

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 ♦ IDENTIFICATION

Magellan Midstream Partners
One Williams Center
Tulsa, OK 74172

For Emergency Source Information Contact:

➤ 3E Contact: (877-852-0015 or +1 (760) 602-8700

GHS PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: Diesel Fuels (all Grades), Fuel Oil (all grades), High Sulfur Diesel Fuel, Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel, Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel, Off-Road Diesel Fuel, Dyed Diesel Fuel, X Grade, X-1.

CHEMICAL FAMILY:
Petroleum
Hydrocarbon

PRODUCT USES: Used primarily as a fuel source for internal combustion engines.

SECTION 2 * HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1	Carcinogenicity - Category 2	Flammable Liquid and Vapor - Category 3
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2	Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2B	Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard - Category 3	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Chronic Hazard - Category 3	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure) - Category 2	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3 (respiratory irritation, narcosis)	

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Diesel Fuels, All Grades

GHS PICTOGRAMS

SIGNAL WORD



DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Causes skin irritation.	Harmful to aquatic life.	Flammable liquid and vapor.
May cause genetic defects.	May cause respiratory irritation.	Suspect of causing cancer.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.	
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	Use only non-sparking tools.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/equipment.	
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	Keep out of reach of children.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.	Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.	Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	Avoid release to the environment.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	

Response

In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, dry chemical fire extinguishers or hand held fire extinguisher.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison control center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place	Keep cool	Store locked up	Keep container tightly closed
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Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SUPPLIER INFORMATION

Magellan Midstream Partners	One Williams Center	Tulsa, OK 74172
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SECTION 3 ▼ COMPOSITION/INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	PERCENTAGE (%)
Diesel fuel	68476-34-6	100
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-3
n-Nonane	111-84-2	1-3
Hexane (All isomers)	110-54-3	1-3
Heptane	142-82-5	1-2
Octane (All isomers)	111-65-9	1-2

SECTION 4 + FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids, Get Medical Aid.

SKIN: Quickly remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to an emergency facility immediately.

INHALATION: Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give cardiopulmonary resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, give medical oxygen.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY AND SUPPORTIVELY

SECTION 5 ⚠ FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

SEE SECTION 9 FOR FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

COMBUSTIBLE! This material releases vapors at or below ambient temperatures. When mixed with air in certain proportions and exposed to an ignition source, these vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, flammable vapors may travel long distances along the ground before reaching a point of ignition and flashing back.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog, dry chemical, foam, or Carbon Dioxide. Use water spray to cool nearby containers and structure exposed to fire. Water fog or spray are of value in cooling tanks and containers but may not achieve extinguishment.

HAZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION: Burning or excessive heating may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, also other harmful gases/vapors including oxides and/or other compounds of chlorine, manganese, and bromine. Also, diesel Exhaust has been reported to be an occupational hazard due to NIOSH-reported potential carcinogenic properties.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS: For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined space without proper protective equipment. This may include self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against the hazardous effects of combustion products and oxygen deficiencies. If firefighters cannot work upwind of the fire, respiratory protective equipment must be worn. Cool tanks and containers exposed to fire with water. Burning liquid will float on water. Notify appropriate authorities if liquid enters sewer/waterways.

SECTION 6 ❖ ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT	A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP	Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
OTHER INFORMATION	Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

SECTION 7 ✕ HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prior to working with this product workers should be trained on its proper handling and storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY HANDLING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Use only as a motor fuel. ➤ Do not siphon by mouth. ➤ Handle as a flammable liquid. ➤ Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame! Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion. ➤ Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API Publication 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents."
STORAGE PROCEDURES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers. ➤ Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition. ➤ Store in a well-ventilated area. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". ➤ Avoid storage near incompatible materials.
INCOMPATIBILITIES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Keep away from strong oxidizers.

SECTION 8 # EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV (2013)	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Diesel	TWA: 100 mg/M ³ (Skin)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Naphthalene	TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm Skin	TWA: 10 ppm	250 ppm
n-Nonane	TWA: 200 ppm	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Hexane(All isomers)	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 500 ppm	1,100 ppm
Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	750 ppm
Octane (All isomers)	TWA: 300 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	1,000 ppm

ENGINEERING MEASURES: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits and flammability limits, particularly in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-supplied respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for non-routine and emergency use.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, or mists. Keep away from eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing safety glasses or chemical splash goggles.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Keep away from skin. Skin contact can be minimized by wearing protective gloves such as neoprene, nitrile-butadiene rubber, etc. and, where necessary, impervious clothing and boots. Leather goods contaminated with this product should be discarded. A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Flame Retardant Clothing is recommended.

SECTION 9 ↵ PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT (760 MM HG): 325-700 °F/162-371 °C	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Slight
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂O = 1): 0.84-0.93	VISCOSITY UNITS, TEMP: No data
EVAPORATION RATE (BuAc = 1): 0.02	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR =1): 4
VAPOR PRESSURE AT 20°C: <3.0 mm Hg	SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Clear to straw colored liquid; petroleum distillates/kerosene odor (may be dyed red).	
FLASH POINT: (Method Used) 125-190 °F/51.6-87.7 °C	FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: 0.4% UEL: 8.0%
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 495 °F/ 257.2 °C	VOC CONTENT: 100%

SECTION 10 ⚡ STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures
HAZARDOUS REACTION POTENTIAL: Will not occur
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.
INCOMPATIBLE PRODUCTS: Keep away from strong oxidizers.
MATERIALS TO AVOID: Contact with nitric and sulfuric acids will form nitroresols that can decompose violently.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Has not been reported
OTHER PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: If uninhibited, diesel will cause rusting of copper and alloys containing copper.

SECTION 11 ☼ TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

DIESEL FUELS

Diesel may be irritating to the eyes, respiratory system and skin. The main hazard associated with diesel is chemical pneumonitis that may arise following aspiration of liquid or inhalation of mist/vapor.

Toxicity

Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD ₅₀ (oral)	Rat	5,001 mg/Kg	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	2,001 mg/Kg	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (4 hours)	7.64 mg/l

CARCINOGENICITY

IARC	Inadequate evidence in animals	Inadequate evidence in humans	Group 3: not classifiable as a human carcinogen
NTP	Not Listed		
California (Prop 65): Listed as carcinogen	NIOSH: Not Listed	ACGIH: Not Listed	OSHA: Not Listed
RTECS #: LS9142500			

NAPHTHALENE

Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Hemolytic anemia (destruction of red blood cells) is the primary health concern for humans exposed to naphthalene for either short or long periods of time. Other effects may include nausea, profuse perspiration, vomiting, kidney damage and liver damage. Chronic exposure may cause lung damage.

TOXICITY

Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD ₅₀ (oral)	Rat	490 mg/kg	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (1 hour)	No Data

Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: No data available

Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available

CARCINOGENICITY

IARC	Sufficient evidence in animals	Inadequate evidence in humans	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
NTP	Listed as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen		
California (Prop 65): Listed as carcinogen	NIOSH: Not Listed	ACGIH: Not Listed	OSHA: Not Listed

MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS

Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available	Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available
Reproductive toxicity: No data available	Teratogenicity: No data available
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Testing showed no irritation	Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation
Synergistic effects: No data available	Aspiration hazard: No data available

RTECS #: QJ0525000

NONANE

Nonane may cause irritation eyes, skin, nose, and throat. Other symptoms may include: headache, drowsiness, dizziness, confusion, nausea, tremor, and incoordination. If liquid is aspirated it may cause chemical pneumonitis.

TOXICITY

Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD ₅₀ (oral)	Mouse	218 mg/kg	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	No Data	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (4 hours)	3,200 ppm

Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness				Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available				
CARCINOGENICITY								
IARC		Not Listed						
NTP		Not Listed						
California (Prop 65): Not Listed		NIOSH: Not Listed			ACGIH: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed	
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS								
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available				Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available				
Reproductive toxicity: No data available				Teratogenicity: No data available				
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Testing showed no irritation				Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation				
Synergistic effects: No data available				Aspiration hazard: No data available				
RTECS #: RA6115000								
HEXANE (ALL ISOMERS)								
May cause respiratory tract irritation. Exposure produces central nervous system depression. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Chronic exposure may cause liver damage. Adverse reproductive effects have been reported in animals. Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects.								
TOXICITY								
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD ₅₀ (oral)	Rat	15.8 g/kg	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	No Data	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (4 hours)	48,000 ppm
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness				Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: may cause damage to organs from repeated or prolonged exposure. May cause nervous system damage.				
CARCINOGENICITY								
Testicular tumors shown in rats.								
IARC		Not Listed						
NTP		Not Listed						
California (Prop 65): Not listed as carcinogen		NIOSH: Not Listed			ACGIH: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed	
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS								
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available				Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available				
Reproductive toxicity: overexposure may cause reproductive disorders based on lab animals. May damage fertility in humans.				Teratogenicity: No data available				
Skin Corrosion/irritation: No data available				Serious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: mild eye irritation				
Synergistic effects: No data available				Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.				
RTECS #: MN9275000								
HEPTANE								
Heptane can affect the body if it is inhaled, comes in contact with the eyes or skin, or is swallowed. Hexane vapor is a narcotic and a mild upper respiratory irritant. Peripheral nerve damage has been reported to occur in workers exposed to hexane vapors, characterized by progressive weakness and numbness in the extremities.								
TOXICITY								
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result

MATERIAL NAME: Diesel Fuels,
All Grades



SDS #: MMP-003

LD ₅₀ (oral)	Mouse	222 mg/kg	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	No Data	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (4 hours)	103 g/M ³
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness				Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available				
CARCINOGENICITY								
IARC		Not Listed						
NTP		Not Listed						
California (Prop 65): Not Listed		NIOSH: Not Listed		ACGIH: Not Listed			OSHA: Not Listed	
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS								
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available				Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available				
Reproductive toxicity: No data available				Teratogenicity: No data available				
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Testing showed no irritation				Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation				
Synergistic effects: No data available				Aspiration hazard: No data available				
RTECS #: MI7700000								

OCTANE

Octane can affect the body if it is inhaled, comes in contact with the skin or eyes or is swallowed. Octane vapor is a mild narcotic and mucous membrane irritant. No chronic systemic effects have been reported in humans.

TOXICITY

Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD ₅₀ (oral)	Mouse	No Data	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	Rabbit	No Data	LC ₅₀ (inh)	Rat (4 hours)	118 g/M ³
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness				Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available				
CARCINOGENICITY								
IARC		Not Listed						
NTP		Not Listed						
California (Prop 65): Not Listed		NIOSH: Not Listed		ACGIH: Not Listed			OSHA: Not Listed	
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS								
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available				Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available				
Reproductive toxicity: No data available				Teratogenicity: No data available				
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Testing showed no irritation				Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation				
Synergistic effects: No data available				Aspiration hazard: No data available				
RTECS #: RG8400000								

SECTION 12 * ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

DIESEL

TOXICITY

Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Fathead Minnow	35 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data
EC ₅₀	-----	No Data	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Readily biodegradable in the environment. The presence of ethanol in this product may impede the biodegradation of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylene in groundwater, resulting in elongated plumes of these constituents.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL					
Log P _{ow}		3 - 6.0	BCF		No Data
MOBILITY IN SOIL					
K _{oc} (Soil/water Partition Coefficient)				No Data	
NAPHTHALENE					
TOXICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Fathead Minnow	1-6.5 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	2.16 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	0.4 mg/L 96 Hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	0.93 mg/L 30 Min
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL					
Log P _{ow}		3.3	BCF		85.1
K _{oc} (Soil/water Partition Coefficient)				1,191	
NONANE					
TOXICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	-----	No Data	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data
EC ₅₀	-----	No Data	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL					
Log P _{ow}		5.65	BCF		No Data
K _{oc} (Soil/water Partition Coefficient)				No Data	
HEXANE					
TOXICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Fathead Minnow	2.5 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	3.87 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	12.8 g/L 3 hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	No Data
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL					
Log P _{ow}		3.9	BCF		No Data
HEPTANE					
TOXICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Goldfish 24 hours	4 mg/L	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	1.5 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	-----	No Data	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL					
Log P _{ow}		>3.0	BCF		No Data
K _{oc} (Soil/water Partition Coefficient)				No Data	
OCTANE					
TOXICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Rice Fish 96 hours	0.42 mg/L	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	0.38 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	5.8 g/L 72 hours	EC ₅₀	-----	No Data

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BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Log P _{ow}	5.15	BCF	No Data
K _{oc} (Soil/water Partition Coefficient)			No Data

SECTION 13 * DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Not Meant To Be All Inclusive - Check Local, State, And Federal Laws And Regulations
 Maximize product recovery for reclaim and reuse. Implement waste minimization principles. EPA U.S. Waste Codes: "Ignitable hazardous waste" (D001), unless proven otherwise. Use approved treatment, transporters, and disposal sites in compliance with all laws.
 Waste Disposal Method: Should not be released into the environment.
 Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
 US EPA Waste Number: D001, Waste Flammable Material with a flashpoint <140 °F

SECTION 14 ☐ TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Not Meant To Be All Inclusive - Check Local, State, And Federal Laws And Regulations

Element	U.S. DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN 1993	UN 1993	UN 1993
UN Proper Shipping Name	Diesel Fuel	Diesel Fuel	Diesel Fuel
Hazard Class	3	3	3
Placard/Label			
Environmental Hazard	Yes	Yes	Yes
Packing Group	III	III	III

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

Agency	Listing Guidance only, consult specific regulations		
OSHA	All ingredients are listed as hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200		
CERCLA RQ's (40 CFR Part 102)	Naphthalene – 100 pounds	Hexane – 5,000 pounds	
TSCA 8(a)	Naphthalene	n-Heptane	n-Nonane
TSCA 8(b)	All components are listed		
SARA (40 CFR Part 355) TPQ's	None of the ingredients are listed		
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances	None of the ingredients are listed		
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification	None of the ingredients are listed		
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals	n-Hexane	Naphthalene	Heptane
	Hexane (all isomers)	Nonane	Octane (all isomers)
RCRA	Naphthalene – U165	Hexane - U056	
State Regulations: Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, and New York	All components are listed except diesel and gasoline		

SARA 311/312 SDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification	Hexane (Other Isomers): Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Naphthalene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; n-Heptane: Fire hazard; n-Hexane: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; n-Nonane: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Octane (All Isomers): Fire hazard	
EPA Form R Toxic Chemical Release Inventory	n-Hexane	Naphthalene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	Naphthalene	
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311	Naphthalene	
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	n-Hexane	Naphthalene
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not Listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not Listed	

SECTION 16 ⚠ OTHER INFORMATION

 <p>NFPA LABEL</p>	 <p>HMIS III LABEL</p> <p><u>Personal Protection Index</u> NPCA recommends that PPE codes be determined by the employer, who is familiar with the actual conditions under which chemicals in the facility are used.</p>
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Acronym List

°F=degrees Fahrenheit	°C=degrees Celsius	ACGIH= American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
APR=Air Purifying Respirator	BCF= Bioconcentration Factor	BuAc=Butyl Acetate
CANUTEC= Canadian Transport Emergency Centre	CAS=Chemical Abstract Service	CERCLA= Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CHEMTREC= Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	CNS=Central Nervous System	CWA=Clean Water Act
DOT=Department of Transportation	EC50= Effective Concentration Fifty	EPA=Environmental Protection Agency
g/Kg=Grams per Kilogram	g/M ³ =Grams per Cubic Meter	GHS=Global Harmonization System
H ₂ O=Water	HAP=Hazardous Air Pollutants	HMIS= Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC= International Agency for Research on Cancer	IATA= International Air Transport Association	IMDG= International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC ₅₀ =Lethal Concentration Fifty	LD ₅₀ =Lethal Dose Fifty	LEL=Lower Explosive Limit
Log P _{ow} =Octanol/water partition coefficient	mg/Kg=Milligrams per Kilogram	mg/L=Milligrams per Liter
mL/Kg=Milliliters per Kilogram	mm HG=millimeters of mercury	NFPA=National Fire Protection Association

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NIOSH= National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	NTP=National Toxicology Program	OSHA=Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL=Permissible Exposure Limit	ppm=Parts per Million	RCRA=Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RQ=Reportable Quantities	RTECS=Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances	SARA= Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
SDS=Safety Data Sheet	SETIQ= Emergency Transportation System for the Chemical Industry; Mexico	STEL=Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV=Threshold Limit Value	TPQ=Threshold Planning Quantity	TSCA=Toxic Substance and Control Act
TWA=Time Weighted Average	UEL=Upper Explosive Limit	VOC=Volatile Organic Compounds

SDS REVISIONS: Reformatted to meet GHS Requirements

SDS CREATION DATE: 05/30/14

REVISION #0: 05/30/14

DISCLAIMER

The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. **HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS ACCURACY.** Some conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. **FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT.** All product measurements such as flash point, *etc.* are considered approximate values. All data provided by Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P, or supplier. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product.

SDS DEVELOPER:

Cass Willard, CIH

DATE: 05/30/14