

SA	AFETY D	ATA SHEET	
SE		IDENTIFICATION	
Magellan Midstream Partners One Williams Center Tulsa, OK 74172		For Emergency Source Int	Formation Contact: 0015 or +1 (760) 602-8700
GHS PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: Petroleum Naphtha, Straight Run, Refined Light Raffinate.	CHEMICAL F.	AMILY: Aliphatic Naphtha	PRODUCT USES: Used primarily as a fuel source for internal combustion engines.
SECTION		ARDS IDENTIFICATIO	N
	GHS CLA	SSIFICATIONS	
Flammable liquids – Category 2		Skin corrosion/irritation	on – Category 2
Carcinogenicity - Category 1A		Aspiration Hazard – C	Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repea Category 1 (liver, kidneys, bladder, blo marrow, nervous system)		Specific target or exposure) – Category	
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environm Chronic Hazard - Category 2	nent –	Eye Damage/Irritation	– Category 2B
May contain or release poisonous hydr	ogen sulfide g	as	
	GHS LAB	EL ELEMENTS	
		HT RUN NAPHTHA	
	Pictograms		SIGNAL WORD
			DANGER
		STATEMENTS	
Extremely flammable liquid and		May be fatal if sw	allowed and enters airways.
Harmful if inhaled.		May be fatal if sw May cause irrita	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation.	vapor.	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys,	vapor.	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer.	vapor.	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of c	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. es eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys,	vapor. blood and nerv	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of o May cause di	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer.	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of May cause du ARY STATEMENTS	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. es eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life.	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre	May be fatal if sw May cause irritation Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of of May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. as eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of o May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life.	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment.	May be fatal if sw May cause irritation Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of our May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ Ground/bond container and receiving equi	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment. / lighting/equip	May be fatal if sw May cause irritation Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of our May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. as eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness. tightly closed. ols.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ Ground/bond container and receiving equi Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment. / lighting/equip c discharge.	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of o May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to ment. Keep out of reach of child	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. as eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness. tightly closed. ols.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ Ground/bond container and receiving equi Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating Take precautionary measures against static	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment. / lighting/equip c discharge. //eye protection	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of o May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to ment. Keep out of reach of child	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. s eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness. tightly closed. ols.
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ Ground/bond container and receiving equi Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating Take precautionary measures against static Wear protective gloves/protective clothing	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment. / lighting/equip c discharge. //eye protection	May be fatal if sw May cause irrita Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of of May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention o smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to ment. Keep out of reach of child /face protection.	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. es eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness. tightly closed. ols. dren
Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to liver, kidneys, May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ Ground/bond container and receiving equi Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating Take precautionary measures against static Wear protective gloves/protective clothing Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after	vapor. blood and nerv PRECAUTIONA Pre hot surfaces. No pment. / lighting/equip e discharge. (eye protection handling.	May be fatal if sw May cause irritation Cause ous system through prolong Suspected of of May cause dr ARY STATEMENTS vention D smoking. Keep container Use only non-sparking to ment. Keep out of reach of child /face protection. Obtain special instruction	allowed and enters airways. tion of respiratory system. es eye irritation. ed or repeated exposure. causing genetic defects. rowsiness or dizziness. tightly closed. ols. dren as before use. vell-ventilated area.



		Response				
In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, dry cher	nical fi	re extinguishers or hand held fire	e extinguisher.			
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice						
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of			ediately all contaminated clothing			
and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occu						
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for s			if present and easy to do. Continue			
rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical						
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and	l keep a	at rest in a position comfortable f	or breathing. Call a poison control			
center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	11					
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwe						
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POIS	JN CE		ot induce vomiting.			
	- 1	Storage				
Store in a well-ventilated place Keep	cool	Store locked up	Keep container tightly closed			
		Disposal				
Dispose of contents/container in accordance		0	l regulations.			
	SUPP	LIER INFORMATION				
Magellan Midstream Partners		One Williams Center	Tulsa, OK 74172			
SECTION 3 V COMP	<u>OSIT</u>	ION/INFORMATION OF IN				
INGREDIENT		CAS NUMBER	PERCENTAGE (%)			
Naphtha, Light Straight-Run		64741-46-4	67-99			
Benzene		71-43-2	1-33			
Hydrogen Sulfide		7783-06-4	0-0.01			
	N44	FIRST AID MEASURES				
EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of Get Medical Aid.			lly lifting the upper and lower lids,			
SKIN: Quickly remove contaminated clothing	and in	nmediately flush skin with plent	y of soap and water for at least 15			
minutes while removing contaminated clothin						
INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Call a						
INHALATION: Get medical aid immediately.						
cardiopulmonary resuscitation. If breathing i						
· · · _ · _ · _ · _ · _		SYMPTOMATICALLY AND S	UPPORTIVELY			
SECTION 5 % FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES						
SECTION 5 & FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES						
EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE! This material releases vapors at or below ambient temperatures. When mixed with air in						
certain proportions and exposed to an ignition source, these vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces.						
	Being heavier than air, flammable vapors may travel long distances along the ground before reaching a point of ignition					
and flashing back.						
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog, dry chemical, foam, or Carbon Dioxide. Use water spray to cool nearby						
containers and structure exposed to fire. Water fog or spray are of value in cooling tanks and containers but may not						
achieve extinguishment.						
HAZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION: Burning or excessive heating may produce carbon monoxide and carbon						
dioxide, also other harmful gases/vapors inclu	ding ox	kides and/or other compounds of	chlorine, manganese, and bromine.			
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE	IGHTE	RS: For fires involving this mate	erial, do not enter any enclosed or			
confined space without proper protective equip		•	•			
against the hazardous effects of combustion						
the fire, respiratory protective equipment must						
liquid will float on water. Notify appropriate authorities if liquid enters sewer/waterways.						

SECTION 6 * ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS METHODS FOR CONTAINME METHODS FOR CLEANING U	immediate area). Eve equipment. All equip Ensure adequate ven discharges. Keep per can do so without ris A vapor suppressing NT dry earth, sand or oth Dike far ahead of lig	 ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike far ahead of 					
OTHER INFORMATION	liquid spill for later of	disposal. luce vapor but may not prevent igniti	on in closed spaces				
		DLING AND STORAGE	on in closed spaces.				
Prior to working wit			ng and storage				
PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY HANDLING STORAGE PROCEDURES	 Do not siphon by Handle as a flam Keep away from be approved for transfer to reduc Special slow loa avoid the static i material (such as flash point produ "Protection Agai Currents." Keep away from approved vented Keep containers vessels may com expose such con Store in a well-v 	 > Do not siphon by mouth. > Handle as a flammable liquid. > Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame! Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion. > Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API Publication 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents." > Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers. > Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition. 					
INCOMPATIBILITIES		Keep away from strong oxidizers.					
SECTION		ROLS / PERSONAL PROTEC RE LIMITS					
Chambred N							
Chemical Name Naphtha Hydrocarbons (Aromatic & Paraffinic)	ACGIH TLV (2017) Not Applicable	OSHA PEL TWA: 100 ppm Based on Coal Tar Naphtha	NIOSH IDLH Not Applicable				
Benzene	TWA: 0.5 ppm STEL: 2.5 ppm Skin	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 5	500 ppm				
Hydrogen Sulfide	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 5 ppm	Ceiling: 20 ppm Peak: 50 ppm	100 ppm				

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure limits and flammability limits, particularly in confined areas.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES: Eye protection (ANSI Z87.1 approved) should be worn whenever there is a likelihood of misting or splashing/spraying liquid. Suitable eyewash station should be available. Contact lenses must not be worn.

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resistanc	SKIN/BODY: Chemical protective clothing is recommended based on a thorough PPE hazard assessment. Note: The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure. Consult manufacturer specifications for specific information.								
		Gloves construction		ile, nec	pren	e, or PVC a	re recommene	ded. Consult	manufacturer
	1	ECTION: A NIC		d air n	urifvi	ng respirato	r (APR) with	nronerly selec	ted cartridges
		under certain c							
		y APRs is limit							
·	•	r supplied (Grad	· •			• •			ase, exposure
		or any other circ							
		ND WORK PRA good personal h		•		•			
		r. Immediately							and water of a
					-				
BOILING PO °C	INT(760 MM)	HG): <100-435	°F / 37-224	P	ERCE	NT VOLATI	LE BY VOLUM	ie: 100%	
SPECIFIC GI	RAVITY (H ₂ O) = 1): 0.70-0.75	j				TEMP: No D		
		$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{C} = 1$: Unava				,	AIR =1): >1.0		
		°C: 525 mm Hg					ATER: Neglig		
APPEARANC	E AND ODOR	R: Colorless liqu	uid with cha	racteris	stic ga	asoline odor	, estimated od		A A
FLASH POIN	T: (Method U	Used) -40 °F /-4	40 °C		FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: 1.5% UEL: 7.6%				
AUTOIGNITI	ON TEMPER	ATURE: 531 °F	/ 277 °C	1	VOC	CONTENT:	100%		
		SECTION	110 ¤ S1	ΓABIL	.ITY	AND REA	CTIVITY		
		Stable under nor	<u> </u>		and pr	ressures			
HAZARDOUS	REACTION	POTENTIAL: W	ill not occur						
CONDITIONS	S TO AVOID:	Avoid high ten	nperatures, o	pen fla	ames,	sparks, wel	ding, smoking	g and other igr	ition sources.
INCOMPATIE	BLE PRODUC	TS: Keep away	from strong	oxidize	ers.				
MATERIALS	TO AVOID:	Contact with nit	ric and sulfu	iric aci	ds wi	ll form nitro	cresols that c	an decompose	violently.
HAZARDOUS (smoke).	S DECOMPOS	SITION PRODUC	TS: Carbon 1	monox	ide, c	arbon dioxio	de and non-co	mbusted hydr	ocarbons
HAZARDOUS	POLYMERI	ZATION: Has no	t been repor	ted					
		CHEMICAL PRO							
		SECTION 1	1 🏵 TOX	ICOL	OGI	CAL INFO		l	
			Light Str.						
Harmful if i	nhaled, absor	rbed through sk					cause lung o	lamage. Irrit	ating to eyes,
	ystem and sk	kin. In high co							
Tuligue, uller	ness and nad	Jou.		Τοχια	CITY				
Turna Of			Туре				Turna Of		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Of Dose	Speci	e	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	>5,000 mg/kg	LD _{50(de} rmal)	Rabbi	it	>2,000 mg/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	>7.6 g/M ³
	n toxicity, si	ngle exposure:			-	fic organ tox	kicity, repeate	d exposure: N	lo data
available				6	availa	ble			
				4 of	9				



	-		(CARCINO	OGENI	СІТҮ			
IARC			Grou	up 2B: P		y carcinogeni	c to humans		
NTP					N	ot Listed			
California (I Lis	Prop 65): No	NIOSH:	: Not Li	sted	ACGIH: Not Listed			OSHA: Not Listed	
		IUTAGENICITY			1				
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available						n cell mutage			2
Reproductive toxicity: Not expected to cause effects					Tera	togenicity: No	o data availat	ole	
Skin Corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are exposed repeatedly.						ous eye damag e moderate to			ith eyes may
Synergistic et		ta available			Aspi airwa	ration hazard ay	: May be fata	l if aspirate	ed and enters
From Literatu	ıre								
					ZENE				
Acute inhalation effects may cause respiratory tract irritation drowsiness, unconsciousness, and central nervous system depression. Potential symptoms of overexposure by inhalation are dizziness, headache, vomiting, visual disturbances staggering gait, hilarity, fatigue, and other symptoms of CNS depression. Chronic exposures may cause bone marrow abnormalities with damage to blood forming tissues. May cause anemia and other blood cell abnormalities. Chronic exposure to benzene has been associated with an increased incidence o leukemia and multiple myeloma (tumor composed of cells of the type normally found in the bone marrow). Thi substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in laboratory animals.							ual disturbances, lay cause anemia ased incidence of		
			1	Toz	xicity	I			
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	cie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	930 mg/kg	LD _{50(de} rmal)	Rat	obit	9.4 ml/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Mouse (4 hours	0.0000 nnm
Specific orga drowsiness or		ngle exposure:	May cau	se	dama	ific organ tox age to organs cause nervou	from repeate	d or prolon	: may cause ged exposure.
			(CARCINO	OGENI	CITY			
IARC	Sufficier	nt evidence in ar	nimals	Sufficie	ent evi	dence in hum	ans Group	1: classifi carcir	able as a human logen
NTP						rcinogen			
	(Prop 65):		I: Poten		A	CGIH: A1 -		numan	OSHA: Select
Listed as	carcinogen	Occupation		<u> </u>			cinogen		Carcinogen
	N	1UTAGENICITY	, TERAT	OGENIC	CITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS				mutagonio
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available				e	Germ cell mutagenicity: lab testing shows mutagenic effects (in vivo). Genotoxicity in humans (in vivo) lymphocyte. Genotoxic damage shown in mice.				
Reproductive toxicity: inhalation toxicity in mouse, including embryonic and fetal effects including death				ath	Teratogenicity: Rat inhalation include effects include stunted fetus and death Mouse inhalation include effects include cytological changes and abnormalities to blood and lymphatic system.				
Skin Corrosio	on/irritation:	will cause skin i	rritation		Serious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: mild eye irritation				
Synergistic et	ffects: damag	ge to bone marro	W		Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.				



RTECS #: CY1400000

HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen sulfide is a toxic, flammable colorless gas with a distinct "rotten-egg" smell. Inhalation of high concentrations can cause severe eye, nose and mucous membrane damage, dizziness, headache, and nausea. Exposure to higher concentrations can result in unconsciousness, coma, and death. Chronic exposure can damage memory, nerve tissue, facial muscles, and eyes.

	.,			Torioity					
T of		1		Toxicity		— — — —	1		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LD _{50(oral)} Solution	Rat	2,300 µg/k	g LD _{50(dermal)}	Rabbit	No Data	LC _{50(inh)}	Mouse (1 hour)	634 ppm	
Specific organ	n toxicity, s	ingle exposure	e: May cause						
severe eye, no	ose and muc	ous membran	e irritation.	Spec	ific organ tox	cicity, repeate	d exposure:	Not Classified	
Higher concentrations may cause chemical asphyxiation.									
			CARC	INOGENI	CITY				
IARC				N	ot Listed				
NTP				N	ot Listed				
California (H	Prop 65): N	Not Listed	NIOSH: Not Li	sted	ACGIH:	Not Listed	OSE	IA: Not Listed	
]	MUTAGENICI	г <mark>у, Ter</mark> atogen	NICITY AN	ND REPRODU	CTIVE EFFEG	CTS		
Respiratory o	r Skin sensi	tization: No d	ata available	Gern	n cell mutage	nicity: Not C	lassified		
Reproductive	toxicity: N	ot Classified		Tera	togenicity: N	ot Classified.			
Skin Corrosio	n/imitation	will cause sk	in irritation	Serio	ous eye dama	ge, irritation -	rabbit: serio	us eye	
Skin Corrosic	n/irritation:	will cause sk	In inflation	irrita		-		-	
Synergistic ef	factor No D	ata		Aspi	ration hazard	: May be fata	l if swallowe	ed and enters	
Synergistic er	liects. No D	ala		airwa	ay.				
RTECS #: M	X1225000								
		SECTIC	N 12 🏶 ECO	OLOGIC	CAL INFOR	RMATION			
			LIGHT STRA						
				OXICITY					
Type Of Do	ose	Specie	Result	1	pe Of Dose	Specie	e	Result	
LC ₅₀		Fish	No Data)	EC ₅₀	Daphn		No Data	
EC ₅₀	-		No Data		EC ₅₀			No Data	
50			PERSISTENCE	AND DEG		7			
No Data			1 21020 121(02	1112 220					
110 2 404			BIOACCUMU	ILATIVE]	POTENTIAL				
Log Pow			No Da					No Data	
20810				ILITY IN S	SOIL			110 2 404	
Koc (Soil/wate	er Partition	Coefficient)					No I	Data	
			ŀ	Benzene			1,01		
				OXICITY					
Type Of Do	se	Specie	Result		pe Of Dose	Specie	ρ	Result	
			15-32 mg/L			•		10 mg/L	
LC ₅₀	fath	ead minnow	96 hours		EC ₅₀	Water F	lea	48 Hours	
			29 mg/L		7.0				
EC_{50}	G	reen algae	72 Hours		EC ₅₀	Microte	OX	No Data	
	1			JLATIVE 1	POTENTIAL		I		
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL Log Pow 1.83 BCF 4.265									



			Hydroge	EN SULFIDE				
Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spec	ie	Result	
LC ₅₀	•		0448 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water I		No Data	
LC ₅₀	Blue	egill	.016 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Micro	tox	No Data	
		B		TIVE POTENTIAL				
Log Pow			No Data	BCF			No Data	
				SAL CONSIDER				
Not Meant To Be All Inclusive - Check Local, State, and Federal Laws And RegulationsMaximize product recovery for reclaim and reuse. Implement waste minimization principles. EPA U.S.Waste Codes: "Ignitable hazardous waste" (D001), unless proven otherwise. Use approved treatment, transporters, and disposal sites in compliance with all laws.Waste Disposal Method: Should not be released into the environment.Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.US EPA Waste Number: D001 and D018								
Not Meant To Be A				ORTATION INF		DN		
Element		U.S.		IMDG		IA	ТА	
UN Numbe	r	UN	268	UN 1268		UN 1268		
UN Proper Shippin	ig Name	Petroleum N.C	,	Petroleum Disti N.O.S.	llates, I	Petroleum Distillates, N		
Hazard Clas	s	3		3			3	
Placard/Lab	el			1268 3				
Environmental H	Iazard	Y	es	Yes		Y	es	
Packing Grou	up	Ι	[II		II		
A	Agency	SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION Listing Guidance only, consult specific regulations						
OSHA			All ingr	redients are listed as				
CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substan pounds):		•	2 Extremely Hydrogen Sulfide, Benzene					
CERCLA/SARA - III Hazard Categori		11/312 (Title	Acute Hea Fire Haza Re	onic Health: sure Hazard: No	No No			
CERCLA RQ's (40 CFR Part 102)			Reactive Hazard: No Benzene – 10 pounds No Hydrogen Sulfide – 100 pounds No					



TSCA 8(a)			All components	are listed or exempted		
TSCA 8(b)		All components are listed or exempted				
SARA (40 CFR Part 355) TPQ's	Hydrogen Sulfide					
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely			Undro	agen Sulfide		
hazardous substances			Hydro	ogen Sulfide		
SARA 302/304 emergency planning an	d		Hydro	ogen Sulfide		
notification			Tiyuto	sen sunde		
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous			Benzene and	d hydrogen sulfide		
chemicals						
D CD 4		Waste with	1	F is a characteristic waste with an EPA		
RCRA				code of D001		
			Benze	ene – D018		
State Regulations: Massachusetts, New			Benzene and	Hydrogen Sulfide		
Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania SARA 311/312 SDS distribution - cher	miaal	Dongono on				
inventory - hazard identification	mcai	Benzene an		Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health (chronic) health hazard.		
EPA Form R Toxic Chemical Release			•			
Inventory			Benzene and	d hydrogen sulfide		
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307			R	enzene		
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311				Benzene		
Clean Air Act Section						
112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP	s)			Listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	/	Not Listed				
Substances		Not Listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II		Not Listed				
Substances		N 16 X OTHER INFORMATION				
				HMIS III LABEL		
	IFPA	Label		 Personal Protection Index NPCA recommends that PPE codes be determined by the employer, who is familiar with the actual conditions under which chemicals in the facility are used. 		
		Acrony	/m List			
°F=degrees Fahrenheit	°C=c	legrees Celsiu	s	ACGIH= American Conference of Industrial Hygienists		
APR=Air Purifying Respirator	BCF= Bioconcentration Factor			BuAc=Butyl Acetate		
CANUTEC= Canadian Transport				CERCLA= Comprehensive		
Emergency Centre				Environmental Response,		
•				Compensation, and Liability Act		
CHEMTREC= Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	CNS	=Central Nerv	vous System	CWA=Clean Water Act		
DOT=Department of Transportation	EC5)= Effective C	Concentration Fifty	EPA=Environmental Protection Agency		
g/Kg=Grams per Kilogram	g/M ³	=Grams per C	Cubic Meter	GHS=Global Harmonization System		
H ₂ O=Water	HAP	=Hazardous A	Air Pollutants	HMIS= Hazardous Materials Identification System		

SDS #: MMP-008

IARC= International Agency for	IATA= International Air Transport	IMDG= International Maritime				
Research on Cancer	Association	Dangerous Goods				
LC ₅₀ =Lethal Concentration Fifty	LD ₅₀ =Lethal Dose Fifty	LEL=Lower Explosive Limit				
Log P _{ow} =Octanol/water partition coefficient	mg/Kg=Milligrams per Kilogram	mg/L=Milligrams per Liter				
mL/Kg=Milliliters per Kilogram	mm HG=millimeters of mercury	NFPA=National Fire Protection Association				
NIOSH= National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	NTP=National Toxicology Program	OSHA=Occupational Safety and Health Administration				
PEL=Permissible Exposure Limit	ppm=Parts per Million	RCRA=Resource Conservation and Recovery Act				
RQ=Reportable Quantities	RTECS=Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances	SARA= Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act				
SDS=Safety Data Sheet	SETIQ= Emergency Transportation System for the Chemical Industry; Mexico	STEL=Short Term Exposure Limit				
TLV=Threshold Limit Value	TPQ=Threshold Planning Quantity	TSCA=Toxic Substance and Control Act				
TWA=Time Weighted Average	UEL=Upper Explosive Limit	VOC=Volatile Organic Compounds				
SDS REVISIONS: Sections 3, 8, 11, 12	and 15 ingredients.					
SDS CREATION DATE: <u>07/26/16</u>	REVISION #1: 04/	/19/17				
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SDS DEVELOPER:	os Willand	DATE: <u>04/19/17</u>				

Cass Willard, CIH