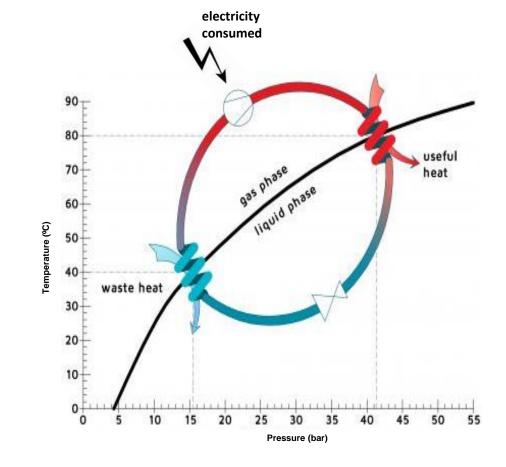




Heat Pump efficiency - COP_h

Efficiency of the heat pump = COP_h Coefficient of performance heating

COP_h = <u>Heat Energy (useful heat)supplied (kW)</u> Electricity Power Consumed (kW)





What effects Heat Pump efficiency – some main factors

Relative temperature between the source and the useful heat

Bigger temperature difference between the two reduces the efficiency.

Refrigerant type

Depending on the operation condition there are some options to select from. Choosing a system with natural refrigerant R717/ammonia instead of a common alternative synthetic like R134a should allow for 30% efficiency increase.

System efficiency

Depends on compressors, heat exchangers, pumps, valves, regulation and the joint engineering of the system.

Temperature level of needed heat

Systems for supply temperatures above 100°C has normally the efficiency COP ratio of maybe 50% lower than for something below 90°C.





Natural refrigerants in heat pumps - growing share of market

Why the growing use of natural refrigerants?

- ODP zero
- GWP is very low (R717=0, R744=1, R290=3)
- Cost of the refrigerants are modest
- Long term solution & Sustainable and future proof
- Component and systems are developing rapidly to handle the drawbacks (high pressure, toxicity or flammability)
- Higher energy efficiency (COP)
 - Example: choosing a system with natural refrigerant R717/ammonia (with evap. Temp. 30°C and condensing temp. 70°C) instead of an alternative synthetical like R134a should allow for an efficiency increase of some 30%

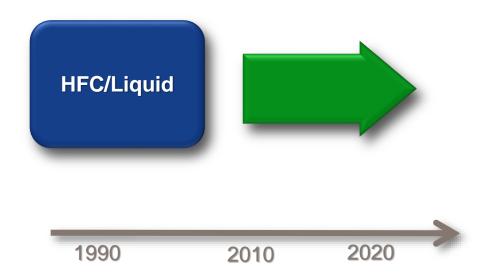




Heat exchanger products meeting the switch to naturals

Alfa Laval has is since the 80th been investing continuously in development of efficient heat exchangers for all Natural refrigerants

We talk mainly about Liquid Evaporators and Condensers

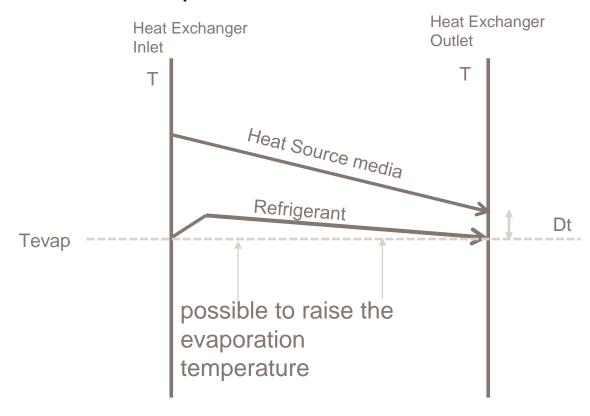


R717 Ammonia R744 Carbondioxide R290 Propane R600/a Buthane/Isobuthane



Evaporator – Efficiency impact of Plate Heat Exchanger

Flooded Evaporator



In general possible to obtain 2K closer approach with plate heat exchangers compared with other heat exchanger technology at comparable size and cost

 every K higher Tevap (evaporation temperature) saves 3-6% of the heat pump power consumption

Alfa Laval Heat exchanger with U-turn^{TM -} flooded ammonia separator



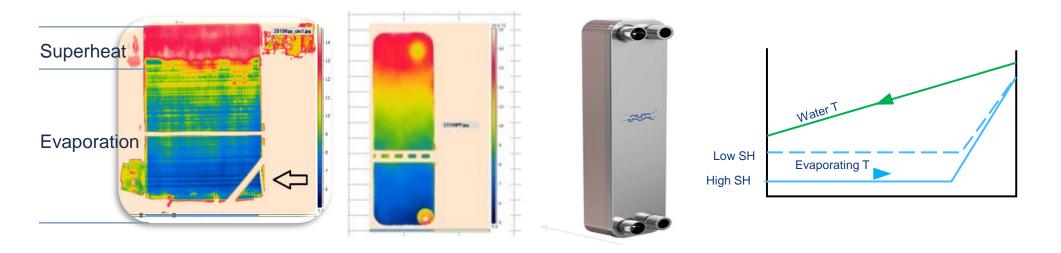
Evaporator – Efficiency impact of Plate Heat Exchanger

DX Evaporator

Alfa Laval Plate heat exchangers are equipped with DX distribution systems allowing a Superheat reduction of 2-3K compared to conventional systems.

This makes it possible to raise the evaporation temperature.

Every degree K higher saves 3-4 % of compressor power.





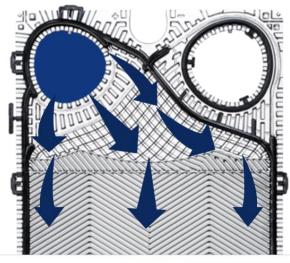
Condenser – Energy efficiency impact of plate heat exchangers

Good Distribution and Pressure drop utilisation



Curve Flow™ distribution area

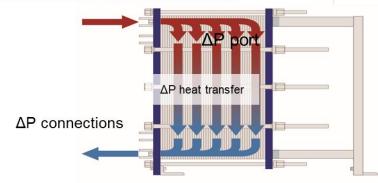
- ✓ Fully utilizes available surface area.
- Provides perfect distribution inside channel for best heat transfer and surface stays cleaner





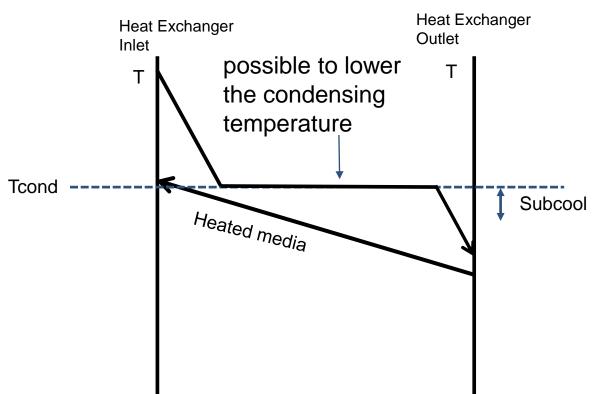
OmegaPort™ noncircular port holes

- ✓ Better distribution of media
- ✓ Pressure drop better utilized for heat transfer.
- ✓ Reduces Pumping cost of the heated media.





Condenser – Energy efficiency impact of plate heat exchangers



- Plate heat exchanger with good distribution of the refrigerant enables to do desuperheating, condensing and subcooling in one unit thus:
 - Increases energy efficiency of heat pump by lowering condensing temperature and include larger sub cooling function
 - every K lower condensing temperature saves 1-3% of the heat pump power consumption.
 - reduces piping cost and makes installation compact



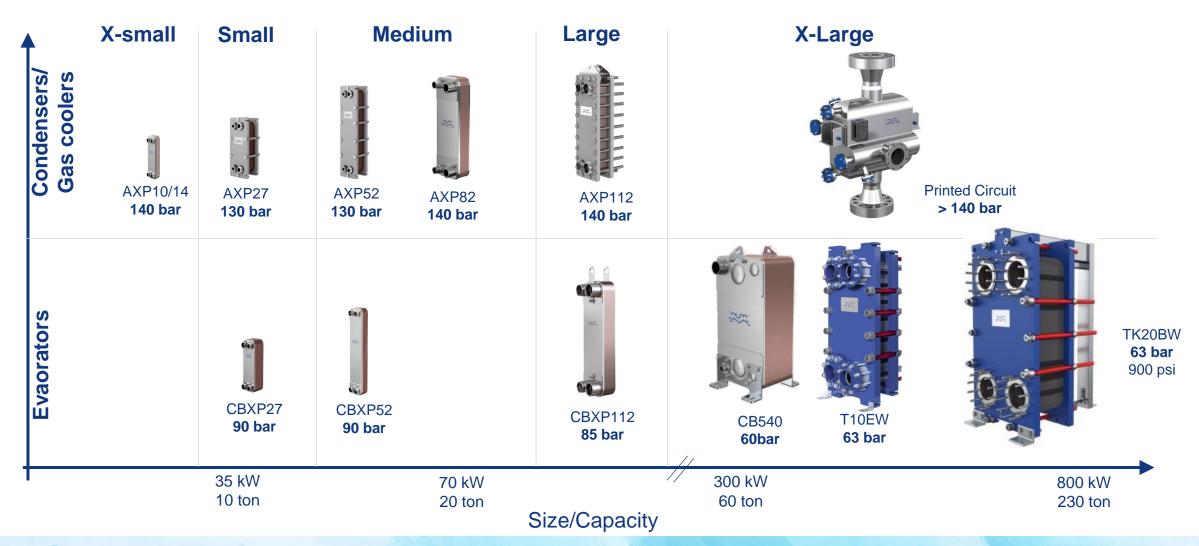
Heat exchanger portfolio for Ammonia heat pumps





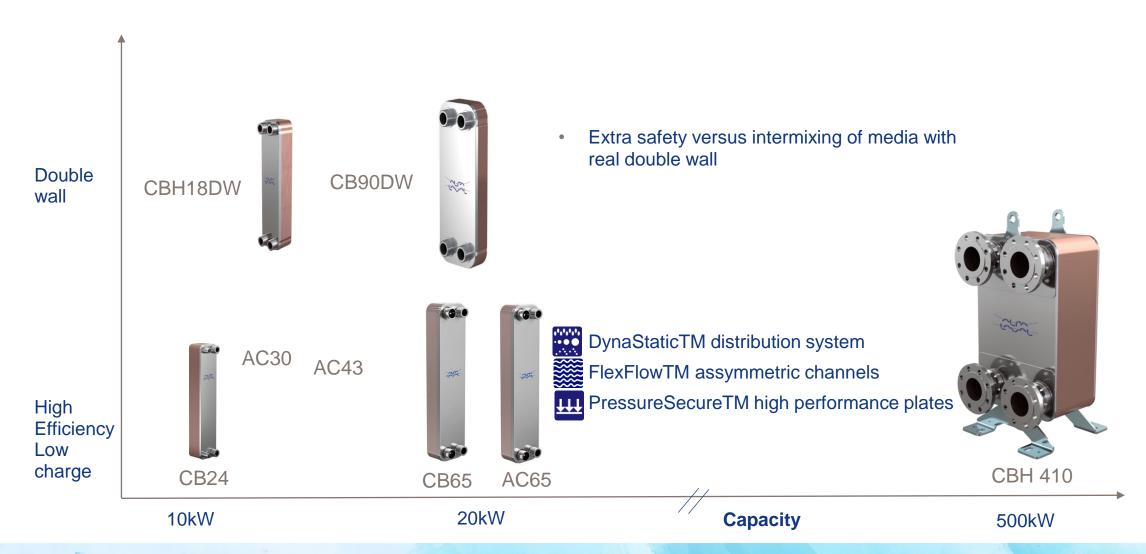
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Heat exchanger portfolio for CO₂ heat pumps



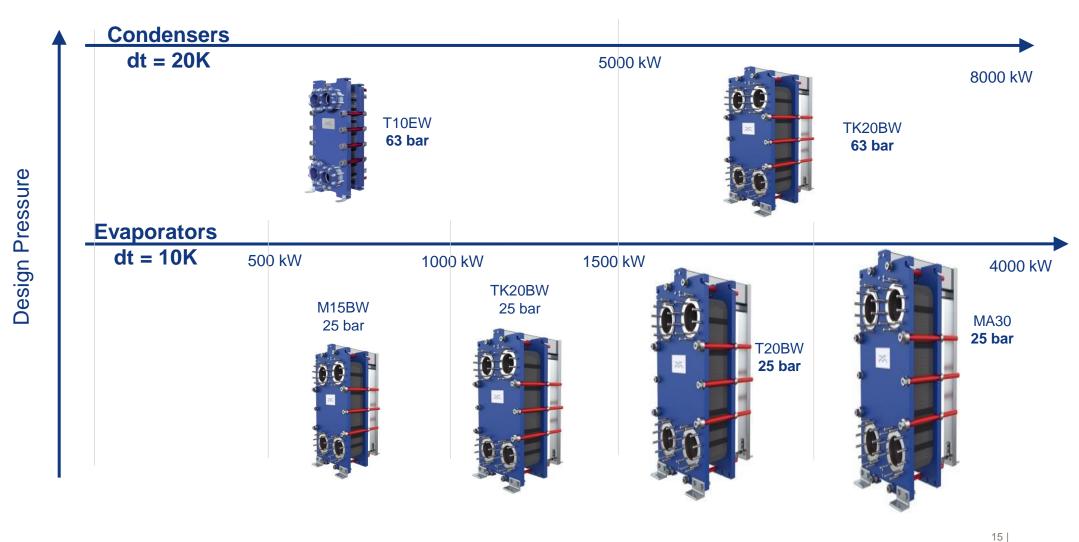


Heat exchanger portfolio Hydrocarbon Heat pumps small





Heat exchanger portfolio for Hydro carbon heat pumps large





Efficient heat exchangers also reduces Refrigerant charge

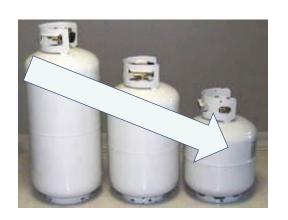
Examples:

Ground source heat pump with Propane

 With 150 grams of propane cases arrives to some 8 kW of heating which is less than 20 grams R290/ kilowatt



 With 40 kg of ammonia cases arrives to some 1 MW of heating which is less than 40 grams R717/ kilowatt



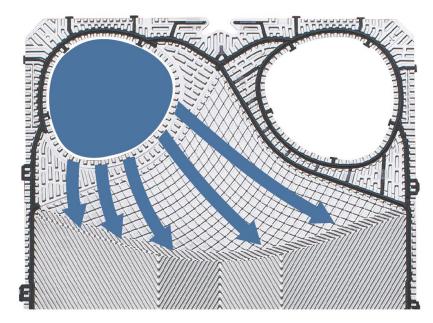


Maintain efficiency – by turbulent and well distributed flow

"The art of heat transfer is distributing the flow evenly and

...unit stays clean

longer!"





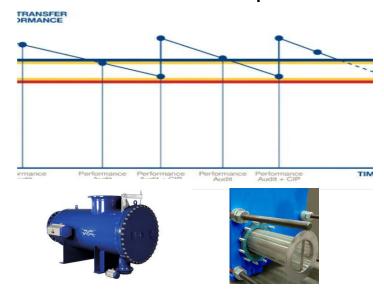
Maintain efficiency

Establish maintenance program optimising i efficiency performance of the Heat Pump

Alfa Laval service experts can assist to review and analyze the performance of the equipment. Modern tools are used to detect fouling or other risks so that all CIP cleaning can be predicted and planned to optimize system efficiency.

In order to benefit best various heat sources Alfa Laval include various optional equipment to optimize performance and uptime. In line self cleaning filter or port filters can be such options.

For sea and river water Alfa Laval recommends a back-flushing sequence on the incoming flow of cooling water at frequent short periods of time. In this sequence the reversed water direction scrapes off and flushes out accumulated debris from the plate heat exchanger surface. Using automatic back flush equipment saves time and money and minimizes downtime.







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