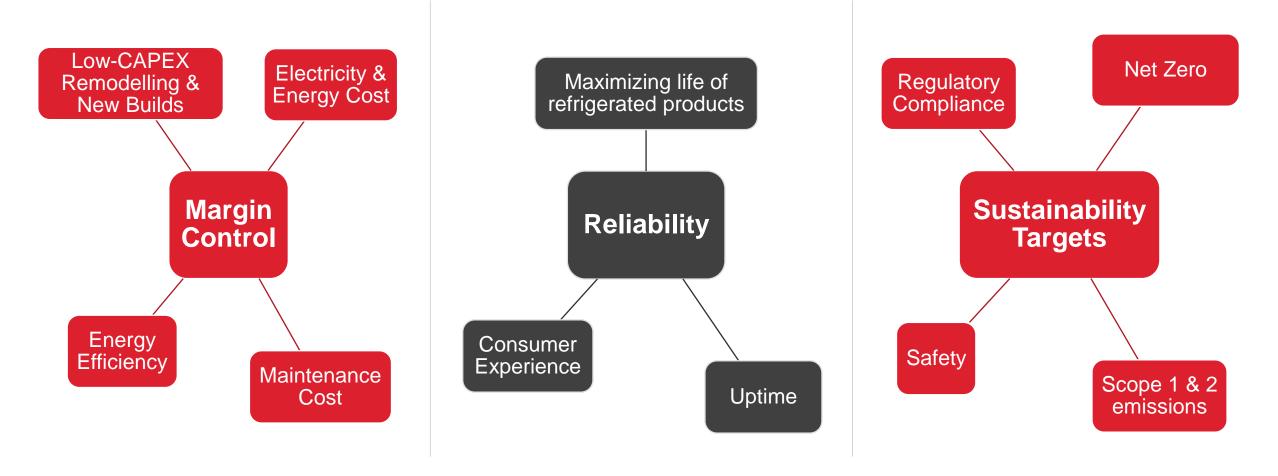
## HALL 7A





# WHAT RETAILERS EXPECT FROM THEIR REFRIGERATION ASSETS



## Refrigeration is Critical to Bottom Line

# HOW RETAILERS CAN OPTIMALLY MANAGE THEIR REFRIGERATION ASSETS

### **Existing Stores <10 Years**

- Typically, this represents >80% of the estate
- Large range of age (0 to ca. 10 years)
- Various formats (convenience, supermarket, hypermarket...)
- Focus on:
  - Uptime (reliability of operation)
  - Maximization of sales revenue
  - Minimization of OPEX
  - Extension of lifetime



Keep the asset and replace the current refrigerant in the system

### **Stores >10 Years & New Stores**

- Typically, up to 10-20% of store newbuilds each year (retiring stores being remodelled or brand-new stores)
- Some stores are being replaced by warehouses for online shopping delivery / pickup
- Focus on:
  - CAPEX minimization, including the possibility to re-use available equipment / components
  - Ensuring that the new assets will generate minimum OPEX during operation
  - Making sure that the new assets will run reliably and maximize uptime

Decide for new asset using a refrigerant supporting reliability, energy preservation and minimum CAPEX

Refrigeration Assets Require Specific Solutions Based on Format & Age

# NEW ASSETS & REMODELLING | SOLSTICE N71 (R-471A)

Food Service & Small Independent Stores



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Condensing Units,
Integral Systems
(Medium + Low Temp)

Convenience Stores (<600 sqm.)



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Condensing Units,
Integral Systems
(Medium + Low Temp)

Small & Medium-Size Stores (600-2,000 sqm.)



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Semi-Centralized
Condensing Units
(Medium + Low Temp)

Large Stores (>2,000 sqm.)



Solstice N71 (R-471A)
Centralized Rack
(Med Temp) +
Solstice L40X (R-455A)
(Low Temp)

### Solutions for Reliable & Sustainable New Stores

# **SOLSTICE® L40X (R-455A) | THE PROVEN SOLUTION FOR MEDIUM & LOW TEMP. IN NEW SYSTEMS**

Features	Applications	Installations		
<ul> <li>Composition: R-1234yf / R-32 / R-744 (75,5 / 21,5 / 3%)</li> <li>GWP = 148 (IPCC4), 146 (IPPC5)</li> <li>A2L</li> <li>Medium &amp; Low Temperature</li> <li>COP 6% to 10% higher than R-404A</li> <li>T (critical) = 85,6°C (+14,4°C vs R-404A)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Butcheries, Bakeries, Groceries (display cabinets, cold rooms)</li> <li>Restaurants &amp; Food Service</li> <li>Convenience Stores, Supermarkets</li> <li>Warehouses</li> <li>Laboratories</li> <li>Food processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Condensing units &amp; semi-centralized systems</li> <li>Plug-ins, integral systems</li> <li>Monobloc systems</li> <li>DX Racks</li> <li>Waterloop-condensing systems</li> <li>Chillers</li> </ul>		
1 (Ollidai) = 00,0 0 (114,4 0 v31(-404/v)	Took processing	ZANOTTI.com		

### **Central England Co-Op**

- 280 m<sup>2</sup>
- All refrigeration systems on Solstice<sup>®</sup> L40X (R-455A) incl. coldrooms
- 13% lower lifetime emissions vs. CO<sub>2</sub> transcritical system, at 23% lower TCO (total cost of ownership)



## Sorli (Spain)

- 1200 m<sup>2</sup>
- 30 kW total capacity covered by 3 condensing units (scroll)
- 13% lower lifetime emissions vs. CO<sub>2</sub> transcritical system, at 16% lower TCO (total cost of ownership)



## **Edeka Group (Germany)**

- 1200 m<sup>2</sup>, 30m of display cabinets, 20 plugin hybrid freezers, 2 cold rooms
- Heat recovery: 40% lower energy consumption than plug-in systems without heat recovery
- Decentralized modules: Highly reliable and flexible system, 35% lower investment costs than CO<sub>2</sub> system



## Delhaize (Belgium)

- 1600 m<sup>2</sup>
- 10 kW total capacity (20m MT cabinets)
- Store owner: "Low GWP (<150) solution is considered future-proof; CO<sub>2</sub> not an option due to high cost."



## Convincing Retailers on Cost, Reliability & Sustainability

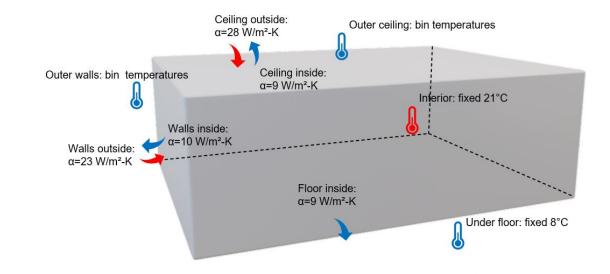
# HEAT RECOVERY WITH SOLSTICE® L40X (R-455A) | CASE STUDY ON 1,000 SQM. STORE

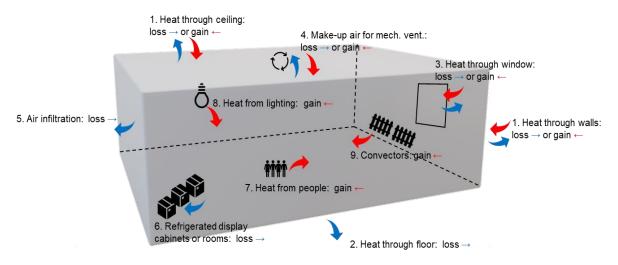
#### **Store Details**

- London, UK
- Installed cooling capacity: MT 100 kW, LT 14 kW
- Heating needs: 209,818 kWh | Water network 35/30°C
- Hot water needs: 119,866 kWh
- Water inlet 5°C / outlet 60°C
- Life cycle: 15 years

### **Heat Recovery Scenario**

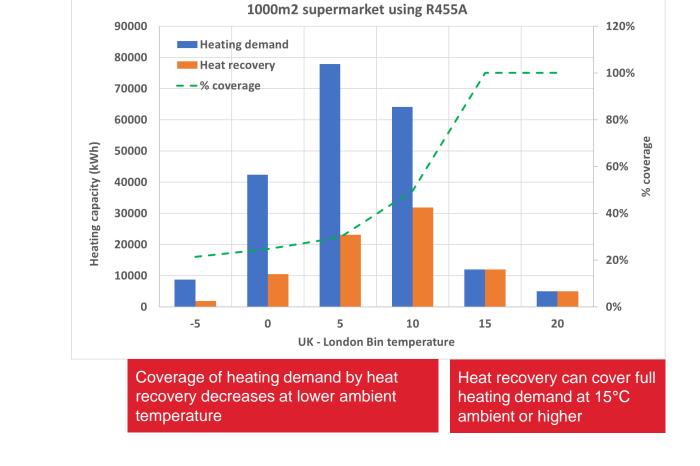
- Covering hot water needs first
- Remaining available heat is used for heating needs
- Gas boiler is used to cover the remaining needs





# HEAT RECOVERY WITH SOLSTICE® L40X (R-455A) | CASE STUDY ON 1,000 SQM. STORE

Consumption *	w/o Heat Recovery	with Heat Recovery	
Electricity (kWh elec.)			
MT	2,119,000		
LT	670,000		
Gas Boiler (kWh heat)			
Heating	209,815	125,000 <b>Coverage 40%</b>	
Hot water	119,866	0 <b>Coverage 100%</b>	



Heating demand and heat recovery

<sup>\*</sup> Honeywell simulation based on assumptions listed on previous slide

# NEW ASSETS & REMODELLING | SOLSTICE N71 (R-471A)

# Food Service & Small Independent Stores



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Condensing Units, Integral
Systems
(Medium + Low Temp)

# Convenience Stores (<600 sqm.)



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Condensing Units, Integral
Systems
(Medium + Low Temp)

### Small & Medium-Size Stores (600-2,000 sqm.)



Solstice L40X (R-455A)
Semi-Centralized
Condensing Units
(Medium + Low Temp)

# Large Stores (>2,000 sqm.)



Solstice N71 (R-471A)
Centralized Rack
(Med Temp) +
Solstice L40X (R-455A)
(Low Temp)

### Solutions for Reliable & Sustainable New Stores

# SOLSTICE® N71 (R-471A) | SNAPSHOT

#### **Features & Benefits**

**GWP<150:** Compliant with international regulations

#### Class A1 / Non-flammable:

- Possibility to use in DX systems w/o charge limitation on flammability
- Same handling, storage & transportation as other lowpressure, A1 refrigerants

#### High efficiency i.e. lower electricity consumption:

- Similar to R-134a
- 15-30% improved energy efficiency vs. R-404A\*
- 20-30% improved energy efficiency vs. CO<sub>2</sub>\*

Low pressure: Low leaks, minimal recharge volumes

#### Similar system technology to R-134a:

- Standard service practices
- Traditional contractor base

### **Ready for Store Trials**

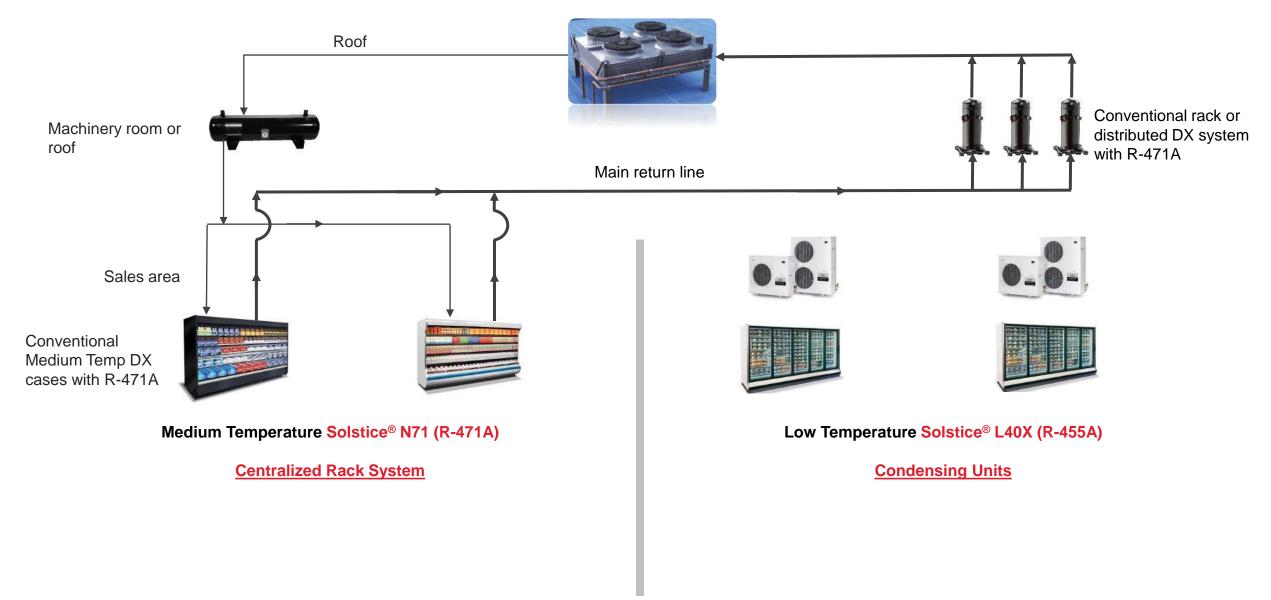
- On track for commercialization in 2023
- Qualification ongoing with OEMs & component manufacturers
- Available for sampling and store pilot trials

Properties	R-471A
Composition (by weight)	R-1234ze / R-1336mzzE / R-227ea (78.7 / 17 / 4.3 %)
GWP	148
Safety class	ASHRAE A1
Critical temperature	112°C
Discharge temperature	79.1°C
Glide at 1,013 bar	3.3 K
<b>Boiling point</b>	-16.9°C

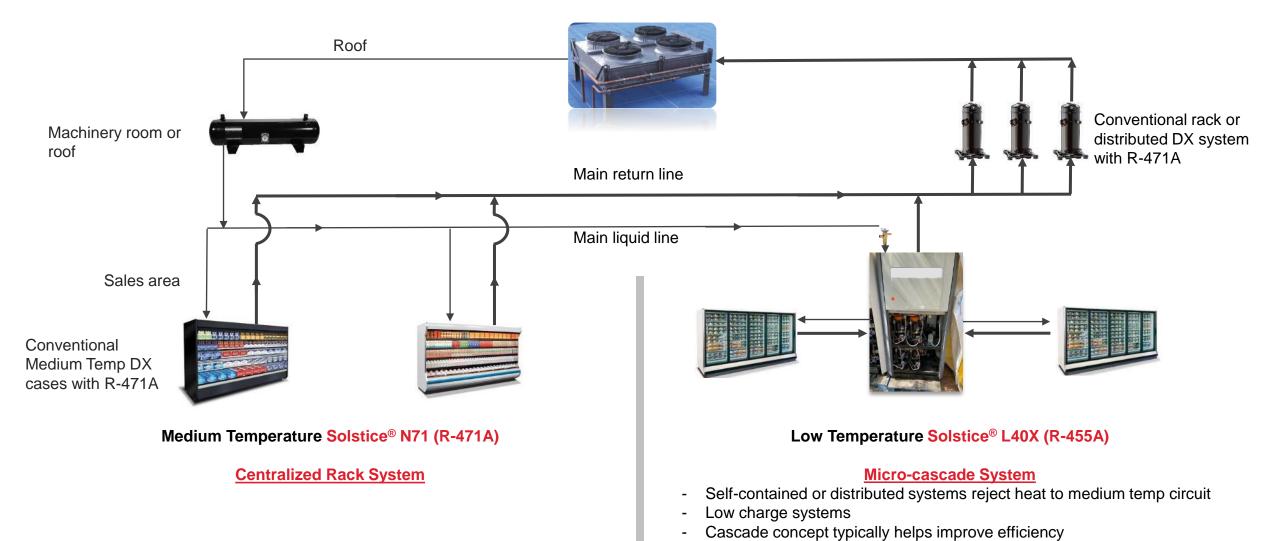
These are just some of a mosaic of properties that must be considered in selecting a refrigerant

<sup>\*</sup> Calculations based on bin temperatures for representative cities for low-, mediumand high-ambient conditions to calculate annual weighted COP. Example architecture utilized R-471A in medium temperature with cascaded R-455A in low temperature.

# **ARCHITECTURE (A) FOR LARGE RETAIL STORE**



# **ARCHITECTURE (B) FOR LARGE RETAIL STORE**



Systems can be optimized for one operating condition year-round

# ECO-EFFICIENCY SIMULATION\* | 2,000 SQM.

Solution	CAPEX (kEUR)	OPEX   Electricity + Service (kEUR)	TCO   CAPEX + OPEX (kEUR)	Energy Consumption (millions of kWh)	Total Carbon Footprint (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)
R-471A (N71) Centralized Rack (Med Temp) + R-455A (L40X) Condensing Units (Low Temp)	248	973	1,226	1.92	838
R-744 (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Transcritical Booster System	317	1,145	1,466	2.25	969
Delta in favour of R-471A	69 kEUR	172 kEUR	240 kEUR	0.33 million kWh	131 t CO <sub>2</sub> e

<sup>\*</sup> Simulation conducted with the Eco-Efficiency Model, based on specific assumptions (see back-up) and 10-year system operating period. Honeywell can conduct a simulation reflecting accurately your own situation and investment options.

# ECO-EFFICIENCY SIMULATION\* | 8,000 SQM.

Solution	CAPEX (kEUR)	OPEX   Electricity + Service (kEUR)	TCO   CAPEX + OPEX (kEUR)	Energy Consumption (millions of kWh)	Total Carbon Footprint (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)
R-471A (N71) Centralized Rack (Med Temp) + R-455A (L40X) Condensing Units (Low Temp)	1,155	5,344	6,526	10.62	4,640
R-744 (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Transcritical Booster System	1,259	6,388	7,670	12.68	5,453
Delta in favour of R-471A	104 kEUR	1,044 kEUR	1,144 kEUR	2.06 million kWh	813 t CO <sub>2</sub> e

<sup>\*</sup> Simulation conducted with the Eco-Efficiency Model, based on specific assumptions (see back-up) and 10-year system operating period. Honeywell can conduct a simulation reflecting accurately your own situation and investment options.

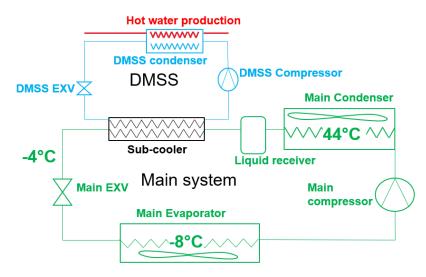
# FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS AROUND SOLSTICE® N71 (R-471A)

### **Deep-Subcooling**

- Dedicated Mechanical Sub-Cooling System (DMSS):
  - sub-cools liquid in the outlet of the liquid receiver of the main system
  - increases cooling capacity of the main system without increasing the mass flow
  - drives system performance in function of the cooling demand
  - represents an additional opportunity for heat recovery

#### Preliminary Results\*:

- DMSS can increase initial cooling capacity by up to 64%
- COP can be increased by a factor between 10 and 30% (there is an optimum subcooling to get maximum COP)
- DMSS can produce hot water with a higher COP than the main system



# Low-CAPEX Store Remodelling

- Remodelling of existing stores to R-471A with minor and low-CAPEX modifications (operating conditions, system enhancements, re-use of components & equipment)
- Indirect systems using chiller technologies, covering refrigeration + HVAC
- Plug&Play / Rental models

<sup>\*</sup> Properties at -8°C / 45°C

# SOLSTICE® ENGINEERED REFRIGERANTS IN RETAIL | WHY?

### **Energy Preservation**

For each format and age of asset, there is a Solstice solution ensuring minimization of energy consumption.

- Primary energy need & heat recovery
- Alternative models like Cooling-ondemand / CaaS will favor most efficient technologies
- Critical to use technologies which support further significant efficiency gains

#### **Cost Minimization**

For each format of asset, there is a Solstice solution ensuring minimization of the Total Cost of Ownership – the only valid reference for cost-effectiveness.

- CAPEX minimization thru retrofits of assets & remodelling with re-use of components
- OPEX minimization thru low energy consumption & low maintenance cost (simplicity of system design & availability of large contractor base)

### **Revenue Maximization**

Solstice solutions make systems operate reliably, safely and maximize uptime.

- Low working pressure levels
- Reduced time needed to remodel and reopen an asset
- Minimum risk of system failure and food loss (and related CO<sub>2</sub> emissions), even at high ambient temperatures
- Critical to use resilient technologies:
   What happens in case of power outage?

## Solstice® Helps Preserve Energy & Maximize Bottom Line

# THANK YOU

#### **DISCLAIMER**

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