

	SAFETY D	ATA SHEE	T	
	SECTION 1 ♦	IDENTIFICATIO	DN	
Magellan Midstream Partners One Williams Center Tulsa, OK 74172		For Emergency So	ource Information	n Contact: +1 (760) 602-8700
GHS PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: Gasoline, Unleaded, All Grades 210-001	CHEMICAL FAMI Hydrocarbon	Ly: Petroleum		s: Used primarily as a internal combustion
SECI		RDS IDENTIFI	CATION	
		SSIFICATIONS		
Aspiration Hazard - Category 1	Carcinogenicity	- Category 1A	Flammable Li	quid - Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B	Hazardous to the Environment – A Category 3	Aquatic		n/Irritation - Category
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Re Category 1 (liver, kidneys, bladder marrow, nervous system)		Specific Target Category 3 (resp		(Single Exposure) - n, narcosis)
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment – Chronic Hazard - Category 2	Eye Damage/Irri 2B	tation - Category	Toxic to Repr 1A	oduction - Category
	GHS LAB	el Elements		
	Gasoline, Unle	aded, All Grade	es	
	HS PICTOGRAMS			SIGNAL WORD
				DANGER
	HAZARD S	STATEMENTS		
Causes damage to organs (liver, kidne bone marrow, nervous system) thro repeated exposure.	ugh prolonged or	May be fata	al if swallowed a	nd enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.	Harmful to a	quatic life.	Highly flamma	ble liquid and vapor.
May damage fertility or the un		2	ause drowsiness	or dizziness.
May cause genetic defects.		iratory irritation.	May	cause cancer.
		RY STATEMENTS		
		vention		
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flan				osed.
Ground/bond container and receiving		Use only non-span	<u> </u>	
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventila				
Take precautionary measures against a	static discharge.	Keep out of reach		lated anar
Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.	a this was due t	Use only outdoors		lated area.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using		Avoid release to the	ne environment.	
Do not handle until all safety precauti				
In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, c		<i>ponse</i> inguishers or hand h	neld fire extinguis	sher.



	1 • /•							
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical								
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs get medical advice/attention								
and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison control								
center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.								
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting.								
Storage								
Store in a well-ventilated place Kee	cool Store locked up	Keep container tightly closed						
	Disposal							
Dispose of contents/container in accord	dance with local/regional/national/interr	national regulations.						
	SUPPLIER INFORMATION							
Magellan Midstream Partners One Williams Center Tulsa, OK 74172								
SECTION 3 V COMPOSITION/INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS								
Ingredient	CAS NUMBER	PERCENTAGE (%)						
Gasoline	8006-61-9	100						
Toluene	108-88-3	10-30						
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 10-30								
Isopropyl ether 108-20-3 10-30								
Ethyl tert-butyl ether 637-92-3 10-30								
tert-Amyl methyl ether 994-05-8 10-30								
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 0-10								
Hexane 110-54-3 0-10								
Benzene	71-43-2	<5						
Trimethyl benzene	25551-13-7	1-5						
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene	95-63-6	1-5						
Cumene	98-82-8	1-5						
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	1-5						
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1-5						
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-5						
Styrene	100-42-5	0.1-1						
SE	CTION 4 🕂 FIRST AID MEASU	IRES						
		asionally lifting the upper and lower lids,						
Get Medical Aid.								
		h plenty of soap and water for at least 15						
minutes. Get medical aid if irritation of	· ·							
	Call a physician and/or transport to an e							
	INHALATION: Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give cardiopulmonary resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, give medical oxygen.							
¥	AN. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY							

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY AND SUPPORTIVELY



SECTION 5 **#** FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

SEE SECTION 9 FOR FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! This material releases vapors at or below ambient temperatures. When mixed with air in certain proportions and exposed to an ignition source, these vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, flammable vapors may travel long distances along the ground before reaching a point of ignition and flashing back.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog, dry chemical, foam, or Carbon Dioxide. Use water spray to cool nearby containers and structure exposed to fire. Water fog or spray are of value in cooling tanks and containers but may not achieve extinguishment.

HAZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION: Burning or excessive heating may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, also other harmful gases/vapors including oxides and/or other compounds of chlorine, manganese, and bromine.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS: For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined space without proper protective equipment. This may include self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against the hazardous effects of combustion products and oxygen deficiencies. If firefighters cannot work upwind of the fire, respiratory protective equipment must be worn. Cool tanks and containers exposed to fire with water. Burning liquid will float on water. Notify appropriate authorities if liquid enters sewer/waterways.

SECTION	6
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT	A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP	Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
OTHER INFORMATION	Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.
SEC	FION 7 💥 HANDLING AND STORAGE
Prior to working with this p	roduct workers should be trained on its proper handling and storage
PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY HANDLING	 Use only as a motor fuel. Do not siphon by mouth. Handle as a flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame! Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion. Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API Publication 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents."
STORAGE PROCEDURES	 Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers. Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated area. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code".



	Avoid storage nea	ar incompatible materials.								
INCOMPATIBILITIES	Keep away from s	strong oxidizers.								
SECTION	SECTION 8									
	EXPOSURI	E LIMITS								
Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV (2013)	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH							
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	500 ppm							
Xylenes (all isomers)	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	900 ppm							
Isopropyl ether	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 310 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	1400 ppm							
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	TWA: 25 ppm	Not Applicable	Not Applicable							
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TWA: 20 ppm	Not Applicable	Not Applicable							
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1,000 ppm	TWA: 1,000 ppm	3,300 ppm							
Hexane	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 500	1,100 ppm							
Benzene	TWA: 0.5 ppm STEL: 2.5 ppm <i>Skin</i>	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 5	500 ppm							
Trimethyl benzene	TWA: 25 ppm	Not Applicable	Not Applicable							
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene	TWA: 25 ppm	Not Applicable	Not Applicable							
Cumene	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	900 ppm							
Cyclohexane	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	1,300 ppm							
Ethyl benzene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	800 ppm							
Naphthalene	TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm Skin	TWA: 10 ppm	250 ppm							
Styrene	TWA: 20 ppm STEL: 40 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm Ceiling: 200	700 ppm							

ENGINEERING MEASURES: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits and flammability limits, particularly in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-supplied respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for non-routine and emergency use.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, or mists. Keep away from eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing safety glasses or chemical splash goggles.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Keep away from skin. Skin contact can be



minimized by wearing protective gloves such as neoprene, nitrile-butadiene rubber, etc. and, where necessary, impervious clothing and boots. Leather goods contaminated with this product should be discarded. A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Flame Retardant Clothing is recommended.

SECTION 9 & PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES							
BOILING POINT (760 MM HG): 104 °F/38 °C	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Slight - 100%						
SPECIFIC GRAVITY ($H_2O = 1$): 0.72	VISCOSITY UNITS, TEMP: < 1.4 cSt @ 37.7 °C						
EVAPORATION RATE (BuAc = 1): Unavailable	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR =1): 4						
VAPOR PRESSURE AT 25°C: 400 mm Hg	SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible						
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Reddish golden brown	liquid; petroleum distillates odor.						
ELAGH BODIER (Mathed Lland) 40 9E/ 40 9C	LEL: 1.4%						

FLASH POINT: (Method Used) -40 °F/-40 °C

FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

UEL: 7.6%

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 49-850 °F / 9.4-454 °C VOC CONTENT: 100%

SECTION 10 🕱 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures

HAZARDOUS REACTION POTENTIAL: Will not occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.

INCOMPATIBLE PRODUCTS: Keep away from strong oxidizers.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Contact with nitric and sulfuric acids will form nitrocresols that can decompose violently.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Has not been reported

OTHER PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: If uninhibited, gasoline will cause rusting of copper and alloys containing copper.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GASOLINE

Aspiration of gasoline into the lungs will cause chemical pneumonia. Liquid, mist, or vapors can cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation and CNS depression. Mild eye irritation may result from contact with liquid, mist, and/or vapors. Liquid may penetrate skin to cause central nervous system depression. Vapor penetration can also cause systematic effects. Skin irritation or more serious disorders may occur upon prolonged and repeated contact due to skin defatting. Irritation of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract leading to nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and restlessness. CNS Depression similar to that caused by vapor inhalation. Exposure can cause irritation to the nose, throat, and lungs and signs of CNS depression (dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination, coma and death), depending on the concentration/duration of exposure. Long-term exposure to unleaded gasoline has also produced kidney damage in laboratory animals. The exact relationship between these results and possible human effects is not known. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, impaired liver or kidney function, or CNS and chronic respiratory diseases should avoid exposure to this material. This material may contain benzene at concentrations above 0.1%. Benzene is considered to be a known human carcinogen by OSHA, IARC and NTP.

				Toxicity				
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	Not Available	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rabbit	Not Available	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (5 minutes)	300 g/M ³
RTECS #: L	X3300000							

TOLUENE

The most common effect of overexposure to toluene is irritation of the mucous membranes, skin and central nervous system depression (headaches, lassitude, light-headedness, incoordination, fatigue, decreased reaction time, etc.).

						pear to be tox sure can caus				No synergistic s.	
		,, P.		•							
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose		ecie	Result	Type Do		Specie	Result	
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	636 mg/kg	LD _{50(dermal}	l) Ra	obit	1/1 Rat					
Specific orga available	an toxicity, si	ngle exposur			avail		icity, re	peated	d exposure:	No data	
				CARCING)GENI	CITY					
IARC	Inad	equate evider animals	nce in	Inadequ	iate ev	idence in hun	nans	Grou	up 3: not cla human care	ssifiable as a cinogen	
NTP						ot Listed					
California (Prop 65): Listed as carcinogenNIOSH: Not ListedACGIH:A4-Not Classifiable As Human CarcinogenOSHA: Not Listed											
	Ν	IUTAGENICI	TY, TERAT	OGENIC		D REPRODUC					
Respiratory of	or Skin sensit	ization: No d	lata availabl	le		n cell mutager DNA damage	nicity: (Genoto	oxicity in vit	ro-rat: Liver	
Reproductive toxicity: Have been shown in male/female ratsTeratogenicity: Developmental-rat: Fetotoxicity, stunted fetus. Suspected human reproductive toxicity.											
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit: irritation over 24 hours Serious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: No data available											
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available											
RTECS #: XS5250000											
Xylene											
Xylene vapor may cause irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat. At high concentrations, xylene vapor may cause severe breathing difficulties which may be delayed in onset. At high concentrations, it may also cause dizziness, staggering, drowsiness, and unconsciousness. In addition, breathing high concentrations may cause loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain. Liquid xylene may be irritating to the eyes and skin. Exposure to high concentrations of xylene vapor may cause reversible damage to the kidneys and liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to xylene may cause a skin rash. Repeated exposure of the eyes to high concentrations of xylene vapor may cause reversible eye damage.											
				Тох	ICITY						
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Do		Specie	Result	
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	4.3 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal}	l) Ra	obit	1,700 mg/kg	LC50)(inh)	Rat (4 hours)	5,000 ppm	
1 0	n toxicity, si	ngle exposur	e: No data			ific organ tox	icity, re	epeated	d exposure:	No data	
available					avail						
				CARCINO	OGENI	CITY	<u> </u>	C		·	
IARC	Inad	equate evider animals	nce in	Inadequ	iate ev	idence in hun	nans	Grou	up 3: not cla human care	ssifiable as a cinogen	
NTP						t Carcinogen					
,	Prop 65): N		H: Occupa		A	ACGIH:A4-N			le As	OSHA: Not	
Listed as	carcinogen		Carcinogen			Human		•	TO	Listed	
Dognizatory						D REPRODUC					
Respiratory of Reproductive				IC .		n cell mutager togenicity: No					
Reproductive	= ioxicity: NO	uala avallab	10		rera	logemeny: No	uala a	vallað	10		



	Ssion/irritation: Skin-rabbit: irritation over 24 Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation								
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available									
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available RTECS #: ZE2100000 Aspiration hazard: No data available									
ISOPROPYL ETHER									
body if it is s cause drowsi	wallowed. S ness or dizzi	trong concert ness. Signs	t is inhaled of trations of isc	r if it c opropy s inclu s and i	omes i l ether ide nau rritatio	in contact wit vapor may ca isea, headach	use irritation	of the eyes	also affect the and nose. May d or prolonged
				Тох	ICITY			1	1
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	5.88 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rał		20 mL/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	162 g/M ³
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: No data available Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available								No data	
CARCINOGENICITY									
IARC									
NTP Not Listed									
listed as carcinogen NIOSH: Not Listed ACGIH: Not Listed Listed							OSHA: Not Listed		
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS									
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available									
Reproductive toxicity: maternal rat: specific developmental effects include musculoskeletal system.Teratogenicity: Developmental-rat: Fetotoxicity, stunted fetus. Suspected human reproductive toxicity.									
Skin Corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit: mild skin irritation Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation								eye irritation	
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available									
RTECS #: TZ5425000									
			ETHYL	TERT	BUTY	L ETHER			
Acute exposures may cause respiratory tract irritation. May cause nausea, dizziness, and headache. Chronic inhalation may lead to decreased pulmonary function. Prolonged or repeated exposure affects the nervous system. This has been shown to cause testicular lesions in rat inhalation studies. In a human inhalation study, there were slight but significant decreases in the measures of pulmonary function. Chemical has not been thoroughly investigated.							This has been		
		•			ICITY			•	
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	>5 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rał	obit	>2 g/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	5.8 g/M ³
Specific orga available	n toxicity, si	ngle exposur	e: No data		Speci availa	ific organ tox able	icity, repeate	d exposure:	No data
			ĊA	RCINC					
IARC						ot Listed			
NTP					No	ot Listed			
	a (Prop 65): carcinogen		SH: Not List				: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
			TY, TERATO	GENICI	1				
Respiratory of						n cell mutager			
Reproductive	e toxicity: No	data availab	le		Terat	togenicity: No	o data availab	le	

Skin Corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit: skin irritation Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: moderate eye irritation							erate eye		
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available									
RTECS #: K									
	TERT-AMYL METHYL ETHER								
May cause r	Acute exposures may cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May be harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Chronic exposure may cause neurological degradation and/or abnormalities. Chemical has not been thoroughly investigated.								
				Tox	ICITY	1		r	
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	1.6 gm/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat		>3.16 g/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: may cause drowsiness or dizzinessSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available								: No data	
CARCINOGENICITY									
IARC Not Listed									
NTP					No	ot Listed			
	a (Prop 65): carcinogen		SH: Not List				: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS									
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data availableGerm cell mutagenicity: No data available									
Reproductive toxicity: inhalation toxicity in rats, including embryonic and fetal effects including death									
Skin Corrosie	on/irritation:	Skin-rabbit:	no skin irritati	ion	Serio	ous eye damag	ge, irritation-r	abbit: no e	ye irritation
Synergistic e		ta available			Aspi	ration hazard:	No data avai	ilable	
RTECS #: EI	K4421000								
			E	THYL A	ALCOR	IOL			
Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. May cause respiratory tract irritation. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Long term exposure may cause reproductive and fetal effects. Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, and heart damage.							h concentration. ects. Laboratory		
				Tox	ICITY			[
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	7.06 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	obit	No Data	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (10 hours) 20,000 ppm
Specific orga available	n toxicity, si	ngle exposure	e: No data		Spec	ific organ tox	icity, repeate	d exposure	: Liver damage
			CA	RCINC					
IARC						ot Listed			
NTP					No	ot Listed			
California (Listed as	Prop 65): N carcinogen	ot NIOS	SH: Not List	ed		ACGIH	: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
			,	GENICI		D REPRODUC			
Respiratory of					Gern	n cell mutager	nicity: No dat	ta available	
Reproductive including reta			ects on newbo	orn	Terat	togenicity: No	o data availab	le	

Skin Corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit: skin irritation Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: mild eye irritation, Draize Test								eye irritation,	
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available									
RTECS #: K	RTECS #: KQ6300000								
					XANE				
May cause respiratory tract irritation. Exposure produces central nervous system depression. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Chronic exposure may cause liver damage. Adverse reproductive effects have been reported in animals. Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects. TOXICITY									
Type Of			Type Of	TOX	ICITY		Type Of		
Dose	Specie	Result	Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	15.8 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rał	obit	No Data	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	48,000 ppm
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizzinessSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: may cause damage to organs from repeated or prolonged exposure. May cause nervous system damage.									
Testicular tur	nors shown i	n rats.	СА	RCINC)GENI(CITY			
IARC					Nc	ot Listed			
NTP Not Listed									
listed as carcinogen NIOSH: Not Listed ACGIH: Not Listed Listed							OSHA: Not Listed		
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS									
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available									
Reproductive toxicity: overexposure may cause reproductive disorders based on lab animals. May damage fertility in humans.Teratogenicity: No data available									
Skin Corrosi			lable		Serio	us eve damas	ge, irritation -	rabbit: mild	eye irritation
Synergistic e	ffects: No dat	ta available				ration hazard:			
RTECS #: M	N9275000					•			
				BEN	ZENE				
Acute inhalation effects may cause respiratory tract irritation drowsiness, unconsciousness, and central nervous system depression. Potential symptoms of overexposure by inhalation are dizziness, headache, vomiting, visual disturbances, staggering gait, hilarity, fatigue, and other symptoms of CNS depression.							al disturbances,		
Chronic exposures may cause bone marrow abnormalities with damage to blood forming tissues. May cause anemia and other blood cell abnormalities. Chronic exposure to benzene has been associated with an increased incidence of leukemia and multiple myeloma (tumor composed of cells of the type normally found in the bone marrow). This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in laboratory animals.									
T 0.0				Тох	cicity		T 01	_	
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	930 mg/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	obit	9.4 ml/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Mouse (4 hours)	9,980 ppm
Specific orga drowsiness o		ngle exposur	e: May cause		dama	ific organ tox ge to organs cause nervou	from repeated	d or prolong	



ARC Sufficient evidence in animals Sufficient evidence in humans Group 1: classifiable as a human carcinogen NTP Carcinogen Carcinogen Occupational Carcinogen ACGIH: A1 - Confirmed human OSHA: Selec Carcinogen Listed as carcinogen MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS Germ cell mutagenicity: lab testing shows mutagenic effects (in vivo). Genotoxicity in humans (in vivo) lymphocyte. Genotoxic damage shown in mice. Teratogenicity: Rat inhalation include effects include stunted fetus and death Reproductive toxicity: inhalation toxicity in mouse, including embryonic and fetal effects including death Mouse inhalation include effects include effects include estimated fetus and death Mouse inhalation hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway. RTECS #: CY1400000 TRIMETHYL BENZENE Acute inhalation effects respiratory tract irritation. The toxicological properties of this substance have not been full investigated. May cause drowsiness, unconsciousness, and central nervous system depression. Vapors may caus auause, dizziness, and headache. Type Of Dose Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: No data available Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available
California (Prop 65): Listed as carcinogenNIOSH: Potential Occupational CarcinogenACGH: A1 - Confirmed human carcinogenOSHA: Selec CarcinogenMUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTSGerm cell mutagenicity: lab testing shows mutagenic effects (in vivo). Genotoxicity in humans (in vivo) lymphocyte. Genotoxic damage shown in mice.Germ cell mutagenicity: lab testing shows mutagenic effects (in vivo). Genotoxicity in humans (in vivo) lymphocyte. Genotoxic damage shown in mice.Reproductive toxicity: inhalation toxicity in mouse, including embryonic and fetal effects including deathTeratogenicity: Rat inhalation include effects include stunted fetus and death Mouse inhalation include effects include cytological changes and abnormalities to blood and lymphatic system Skin Corrosion/irritation: will cause skin irritationSerious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: mild eye irritation Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.RTECS #: CY1400000TRIMETHYL BENZENEAcute inhalation effects respiratory tract irritation. The toxicological properties of this substance have not been full investigated. May cause drowsiness, unconsciousness, and central nervous system depression. Vapors may caus alizziness or suffocation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause anemia and other blood enalusea, dizziness, and headache.Type Of DoseSpecieResult Type Of DoseNo DataRat (A hours)No DataType Of DoseSpecieResultType Of DoseSpecieResult dousNo DataSpecific organ toxicity, single exposure: No dataSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data
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Type Of DoseSpecieResultType Of DoseSpecieResultType Of DoseSpecieResultLD50(oral)Rat8.97 g/kgLD50(dermal)RabbitNo DataLC50(inh)Rat (4 hours)No DataSpecific organ toxicity, single exposure:No dataSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure:No data
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LD50(oral)Rat8.9 / g/kgLD50(dermal)RabbitNo DataLC50(inh)(4 hours)No DataSpecific organ toxicity, single exposure: No dataSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No dataSpecific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data
avanauto avanauto
CARCINOGENICITY
IARC Not Listed
NTP Not Listed
California (Prop 65): Not Listed as carcinogenNIOSH: Not ListedACGIH: Not ListedOSHA: Not Listed
MUTAGENICITY, TERATOGENICITY AND REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS
Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: test performed on rats showed negative results
Reproductive toxicity: No data available Teratogenicity: No data available
Skin Corrosion/irritation: No data available Serious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: mild eye irritation
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters
airway.



			1,2,4 T	RIMET	HYL B	ENZENE			
Acute inhalat	tion effects re	espiratory tra	ct irritation.	The to	xicolog	gical properti	es of this sub	stance have	e not been fully
investigated.	May cause	drowsiness,	unconsciousn	ess, ar	nd cent	tral nervous :	system depre	ssion. Vap	oors may cause
									and other blood
		•	re may produ	ice a n	arcotic	e effect. Prol	onged or rep	beated expo	sure may cause
nausea, dizzi	ness, and hea	dache.		Tor					
Town Of			Tomo Of	TOX	ICITY		Toma Of		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	cie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	$ P_{50(\text{oral})} \text{Rat} 5.0 \text{ g/kg} \text{LD}_{50(\text{dermal})} \text{Rabbit} \text{No Data} \text{LC}_{50(\text{inh})} \frac{\text{Rat}}{(4 \text{ hours})} 18 \text{ g/M}^{-1} $								
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: No data Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data								No data	
available					avail				
			СА	RCINC					
IARC						ot Listed			
NTP					No	ot Listed			
California (Listed as	Prop 65): No carcinogen	ot NIOS	SH: Not List	ed		ACGIH	: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
	Ν	IUTAGENICI	TY, TERATOO	GENICI					
Respiratory of	Respiratory or Skin sensitization: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: test performed on rats showed							rats showed	
negative results									
Reproductive toxicity: No data available Teratogenicity: No data available									
Skin Corrosion/irritation: No data available Serious eye damage, irritation -rabbit: mild eye irritation									
Synergistic effects: No data available Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.						ed and enters			
RTECS #: D	C3325000								
				CUM	IENE				
Cumene ma	ay cause ir	ritation of	the skin an	nd ey	es. It	may also	cause dizzi	ness, drov	siness, slight
incoordinati	on, and un	consciousne	ess. At ver	ry hig	h cor	ncentrations,	it may ca	use narcot	ic symptoms.
Prolonged o	r repeated e	xposure to (Cumene may	cause	skin	rash.			
				Тох	ICITY				
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	cie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	1.4 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	bit	No Data	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours)	39 g/M ³
Specific orga respiratory in	•	ngle exposure	e: May cause		Speciavail	ific organ tox	icity, repeate	d exposure:	No data
			СА	RCINC					
IARC						ot Listed			
NTP					No	ot Listed			
	(Prop 65): carcinogen	NIO	SH: Not List	ed			: Not Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
	-	UTAGENICI	TY, TERATOO	GENICI	TY AN	D REPRODUC	TIVE EFFEC	TS	
Respiratory c sensitization			ng showed no		Gern	n cell mutager			rats showed
Reproductive	toxicity: No	data availah	le			tive results togenicity: No	data availah	le	
						ous eye damag			ved no
Skin Corrosio	on/irritation: '	Festing show	ved no irritatio	on	irrita		,, iiiiaii0ii-1	coung show	



Synergistic effects: No data available				Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.						
RTECS #: GR8575000										
Суслонехале										
May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and dermatitis.										
				Тох	ICITY			1		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	cie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie		Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	5 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	bit	>180 g/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours) >	9,500 ppm
	Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available						data			
			СА	RCINC	GENI	CITY				
IARC						ot Listed				
NTP					No	ot Listed				
California (Pr Listed as ca		NIO:	SH: Not List	ed		ACGIH	: Not Listed			SHA: Not Listed
				GENICI		D REPRODUC				
Respiratory or						n cell mutager			2	
Reproductive t						ogenicity: No			1	• •, ,•
Skin Corrosion	/irritation:	lesting show	red no irritatio	on		us eye damag				
Synergistic effects: No data available					Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway.					
RTECS #: GU6300000										
<i>ETHYL BENZENE</i> Exposure to ethyl benzene may cause irritation of the skin and mucous membranes. It may also cause transient eye										
Exposure to et irritation at con Breathing lowe	ncentrations	of 200 ppn	n. Breathing	very h	igh lev	els can cause	e dizziness a			
				Tox	ICITY					
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	cie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	;	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	3.5 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	bit	17.8 mL/kg	LC _{50(inh)}	Rat (4 hours	5)	55 g/M ³
Specific organ available	toxicity, sin	igle exposur	e: No data		Spec avail	ific organ tox able	icity, repeate	d exposure	: No	data
			СА	RCINC	GENI	CITY				
					uate evidence in humans Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans					
NTP					No	ot Listed				
California (Prop 65):NIOSH: OccupationalListed as carcinogenCarcinogen			onal	ACGIH:A4-Not Classifiable As Human Carcinogen OSHA: Carcinogen						
				GENICI		D REPRODUC				
Respiratory or					Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available					
Reproductive t					Teratogenicity: No data available					
Skin Corrosion/irritation: No data available Svnergistic effects: No data available					Serious eye damage, irritation-rabbit: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available					



RTECS #: DA0700000										
				NAPHT	HALE	NE				
Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Hemolytic anemia (destruction of red blood cells) is the primary health concern for humans exposed to naphthalene for either short or long periods of time. Other effects may include nausea, profuse perspiration, vomiting, kidney damage and liver damage. Chronic exposure may cause lung damage.										
Τοχιςιτγ										
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result		pe Of Jose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	490 mg/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	obit	>20 g/kg	LC	50(inh)	Rat (1 hour)	No Data
Specific organ toxicity, single exposure: No data available Specific organ toxicity, repeated exposure: No data available						: No data				
			С	ARCINC	GENI	CITY				
IARC	Sufficier	nt evidence in	n animals	Inadequ	iate ev	idence in hun	nans	Group	2B: Possil to hu	oly carcinogenic nans
NTP			Listed as rea	asonably	antic	ipated to be a	huma	n carcir	nogen	
	a (Prop 65): carcinogen	NIO	SH: Not Lis	sted		ACGIH	: Not	Listed		OSHA: Not Listed
					1	D REPRODUC				
Respiratory of				e		n cell mutager				
Reproductive				ion		togenicity: No				avaimitation
Skin Corrosie Synergistic et		-	ed no irritat	.1011		ration hazard:				l eye irritation
					71501	ration nazara.	. 110 0		liuoie	
RTECS #: QJ0525000										
<i>STYRENE</i> Styrene can cause eye and upper respiratory irritation at concentrations of over 100 ppm; when concentrations reach										
over 350 pp	m, irritation	is strong an	id neurologi	ical imp	airme		d. C	entral r	nervous sy	stem depression
		/			ICITY			1		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Spe	ecie	Result		pe Of Jose	Specie	Result
LD _{50(oral)}	Rat	2.65 g/kg	LD _{50(dermal)}	Rat	obit	No Data	LC	50(inh)	Rat (1 hour)	11.8 g/M ³
Specific orga available	n toxicity, si	ngle exposure	e: No data		Spec avail	ific organ tox able	icity,	repeate	d exposure	: No data
			С	ARCINC	GENI	CITY				
IARC	Sufficie	nt evidence in	n animals	Inadequ	iate ev	idence in hun	nans	Group	2B: Possil to hu	oly carcinogenic nans
NTP			Listed as rea	asonably	antic:	ipated to be a	huma	n carcir	nogen	
	a (Prop 65): carcinogen	NIO	SH: Not Lis	sted	ACGIH: Not Listed OSHA: Not Listed				OSHA: Not Listed	
	Ν	IUTAGENICI	TY, TERATO	OGENICI		D REPRODUC				
Respiratory c	or Skin sensit	ization: No d	ata available	9		Germ cell mutagenicity: Lab experiments have shown mutagenic effects.				
Reproductive						togenicity: No		availab	le	
Skin Corrosio			ved no irritat	tion						l eye irritation
					Aspiration hazard: No data available					



RTECS #: WL3675000

	SECTIO	N 12 🟶 ECOL	OGICAL INFOR	MATION	
			OLINE		
		Тох	XICITY		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC_{50}		No Data	EC ₅₀		No Data
EC ₅₀		No Data	EC ₅₀	Microtox	11.5 mg/L 48 Hours
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PERSISTENCE AN	D DEGRADABILITY		·
	able in the environmentable in the environmentable the second sec				
belizene, toluene, e	tillyr belizene and xyr		TIVE POTENTIAL	ted plumes of these	constituents.
Log Pow		2.1 - 6.0			No Data
L0510w			ΓΥ IN SOIL		110 Dutu
Koc (Soil/water Par	tition Coefficient)	MODILI		No	Data
		Τοι	JUENE	110	Duiu
			XICITY		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Goldfish	13 mg/L 96 Hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	11.5 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	>433 mg/L 72 Hours	EC50	Microtox	19.7 mg/L 48 Hours
		BIOACCUMULA	TIVE POTENTIAL		
Log Pow		2.65	BCF		8.317
		XY	LENE		
		Тох	KICITY		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Striped Bass	2 mg/L	LC ₅₀	Water Flea	0.6 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	72 mg/L 14 day	EC ₅₀	Microtox	8.4 μg/L 48 Hours
Log Pow		2.77 - 3.15	BCF		No Data
		ISOPROF	YL ETHER		
			XICITY		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Fathead Minnow	91.7 mg/L 96 Hour	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	190 mg/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	No Data	EC ₅₀	Microtox	500 mg/L 5 minutes
Log Pow				1	.52
		ETHYL.	Alcohol		
		Тох	KICITY		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result
LC ₅₀	Rainbow trout	12.9 g/L 96 Hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	9.2 g/L 48 Hours
EC ₅₀	Green algae	No Data	EC ₅₀	Microtox	34.6 g/L 30 minutes

Log P _{ow}				-0	0.32	
		HEZ	KANE			
		Тох	ICITY			
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	fathead minnow	2.5 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	3.87 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC ₅₀	Green algae	12.8 g/L 3 hours	EC_{50}	Microtox	No Data	
			TIVE POTENTIAL			
Log P _{ow}		3.9	BCF		No Data	
			ZENE			
	· · · · · ·		ICITY		i	
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	fathead minnow	15-32 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	10 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC ₅₀	Green algae	29 mg/L 72 Hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	No Data	
			TIVE POTENTIAL		i	
Log P _{ow}		1.83	BCF		4.265	
			HYL BENZENE			
				~ .		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	fathead minnow	7.72 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	6.14 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC ₅₀	Green algae	No Data	EC ₅₀	Microtox	No Data	
			FIVE POTENTIAL		100.0	
Log P _{ow}		3.63	BCF		120.2	
			<i>MENE</i>			
				- · ·		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	Rainbow trout	4.8 mg/L 96 Hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	0.6 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC ₅₀	Green algae	2.6 mg/L 72 Hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	0.89 mg/L 5 Min	
Log P _{ow}				3	.55	
			HEXANE			
	~ · ·		ICITY	~ ·		
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	fathead minnow	32-93 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	0.6 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC50	Green algae	>500 mg/L 72 Hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	85.5 mg/L 5 Min	
Log P _{ow}				3	.44	
		Ethyl I	Benzene			
			ICITY		·	
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC ₅₀	Sheepshead minnow	88 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	1.8-2.4 mg/L 48 Hours	



EC_{50}	Green algae	4.6 mg/L	EC ₅₀	Microtox	9.68 mg/L	
	6	72 Hours	FIVE POTENTIAL		30 Min	
Log Pow		3.118	BCF		No Data	
20510			HALENE		110 Dutu	
Τοχιςιτγ						
Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	Type Of Dose	Specie	Result	
LC 50	fathead minnow	1-6.5 mg/L 96 hours	EC ₅₀	Water Flea	2.16 mg/L 48 Hours	
EC50	Green algae	0.4 mg/L 96 Hours	EC50	Microtox	0.93 mg/L 30 Min	
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL						
Log P _{ow}		3.3	BCF		85.1	
			RENE			
Tumo Of Doco	Spacia	TOX Result	ICITY Type Of Dose	Spacia	Result	
Type Of Dose LC ₅₀	Specie fathead minnow	4 mg/L	EC ₅₀	Specie Water Flea	4.7 mg/L	
EC ₅₀	Green algae	96 hours 0.72 mg/L 96 Hours	EC ₅₀	Microtox	48 Hours 5.4 mg/L 5 Min	
Log Pow		90 110ui s	<u> </u>	2	.95	
20810	SECTIO					
Not Meant To Be All Inclusive - Check Local, State, And Federal Laws And RegulationsMaximize product recovery for reclaim and reuse. Implement waste minimization principles. EPA U.SWaste Codes: "Ignitable hazardous waste" (D001), unless proven otherwise. Use approved treatment transporters, and disposal sites in compliance with all laws.Waste Disposal Method: Should not be released into the environment. Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.						
Waste Disposal Contaminated Pa	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o	be released into the fin accordance w	he environment.	S.		
Waste Disposal Contaminated Pa	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and	be released into t f in accordance w D001	he environment. ith local regulation			
Waste Disposal Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste I	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION	be released into the fin accordance work to be the fin accordance work to be the final sector of the first	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO	RMATION		
Waste Disposal Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste Not Meant To Be	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION All Inclusive - Check	be released into the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the final state of the final	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO Federal Laws And Ro	RMATION	IATA	
Waste Disposal Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste I	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION All Inclusive - Check	be released into the fin accordance work to be the fin accordance work to be the final sector of the first	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO	RMATION	IATA UN 1203	
Waste Disposal 1 Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste 1 Not Meant To Be Element	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION · All Inclusive - Check	be released into the finaccordance we be the finaccordance we boot the final state, and the final state s	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO Federal Laws And Ro IMDG	DRMATION egulations		
Waste Disposal I Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste I Not Meant To Be Element UN Numb	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION - All Inclusive - Check t ber ing Name Gasol	be released into the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the final state web the	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO Federal Laws And Ro IMDG UN 1203	DRMATION egulations	UN 1203	
Waste Disposal I Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste I Not Meant To Be Element UN Numb	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION - All Inclusive - Check ther ing Name Gasol s(es)	be released into the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the final state web the	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFC Federal Laws And Ro IMDG UN 1203 Gasoline, All Gr	DRMATION egulations rades Gaso	UN 1203 line, All Grades	
Waste Disposal I Contaminated Pa US EPA Waste I Not Meant To Be Element UN Numb UN Proper Shipp Hazard Class	Method: Should not ackaging: Dispose o Number: D018 and SECTION - All Inclusive - Check ther ing Name Gasol s(es) bel	be released into the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the finaccordance web the final state web the	he environment. ith local regulation ORTATION INFO Federal Laws And Ro IMDG UN 1203 Gasoline, All Gr 3	DRMATION egulations rades Gaso	UN 1203 line, All Grades	



SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORM	ATION			
		isting			
Agency	Guidance only, consult specific regulations				
OSHA	All ingredients are listed as hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200				
	MTBE - 1,000 pounds	Benzene – 10 pounds			
	Cumene - 5,000 pounds	Cyclohexane - 1,000 pounds			
CERCLA RQ's	Naphthalene – 100 pounds	Styrene - 1,000 pounds			
(40 CFR Part 102)	Xylene - 100 pounds	Ethyl Benzene - 1,000 pounds			
	Toluene - 1,000 pounds	Hexane – 5,000 pounds			
TSCA 8(a)	Naphthalene				
TSCA 8(b)	All components are listed or exer	npted			
SARA (40 CFR Part 355) TPQ's	None of the ingredients are listed				
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances	None of the ingredients are listed	l			
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification	None of the ingredients are listed	l			
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous		ne; n-Hexane; Naphthalene; 1,2,4-			
chemicals	Trimethylbenzene; Ethylbenzene	; Benzene			
	Benzene - U019	Hexane - U056			
RCRA	Naphthalene – U165				
	Xylene - U239	Toluene - U220			
State Regulations: Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania New York - all listed except 1,2,4 Trimethyl Benzene	Xylene Toluene, Hexane, Benzer Benzene, and Naphthalene	ne, Ethyl benzene ,1,2,4 Trimethyl			
SARA 311/312 SDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification	Gasoline, natural: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Xylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Toluene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; n-Hexane: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Naphthalene: Fire hazard, Immediate(acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Ethylbenzene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Ethylbenzene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard.				
EPA Form R Toxic Chemical Release Inventory	benzene and Naphthalene	Γrimethyl Benzene, Benzene, Ethyl			
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	Toluene, Benzene, Ethylbenzene	and Naphthalene			
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311	Xylene, Toluene, Benzene, Ethylbenzene and Naphthalene				
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not Listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not Listed				



SECTION 16 # OTHER INFORMATION					
30	NFPA LABEL	BE FLAMMABILITY PHYSICAL HAZARD PERSONAL PROTECTION PHASE® HAMES® HAMES® HAMES® HAMES®	codes be determined by the employer, who is familiar with the actual conditions under which chemicals in the facility are used.		
	Acrony	vm List	1		
°F=degrees Fahrenheit°C=degrees CelsiusAPR=Air Purifying RespiratorBCF= Bioconcentration			ACGIH= American Conference of Industrial Hygienists BuAc=Butyl Acetate		
CANUTEC= Canadian Transport Emergency Centre	CAS=Chemical Al		CERCLA= Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act		
CHEMTREC= Chemical Transportation Emergency Center	CNS=Central Nerv	vous System	CWA=Clean Water Act		
DOT=Department of Transportation			EPA=Environmental Protection Agency		
g/Kg=Grams per Kilogram	g/M ³ =Grams per Cubic Meter		GHS=Global Harmonization System		
H ₂ O=Water HAP=Hazardous		Air Pollutants	HMIS= Hazardous Materials Identification System		
IARC= International Agency for Research on Cancer			IMDG= International Maritime Dangerous Goods		
LC ₅₀ =Lethal Concentration Fifty	LD ₅₀ =Lethal Dose Fifty		LEL=Lower Explosive Limit		
Log P _{ow} =Octanol/water partition coefficient	mg/Kg=Milligrams per Kilogram		mg/L=Milligrams per Liter		
mL/Kg=Milliliters per Kilogram	mm HG=millimete	ers of mercury	NFPA=National Fire Protection Association		
NIOSH= National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	NTP=National Toxicology Program		OSHA=Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
PEL=Permissible Exposure Limit	ppm=Parts per Million		RCRA=Resource Conservation and Recovery Act		
RQ=Reportable Quantities RTECS=Re Chemical Su		of Toxic Effects of ces	SARA= Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act		
SETIQ= E		cy Transportation emical Industry;	STEL=Short Term Exposure Limit		
TLV=Threshold Limit Value	TPQ=Threshold Planning Quantity		TSCA=Toxic Substance and Control Act		
TWA=Time Weighted Average	UEL=Upper Explo	osive Limit	VOC=Volatile Organic Compounds		



SDS REVISIONS: Reformatted to meet GHS Requirements					
SDS CREATION DATE: <u>05/30/14</u>	REVISION #0: <u>05/30/14</u>				
DISCL	AIMER				
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Cass Willaw SDS DEVELOPER:

Cass Willard, CIH

DATE: <u>05/30/14</u>