



RITRANSPARENCY REPORT 2019

Zurich Insurance Group





About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework is a key step in the journey towards building a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment (RI) activities. This RI Transparency Report is one of the key outputs of this Framework. Its primary objective is to enable signatory transparency on RI activities and facilitate dialogue between investors and their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders. A copy of this report will be publicly disclosed for all reporting signatories on the PRI website, ensuring accountability of the PRI Initiative and its signatories.

This report is an export of the individual Signatory organisation's response to the PRI during the 2019 reporting cycle. It includes their responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators the signatory has agreed to make public. The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offers a response option that is multiple-choice, all options that were available to the signatory to select are presented in this report. Presenting the information exactly as reported is a result of signatory feedback which suggested the PRI not summarise the information. As a result, the reports can be extensive. However, to help easily locate information, there is a **Principles index** which highlights where the information can be found and summarises the indicators that signatories complete and disclose.

Understanding the Principles Index

The Principles Index summarises the response status for the individual indicators and modules and shows how these relate to the six <u>Principles for Responsible Investment</u>. It can be used by stakeholders as an 'at-a-glance' summary of reported information and to identify particular themes or areas of interest.

Indicators can refer to one or more Principles. Some indicators are not specific to any Principle. These are highlighted in the 'General' column. When multiple Principles are covered across numerous indicators, in order to avoid repetition, only the main Principle covered is highlighted.

All indicators within a module are presented below. The status of indicators is shown with the following symbols:

Symbol	Status
✓	The signatory has completed all mandatory parts of this indicator
Ø	The signatory has completed some parts of this indicator
&	This indicator was not relevant for this signatory
-	The signatory did not complete any part of this indicator
Ъ	The signatory has flagged this indicator for internal review

Within the table, indicators marked in blue are mandatory to complete. Indicators marked in grey are voluntary to complete.



Principles Index



Organisa	ational Overview				Р	rin	cip	le		General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
OO TG	·	✓	-							
00 01	Signatory category and services	✓	Public							✓
OO 02	Headquarters and operational countries	✓	Public							✓
OO 03	Subsidiaries that are separate PRI signatories	✓	Public							✓
OO 04	Reporting year and AUM	✓	Public							✓
OO 05	Breakdown of AUM by asset class	~	Asset mix disclosed in OO 06							✓
OO 06	How would you like to disclose your asset class mix	✓	Public							✓
OO 07	Fixed income AUM breakdown	✓	Public							✓
OO 08	Segregated mandates or pooled funds	✓	Public							✓
OO 09	Breakdown of AUM by market	✓	Public							✓
OO 10	Active ownership practices for listed assets	✓	Public							✓
00 11	ESG incorporation practices for all assets	✓	Public							✓
00 12	Modules and sections required to complete	✓	Public							✓
OO LE 01	Breakdown of listed equity investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							✓
OO LE 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed listed equities	8	n/a							✓
OO FI 01	Breakdown of fixed income investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							✓
OO FI 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed fixed income	8	n/a							✓
OO FI 03	Fixed income breakdown by market and credit quality	✓	Public							✓
OO SAM 01	Breakdown of externally managed investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							✓
OO PE 01	Breakdown of private equity investments by strategy	8	n/a							✓
OO PE 02	Typical level of ownership in private equity investments	8	n/a							✓
00 PR 01	Breakdown of property investments	✓	Public							✓
OO PR 02	Breakdown of property assets by management	✓	Public							✓
00 PR 03	Largest property types	✓	Public							✓
OO INF 01	Breakdown of infrastructure investments	8	n/a							✓
OO INF 02	Breakdown of infrastructure assets by management	8	n/a							✓
OO INF 03	Largest infrastructure sectors	8	n/a							✓
OO HF 01	Breakdown of hedge funds investments by strategies	8	n/a							✓
OO End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							

CCStrate	CCStrategy and Governance						Principle			
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
SG 01	RI policy and coverage	✓	Public							✓
SG 01 CC	Climate risk	✓	Public							✓
SG 02	Publicly available RI policy or guidance documents	✓	Public						✓	
SG 03	Conflicts of interest	✓	Public							✓
SG 04	Identifying incidents occurring within portfolios	✓	Public							✓
SG 05	RI goals and objectives	✓	Public							✓
SG 06	Main goals/objectives this year	✓	Public							✓
SG 07	RI roles and responsibilities	✓	Public							✓
SG 07 CC	Climate-issues roles and responsibilities	✓	Public							✓
SG 08	RI in performance management, reward and/or personal development	✓	Public							✓
SG 09	Collaborative organisations / initiatives	✓	Public				✓	✓		
SG 09.2	Assets managed by PRI signatories	✓	Public	✓						
SG 10	Promoting RI independently	✓	Public				✓			
SG 11	Dialogue with public policy makers or standard setters	✓	Public				✓	✓	✓	
SG 12	Role of investment consultants/fiduciary managers	✓	Public				✓			
SG 13	ESG issues in strategic asset allocation	✓	Public	✓						
SG 13 CC		✓	Public							✓
SG 14	Long term investment risks and opportunity	✓	Public	✓						
SG 14 CC		✓	Public							✓
SG 15	Allocation of assets to environmental and social themed areas	✓	Public	✓						
SG 16	ESG issues for internally managed assets not reported in framework	8	n/a							✓
SG 17	ESG issues for externally managed assets not reported in framework	8	n/a							✓
SG 18	Innovative features of approach to RI	✓	Public							✓
SG 19	Communication	✓	Public		✓				✓	
SG End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							

Indirect -	Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring						Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
SAM 01	ESG incorporation strategies	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 02	Selection processes (LE and FI)	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 03	Evaluating engagement and voting practices in manager selection (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public		✓							
SAM 04	Appointment processes (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	~								
SAM 05	Monitoring processes (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 06	Monitoring on active ownership (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 07	Percentage of (proxy) votes	✓	Public		✓							
SAM 08	Percentage of externally managed assets managed by PRI signatories	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 09	Examples of ESG issues in selection, appointment and monitoring processes	✓	Public	~					✓			
SAM End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation							cip	le		General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
LEI 01	Percentage of each incorporation strategy	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 02	Type of ESG information used in investment decision	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 03	Information from engagement and/or voting used in investment decision-making	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 05	Processes to ensure screening is based on robust analysis	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 06	Processes to ensure fund criteria are not breached	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 07	Types of sustainability thematic funds/mandates	8	n/a	✓						
LEI 08	Review ESG issues while researching companies/sectors	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 09	Processes to ensure integration is based on robust analysis	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 10	Aspects of analysis ESG information is integrated into	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 11	ESG issues in index construction	8	n/a	✓						
LEI 12	How ESG incorporation has influenced portfolio composition	✓	Public	✓						
LEI 13	Examples of ESG issues that affected your investment view / performance	✓	Public	✓						
LEI End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							

Direct - I	Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership						cip	le		General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
LEA 01	Description of approach to engagement	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 02	Reasoning for interaction on ESG issues	✓	Public	✓	✓	✓				
LEA 03	Process for identifying and prioritising engagement activities	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 04	Objectives for engagement activities	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 05	Process for identifying and prioritising collaborative engagement	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 06	Role in engagement process	✓	Public		✓		✓			
LEA 07	Share insights from engagements with internal/external managers	✓	Public	✓	✓					
LEA 08	Tracking number of engagements	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 09	Number of companies engaged with, intensity of engagement and effort	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 10	Engagement methods	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 11	Examples of ESG engagements	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 12	Typical approach to (proxy) voting decisions	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 13	Percentage of voting recommendations reviewed	8	n/a		✓					
LEA 14	Securities lending programme	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 15	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 16	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 17	Percentage of (proxy) votes cast	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 18	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 19	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 20	Shareholder resolutions	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 21	Examples of (proxy) voting activities	✓	Public		✓					
LEA End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							

Direct - I	Direct - Fixed Income							le		General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
FI 01	Incorporation strategies applied	✓	Public	✓						
FI 02	ESG issues and issuer research	✓	Public	✓						
FI 03	Processes to ensure analysis is robust	✓	Public	✓						
FI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	✓						
FI 05	Examples of ESG factors in screening process	✓	Public	✓						
FI 06	Screening - ensuring criteria are met	✓	Public	✓						
FI 07	Thematic investing - overview	✓	Public	✓						
FI 08	Thematic investing - themed bond processes	✓	Public	✓						
FI 09	Thematic investing - assessing impact	✓	Public	✓						
FI 10	Integration overview	✓	Public	✓						
FI 11	Integration - ESG information in investment processes	✓	Public	✓						
FI 12	Integration - E,S and G issues reviewed	✓	Public	✓						
FI 13	ESG incorporation in passive funds	✓	Public	✓						
FI 14	Engagement overview and coverage	✓	Public		✓					
FI 15	Engagement method	✓	Public	✓	✓					
FI 16	Engagement policy disclosure	✓	Public	✓	✓					
FI 17	Financial/ESG performance	✓	Public							√
FI 18	Examples - ESG incorporation or engagement	✓	Public	✓	✓					
FI End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							

Direct -	Direct - Property						Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
PR 01	Responsible Property Investment (RPI) policy	✓	Public	✓					✓			
PR 02	Fund placement documents and RI	8	n/a	✓			✓		✓			
PR 03	Formal commitments to RI	8	n/a				✓					
PR 04	Incorporating ESG issues when selecting investments	✓	Public	~								
PR 05	Types of ESG information considered in investment selection	✓	Public	✓		✓						
PR 06	ESG issues impact in selection process	✓	Public	✓								
PR 07	ESG issues in selection, appointment and monitoring of third-party property managers	~	Public				~					
PR 08	ESG issues in post-investment activities	✓	Public		✓							
PR 09	Proportion of assets with ESG targets that were set and monitored	✓	Public		✓	✓						
PR 10	Certification schemes, ratings and benchmarks	✓	Public		✓							
PR 11	Proportion of developments and refurbishments where ESG issues were considered	✓	Public		~							
PR 12	Proportion of property occupiers that were engaged with	✓	Public		✓							
PR 13	Proportion of green leases or MOUs referencing ESG issues	✓	Public		✓							
PR 14	Proportion of assets engaged with on community issues	8	n/a		✓							
PR 15	ESG issues affected financial/ESG performance	✓	Public	~	✓							
PR 16	Examples of ESG issues that affected your property investments	✓	Public	~		✓						
PR End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Confider	Confidence building measures							Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6				
CM1 01	Assurance, verification, or review	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 02	Assurance of last year's PRI data	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 03	Other confidence building measures	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 04	Assurance of this year's PRI data	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 05	External assurance	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 06	Assurance or internal audit	8	n/a							✓			
CM1 07	Internal verification	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 01 End	Module confirmation page	✓	-										



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Organisational Overview

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



Basic information 00 01 **Mandatory Public** Gateway/Peering General Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide. 00 01.1 O Non-corporate pension or superannuation or retirement or provident fund or plan O Corporate pension or superannuation or retirement or provident fund or plan Insurance company Foundation O Endowment O Development finance institution O Reserve - sovereign or government controlled fund O Family office Other, specify

OO 01.3 Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich is a leading multi-line insurer that serves its customers in global and local markets. With about 54,000 employees, we provide a wide range of property and casualty and life insurance products and services. We serve individuals, small businesses, and mid-sized and large companies, including multinational corporations, in more than 210 countries and territories.

OO 0	2	Mandatory	Public	Peering	General
	OO 02.1	Select the location of your organi	sation's headquarters	3.	
	Switzerl	and			
	00 02.2	Indicate the number of countries	n which you have off	ices (including your headquarters	s).
	01	·			
	○ 2-5				
	O 6-10				
	⊚ >10				
		to the to the connection to according	-1-1-11:	to discuss to fall the analysis of the total (F	·TF\
	OO 02.3	Indicate the approximate number	of staff in your organ	isation in fuil-time equivalents (F	1E).
		FTE			



610

00 02.4

Additional information. [Optional]

FTE figure comprises Zurich's Investment Management organization, i.e., all staff with line reporting into the Group Chief Investment Officer.

OO 03 **Mandatory Public Descriptive** General Indicate whether you have subsidiaries within your organisation that are also PRI signatories in 00 03.1 their own right. O Yes No **OO 04 Mandatory Public** Gateway/Peering General Indicate the year end date for your reporting year. 00 04.1 31/12/2018 00 04.2 Indicate your total AUM at the end of your reporting year.

Include the AUM of subsidiaries, but exclude advisory/execution only assets, and exclude the assets of your PRI signatory subsidiaries that you have chosen not to report on in OO 03.2

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		195	472	046	698
Currency	USD				
Assets in USD		195	472	046	698

☐ Not applicable as we are in the fund-raising process

OO 04.5 Additional information. [Optional]

Starting in 2017, Assets under management comprise the investment portfolio calculated on a market basis (previously on a book value basis), and differs from the total Group investments reported in the consolidated financial statements, which is calculated on an accounting basis and doesn't include cash and cash equivalents.

OO 06.1 Select how you would like to disclose your asset class mix.

O as percentage breakdown

as broad ranges

Internally managed (%) Externally managed (%)



Listed equity	<10%	<10%
Fixed income	10-50%	>50%
Private equity	0	<10%
Property	<10%	0
Infrastructure	0	0
Commodities	0	0
Hedge funds	0	<10%
Fund of hedge funds	0	0
Forestry	0	0
Farmland	0	0
Inclusive finance	0	0
Cash	<10%	0
Money market instruments	0	0
Other (1), specify	<10%	<10%
Other (2), specify	<10%	<10%

'Other (1)' specified

Mortgages

'Other (2)' specified

Loans

OO 06.2 Publish asset class mix as per attached image [Optional].

Indicate whether your organisation has any off-balance sheet assets [Optional].

O Yes

OO 06.3

No



OO 06.5

Indicate whether your organisation uses fiduciary managers.

- O Yes, we use a fiduciary manager and our response to OO 5.1 is reflective of their management of our assets.
- No, we do not use fiduciary managers.

00 06.6

Provide contextual information on your AUM asset class split. [Optional]

Private equity and hedge funds: Zurich invests in private equity predominantly through a selection of third-party private equity fund managers. Zurich manages only a relatively small amount of direct private equity investments made either through co-investments (in-scope for environmental, social and governance or 'ESG' integration - see OO 11.4 for further details) or as part of 'legacy' portfolios (out-of-scope for ESG integration). The same strategy applies for hedge funds.

Real estate: in a selected number of instances, real estate portfolios are managed by external asset managers. In such cases, the same processes apply as described in SAM 02.5.

			ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Gateway	General
	00 07	.1	Provide to the nearest 5% the percoreporting year, using the following of		of your Fixed Income AUM at the	end of your

Internally managed		SSA			
	65				
		Corporate (financial)			
	10				
		Corporate (non-finar	ncial)		
	25				
		Securitised			
	0				
		Total			
	100%				
Externally managed		SSA			
	40				
		Corporate (financial)			
	15				
		Corporate (non-finar	ncial)		
	35				
		Securitised			
	10				
		Total			
	100%				
00 08	Mandatory to Re	port Voluntary to	Public	Peering	General
	Disclose				

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

OO 08.1

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.



Asset class breakdown	Segregated mandate(s)	Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	Total of the asset class (each row adds up to 100%)
[a] Listed equity	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%⑨ >50 %	○ 0%○ <10%● 10-50%○ >50 %	100%
[b] Fixed income - SSA	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%⑨ >50 %	● 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%○ >50 %	100%
[c] Fixed income – Corporate (financial)	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%● >50 %	0%<10%10-50%>50 %	100%
[d] Fixed income – Corporate (non-financial)	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%● >50 %	0%<10%10-50%>50 %	100%
[e] Fixed income – Securitised	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%⑨ >50 %	● 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%○ >50 %	100%
[f] Private equity	● 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%○ >50 %	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%● >50 %	100%
[j] Hedge funds	● 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%○ >50 %	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%● >50 %	100%
[p] Other (1), specify	○ 0%○ <10%○ 10-50%⑨ >50 %	0%<10%10-50%>50 %	100%

[q] Other (2), specify	O 0%	○ 0%	
	○ <10%	○ <10%	100%
	⊚ 10-50%	○ 10-50%	
	○ >50 %	⊚ >50 %	

OO 08.2 Additional information. [Optional

The information provided above is based on assumptions and expert judgment. Data about the split between segregated mandates and pooled funds is not systematically collected for all asset classes listed above. Zurich invests in private equity and hedge funds predominantly through a selection of third-party fund managers, whereas segregated mandates dominate in almost all other asset classes.

00 0	9	Man	datory	Public	Peering	General
	OO 09	.1	Indicate the breakdown of your org	anisation's AUM by	/ market.	
			Developed Markets			
	93.3	3				
			Emerging Markets			
	5.8					
			Frontier Markets			
	0.2					
			Other Markets			
	0.7					
			Total 100%			
	100%					
	Asset	t class	s implementation gateway indic	cators		
001	0	Man	datory	Public	Gateway	General
	00 10	.1	Select the active ownership activitie	es your organisatio	n implemented in the reporting ye	ar.

	Listed equity – engagement
☑ We enga	ge with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We requ	ire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
□ We do n	ot engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors.
	Listed equity – voting
☑ We cast	our (proxy) votes directly or via dedicated voting providers
☑ We requ	ire our external managers to vote on our behalf.
□ We do n	ot cast our (proxy) votes directly and do not require external managers to vote on our behalf
	Fixed income SSA – engagement
☑ We er	gage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We re	quire our external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors on our behalf.
	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on cors. Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (financial) – engagement
☑ We er	gage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We re	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
☐ We do factors. F	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (non-financial) – engagement
☑ We er	gage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We re	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (securitised) – engagement
□ We er	gage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
□ We re	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Please explain why you do not engage directly and do not require external managers to

OO 11 Mandatory Public Gateway General

Securitized assets are not in scope for our ESG integration policy (see OO 11.4), which forms the basis of

engage with companies on ESG factors.

our active ownership strategy.



00 11.1

Select the internally managed asset classes in which you addressed ESG incorporation into your investment decisions and/or your active ownership practices (during the reporting year).

Listed equity

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

Fixed income - SSA

- We address ESG incorporation.
- \bigcirc We do not do ESG incorporation.

Fixed income - corporate (financial)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- \bigcirc We do not do ESG incorporation.

Fixed income - corporate (non-financial)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- \bigcirc We do not do ESG incorporation.

Property

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

Cash

- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$ We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

Other (1)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

Other (2)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- $\ensuremath{\, \bullet \,}$ We do not do ESG incorporation.

Other (1)' [as defined in OO 05

Mortgages



'Other (2)' [as defined in OO 05]

Loans

00 11.2

Select the externally managed assets classes in which you and/or your investment consultants address ESG incorporation in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes.



Asset class	ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
Listed equity	
	Listed equity - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - SSA	
	Fixed income - SSA - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - corporate	
financial)	Fixed income - corporate (financial) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
ixed income - corporate	
(non-financial)	Fixed income - corporate (non-financial) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - securitised	
	Fixed income - securitised - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation



	Private equity - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes			
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process			
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process			
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process			
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation			
Hedge funds				
	Hedge funds - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process			
	☐ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process			
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation			
Other (1)				
	Other (1) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process			
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation			
Other (2)				
	Other (2) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process			
	☐ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable			
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process			
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation			
	I			

OO 11.3b

If your organisation does not integrate ESG factors into investment decisions on your externally managed assets, explain why not.

See OO 11.4

00 11.4

Provide a brief description of how your organisation includes responsible investment considerations in your investment manager selection, appointment and monitoring processes.

The following asset classes are currently excluded from ESG integration:

• Sovereign, supranational and agency (SSA) securities: disciplined asset/liability management (ALM) practices and, in some cases, insurance regulation, require Zurich to hold substantial amounts of minimum-risk assets



denominated in local currency to back local liabilities. (See SG 13.3 for further details). Zurich does not manage any multi-currency sovereign bond, or SSA portfolios, which would allow ESG factors to influence issuer selection. However, municipal credit is in scope for ESG integration and SSA securities are in scope for our impact investing strategy.

- Asset-backed securities: Zurich has found no evidence that ESG factors are a relevant factor in risk and return for this asset class. However, covered bonds are in scope for our impact investing strategy.
- Hedge funds: Zurich believes that the bulk of hedge fund strategies do not lend themselves to ESG integration
 practices. However, there is a very well-established process in place to evaluate governance at the fund
 manager level.
- Money market funds and cash, as well as mortgages and certain legacy investments (no further investment decision to be made).
- For index or quantitative ('quant') mandates, active ownership practices are the only applicable element of ESG integration. Where ownership of voting rights lies with a fund vehicle over which Zurich has no control, active proxy voting is not applicable.

Zurich strives to fully reflect the four basic requirements for successful ESG integration (see SG 01.5 for a description of how Zurich looks at ESG integration) in its asset manager life cycle process for all in-scope assets.

Manager selection

A set of responsible investment questions is included the request for information (RFI) and request for proposal (RFP) questionnaires, and is included in evaluations with an explicit weighting. The manager selection and responsible investment teams work together to determine the appropriate weight on a case-by-case basis and in evaluating the responses.

Manager appointment

Zurich expects its asset managers to reflect the four basic requirements of ESG integration in their investment approach. To formally express these expectations, Zurich has started to include appropriate language in investment management agreements (IMA).

Manager review

Zurich uses various elements to formally integrate responsible investment practices into the monitoring process of external asset managers.

Find a more detailed description of the approach mentioned above in SAM 02.5. Note that different processes are followed for private equity, described in SAM 02, SAM 04 and SAM 05.

00 1	2	Mar	datory	Public	Gateway	General	
	00 12.1		Below are all applicable modules or sections you may report on. Those which are mandatory to report (asset classes representing 10% or more of your AUM) are already ticked and read-only. Those which are voluntary to report on can be opted into by ticking the box.				
			Core modules				
	☑ C	Organis	sational Overview				
	☑ Strategy and Governance						
	RI implementation directly or via service providers						
Direct - Listed Equity incorporation							



☑ Listed Equity incorporation

Direct - Listed Equity active ownership

☑ Engagements
☑ (Proxy) voting

Direct - Fixed Income
☑ Fixed income - SSA
☑ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☑ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)

Direct - Other asset classes with dedicated modules
☑ Property

RI implementation via external managers

Indirect - Selection, Appointment and Monitoring of External Managers

☑ Listed Equities

- ☑ Fixed income SSA
- ☑ Fixed income Corporate (financial)
- ☑ Fixed income Corporate (non-financial)
- ☑ Private Equity

Closing module

☑ Closing module

Peering questions

OO LE 01 Mandatory Public Gateway General

00 LE 01.1 Provide a breakdown of your internally managed listed equities by passive, active - quantitative (quant), active - fundamental and active - other strategies.

Update: this indicator has changed from "Mandatory to report, voluntary to disclose" to "Mandatory". Your response to this indicator will be published in the Public Transparency Report. This change is to enable improved analysis and peering.

Percentage of internally managed listed equities



Strategies	Percentage of internally managed listed equities
Passive	○ >50%
	O 10-50%
	○ <10%
	● 0%
Active - quantitative (quant)	○ >50%
	O 10-50%
	O <10%
	● 0%
Active - fundamental and active - other	
	O 10-50%
	O <10%
	O 0%
Total 100%	

OO FI 01	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	General
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Update: this indicator has changed from "Mandatory to report, voluntary to disclose" to "Mandatory". Your response to this indicator will be published in the Public Transparency Report. This change is to enable improved analysis and peering.

OO FI 01.1

Provide a breakdown of your internally managed fixed income securities by active and passive strategies



Туре	Passive	Active - quantitative	Active - fundamental & others	Total internally managed fixed income security
SSA	>50%● 10-50%<10%○ 0%	>50%10-50%<10%● 0%	>50%10-50%<10%0%	100%
Corporate (financial)	>50%10-50%€ <10%0%	>50%10-50%<10%● 0%	>50%10-50%<10%0%	100%
Corporate (non- financial)	○ >50% ○ 10- 50% ◎ <10% ○ 0%	○ >50% ○ 10-50% ○ <10% ● 0%	>50%10-50%<10%0%	100%

OO FI 01.2 Additional information. [Optional]

Note that SSA securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Other references made to SSA securities in this section refer to Zurich's dedicated green bond mandate (see also SG 18.2).

OO FI 03	Mandatory	Public	Descriptive	General
----------	-----------	--------	-------------	---------

Update: this indicator has changed from "Mandatory to report, voluntary to disclose" to "Mandatory". Your response to this indicator will be published in the Public Transparency Report. This change is to enable improved analysis and peering.

OO FI 03.1

Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your SSA investments, by developed markets and emerging markets.



SSA		
		Developed markets
	94	
		Emerging markets
	06	
		Total
	100%	

OO FI 03.2

Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your corporate and securitised investments by investment grade or high-yield securities.

Туре	Investment grade (+/- 5%)	High-yield (+/- 5%)	Total internally managed
Corporate (financial)	>50%	○ >50%	
	○ 10-50%	○ 10-50%	100%
	○ <10%	o <10%	
	○ 0%	○ 0%	
Corporate (non-financial)		○ >50%	
	○ 10-50%	○ 10-50%	100%
	○ <10%	o <10%	
	○ 0%	○ 0%	

OO FI 03.3 | Additional information. [Optional]

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies.

If you are invested in private debt and reporting on ratings is not relevant for you, please indicate below

□ OO FI 03.2 is not applicable as our internally managed fixed income assets are invested only in private debt.

OO SAM 01	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Gateway	General

OO SAM 01.1 Provide a breakdown of your externally managed listed equities and fixed income by passive, active quant and, active fundamental and other active strategies.



Listed equity (LE)	
	Passive
	33
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	34
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	33
	100%
Fixed income - SSA	
	Passive
	36
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	64
	100%
Fixed income - Corporate (financial)	Destin
(manda)	Passive
	4
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	96
	100%
Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)	Passive
	2
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0

	Active - fundamental and active - other 98 100%
Fixed income - Securitised	Passive 20 Active - quantitative (quant) 0 Active - fundamental and active - other 80 100%

OO PR 01	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	General

00 PR 01.1

Indicate the level of ownership you typically hold in your property investments.

- a majority stake (>50%)
- a 50% stake
- O a significant minority stake (between 10-50%)
- a limited minority stake (<10%)
- O a mix of ownership stakes
- \bigcirc N/A, we manage properties, new constructions and/or refurbishments on behalf of our clients, but do not hold equity in property on their behalf

OO PR 01.2 Provide a breakdown of your organisations allocation to Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) or similar

- >50%
- 10 **-** 50%
- **●** <10%
- 0%



OO PR 01.3

Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich is a core real estate investor with the objective of achieving long-term, stable cash flows. The global real estate strategy focuses on direct, unlevered, full-ownership investments in the most liquid parts of the market. Zurich's real estate total portfolio consists of over 550properties around the globe, valued at roughly USD 14.6 billion. The majority of these properties are located in Europe, with large portfolios in Switzerland, Germany, Austria and Spain. The largest portfolio outside Europe is in the U.S., with roughly 16 percent of the entire real estate exposure.

The portfolio and asset management for Zurich's global real estate portfolio is conducted locally, predominantly through in-house asset management teams. Only a small proportion of real estate assets is managed by external asset managers. In contrast to asset management, property management is predominantly outsourced to local experts and clearly separated from asset and portfolio management.

Note that information provided as part of this module mainly refers to direct real estate exposure held for investment. It does include some of our own-use real estate, but does not include some indirect exposure.

OO PR 02	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Gateway	General

OO PR 02.1

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's property assets based on who manages the assets.

Property assets managed by	Breakdown of your property assets (by number)
Managed directly by your organisation	○ >50%
	○ 10-50%
	⊚ <10%
	○ 0%
Managed via third-party property managers appointed by you	
	○ 10-50%
	○ <10%
	○ 0%
Managed by other investors or their property managers	○ >50%
	○ 10-50%
	⊚ <10%
	○ 0%
Managed by tenant(s) with operational control	○ > 50%
	○ 10-50%
	⊚ < 10%
	○ 0%
Total 100%	

OO PR 03.1

Indicate up to three of your largest property types by AUM.

Types	Main property types (by AUM)
Largest property type	○ Industrial
	○ Retail
	Office
	○ Residential
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify
Second largest property type	O Industrial
	○ Retail
	○ Office
	Residential
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify
Third largest property type	O Industrial
	Retail
	○ Office
	○ Residential
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Strategy and Governance

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



Investment policy

SG 01 Mandatory Public Core Assessed General

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 01.1

Indicate if you have an investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach.

Yes

SG 01.2

Indicate the components/types and coverage of your policy.

Select all that apply

Policy components/types	Coverage by AUM
☑ Policy setting out your overall approach	Applicable policies cover all AUM
☐ Formalised guidelines on environmental factors	O Applicable policies cover a majority of AUM
☐ Formalised guidelines on social factors	O Applicable policies cover a minority of AUM
$\hfill\Box$ Formalised guidelines on corporate governance factors	
☐ Fiduciary (or equivalent) duties	
☑ Asset class-specific RI guidelines	
☐ Sector specific RI guidelines	
☑ Screening / exclusions policy	
☑ Engagement policy	
☑ (Proxy) voting policy	
☑ Other, specify (1)	
Investment philosophy	
☐ Other, specify(2)	



SG 01.3	Indicate if the investment p	policy covers an	v of the following
36 01.3	maioato ii tro irrestriciti p	Jolicy Covers are	y or the following

☑ Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments
☑ Your investment objectives that take ESG factors/real economy influence into account
☑ Time horizon of your investment
☑ Governance structure of organisational ESG responsibilities
☑ ESG incorporation approaches
☑ Active ownership approaches
□ Reporting
☑ Climate change
\square Understanding and incorporating client / beneficiary sustainability preferences
☐ Other RI considerations, specify (1)
☐ Other RI considerations, specify (2)

SG 01.4

Describe your organisation's investment principles and overall investment strategy, interpretation of fiduciary (or equivalent) duties, and how they consider ESG factors and real economy impact.

Zurich's responsible investment strategy comprises three elements, which are integrated into the overall investment approach:

- 1. ESG integration
- 2. Impact investing
- 3. Advancing together

See SG 01.5 below for a more detailed description of these key elements.

SG 01.5

Provide a brief description of the key elements, any variations or exceptions to your investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach. [Optional]

Responsible investment means different things to different people. A clear understanding of Zurich's sustainability approach is the starting point for defining our approach to responsible investment. At Zurich, sustainability is about how we conduct our business and is an integral part of the Group's strategy. It is about sustainable value creation, as set out in our code of conduct:

- Creating value for customers, shareholders, employees and society
- Proactively addressing ESG issues
- Focusing on long-term success over short-term gains

We aim to create sustainable value by focusing on what we do best and making use of our core skills in insurance, risk management and investment. Our sustainability approach focuses on our role in society, investing our Group assets responsibly and working with our corporate customers to help them understand and manage their sustainability risks. Responsible investment is thus about managing the overall portfolio of assets to create sustainable value or, in other words, to do well and do good. 'Well' means generating superior risk-adjusted returns for the direct benefit of Zurich's policyholders and shareholders, and 'good' means generating positive impact for the benefit of society and the communities in which we live and work.

Responsible investment forms a key element of Zurich's investment philosophy and comprises three elements:

1. ESG integration: Proactively integrating ESG factors into the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - supports us in 'doing well' and in achieving our mission to generate superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

Successful ESG integration is based on:

- adequate training to help investment decision-makers understand the relevance of ESG factors
- access to data, research and analysis pertaining to ESG issues to inform investment decision-making



- formal integration of ESG factors into the security and asset selection process
- active ownership practices
- 2. Impact investing: Through impact investing, Zurich can help to fund efforts to address some of the pressing social or environmental issues of our time. Zurich is directly exposed to challenges such as climate change, resource depletion, and more. We have a direct interest in sustainable global economic growth and supporting communities in becoming more resilient to environmental and social challenges. Impact investments can help address these issues through their targeted, positive impact, and also offer a financial return commensurate with risks.
- 3. Advancing together: We believe that responsible investment will only truly have an impact if financial market participants are advancing together, making responsible investment mainstream. Only by acting collectively can ESG risk be priced efficiently, offer the right incentives to those seeking to raise capital in the market, and allow impact investments to provide capital on the scale needed to tackle the pressing social and environmental issues of our time. Supporting collaborative initiatives and working together with other industry participants to advance responsible investment practices thus forms an integral part of our approach.

Navigating the complexity of insurance investment management and practicing responsible investment at the same time can only be achieved by fully integrating these responsible investment practices into the overall investment approach and making them part and parcel of everyday investment decision-making. Strategies and policies alone are not sufficient. Responsible investment must become part of the organization's DNA - its culture. This will take time, leadership and 'learning by doing.' To accelerate and support this process, we are providing incentives to investment professionals to practice responsible investing by reflecting responsible investment in individual objectives where applicable across the investment management organization; we have incorporated responsible investment into Zurich's technical competency framework used to determine job profiles and training requirements; we have established a global group of 'responsible investment champions' representing individual teams in local operations; and we have built a small but dedicated responsible investment team that acts as a catalyst and engages with the rest of the organization on an ongoing basis.

 \bigcirc No

I confirm I have read and understood the Accountability tab for SG 01

I confirm I have read and understood the Accountability tab for SG 01

SG 01 CC Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 01.6 CC Indicate the climate-related risks and opportunities that have been identified and factored into the investment strategies and products, within the organisation's investment time horizon.

Every business and asset will be affected by climate change and the collective action taken to mitigate or adapt to it. This will be the case even if society successfully transitions toward a low-carbon economy, and, as envisaged by the Paris Accord succeeds in keeping future global temperature increases in this century 'well below' two degrees Celsius. The impacts of climate change run through all the elements of our responsible investment strategy, and can mainly be viewed in the categories of 'transition risk' and 'physical risk'. In 2017, Zurich's Macroeconomic and Market Strategy team developed a climate change scorecard to monitor the probabilities of transition and physical risks, which is updated annually.

SG 01.7 CC

Indicate whether the organisation has assessed the likelihood and impact of these climate risks?

Yes



SG 01.8 CC

Indicate the associated timescales linked to these risks and opportunities.

Overall risks scenarios were considered over both a short (3 - 5 year) and long (5 - 10 year) timeframe.

O No

SG 01.9 CC

Indicate whether the organisation publicly supports the TCFD?

Yes

O No

SG 01.10 CC Indicate whether there is an organisation-wide strategy in place to identify and manage material climate-related risks and opportunities.

Yes

Describe

Zurich has defined a clear strategy to reflect climate change in its investment approach and we are committed to action in seven areas:

- 1. Establishing scenarios: it is hard to take action without context. Zurich's Market Strategy and Macroeconomics team has defined high-level scenarios and is monitoring developments with the help of a scorecard that is updated regularly. The analysis is available online.
- 2. Strengthening ESG integration: given its complexity and long-term nature, climate change represents a particular challenge for ESG integration. Additional data and tools are required to raise awareness among investment professionals and to support integration in investment strategies.
- 3. Benchmarking: ESG integration practices might fail to effectively capture all climate change-related risks and opportunities. We are testing in selected asset classes the use of bespoke benchmarks that incorporate a climate risk assessment and will evaluate the application of such benchmarks for new and existing portfolios on a case-by-case basis.
- 4. Financing the transition to a low-carbon economy: as part of our ongoing commitment to impact investing and our target to help avoid emission of five million tons of CO2 per year, we will evaluate green investments across different asset classes on an ongoing basis.
- 5. Driving change through advocacy: public and private sectors need to take decisive action. Zurich has defined clear positions on topics such as transparent risk disclosure, carbon pricing, etc.
- 6. Engaging with others: as part of engaging with the companies in which we invest, climate change is reflected on the agenda and considered in voting practices.
- 7. Making selective exclusions: recognizing the particularly harmful impact of coal on climate Zurich has developed a Group approach on selectively excluding companies from its underwriting and investing activities that get significant revenues from mining thermal coal or using it to generate electricity.

Further information on Zurich's adaptation of the FSB TCFD's recommendations can be found here: https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/climate-change/tcfd

 \bigcirc No



SG 1.1 CC	12	Indicate the documents ar	nd/or communications the	e organisation uses to publish	TCFD disclosures.
☑ Puk	olic PR	l Climate Transparency Rep	oort		
□ Anr	nual fin	ancial filings			
□ Reg	gular cl	ient reporting			
□ Mei	mber c	ommunications			
□ Oth	ner				
SG 02	Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 6
New sel	ection	options have been added	to this indicator. Pleas	se review your prefilled respo	onses carefully.
SG 02	.1	Indicate which of your inve		ts (if any) are publicly available	. Provide a URL
☑ Pol	icy sett	ing out your overall approac	ch		
		URL/Attachment			
	⁄ URL				
	ort.				
		URL			
				/docs/corporate-responsibility/ı 914231845A4A14F7FD46F24	
	☐ Attac	hment (will be made public)			
☑ Ass	set clas	s-specific RI guidelines			
		URL/Attachment			
[v	₫ URL				
		URL			
_	inves	tment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&l	hash=72A35940F6FEF2	/docs/corporate-responsibility/r 914231845A4A14F7FD46F24	
		hment (will be made public) / exclusions policy			
⊻ 301	eeming	/ Grandinia Policy			
		URL/Attachment			



☑ URL

URL {hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment/esq-integration} ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ Engagement policy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL **URL** {hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsibleinvestment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966} ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ (Proxy) voting policy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL **URL** {hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/zurich-proxyvoting-policy-and-guidelines.pdf?la=en&hash=96EC9253F41007590058B3DB1F21966B49A5D9A1} ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ Other, specify (1) Other, specify (1) description Investment philosophy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL **URL** {hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/zurich-responsibleinvestment-position-statment-2017.pdf?la=en&hash=E728621509466695895975895FD0C0E035ACF3D4} ☐ Attachment (will be made public) \square We do not publicly disclose our investment policy documents

☑ Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments

attachment of the document.

Indicate if any of your investment policy components are publicly available. Provide URL and an



SG 02.2

		URL/Attachment
	☑ URL	
		URL
\checkmark	investme	k:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-int-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966} ent ent objectives that take ESG factors/real economy influence into account
		URL/Attachment
	☑ URL	
		URL
\checkmark	investme	k:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible- ent-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966} ent of your investment
		URL/Attachment
•	☑ URL	
		URL
	investme ☐ Attachme	
V	Governance s	structure of organisational ESG responsibilities
		URL/Attachment
	☑ URL	
		URL
V	investme ☐ Attachme	k:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible- ent-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966} ent ation approaches
		URL/Attachment
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{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}

☐ Attachment

☑ Active ownership approaches

URL/Attachment

☑ URL

URL

{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}

□ Attachment

☑ Climate change

URL/Attachment

☑ URL

URL

{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}

☐ Attachment

 \square We do not publicly disclose any investment policy components

SG 02.3

Additional information [Optional]

Additional policies and guidance documents making reference to responsible investment that are publicly available:

Responsible investment position statement: https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/zurich-responsible-investment-position-statement-

2017.pdf?la=en&hash=E728621509466695895975895FD0C0E035ACF3D4

Code of conduct: www.zurich.com/en/about-us/corporate-governance/code-of-conduct

Zurich's TCFD reporting: https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/climate-change/tcfd

SG 03 Mandatory Public Core Assessed General

SG 03.1

Indicate if your organisation has a policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the investment process.

Yes



SG 03.2

Describe your policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the investment process.

A number of policies and procedures are in place at Zurich to manage conflicts of interest. While no separate document exists focused exclusively on conflicts of interests in the broader investment process, potential conflicts of interest are effectively managed as follows:

- Investment and insurance underwriting decisions separated through dedicated lines of responsibility and clear accountability of Group and local chief investment officers
- Clear investment policies and guidelines and an overview of the decision-making process through Asset-Liability Management Investment Committees (ALMICs)
- · Policies on gifts and entertainment
- Clear guidelines on ethical behavior through a code of conduct

Describe your process on managing incidents

• Clear reference in proxy voting policy and guidelines, so that proxy voting is executed with an investment view only, and without consideration of a potential insurance client status of investee companies.

 \bigcirc No

SG 04.2

SG 0	4	Volu	untary	Public	Descriptive	General
	SG 04.	.1	Indicate if your organisation has a portfolio companies.	process for identifyi	ng and managing incidents that c	occur within
,	Yes					
	○ No					
ı						

Zurich monitors the ESG performance of its portfolios that are in scope for ESG integration (see OO 11.4 for details), producing internal reports that highlight controversial business practices and rating downgrades as identified by a third-party data provider. For internally managed assets, these reports are distributed to local ALM investment committees (ALMIC). For externally managed assets, ESG performance is discussed at least annually as part of quarterly performance review meetings and asset managers may provide their own reporting on portfolios' ESG performance. While there is a process in place to monitor ESG performance of portfolios, not all incidents that lead to rating downgrades or are flagged due to controversial business practices are systematically assessed; relevant discussions typically focus on illustrative examples and/or the most material incidents.

Objectives and strategies					
	SG 05	Mandatory	Public	Gateway/Core Assessed	General



SG 05.1

Indicate if and how frequently your organisation sets and reviews objectives for its responsible investment activities.

- Quarterly or more frequently
- Biannually
- O Annually
- O Less frequently than annually
- O Ad-hoc basis
- O It is not set/reviewed

SG 05.2

Additional information. [Optional]

See SG 07.2 for additional information on the objective-setting process.

SG 06 Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 0<u>6.1</u>

List the main responsible investment objectives that your organisation set for the reporting year.

Responsible investment processes

☑ Provide training on ESG incorporation

Key performance indicator

Completion rate for basic and advanced responsible investment training.

Progress achieved

Portfolio management teams and other individuals relevant to the process are required to complete advanced responsible investment training. Basic responsible investment training is required for investment management staff globally. Zurich monitors, but does not currently disclose the completion rate.

- ☐ Provide training on ESG engagement
- ☑ Improved communication of ESG activities within the organisation

Key performance indicator

Zurich does not track this activity with a quantitative KPI.

Progress achieved

A priority for 2018 was to establish the relationships and networks necessary to further drive internal communication of the responsible investment progress and proof points through local communication teams.

☑ Improved engagement to encourage change with regards to management of ESG issues



Key performance indicator

Zurich does not track this activity with a quantitative KPI.

Progress achieved

A priority for 2018 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, which Zurich did in connection to divesting from companies that generated more than half of their revenues from mining thermal coal or had more than 50% of coal in their power generation mix.

☑ Improved ESG incorporation into investment decision making processes

Key performance indicator

A number of KPIs measure the progress in implementing ESG for both in-house and external portfolio management, as disclosed below:

Progress achieved

Progress made:

Assets in scope for ESG integration

- Managed by staff having received ESG training (% of in-scope): 96%
- Managed by staff with direct access to ESG data (% of in-scope): 99%
- ESG represented in the investment process (% of in-scope): 89%
- ESG represented in issuer engagement (% of in-scope): 93%

☑ Other, specify (1)

Execution of impact investing strategies for green bonds and private equity.

Key performance indicator

Total amount of impact investments (USD millions)

Progress achieved

Impact investments as of December 31, 2018:

- Green, social and sustainability bonds: USD 3.1 billion
- Impact infrastructure debt: USD 540 million
- Impact private equity (commitments): USD 145 million

☑ Other, specify (2)

other description (2)

Further roll-out of proxy voting to additional in-house teams



Progress achieved This goal was achieved. ☑ Other, specify (3) Progress on climate change strategy Progress achieved Various projects were conducted to achieve progress on Zurich's climate change strategy for responsible investment (as outlined in SG 01.6 CC). ☐ None of the above \square Increase portfolio performance by consideration of ESG factors ☐ Other, specify (1) ☐ Other, specify (2) ☐ Other, specify (3) ☑ None of the above ☑ Over or underweight companies based on ESG characteristics Key performance indicator % of AuM in scope for ESG integration, where a systematic process to integrate ESG factors is in place Progress achieved ESG represented in the investment process (% of in-scope): 89% ☐ Improve ESG ratings of portfolio ☑ Setting carbon reduction targets for portfolio Key performance indicator Kg of CO2 emitted and kWh used per sqm, respectively, for Swiss real estate portfolio

Progress achieved

- CO2: 28 kg/sqm (2017), -14% vs. 2010
- Energy consumption: 114 kWh/sqm (2017), -10% vs. 2010



☐ Other, specify (1)				
☐ Other, specify (2)				
☐ Other, specify (3)				
☐ None of the above				
Other activities				
☑ Joining and/or participation in RI initiatives				
Key performance indicator				
Advancing together is an elementary part of Zurich's responsible investment strategy (see SG 01.4 and SG				
01.5).				
Progress achieved				
Progress achieved				
Progress achieved				
Progress achieved In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups.				
Progress achieved In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative				
Progress achieved In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative □ Documentation of best practice case studies				
Progress achieved In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative □ Documentation of best practice case studies □ Using case studies to demonstrate engagement and ESG incorporation to clients				
In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative □ Documentation of best practice case studies □ Using case studies to demonstrate engagement and ESG incorporation to clients □ Other, specify (1)				
In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative □ Documentation of best practice case studies □ Using case studies to demonstrate engagement and ESG incorporation to clients □ Other, specify (1) □ Other, specify (2)				
Progress achieved In 2018 we actively participated in 11 industry groups. □ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative □ Documentation of best practice case studies □ Using case studies to demonstrate engagement and ESG incorporation to clients □ Other, specify (1) □ Other, specify (2) □ Other, specify (3)				

SG 06.2 Additional information.

Currently, reduction targets for CO2 emissions and energy consumption only apply to real estate investments in Switzerland (44 percent of global direct real estate investment value). Most buildings in the real estate investment portfolio are not used by Zurich. The environmental footprint of Zurich's corporate real estate (whether owned or leased) is reported separately in the environmental performance section of Zurich's sustainability highlights report.

	Gove	rnand	ce and human resources			
SG 0	7	Mar	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	General
	SG 07.	1	Indicate the internal and/or external they have oversight and/or impleme	roles used by y entation respons	rour organisation, and indicate ibilities for responsible investr	for each whether nent.



	Roles
☑ Board me	embers or trustees
	rsight/accountability for responsible investment
☐ Impl	ementation of responsible investment
□Noo	oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
☑ Internal F	Roles (triggers other options)
	Select from the below internal roles
	ef Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Operating Officer (COO), ment Committee
\checkmark	Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
	Implementation of responsible investment
	No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
☑ Othe	er Chief-level staff or head of department, specify
All G	Group CIO direct reports
\checkmark	Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
	Implementation of responsible investment
	No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
☑ Port	folio managers
	Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
\checkmark	Implementation of responsible investment
	No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
✓ Inve	stment analysts
	Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
\checkmark	Implementation of responsible investment
	No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
☑ Ded	icated responsible investment staff
\checkmark	Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
\checkmark	Implementation of responsible investment
	No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
☐ Inve	stor relations
☐ Othe	er role, specify (1)
☐ Othe	er role, specify (2)
✓ External	managers or service providers
□ Ove	rsight/accountability for responsible investment
	ementation of responsible investment



☐ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment

SG 07.2

For the roles for which you have RI oversight/accountability or implementation responsibilities, indicate how you execute these responsibilities.

- The Head of Responsible Investment, reporting directly to the Group CIO, is responsible for overseeing the execution of the responsible investment strategy and supporting the investment management organization in implementing responsible investment practices.
- As part of a standard annual individual objective-setting process, responsible investment objectives can be
 assigned to relevant individuals across investment management, including department heads reporting
 directly to the Group CIO, and then cascaded where applicable to the regional and local investment teams,
 including, local CIOs, portfolio managers, analysts and others.

SG 07.3	Indicate the number of dedicated responsible investment staff your organisation has.
	Number
2	
SG 07 4	Additional information [Optional]

Accountabilities at the level of the Zurich Group

- The 'Governance, Nominations and Sustainability Committee' of the Zurich Board of Directors reviews and approves Zurich's approach to sustainability, including responsible investment as an element of that strategy. In addition, the Board of Directors formally oversees the execution of the Group's overall strategy, of which sustainability forms an integral part.
- Zurich's responsible investment approach is an integral element of the Group's sustainability strategy and the
 Executive Committee (ExCo) is accountable for the execution of the sustainability strategy. A cross-functional
 Group-level body the Sustainability Leaders Council ensures that Zurich achieves its sustainability
 objectives. The Council comprises senior executives from across the business and is chaired by the Group
 Head of Public Affairs and Sustainability. The Head of Responsible Investment represents investment
 management in the Council.
- The Group Chief Investment Officer (CIO), a member of the ExCo, is responsible for the execution of the responsible investment strategy.

I confirm I have read and understood the Accountability tab for SG 07

I confirm I have read and understood the Accountability tab for SG 07

SG 07 CC Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 07.5 Indicate the roles in the organisation that have oversight, accountability and/or management responsibilities for climate-related issues.



	Board members or trustees
✓ Overs	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
☐ Asse	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), Investment Committee
✓ Overs	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
☐ Asse	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	Other Chief-level staff or head of department
	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
☐ Asse	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	Portfolio managers
□ Overs	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
✓ Asse	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	Investment analysts
□ Over	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	Dedicated responsible investment staff
	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ NO re	esponsibility for climate-related issues
	External managers or service providers
□ Over	sight/accountability for climate-related issues
✓ Asse	ssment and management of climate-related issues
□ No re	esponsibility for climate-related issues



SG 07.6 CC For board level roles for which have climate-related issues oversight/accountability or implementation responsibilities, indicate how these responsibilities are executed.

Accountabilities at the level of the Zurich Insurance Group

While climate change is not singled out as a separate item in Zurich's Organizational Rules, clear roles and responsibilities, both at the level of the Zurich Board of Directors and Zurich management, ensure effective oversight and action with respect to climate change-related risks.

The 'Governance, Nominations and Sustainability Committee' of the Zurich Board of Directors reviews and approves the sustainability strategy and objectives, including climate change as a focus topic for the Group, as well as responsible investment as an element of that strategy. In addition, the Board of Directors formally oversees the execution of the Group's overall strategy, of which corporate responsibility forms an integral part.

SG 07.7 CC For the management-level roles that assess and manage climate-related issues, provide further information on the structure and process involved.

Relevant key accountabilities of Executive Management include:

- The Group Chief Risk Officer (CRO) is responsible for the Group's sustainable business framework with responsibility for overseeing its implementation and integrating sustainability risk into the overall risk management framework. Climate change is a central pillar of the Group's sustainable business framework.
- The Group CRO sponsors an annual Climate Risk assessment during which climate related risks are
 assessed and appropriate mitigating actions defined. The Group CRO is also responsible for Zurich's annual
 Task force on Climate Change-related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) disclosure.
- The Group Chief Investment Officer is responsible for execution of Zurich's responsible investment approach and climate change investment strategy. The Head of Macroeconomics annually assesses high-level climate change scenario narratives.
- Responsibility for reviewing relevant external trends and driving Zurich's retail underwriting strategy rests with Chief Underwriting Officers at country level to ensure strategy is reflective of local need, while this responsibility is centrally managed for Commercial Insurance.

	SG 07.8 CC	Explain how the organisation enga recommendations and its impleme		ment managers on the TCFD	
	☐ Incorp	poration of TCFD in Annual Report			
	✓ Incorp	poration of TCFD in regular client reporting	ng		
	□ Requ	est that investment managers complete F	PRI Climate indicato	ors	
	□ Requ	est responses to TCFD Fund Manager qu	uestions in the PRI	Asset Owner guide	
SG 08	3	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	General
	SG 08.1	Indicate if your organisation's performance processes have a responsible investigation.		ent, reward and/or personal devel	opment



	SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ Respons	sible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☑ None of	the above
		Object Formation Officer (OFO) Object Investment Officer (OIO) Object Occupies Officer (OOO)
		Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Operating Officer (COO), Investment Committee
	SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
	☐ Respons	sible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
	Response Response	sible investment included in appraisal process
	☐ Variable	pay linked to responsible investment performance
	☐ None of	the above
	22.22.41	Discoursed development and/or training along
	SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	•	sible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None of	the above
		Other C-level staff or head of department
Gr	oup CIO direc	treports
	SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
	✓ Respons	sible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
	•	sible investment included in appraisal process
	•	pay linked to responsible investment performance
	☐ None of	
	SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	✓ Respons	sible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None of	the above
		Portfolio managers
		Direction the constraint of th
	SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
	•	sible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
	•	sible investment included in appraisal process
		pay linked to responsible investment performance
	□ None of	the above



S	G 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
V	☑ Respons	ible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None of t	he above
		Investment analysts
S	G 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
V	Z Respons	ible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
V	☐ Respons	ible investment included in appraisal process
	☐ Variable	pay linked to responsible investment performance
	☐ None of t	he above
_		
S	G 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
V	Respons	ible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None of t	he above
		Dedicated responsible investment staff
S	G 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
V	☑ Respons	ible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
V	☑ Respons	ible investment included in appraisal process
V	☑ Variable	pay linked to responsible investment performance
	☐ None of t	he above
S	G 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
V	☑ Respons	ible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None of t	he above
	.Pr	ovide any additional information on your organisation's performance management, reward and/or

SG 08.3

Provide any additional information on your organisation's performance management, reward and/or personal development processes in relation to responsible investment.

Responsible investment objectives are cascaded from the Group CIO downwards. All objectives related to responsible investment are assessed as part of Zurich's performance management process and affect variable pay through overall performance ratings. All relevant positions are formally assigned a responsible investment competency, through Zurich's talent management program, and responsible investment is formally reflected in the individual 'training plan.'

SG 08.4

Describe the level of experience board members/trustees/chief-level staff have with incorporating ESG factors into investment decision-making processes.

The Group CIO meets monthly with the Head of Responsible Investment to discuss responsible investment practices and is involved in additional strategic discussions on priority issues as relates to responsible investment. He has built a significant level of expertise during his tenure at Zurich. As a member of Zurich's Investment Management Executive Team since 2010, he was involved in responsible investment activities in his previous roles



as Head of Strategy Implementation and Head of Alternative Investments. In that role he was responsible for Zurich's allocation to impact private equity investments and also indirectly oversaw Zurich's sustainability approach for real estate investments. He receives regular invitations to speak about responsible investment at relevant conferences or other industry events.

	Promoting responsible investment						
SG 09	9	Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 4,5	
	SG 09.	.1	Select the collaborative organisation which it participated during the repo			ember or in	
			at apply for Responsible Investment				
			Your organisation's role in the in	nitiative during the	e reporting period (see definitions)		
		☑ Ba	asic				
☐ Moderate							
☐ Advanced							
☐ Asian Corporate Governance Association							
	☐ Aus	stralian	Council of Superannuation Investors				
	□ AFI	C – La	Commission ESG				
	□BV0	CA – R	esponsible Investment Advisory Boar	⁻ d			
	☑ CDI	P Clim	ate Change				
			Your organisation's role in the in	nitiative during the	e reporting period (see definitions)		
		☑ Ba	nsic				
		□Мо	oderate				
	☐ Advanced						



Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

Zurich reports annually through the CDP Climate Change questionnaire and occasionally participates in some of CDP's conference/webinar offerings. In 2018 Zurich achieved a score of B (management level). Read our 2018 submission here: https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/our-strategic-priorities/external-commitments. In 2018 Zurich also became a formal investor signatory to CDP.

□ CDP Forests
□ CDP Water
☐ CFA Institute Centre for Financial Market Integrity
☐ Code for Responsible Investment in SA (CRISA)
☐ Code for Responsible Finance in the 21st Century
☐ Council of Institutional Investors (CII)
□ Eumedion
☐ Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI)
☐ ESG Research Australia
☐ Invest Europe Responsible Investment Roundtable
☐ Global Investors Governance Network (GIGN)
☑ Global Impact Investing Network (GIIN)
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
□ Basic
☐ Moderate
☑ Advanced
Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
Zurich is an active member of the Global Impact Investing Network's (GIIN) Investors' Council.
☐ Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB)
☑ Green Bond Principles
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
□ Basic
☐ Moderate
☑ Advanced
Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative.
[Optional]
Zurich is a member of the Green Bond Principles Executive Committee, Co-Chair of the initiative and active



More details about the Green Bond Principles can be found at: www.icmagroup.org/Regulatory-Policy-and-

participant of various working groups.

Market-Practice/green-bonds

☐ Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)
☐ Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility (ICCR)
☐ International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN)
☐ Investor Group on Climate Change, Australia/New Zealand (IGCC)
☐ International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC)
☐ Investor Network on Climate Risk (INCR)/CERES
☐ Local Authority Pension Fund Forum
☑ Principles for Sustainable Insurance
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
☑ Basic
☐ Moderate
☐ Advanced
Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
Zurich became a signatory to the PSI in 2017.
☑ Regional or National Social Investment Forums (e.g. UKSIF, Eurosif, ASRIA, RIAA), specify
Forum per la Finanza Sostenibile (FFS)
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
□ Basic
☐ Basic ☑ Moderate ☐ Advanced
☐ Basic ☑ Moderate
□ Basic ☑ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative.
□ Basic ☑ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share)
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share) □ United Nations Environmental Program Finance Initiative (UNEP FI)
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share)
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share) □ United Nations Environmental Program Finance Initiative (UNEP FI)
□ Basic ☑ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share) □ United Nations Environmental Program Finance Initiative (UNEP FI) ☑ United Nations Global Compact
□ Basic □ Moderate □ Advanced Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional] Zurich actively supports FFS workshops and initiatives. More information about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it □ Responsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance □ Shareholder Association for Research and Education (Share) □ United Nations Environmental Program Finance Initiative (UNEP FI) □ United Nations Global Compact Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)



Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

Zurich is committed to the United Nations Global Compact's principles, enacts these principles within its sphere of influence, and regularly communicates on our progress.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ Other collaborative organisation/initiative, specify

□ Oth	er collaborative organisation/initia	tive, specify		
	e information about the initiative's ernance/councils/impact-investing		at: http://empea.org/about/l	eadership-
Cou	ch is an active member of the Em incil.			_
	[Optional]	·	f your organisation's involv	
	☐ Advanced			
	☐ Basic			
	Your organisation's re	ole in the initiative du	ring the reporting year (se	e definitions)
EMI	PEA Impact Investing Council			
	er collaborative organisation/initia	tive, specify		
	er collaborative organisation/initia			
	3·			
	e information about the ILG's work	k can be found at: w	ww.cisl.cam.ac.uk/busines	s-action/sustainable-
con	ich is a founding member of the In vened by the University of Cambri consible investing.			
7	[Optional]	vestment Leaders C	roup (II C) a group of 12 i	notitutional investors
		entary on the level o	f your organisation's involv	vement in the initiative.
	M Advanced			
	☐ Moderate☑ Advanced			
	□ Basic			
	Your organisation's re	ole in the initiative du	ring the reporting year (se	e definitions)
				1.6.11



Indicate approximately what percentage (+/-5%) of your externally managed assets under management are managed by PRI signatories.

%

95

SG 10 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 4

SG 10.1

Indicate if your organisation promotes responsible investment, independently of collaborative initiatives.

Yes

SG 10.2

Indicate the actions your organisation has taken to promote responsible investment independently of collaborative initiatives. Provide a description of your role in contributing to the objectives of the selected action and the typical frequency of your participation/contribution.

☑ Provided or supported education or training programmes (this includes peer to peer RI support) Your education or training may be for clients, investment managers, actuaries, broker/dealers, investment consultants, legal advisers etc.)

Description

Engaged in peer-to-peer learning on a variety of responsible investment topics.

Frequency of contribution

- O Quarterly or more frequently
- O Biannually
- Annually
- O Less frequently than annually
- Ad hoc
- Other
- ☑ Provided financial support for academic or industry research on responsible investment

Description

Zurich is a founding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a group of 12 institutional investors convened by the University of Cambridge's Institute for Sustainability Leadership to research and encourage responsible investing.

More information about the ILG's work can be found at: https://www.cisl.cam.ac.uk/business-action/sustainable-finance/investment-leaders-group



		Frequency of contribution
	○ Quarterl	y or more frequently
	O Biannua	lly
	Annually	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	O Ad hoc	
	Other	
V	Provided inpu	ut and/or collaborated with academia on RI related work
		Description
	convened by	unding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a group of 12 institutional investors the University of Cambridge's Institute for Sustainability Leadership to research and sponsible investing.
		tion about the ILG's work can be found at: https://www.cisl.cam.ac.uk/business- able-finance/investment-leaders-group
		Frequency of contribution
	Quarterl	y or more frequently
	○ Biannua	lly
	 Annually 	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	O Ad hoc	
	Other	
	Encouraged I dustry	petter transparency and disclosure of responsible investment practices across the investment
		Description
		v and high quality data is a necessary condition for ESG integration. Accordingly, Zurich transparency and better ESG data, for example by publically supporting the TCFD tions.
		Frequency of contribution
	○ Quarterl	y or more frequently
	O Biannua	lly
	 Annually 	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	Ad hoc	
	Other	



 $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$ Spoke publicly at events and conferences to promote responsible investment

Description

In 2018, Zurich investment professionals spoke at 42 conferences or other industry events about responsible investment topics, such as ESG integration, impact investments, or green bonds.

Frequency of contribution
Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
○ Less frequently than annually
○ Ad hoc
○ Other
☑ Wrote and published in-house research papers on responsible investment
Description
Zurich's macroeconomics and market strategy team dedicated a topical insight issue to climate change risk scenarios. The paper can be downloaded here: https://www.zurich.com/en/knowledge/articles/2017/11/me-topic-navigating-climate-change The updated version can be found here: https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate/knowledge/articles/2018/09/me-topic-target-for-global-warming-ismelting
Frequency of contribution
Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
○ Less frequently than annually
Ad hoc
○ Other
☑ Encouraged the adoption of the PRI
Description
Zurich has a standard question related to PRI membership in all RFIs and RFPs (see SAM 02.5) and encourages the mainstreaming of both ESG integration and impact investing in public statements.
Frequency of contribution
O Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
○ Less frequently than annually

☑ Responded to RI related consultations by non-governmental organisations (OECD, FSB etc.)



Ad hocOther

Description

Zurich frequently responds to RI related market consultations

		Frequency of contribution					
	Quarterl	y or more frequently					
	O Biannua	lly					
	○ Annually						
	O Less frequently than annually						
	○ Ad hoc						
	Other						
\checkmark	Wrote and pu	ablished articles on responsible investment in the media					
		Description					
	Zurich has fre	equently published topical comments on responsible investment and provides both context and interviews for relevant media outlets.					
	J						
		Frequency of contribution					
	Quarterl	y or more frequently					
	O Biannua	lly					
	Annually						
	O Less fre	quently than annually					
	O Ad hoc						
	○ Other						
	A member of	PRI advisory committees/ working groups, specify					
\checkmark	On the Board	of, or officially advising, other RI organisations (e.g. local SIFs)					
		Description					
	Green Bond I	Principles (GBP)					
		Frequency of contribution					
	Quarterl	y or more frequently					
	O Biannua	lly					
	○ Annually						
	O Less fre	quently than annually					
	O Ad hoc						
	Other						
	Other, specify	y .					



 \bigcirc No

SG 10.3

Describe any additional actions and initiatives that your organisation has taken part in during the reporting year to promote responsible investment [Optional]

Actively promoting and advancing responsible investment practices is an integral part of Zurich's overall responsible investment approach, and is critical in achieving responsible investment's ultimate goal: to create social and environmental value along with financial returns.

As part of our activities to promote responsible investment, Zurich speakers have participated in over 42 events and webinars, and Zurich contributed to, or authored, a similar number of articles through various media outlets globally over the course of 2018.

Responsible investment as a holistic concept is still relatively new, and many responsible investment practices have not yet found their way into mainstream investment processes. The ultimate objective of responsible investment - to create social and environmental value alongside financial returns - can only be achieved if the various responsible investment practices become truly embedded in mainstream investment management.

Only by acting collectively, and through a collective understanding of how ESG factors affect risk and opportunity, will market mechanisms lead to efficient pricing of these ESG factors. And only that pricing signal will provide a strong enough incentive to all those seeking to raise capital in the market to deal with ESG issues effectively and strategically.

Acting collectively, impact investments will provide capital on the scale needed to tackle the pressing social and environmental issues of our time. Close collaboration is needed to bring investors, public actors and NGOs together to design the financial market instruments that will allow investors to maximize their positive impact.

Many aspects are still poorly understood: for example, those related to how non-financial factors affect assets' performance and how, in turn, our actions affect non-financial value generation. By working together we will find answers to those important questions.

That is why Zurich works with other industry participants to advance responsible investment practices. In addition to being a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI), Zurich supports a number of collaborative initiatives and works closely with many others in the field to advance responsible investment practices and identify new solutions.

Visit www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment/advancing-together to learn more about our engagement

Public Additional Assessed

	.	Voidi	ital y	1 dollo	/taattional/toocooca	1 111 4,0,0
1						
	SG 11.	.1	Indicate if your organisation - individual public policy makers or regulators in			
	● Yes	i				
			If yes			
	V	I Yes, ii	ndividually			
	V	I Yes, ii	n collaboration with others			
	S	G 11.2	Select the methods you have u	used.		
	\checkmark	í Endor	sed written submissions to governm	ents, regulators or	public policy-makers developed b	by others
	\checkmark	1 Drafte	d your own written submissions to g	overnments, regula	ators or public-policy markers	
	\checkmark	1 Partic	ipated in face-to-face meetings with	government memb	ers or officials to discuss policy	
		Other,	specify			



SG 11.3

Where you have made written submissions (individually or collaboratively) to governments and regulatory authorities, indicate if these are publicly available.

Yes, publicly available

provide URL

{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/climate-change/tcfd}

provide URL

{hyperlink:https://theinvestoragenda.org/areas-of-impact/policy-advocacy/}

 \bigcirc No

O No

SG 11.4

Provide a brief description of the main topics your organisation has engaged with public policy-makers or regulators on.

In 2018, Zurich's responsible investment policy advocacy efforts were focused mainly on topics related to disclosure and transparency, climate change and sustainable financial markets. These efforts included providing detailed input into various relevant consultations by the High Level Expert Group on Sustainable Finance, and later to the Technical Expert Group of the European Commission. Zurich also interacted directly with relevant policymakers in both group and bilateral settings. These efforts included advocating for a sustainable financial market in Switzerland, as well as calling for governments to achieve the Paris Agreement's goals, accelerate private sector investment to support the transition to a low-carbon approach, and establish a viable, economic carbon price.

Outsourcing to fiduciary managers and investment consultants

SG 12 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 4

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 12.1 Indicate whether your organisation uses investment consultants.

☐ Yes, we use investment consultants

☑ No, we do not use investment consultants.

ESG issues in asset allocation

SG 13 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1

SG 13.1

Indicate whether the organisation undertakes scenario analysis and/or modelling and provide a description of the scenario analysis (by asset class, sector, strategic asset allocation, etc.).

 $\hfill \square$ Yes, to assess future ESG factors

☑ Yes, to assess future climate-related risks and opportunities



Describe

In 2017, Zurich's Macroeconomic and Market Strategy team developed a climate change scorecard to monitor the probabilities of transition and physical risks, which is updated annually. The latest topical paper based on the assessment can be found here: https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate/knowledge/articles/2018/09/me-topic-target-for-global-warming-is-melting

☐ No, not to assess future ESG/climate-related issues

SG 13.2

Indicate if your organisation considers ESG issues in strategic asset allocation and/or allocation of assets between sectors or geographic markets.

We do the following

☐ Allocation between asset classes

☐ Determining fixed income duration

☐ Allocation of assets between geographic markets

□ Sector weightings

☐ Other, specify

☑ We do not consider ESG issues in strategic asset allocation

SG 13.3

Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

At Zurich, Group Investment Management applies a systematic and structured investment process, focusing on the value drivers that matter most. The starting point in determining the investment strategy in insurance investment management is asset-liability management (ALM). This first step establishes a portfolio of investments that closely replicates the insurance liabilities, and consists primarily of duration-matched government bonds. Such a minimum-risk portfolio will ensure that market values of assets and liabilities move in line with fluctuations in capital markets.

Group Investment Management needs to determine the optimal mix of asset classes that offer the highest long-term expected investment return given Zurich's liabilities, regulatory framework and allocated capital. To make this allocation, Group Investment Management distills all investable asset classes into a set of five transparent 'risk factors.' These 'risk factors' comprise interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, equity and commodity risk, as well as inflation risk.

Zurich's precise definition of its Group Strategic Asset Allocation ensures consistency of investment and risk assumptions throughout the Group and streamlines communication between neutral portfolio committees and the SAA committee. The neutral portfolios define the geographical and/or sectorial asset allocation for equity, credit and real estate.

SG 13 CC Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 13.4 CC Describe how the organisation is using scenario analysis to manage climate-related risks and opportunities, including how the analysis has been interpreted, the results and any future plans.

✓ Initial assessment



Describe

In 2017, Zurich's Macroeconomic and Market Strategy team developed a climate-change scorecard to monitor the probabilities of transition and physical risks, which is updated annually. The 2018 scorecard worsened and shows that the probability of failing to transition to a low-carbon economy is higher than succeeding, creating a higher probability for long-term physical climate change risks. Zurich has subsequently done further analysis of mid (3-5-year) and long-term (5-10-year) effects under high transition risk and high physical risk scenarios, which have informed further action points for 2019. In 2018 Zurich also co-authored a CRO Forum report, which investigated the effects of climate change on the insurance industry under various scenarios (https://www.thecroforum.org/2019/01/24/crof-eri-2019-the-heat-is-on-insurability-and-resilience-in-a-changing-climate/).

☐ Incorporation into investment analysis

☑ Inform active ownership

Describe

Given the scenario analysis described above, Zurich has applied learnings to the 2018 active ownership strategy:

- proxy voting and engagement: focusing on transparency in regard to climate change strategies, targetsetting and TCFD reporting
- advocacy: advocating for the transition to a low-carbon economy and for the introduction of an economically viable carbon price

☐ Other

SG 13.5 CC

Indicate who uses this analysis.

- ☑ Board members, trustees, C-level roles, Investment Committee
- ☑ Portfolio managers
- ☑ Dedicated responsible investment staff
- ☐ External managers
- ☐ Investment consultants/actuaries
- ☐ Other

SG 13.6 CC Indicate whether—the organisation has evaluated the impacts of climate-related risk, beyond the investment time-horizon, on the organisations investment strategy.

○ Yes

No

Please explain the rationale

As an insurance company, Zurich tends to hold and plan for long-term liabilities. Climate change analysis is undertaken in line with these liability profiles.



SG 13.7 CC

Indicate whether a range of climate scenarios is used.

- Yes, including analysis based on a 2°C or lower scenario
- Yes, not including analysis based on a 2°C or lower scenario
- No, a range is not used

SG 13.8 CC

Indicate the climate scenarios the organisation uses.



Provider	Scenario used	
IEA	☐ Beyond 2 Degrees Scenario (B2DS)	
IEA	☐ Energy Technology Perspectives (ETP) 2 Degrees scenario	
IEA	☐ Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS)	
IEA	☐ New Policy Scenario (NPS)	
IEA	☐ Current Policy Scenario (CPS)	
IRENA	□ RE Map	
Greenpeace	☐ Advanced Energy [R]evolution	
Institute for Sustainable Development	☐ Deep Decarbonisation Pathway Project (DDPP)	
Bloomberg	☐ BNEF reference scenario	
IPCC	☑ Representative Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5	
IPCC	□ RPC 6	
IPCC	☑ RPC 4.5	
IPCC	□ RPC 2.6	
Other	☑ Other (1)	Other (1) please specify: IEA 'Bridge scenario'
Other	☑ Other (2)	Other (2) please specify: IEA 'Paris Agreement Scenario'
Other	□ Other (3)	



SG 14.1	

Some investment risks and opportunities arise as a result of long term trends. Indicate which of the following are considered.

- ☑ Changing demographics
- ☑ Climate change
- ☑ Resource scarcity
- ☑ Technological developments
- ☐ Other, specify(1)
- ☐ Other, specify(2)
- \square None of the above

SG 14.2

Indicate which of the following activities you have undertaken to respond to climate change risk and opportunity

- ☐ Established a climate change sensitive or climate change integrated asset allocation strategy
- ☑ Targeted low carbon or climate resilient investments

Specify the AUM invested in low carbon and climate resilient portfolios, funds, strategies or asset classes.

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		3	096	076	652
Currency	USD				
Assets in USD		3	096	076	652

Specify the framework or taxonomy used.

Green bonds, green infrastructure private debt, green impact private equity funds

- $\hfill\square$ Phase out your investments in your fossil fuel holdings
- ☑ Reduced portfolio exposure to emissions intensive or fossil fuel holdings
- ☑ Used emissions data or analysis to inform investment decision making
- ☑ Sought climate change integration by companies
- $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$ Sought climate supportive policy from governments
- ☑ Other, specify

other description

In 2018, Zurich conducted various projects addressing climate risk following a comprehensive analysis of climate change-related risks and opportunities conducted in 2015.

□ None of the above



SG 14.3

Indicate which of the following tools the organisation uses to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.

☑ Scenario analysis
$\hfill \square$ Disclosures on emissions risks to clients/trustees/management/beneficiaries
☑ Climate-related targets
$\hfill\square$ Encouraging internal and/or external portfolio managers to monitor emissions risks
$\hfill\square$ Emissions-risk monitoring and reporting are formalised into contracts when appointing managers
☐ Weighted average carbon intensity
☑ Carbon footprint (scope 1 and 2)
☐ Portfolio carbon footprint
☐ Total carbon emissions
□ Carbon intensity
☑ Exposure to carbon-related assets
☐ Other emissions metrics
☐ Other, specify
□ None of the above

SG 14.5

Additional information [Optional]

Zurich believes that ESG issues, including climate change, demographic trends, resource scarcity and technology developments, are best captured through ESG integration at the security and asset selection levels. Through our ESG integration process (see LEI 01.2 or FI 01.2 for details on Zurich's ESG integration approach), we expect internal and external asset managers to better capture the risks and opportunities associated with a broad range of ESG issues, including the ones outlined here.

As relates to SG 14.2 and SG 14.3 above: Zurich targets low-carbon or climate-resilient investments through its impact investing strategies (See SG15.4 for more details on Zurich's impact investing approach), applies carbon footprinting and emission reduction targets to its Swiss real estate portfolio and has implemented a thermal coal screen in 2018.

SG 14 CC	Vol	untary	Public		General
SG 14 CC	.6	Please provide further details on the opportunities.	ese key metric(s) u	ised to assess climate related risk	s and



Metric Type	Coverage	Purpose	Metric Unit	Metric Methodology
Climate- related targets	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☑ Minority of assets	The Swiss real estate team follows a carbon reduction strategy with a target of reducing carbon emissions of the portfolio by 20% by 2020 and by 80% by 2050 against a 2010 baseline	Co2/sqm	We are applying a measuring methodology developed with an external consultant
Carbon footprint (scope 1 and 2)	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☑ Minority of assets	The Swiss real estate team follows a carbon reduction strategy with a target of reducing carbon emissions of the portfolio by 20% by 2020 and by 80% by 2050 against a 2010 baseline	Co2/sqm	We are applying a measuring methodology developed with an external consultant
Exposure to carbon-related assets	✓ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☐ Minority of assets	Zurich has divested from and will no longer invest in assets that generate more than 50% of revenues from mining thermal coal or have more than 50% of coal in the generation mix	% of Revenue from thermal coal; % of GwH produced from coal	Based on company self- reported data, sourced via a third party provider

SG 14.7 CC

Describe in further detail the key targets.

Targettype	Time Frame	Description	Attachments
☐ Absolute target☐ Intensity target			
☐ Absolute target☐ Intensity target☐			
☐ Absolute target☐ Intensity target☐			
☐ Absolute target☐ Intensity target			
☐ Absolute target☐ Intensity target			

SG 14.8 CC Indicate whether climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management and explain the risks management processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks.

Process for climate-related risks is integrated into overall risk management



Please describe

Climate change is managed as part of Zurich's risk management approach. Transition and physical climate change risks have been identified as relevant risks, and been assessed through the Group's total risk profiling methodology. Action plans have been derived for various regions of operation, among them investment management.

Zurich has defined a clear strategy to reflect climate change in its investment approach and we are committed to action in seven areas:

- 1. Scenarios
- 2. Strengthening ESG integration
- 3. Benchmarks
- 4. Financing the transition to a low-carbon economy
- 5. Driving change through advocacy
- 6. Engagement
- 7. Selective exclusions
- O Process for climate-related risks is not integrated into our overall risk management

SG 14.9 CC Indicate whether the organisation undertakes active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

Yes

Please describe

As part of engaging with the companies in which we invest, material climate change risks are reflected on the agenda and considered in voting practices. TCFD is promoted as a tool to communicate these material risks.

O No, we do not engage

SG 1	Disclose		datory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
	SG 15	5.1	Indicate if your organisation allocated environmental and social themed a		nages, funds based on s	pecific
	⊚ Yes	S				
	S	G 15.2	Indicate the percentage of you	ır total AUM investe	ed in environmental and s	ocial themed areas.
			%			
	1	1.9				
	S	G 15.3	Specify which thematic area(s			our AUM in the



	Area
☑ Energy e	efficiency / Clean technology
	Asset class invested
☐ List	ted equity
☑ Fix	ed income - SSA
	Of at ANNA
	% of AUM
2.0	
□ Fix	ed income - Corporate (financial)
□ Fix	ed income - Corporate (non-financial)
□ Fix	ed income - Securitised
☐ Pri	vate equity
□ Pro	perty
□ He	dge funds
☐ Cas	sh
☐ Oth	ner (1)
☐ Oth	ner (2)
	Brief description and measures of investment
Through	green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
	ble energy
☑ Green b	uildings
	Asset class invested
	ted equity
	ed income - SSA
	ed income - Corporate (financial)
	ed income - Corporate (non-financial)
	ed income - Securitised
	vate equity
☑ Pro	рену



% of AUM

21.9

☐ Hedge funds
□ Cash
☐ Other (1)
□ Other (2)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through direct real estate investments and through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Sustainable forestry
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
% of AUM
2.0
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Hedge funds
□ Cash
☐ Other (1)
□ Other (2)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Sustainable agriculture
2 Sustamable agriculture
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
% of AUM
2.0



☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Hedge funds
□ Cash
☐ Other (1)
☐ Other (2)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Microfinance
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☐ Fixed income - SSA
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☑ Private equity
% of AUM
4.4
□ Property
☐ Hedge funds
□ Cash
□ Other (1)
☐ Other (2)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through impact private equity funds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ SME financing



		Asset class invested
	☐ Listed e	quity
	☐ Fixed in	come - SSA
	☐ Fixed in	come - Corporate (financial)
	☐ Fixed in	come - Corporate (non-financial)
	☐ Fixed in	come - Securitised
	✓ Private	equity
		% of AUM
	4.4	
	☐ Property	<i>y</i>
	□ Hedge f	
	☐ Cash	
	☐ Other (1	
	☐ Other (2	2)
		Brief description and measures of investment
	Through impa	act private equity funds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
		orise / community investing
\checkmark	Affordable ho	busing
		Asset class invested
	☐ Listed e	quity
	☐ Fixed in	come - SSA
		come - Corporate (financial)
		% of AUM
	0.45	
	☐ Fixed in	come - Corporate (non-financial)
	☐ Fixed in	come - Securitised
	☐ Private	equity
	☐ Property	<i>'</i>
	☐ Hedge f	runds
	☐ Cash	
	☐ Other (1	
	☐ Other (2	2)



Brief description and measures of investment

I brough use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Education
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
% of AUM
1.8
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Hedge funds
□ Cash
□ Other (1)
□ Other (2)
Brief description and managers of investment
Brief description and measures of investment
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☐ Global health
☑ Water
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
% of AUM
2.0 ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial) ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

% of AUM

4.4

☐ Property
\square Hedge funds
☐ Cash
☐ Other (1)
☐ Other (2)

Brief description and measures of investment

Through impact private equity funds and green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.

Please see SG 18.2 for more details on Zurich's impact investment approach. While Zurich's themed investments address most options provided in SG 15, the way in which its exposures to themed investments are monitored makes it difficult to provide breakdowns based on the categories provided here. In answering SG 15, a theme was selected if the area is addressed through our impact investments. But percentages were calculated based on the complete 'themed' allocation for a given asset class. For example, green bonds in SSA, financial and non-financial fixed income fund clean technologies. We estimate that biggest concentration of projects is in the SSA category. The percentage provided reflects green SSA securities relative to total SSA exposure.

☐ Other area, specify

 \bigcirc No

Innovation

SG 18 Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 18.1

Indicate whether any specific features of your approach to responsible investment are particularly innovative.

Yes

SG 18.2

Describe any specific features of your approach to responsible investment that you believe are particularly innovative.

Zurich believes that numerous impact investment opportunities exist across various asset classes. We have committed ourselves to evaluating impact investment opportunities and, over time, to building a portfolio of impact investments. In identifying potential impact investments, we will assess whether the investment meets our definition of impact investing (intentionality - measurability - profitability), supports our impact objectives (mitigating environmental risks and increasing community resilience) and/or, contributes to development of the impact investing market.

Nonetheless, we believe that impact investing will be sustainable as an investment 'style' only if it can be integrated into our overall approach to investment management. Opportunistic investments can supplement the portfolio occasionally. But in general, we want impact investments to be an integral part of the portfolio, not just one-offs. Consequently, in addition to the criteria already described, we will also assess impact investment opportunities along the following lines:

- Risk and return profile: Is the risk/return profile in line with Zurich's risk-factor based approach to ALM and strategic asset allocation?
- Scale: Is the universe of assets for a given type of impact investment large enough to define a meaningful allocation, build a diversified portfolio, and re-invest capital over time?
- Structure and implementability/adaption: Does Zurich, or an institutional-quality external asset manager, have the capability and expertise to manage the asset and adapt it to local requirements?



• ESG risks: As with any other investment, we will assess ESG risks associated with the underlying asset as part of a holistic asset selection process. Note that we do not equate ESG performance with impact.

In 2017 Zurich committed to impact investment targets that do not only target exposure but - as first private sector investor - also impact metrics:

- Investing up to USD 5 billion across the entire portfolio, helping to
- avoid 5 million tons of CO2 on an annual basis and
- · benefit 5 million people every year

Over the course of 2018, Zurich made good progress in building a portfolio of impact investments totaling USD 3.8 billion:

- Green bonds: By the end of 2018, USD 2.7 billion had been invested in green bonds.
- Social and sustainability bonds bonds: By the end of 2018, USD 425 million had been invested in social and sustainability bonds of various issuers.
- Impact private equity: By end of 2018, Zurich had committed USD 145 million to impact investing opportunities in private equity.
- Impact Infrastructure debt: By the end of 2018, USD 540 million had been invested in impact infrastructure debt.
- Real estate: Zurich continues to make investments aimed at reducing energy use and carbon emissions
 of its real estate portfolio.

In addition, Zurich worked on developing methodology to aggregate the impact indicators of CO2 avoided and people benefited across asset classes on portfolio level. These numbers will be piloted in 2019.

O No

Communication

SG 19 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2, 6

SG 19.1

Indicate whether your organisation typically discloses asset class specific information proactively. Select the frequency of the disclosure to clients/beneficiaries and the public, and provide a URL to the public information.

Caution! The order in which asset classes are presented below has been updated in the online tool to match the Reporting Framework overview.

If you are transferring data from an offline document, please check your response carefully.

Selection, Appointment and Monitoring

Do you disclose?

- O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.
- O We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
- We disclose to the public



l I h	e informa	tion disc	losed t	o cl	ıents/	bene	ficiaries is	s the same
-------	-----------	-----------	---------	------	--------	------	--------------	------------

Yes

Disclosure to public and URL					
Disclosure to public and URL					
 ✓ How responsible investment considerations are included in manager selection, appointment and monitoring processes 					
☐ Details of the responsible investment activities carried out by managers on your behalf					
\square E, S and/or G impacts and outcomes that have resulted from your managers' investments and/or active ownership					
□ Other					
Frequency					
☐ Quarterly or more frequently					
□ Biannually					
☑ Annually					
☐ Less frequently than annually					
☐ Ad-hoc/when requested					
URL					
{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}					
Listed equity - Incorporation					
Do you disclose?					
We do not proactively disclose it to the public and/or clients/beneficiaries					
○ We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.					
We disclose it publicly					
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same					
Yes					
○ No					



Disclosure to	o public and URL	
	Disclosure to public and URL	
O Broad app	roach to ESG incorporation	
Detailed ex	xplanation of ESG incorporation strategy used	
	Frequency	
☐ Quarterly o	or more frequently	
☐ Biannually		
☑ Annually		
☐ Less frequ	ently than annually	
☐ Ad-hoc/wh	en requested	
(h a alia kah ta	URL	
	ps://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-t-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}	
	Listed equity - Engagement	
	Do you disclose?	
O W	e do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
O W	e disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.	
	e disclose to the public	
	The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
	• Yes	



Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
✓ Details on the overall engagement strategy	
☐ Details on the selection of engagement cases and definition of objectives of the selections, priorities and specific goals	
☐ Number of engagements undertaken	
☐ Breakdown of engagements by type/topic	
☐ Breakdown of engagements by region	
\square An assessment of the current status of the progress achieved and outcomes against defined objectives	
☑ Examples of engagement cases	
☐ Details on eventual escalation strategy taken after the initial dialogue has been unsuccessful (i.e. filing resolutions, issuing a statement, voting against management, divestment etc.)	
☐ Details on whether the provided information has been externally assured	
☐ Outcomes that have been achieved from the engagement	
☐ Other information	
Quarterly or more frequently Biannually Annually Less frequently than annually Ad-hoc/when requested URL (hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}	
Listed equity – (Proxy) Voting	
Do you disclose?	
O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
 We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only. 	
We disclose to the public	
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
@ Vos	
Yes No	
○ No	



Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and ONE	
O Disclose all voting decisions	
Disclose some voting decisions	
Only disclose abstentions and votes against management	
Frequency	
☐ Quarterly or more frequently	
□ Biannually	
☑ Annually	
☐ Less frequently than annually	
☐ Ad hoc/when requested	
URL	
{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/zurich-proxy-voting-policy-and-guidelines.pdf?la=en&hash=96EC9253F41007590058B3DB1F21966B49A5D9A1}	
Fixed income	
Do you disclose?	
O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
○ We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.	
We disclose to the public	
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
Yes	



Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
O Broad approach to RI incorporation	
Detailed explanation of RI incorporation strategy used	
Frequency	
□ Quarterly	
□ Biannually	
☑ Annually	
☐ Less frequently than annually	
☐ Ad hoc/when requested	
URL	
{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}	
Property	
Do you disclose?	
O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
 We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only. 	
We disclose to the public	
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
Yes	



Disclosure to public and URL
Disclosure to public and URL
☐ ESG information on how you select property investments
☐ ESG information on how you monitor and manage property investments
☑ Information on your property investments' ESG performance
□ Other
Frequency
☐ Quarterly or more frequently
□ Biannually
☑ Annually
☐ Less frequently than annually
☐ Ad-hoc/when requested
URL
{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}
URL
{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/measuring-our-progress}

SG 19.2 Additional information [Optional]

Most of the information above is also disclosed annually and publically in this PRI Transparency Report, which we publish annually on our website, in addition to the PRI database.



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring

PRI disclaimer

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Listed Equity and Fixed Income Strategies

SAM 01	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	PRI 1
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SAM 01.1

Indicate which of the following ESG incorporation strategies you require your external manager(s) to implement on your behalf for all your listed equity and/or fixed income assets:

Active investment strategies

Active investment strategies	Listed Equity	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)
Screening	V			1
Thematic		V		
Integration	V	V		Ø
None of the above				

Passive investment strategies

Passive investment strategies	Listed Equity	FI - SSA	FI -Corporate (financial)	FI -Corporate (non- financial)
Screening	V			V
Thematic				
Integration				
None of the above		V	V	

SAM 01.2 Additional information. [Optional

In this module FI SSA refers to two different approaches: municipal credit, which is in scope for ESG integration and/or sovereign, supranational and agency credit, which is only in scope for impact investments (thematic investment), for example, in the form of our green bond mandate (see OO 11.4 for a detailed description of assets in scope for ESG integration).

Given that the vast majority of Zurich's assets are managed actively (see OO SAM 01.1 for details), we have so far considered passively-managed funds to be out-of-scope of our responsible investment approach, with the exception of equity mandates and funds, where Zurich has control of voting rights; in these cases, proxy voting policies are reviewed and voting records monitored (see OO 11.4 for a description of assets in scope for ESG integration). In addition, Zurich's exclusion screens also apply to passively managed equity and credit portfolios, which technically allow for the exclusion of single stocks/bonds.



Selec	ALIOH			
SAM 02	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1

SAM 02.1

Indicate what RI-related information your organisation typically covers in the majority of selection documentation for your external managers

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Your organisation's investment strategy and how ESG objectives relate to it	V	$\overline{\lor}$				
ESG incorporation requirements	V	V	V	V	V	
ESG reporting requirements	V	V	V	V	V	
Other	V	V	V	V	V	
No RI information covered in the selection documentation				V		

If you select any 'Other' option(s), specify

In addition to the options listed, Zurich pays specific attention to ESG training as well as ESG data made available to investment staff. See SAM 3.1 and SAM 02.5 for the full list of ESG questions assessed as part of the RFI and RFP process.

SAM 02.2

Explain how your organisation evaluates the investment manager's ability to align between your investment strategy and their investment approach

Strategy



	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Assess the time horizon of the investment manager's offering vs. your/beneficiaries' requirements	V	V		☑	I	
Assess the quality of investment policy and its reference to ESG	V	\checkmark	I		V	
Assess the investment approach and how ESG objectives are implemented in the investment process	V	V			I	
Review the manager's firm-level vs. product-level approach to RI	V	\checkmark	Ø	Ø	V	
Assess the ESG definitions to be used	V	V	V	V	V	
Other						
None of the above						

ESG people/oversight

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Assess ESG expertise of investment teams	V	V	V		V	
Review the oversight and responsibilities of ESG implementation	V	V	Ø	Ø	V	
Review how is ESG implementation enforced /ensured	V	V	Ø	V	V	
Review the manager's RI-promotion efforts and engagement with the industry						
Other						
None of the above						

Process/portfolio construction/investment valuation

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Review the process for ensuring the quality of the ESG data used						
Review and agree the use of ESG data in the investment decision making process	V	\checkmark	\square		V	
Review and agree the impact of ESG analysis on investment decisions	V	\checkmark	V	V	V	
Review and agree ESG objectives (e.g. risk reduction, return seeking, real-world impact)	V	V	☑	☑	I	
Review and agree manager's ESG risk framework	V	\checkmark	V	V	Ø	
Review and agree ESG risk limits at athe portfolio level (portfolio construction) and other ESG objectives						
Review how ESG materiality is evaluated by the manager	V	\checkmark	V	V		
Review process for defining and communicating on ESG incidents						
Review and agree ESG reporting frequency and detail	V	\checkmark	V	V	Ø	
Other, specify						
None of the above						



SAM 02.3	Indicate the selection process and its ESG/RI components								
	☑ Review ESG/RI responses to RfP, RfI, DDQ etc.								
☐ Review r	esponses to PRI's Limited Partners' Responsible Investment Due Diligence Questionnaire (LP DDQ)								
☐ Review p	publicly available information on ESG/RI								
☐ Review a	assurance process on ESG/RI data and processes								
☐ Review F	PRI Transparency Reports								
☐ Request	and discuss PRI Assessment Reports								
	☑ Meetings with the potential shortlisted managers covering ESG/RI themes								
Site visits	s to potential managers offices								
☐ Other, sp	pecify								

SAM 02.4

When selecting external managers does your organisation set any of the following:

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)	Private equity	
ESG performance development targets	V	V			V	
ESG score	V	V	V	V		
ESG weight	V	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	
Real world economy targets		V				
Other RI considerations						
None of the above						

SAM 02.5

Describe how the ESG information reviewed and discussed affects the selection decision making process.[OPTIONAL]

Zurich strives to fully reflect the four basic requirements for successful ESG integration (see SG 01.5 for a description of how Zurich looks at ESG integration) in its asset-manager life-cycle process for all in-scope assets (see OO 11.4 for a description of assets in scope for ESG integration). All reporting regarding SSA refers to Zurich's approach to municipal and sub-sovereign mandates, which are in scope for ESG integration, as well as an existing dedicated SSA green-bond mandate managed by an external asset manager.

Manager selection

A set of responsible investment questions is included in the request for information (RFI) and request for proposal (RFP) questionnaires, and is included in evaluations with an explicit weighting:

- •Please describe your overall philosophy regarding, and approach to, responsible investment, including how you think environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors impact risk-adjusted performance. Address how long-term views are generally incorporated into the investment process.
- Are you a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI)? If not, please explain your decision
- Please describe how you integrate environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors into your investment process, particularly with respect to security/asset selection and risk management. Using a specific example of an ESG-related risk or opportunity, describe how the process in place has influenced the decision-making. Your answer should also address: 1) Who is primarily responsible for the analysis of ESG factors? 2) What resources (research, analytical tools, etc.) are available to portfolio managers and analysts to assess ESG factors? 3) If you have a



dedicated ESG team, a description of how portfolio managers and equity/credit analysts integrate the input of the ESG team in their work; elaborate on the communication flow (meetings, research reports, etc.).

- If available, please provide a copy of your position statement. If a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment, please provide a brief description of how principles two to six are addressed by your organization.
- As part of your risk management or related processes, do you systematically assess the impact of ESG factors on the financial performance and do you capture exposure to any specific ESG-related risk factors as part of your portfolio-level risk analytics? If yes, do you prepare regular reports on ESG risk factor exposures?
- Please describe your proxy voting process and provide your proxy voting policy as attachment. If you do not actively vote all proxies and/or do not incorporate environmental and social issues in your policy, please explain why.
- Do you discuss specific ESG issues as part of systematic direct engagement with investee company management? If yes, please describe the process and provide three examples. If no, please explain why not.
- Please describe any relevant ESG-related training that portfolio managers and equity/credit analysts receive. If you have a dedicated ESG team, please outline the organization of the team and detail the experience and education of the team members. Use the attached Excel sheet.
- If applicable, please indicate your willingness to share the following materials with clients: selected sections from the PRI questionnaire as prepared for annual PRI reporting, as well as the PRI's analysis of relative performance; portfolio-level report(s) on ESG factor exposure.

The manager selection and responsible investment teams work together to determine the appropriate weight on a case-by-case basis and in evaluating the responses.

Manager appointment

See detailed descriptions in SAM 04.

Manager review

See detailed descriptions in SAM 05.

Note that the process for private equity (PE) fund manager selection is different from the process just described for other asset classes and is performed by a dedicated PE team. Responsible investment practices are formally defined in the private equity investment process manual at the following process stages:

- Investment due diligence
- Investment vetting and approval
- Execution and funding
- Risk management and reporting.

A set of pre-defined questions is used as part of the due diligence process to guide the assessment of responsible investment practices at the fund manager:

- · How does the General Partner (GP) address ESG issues when analyzing investment opportunities?
- How are ESG issues included in the investment decision process?
- · Is there a dedicated team focused on ESG issues?
- Does the GP provide ongoing ESG training for the relevant staff?
- Is environmental and social impact measured?
- · Monitoring: How are ESG issues monitored at the portfolio company level? Is there a framework in place?
- · Has the GP developed an internal ESG policy?
- · Are data on ESG issues systematically collected by the GP?
- Provide specific examples on how ESG issues were addressed.
- Reporting to Limited Partners (LP): Is there a formal ESG reporting process in place? How often are LPs updated? What data is disclosed?
- Is the GP a signatory of the Principles of Responsible Investing (PRI)?

Following the standard private equity investment process, responsible investment practices are then evaluated by the private equity team and reviewed by the investment committee as a dedicated item.

SAM	03	Man	datory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2
	SAM 0	3.1	Indicate how your organisation typic majority of the manager selection p		manager's active ownership prac	tices in the
			Engagement			



	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)
Review the manager's engagement policy	V	V	V	V
Review the manager's engagement process (with examples and outcomes)	V	V		
Ensure whether engagement outcomes feed back into the investment decision-making process				
Other engagement issues in your selection process specify				

(Proxy)	
IPIOYV	i votinc
(I IOA)	, voillic

	LE
Review the manager's voting policy	V
Review the manager's ability to align voting activities with clients' specific voting policies	V
Review the manager's process for informing clients about voting decisions	
Ensure whether voting outcomes feed back into the investment decision-making process	
Review the number of votes cast as a percentage of ballots/AGMs or holdings and available rationale	V
Other active ownership voting issues in your selection process; specify	

SAM 03.2	Describe now you assess if the manager's engagement approach is effective.					
☐ Impact on	investment decisions					
☐ Financial	impact on target company or asset class					
☐ Impact on	☐ Impact on ESG profile of company or the portfolio					
☐ Evidence	of changes in corporate practices(i.e. ESG policies and implementation activities					
☐ Other, spe	ecify					
✓ None of the	ne above					



	SAM 03.3 Describe how you assess if the manager's voting approach is effective/appropriate										
	 ☐ Impact on investment decisions ☐ Impact on ESG profile of company or the portfolio ☐ Evidence of changes in corporate practices(i.e. ESG policies and implementation activities) ☐ Other, specify ☑ None of the above 										
	Appointm	ent									
SAM	04 Ma	ndatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1									
	SAM 04.1	Indicate if in the majority of cases and where the structure of the product allows, your organisation does any of the following as part of the manager appointment and/or commitment process	1								
	☑ Defines☐ Sets ince☑ Requires	ecify (2)									
	SAM 04.2	Provide an example per asset class of your benchmarks, objectives, incentives/controls and reporting requirements that would typically be included in your managers' appointment.									
		Asset class									
	✓ Listed	equity (LE)									
		Benchmark									
		andard benchmark SG benchmark, specify									
		ESG Objectives									
	☑ E S ☑ E	SG related strategy, specify SG related investment restrictions, specify ee LEI 04.2 SG integration, specify ee SAM 04.4									
	☑ E	ngagement, specify see SAM 04.4									



	☑ Voting, specify						
	See SAM 04.4						
	☐ Promoting responsible investment						
☐ ESG specific improvements							
	\square ESG guidelines/regulation, principles/standards, specify						
	☐ Other, specify						
	Incentives and controls						
	☑ We do not set incentives and controls						
	Reporting requirements						
	○ Monthly						
	O Quarterly						
	○ Bi-annually						
	• Annually						
	O Ad-hoc/when requested						
☑ Fi	ixed income - SSA (SSA)						
	Benchmark						
	☑ Standard benchmark, specify						
	U.S. Treasury benchmark						
	☐ ESG benchmark, specify						
	ESG Objectives						
	☐ ESG related strategy, specify						
	☐ ESG related investment restrictions, specify						
	☑ ESG integration, specify						
	For municipal mandates, our ESG integration requirements apply, see SAM 04.4						
	☐ Engagement, specify						
	□ Voting, specify						
	☐ Promoting responsible investment						
	☐ ESG specific improvements						
	☐ ESG guidelines/regulation, principles/standards, specify						
	☑ Other, specify						
	This section relates to our dedicated green bond mandate, which involves clear provisions to invest in green bonds that satisfy specific requirements						
	Incentives and controls						



		Reporting requirements
	O Ad-hoc/v	vhen requested
	Annually	
	○ Bi-annua	ally
	Quarterly	
	O Monthly	
\checkmark	Fixed income	- Corporate (financial)
		Benchmark
		benchmark, specify
	benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
	□ ESG ber	nchmark, specify
		ESG Objectives
	☑ Other, sp	pecify
		uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate.
	☐ ESG rela	ated strategy, specify
	☐ ESG rela	ated investment restrictions, specify
	☑ ESG inte	egration, specify
	See SAN	M 04.4
	☑ Engager	nent, specify
	See SAN	M 04.4
	☐ Voting, s	pecify
	☐ Promotir	ng responsible investment
	☐ ESG spe	ecific improvements
	☐ ESG gui	delines/regulation, principles/standards, specify
	☐ Other, sp	pecify
		Incentives and controls
	☑ We do n	ot set incentives and controls
		Reporting requirements
	O Ad-hoc/v	vhen requested
	Annually	
	O Bi-annua	ally
	O Quarterly	y .
	O Monthly	
\checkmark	Fixed income	- Corporate (non-financial)



	Benchmark
	benchmark, specify
benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
□ ESG ber	nchmark, specify
	ESG Objectives
☐ Other, sp	pecify
☐ ESG rela	ated strategy, specify
☐ ESG rela	ated investment restrictions, specify
☑ ESG inte	egration, specify
See SAN	104.4
	nent, specify
See SAN	M 04.4
☐ Voting, s	pecify
☐ Promotin	ng responsible investment
☐ ESG spe	ecific improvements
□ ESG gui	delines/regulation, principles/standards, specify
Other, sp	pecify
	uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate
	Incentives and controls
☑ We do n	ot set incentives and controls
	Reporting requirements
○ Ad-hoc/v	vhen requested
Annually	
Bi-annua	
Quarterly	
MonthlyPrivate equity	
riivale equity	
	Benchmark
	benchmark, specify
Benchma benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
□ ESG ber	nchmark, specify



		ESG Objectives					
	□ ESC	G related strategy, specify					
	□ ESC	G related investment restrictions, specify					
	☑ ESC	G integration, specify					
	See	SAM 04.4					
	□ Eng	gagement, specify					
	□ Voti	ing, specify					
	☐ Pro	moting responsible investment					
		G specific improvements					
		G guidelines/regulation, principles/standards, specify					
	☐ Oth	er, specify					
		Incentives and controls					
	☑ We	do not set incentives and controls					
		Reporting requirements					
	Ad-l	hoc/when requested					
	O Ann	nually					
	○ Bi-a	annually					
	O Qua	arterly					
	O Mor	nthly					
SAM	04.3	Indicate which of these actions your organisation might take if any of the requirements are not met					
☑ Di	iscuss rec	quirements not met and set project plan to rectify					
☑ PI	☑ Place investment manager on a "watch list"						
☑ Tr	☑ Track and investigate reason for non-compliance						
□R	Re-negotiate fees						
☑ Fa	I Failing all actions, terminate contract with the manager						
□ O	ther, spec	sify					
□ N	o actions	are taken if any of the ESG requirements are not met					

SAM 04.4

Provide additional information relevant to your organisation's appointment processes of external managers. [OPTIONAL]

We believe that proactively integrating ESG factors into the investment process helps our asset managers to generate superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns. Rather than using ESG benchmarks that prescribe a specific application of ESG factors, we prefer to work with our asset managers to use their own ESG integration techniques in an attempt to outperform market benchmarks.

See SAM 02.5 for detailed process on how ESG is integrated into manager selection, appointment and monitoring. Note that the process for private equity (PE) fund manager selection is different from the process described in SAM 02.5 for other asset classes and is performed by a dedicated PE team. Zurich expects its asset managers to reflect the four basic requirements of ESG integration in their investment approach to formally express these expectations. In 2015, Zurich began to include specific requirements with respect to ESG in side letters to its partnership agreements. The following wording serves as an internal template and is adapted on a case-by-case basis to take into account the individual nature of each investment. The language used does not represent a recommendation to



any third party to use this or similar wording in IMAs:

For equities/fixed income in scope:

"In pursuing the investment objectives set forth in the Investment Guidelines, the investment manager will have a process for assessing and monitoring current or potential investments in relation to relevant long-term factors such as environmental, social and corporate governance issues (the 'ESG Factors'). The investment manager will ensure that its staff receives adequate training, access to relevant data and information, and applies due care and diligence to applying this process, including considering the extent to which the ESG Factors generate investment risks or opportunities. The investment manager seeks to act in the best long-term interests of the client by taking ESG factors (identified as relevant) into account when making investment decisions. All else equal, the investment manager will prefer securities which, in the investment manager's assessment, show superior environmental, social, and governance practices.

Upon the reasonable request of the client, the investment manager will attend meetings, presentations and, if necessary, discussions with third parties relating to the Accounts, and will provide any information reasonably requested by the client in connection therewith. In addition, the investment manager shall at least annually make available to the client a written position statement describing the investment manager's approach to include the ESG Factors in their investment decisions and, upon reasonable request, the investment manager shall discuss any achievements in implementing those practices.

The investment manager will discuss, upon reasonable request, exposures to material environmental, social, and governance risk factors, and a watch list of accounts investments exposed, as identified by the investment manager, to particularly controversial ESG issues, with an explanation of how the investment manager has sought to identify, monitor and manage such exposures, including any action taken to directly engage with the management of investee companies.

The investment manager will discuss, to the extent the investment manager engages directly with the management of investee companies as part of its regular investment process, ESG factors identified as relevant."

Equity mandates also include provisions that require the asset manager to exercise voting rights on Zurich's behalf.

For private equity:

1. Responsible Investing Statement of Policy: The General Partner acknowledges that it has read the 'Responsible Investing Statement of Policy' of Zurich Insurance Group ('Zurich'), which is attached to this letter as Annex I. Zurich acknowledges that the General Partner's acknowledgement does not impose any obligations on behalf of the General Partner.

Annex I - Statement of Policy The Investor's ultimate parent entity, Zurich Insurance Group Ltd ('Zurich'), strives to manage its assets as a responsible investor and believes that responsible investing requires recognizing certain principles associated with environmental, social, and governance ('ESG') issues. Zurich believes that these principles are embodied in the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investing ('UNPRI'), to which Zurich is a signatory. Zurich believes that these initiatives will ultimately benefit our investors through the creation or manufacture of services or products in ways that minimize environmental impact, the promotion of reasonable treatment for all stakeholders, and ensuring appropriate governance. Zurich also believes that embracing ESG matters enhances the reputation of private equity, which will benefit the industry and our investors. Consequently, it is Zurich's policy to apply the UNPRI to its own investment practices, and Zurich will encourage those with whom it invests to adopt them as well. As a limited partner in private equity funds, Zurich or its affiliates must delegate the responsibility for selection and management of individual investments to the general partners of the funds. Zurich recognizes that the UNPRI are voluntary and do not preclude investment nor require divestment; however, it is Zurich's policy to engage its managers on these issues during due diligence and through subsequent monitoring. Zurich will periodically report on its efforts to gauge the effectiveness of its own efforts and those of its managers with the UNPRI.

- 2. ESG Dialogue: The General Partner hereby agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to discuss environmental, social, and governance ('ESG') issues, risks and opportunities identified by the General Partner as material or otherwise deemed relevant by the General Partner at the level of the Partnership's portfolio companies on a periodic basis upon the request of the Investor.
- 3. ESG in the Investment Process: The General Partner shall use commercially reasonable efforts to assess relevant risks and opportunities prior to making investments for the Partnership and shall ensure that its investment process, systems and staff support the identification of ESG factors that may be material to any investment or otherwise deemed relevant by the General Partner.

Monitoring



SAM 05.1

When monitoring managers, indicate which of the following types of responsible investment information your organisation typically reviews and evaluates

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
ESG objectives linked to investment strategy (with examples)	V	V	V	V	V	
Evidence on how the ESG incorporation strategy(ies) affected the investment decisions and financial / ESG performance of the portfolio/fund	V	V			V	
Compliance with investment restrictions and any controversial investment decisions	V	V	Ø	I	I	
ESG portfolio characteristics	V	V	V	V		
How ESG materiality has been evaluated by the manager in the monitored period	V	V	V	V		
Information on any ESG incidents						
Metrics on the real economy influence of the investments		V	V	V	V	
PRI Transparency Reports						
PRI Assessment Reports						
RI-promotion and engagement with the industry to enhance RI implementation						
Changes to the oversight and responsibilities of ESG implementation						
Other general RI considerations in investment management agreements; specify	V	V	Ø	I		
None of the above						



If you select any 'Other' option(s), specify

See SAM 05.3 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers.

SAM 05.2

When monitoring external managers, does your organisation set any of the following to measure compliance/progress

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)	Private equity	
ESG score	V	V	V	I		
ESG weight	V	V	V	V		
ESG performance minimum threshold	V	V				
Real world economy targets		V			V	
Other RI considerations	V	V	V	V		
None of the above						

If you select any 'Other' option(s), specify

See SAM 05.3 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers.

SAM 05.3

Provide additional information relevant to your organisation's monitoring processes of external managers. [OPTIONAL]

Manager review

Zurich uses the following elements to formally integrate responsible investment practices into the monitoring process:

- Use of a detailed questionnaire to capture responsible investment practices applied specifically to Zurich portfolios
- Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at a portfolio level as part of formal performance review meetings
- Discussion of ESG performance as part of Asset-Liability Management Investment Committee (ALMIC) meetings
- · Discussion of responsible investment practices at formal senior-level relationship meetings
- Integration of responsible investment practices into Zurich's proprietary asset manager evaluation system

Note that impact ('real world economy') targets are only monitored for Zurich's dedicated allocations to impact investments as highlighted in SG 18. Reporting regarding SSA refers to Zurich's existing dedicated SSA green bond mandate managed by an external asset manager, as well as municipal credit mandates. (See OO11.4 for a description of the scope for ESG integration.)

SAM 06 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

SAM 06.1

When monitoring managers, indicate which of the following active ownership information your organisation typically reviews and evaluates from the investment manager in meetings/calls



Engagement

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)
Report on engagements undertaken (summary with metrics, themes, issues, sectors or similar)	V	V		
Report on engagement ESG impacts (outcomes, progress made against objectives and examples)				
Information on any escalation strategy taken after initial unsuccessful dialogue				
Alignment with any eventual engagement programme done internally				
Information on the engagement activities' impact on investment decisions				
Other RI considerations relating to engagement in investment management agreements; specify				
None of the above				

(Proxv)	

	LE
Report on voting undertaken (with outcomes and examples)	\checkmark
Report on voting decisions taken	\checkmark
Adherence with the agreed upon voting policy	
Other RI considerations relating to (proxy) voting in investment management agreements; specify	
None of the above	

SAM 07	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
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SAM 07.1

For the listed equities for which you have given your external managers a (proxy) voting mandate, indicate the approximate percentage (+/- 5%) of votes that were cast during the reporting year.

✓ Votes cast (to the nearest 5%)

%

55

Specify the basis on which this percentage is calculated.

- Of the total number of ballot items on which they could have issued instructions
- Of the total number of company meetings at which they could have voted
- Of the total value of your listed equity holdings on which they could have voted
- ☐ We do not collect this information.

SAM 07.2

For the listed equities for which you have given your external managers a mandate to engage on your behalf, indicate the approximate percentage (+/- 5%) of companies that were engaged with during the reporting year.

Proportion (to the nearest 5%)

95

SAM 07.3

Additional information [OPTIONAL]

Note that we measure 'votes cast' based on end-of-year AuM. Accordingly, the 45 percent not voted includes assets not voted due to legal restrictions, cost/benefit considerations, stages of proxy voting roll-out of an asset manager or portfolio turn-over.

Note that the 95 percent reported for engagement is based on AuM managed by external asset managers who apply an active engagement approach.

Outputs and outcomes

SAM 08 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Descriptive PRI 1

SAM 08.1

Describe how you ensure that best RI practice is applied to managing your assets

☑ Encourage improved RI practices with existing investment managers

Measures

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work together very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.



\square Move assets over to investmen	t managers with	better RI practices
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☑ Other, specify

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work together very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.

Measures

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work together very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.

□ None of the above

SAM 09 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,6

SAM 09.1

Provide examples of how ESG issues have been addressed in the manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring process for your organisation during the reporting year.

☑ Add Example 1

Topic or issue	Manager Selection of GBP denominated Credit Mandate
Conducted by	☑ Internal staff
Asset class	□ All asset classes □ Listed Equity □ Fixed income – SSA □ Fixed income – corporate (financial) □ Fixed income – corporate (non financial) □ Private equity
Scope and process	Zurich conducted a manager search during 2018 for a European credit mandate.
Outcomes	Zurich selected an asset manager with an established ESG reporting framework for this asset class, included relevant ESG language in the IMA and onboarded the new asset manager into the review process.

☑ Add Example 2



Topic or issue	Investment Management Agreements
Conducted by	☑ Internal staff
Asset class	 ☑ All asset classes ☐ Listed Equity ☐ Fixed income – SSA ☐ Fixed income – corporate (financial) ☐ Fixed income – corporate (non financial) ☐ Private equity
Scope and process	Zurich is updating IMAs with existing asset manager to include ESG language.
Outcomes	In 2018, further IMAs were updated, covering 87% of in-scope assets. (See OO 11.4 for a description of the scope for ESG integration.)

☑ Add Example 3

Topic or issue	Performance review of a creditportfolio (US credit)
Conducted by	☑ Internal staff
Asset class	☐ All asset classes
	☐ Listed Equity
	☐ Fixed income – SSA
	☐ Fixed income – corporate (financial)
	☑ Fixed income – corporate (non financial)
	□ Private equity
Scope and process	ESG performance of a portfolio of U.S. corporate credit securities was discussed with the asset manager. The asset manager identified a number of ESG risks in the portfolio, which were discussed. The manager reported on progress made with regard to using and understanding third-party ESG data. The manager spent time disaggregating and analyzing procured ESG data, and developed a proprietary method to re-assemble the data with new materiality weights. This version is now used for ESG integration. The manager also ramped up efforts on engagements, which is done in tandem with the manager's equity team. Specific examples of engagement with U.S. energy companies were discussed. The manager engaged with a broad sample of companies to urge them to adopt an approach favoring a low-carbon transition with a preference for renewable sources.
Outcomes	The manager's scores for meeting our minimum standards on ESG integration were upgraded this year as a result.
☐ Add Ex	xample 4
☐ Add Ex	cample 5
☐ Add Ex	cample 6
☐ Add Ex	cample 7
☐ We are	e not able to provide examples

SAM 09.2 Additional information

In 2018, Zurich formally reviewed ESG performance of externally managed securities portfolios in 31 performance review meetings, covering 94 percent of in-scope assets.



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation

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ESG incorporation in actively managed listed equities

Implementation processes **LEI 01 Mandatory Public Gateway** PRI 1 Indicate (1) which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies you apply to your actively managed listed equities and (2) the breakdown of your actively managed listed **LEI 01.1** equities by strategy or combination of strategies (+/- 5%) ESG incorporation strategy (select all that apply) ☑ Screening alone (i.e. not combined with any other strategies) Percentage of active listed equity to which the strategy is applied % 7 ☐ Thematic alone (i.e. not combined with any other strategies) ☐ Integration alone (i.e. not combined with any other strategies) ☑ Screening and integration strategies Percentage of active listed equity to which the strategy is applied % 93 ☐ Thematic and integration strategies ☐ Screening and thematic strategies ☐ All three strategies combined ☐ We do not apply incorporation strategies Total actively managed listed equities 100% Describe your organisation's approach to incorporation and the reasons for choosing the

Primary reasons are:

LEI 01.2

- Integration strategies: expected to yield superior risk-adjusted returns over the long-term
- Screening: consistent Group-wide process to manage specific controversial issues

particular ESG incorporation strategy/strategies.

Zurich believes that ESG factors do have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.



As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distills all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.

Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curricula.

2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated inhouse teams, or broker research.

3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. In some instances in-house asset management teams also manage specific funds that form part of insurance products offered directly to clients. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. But while some best practices may not be applicable under all circumstances, minimum standards related to the four basic requirements of ESG integration (described in this text) apply across teams:

1. Training minimum standard

- Responsible investment competency assigned to asset management team.
- Training modules covering assigned competency levels completed successfully.

Best practice

- Additional relevant training through seminars, webinars, etc.
- Review of selected academic research; responsible investment publications; etc.

2. Access to information Minimum standard

Access to MSCI ESG manager platform for all portfolio managers and investment analysts.

Best practice

- Use of ESG data from other data providers, such as Bloomberg, etc.
- Use of ESG research and analysis provided by brokers.



- Encouraging brokers to reflect ESG issues in research and analysis.
- 3. Investment process minimum standard
 - Review of ESG research before making security selection decisions.
 - Other things being equal, preference for issuers with superior ESG performance.
 - Integration of ESG risk exposure and exposure to controversial business practices in reporting to the local ALM investment committee (ALMIC).
 - Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at investment team meetings.

Best practice

- Integration of ESG factors into bottom-up equity or credit investment research.[1]
- Integration of ESG factors into industry sector analysis.
- ESG analytics at a portfolio level.

4. Active ownership minimum standard

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy.
- Review of ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and central Responsible Investment team

[further points on best practice see LEI 01.3]

[1] Only a few Zurich teams conduct bottom-up research in-house.

LEI 01.3

If assets are managed using a combination of ESG incorporation strategies, briefly describe how these combinations are used. [Optional]

[addition to LEI 01.2]

Best practice

- Pro-active and targeted outreach to brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee companies
 with material ESG issues, as well as industry or regulatory bodies in support of identified responsible
 investment matters.
- Initiating or joining engagements on identified priority topics with external asset managers or peers.
- Actively taking on and championing an engagement topic through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other adequate channels.

Screening applies to all direct equity investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of equity mandates in scope of ESG integration, and to LEI 04 for details on the screening process.

LEI 02 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

LEI 02.1

Indicate what ESG information you use in your ESG incorporation strategies and who provides this information.

Type of ESG information

☑ Raw ESG company data



Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
□ Sell-side	
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ Company-related analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
□ Sell-side	
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ Sector-related analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
□ Sell-side	
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☐ Country-related analysis or ratings	
☑ Screened stock list	
Indicate who provides this information	
☐ ESG research provider	
□ Sell-side	
☑ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ ESG issue-specific analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
□ Sell-side	
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☐ Other, specify	
Indicate if you incentivise brokers to provide ESG research.	

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Yes

LEI 02.3

Describe how you incentivise brokers.

Since 2014, Zurich has conducted three campaigns involving dozens of brokers, asking them to integrate ESG into their analysis and research products. Since then, the teams have kept up discussion with brokers on ESG integration.

 \bigcirc No

LEI 03 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

LEI 03.1

Indicate if your organisation has a process through which information derived from ESG engagement and/or (proxy) voting activities is made available for use in investment decision-making.

- ☑ Engagement
 - O We have a systematic process to ensure the information is made available.
 - We occasionally make this information available.
 - O We do not make this information available.
- ☑ (Proxy) voting
 - $\ensuremath{ \bullet}$ We have a systematic process to ensure the information is made available.
 - O We occasionally make this information available.
 - O We do not make this information available.

LEI 03.2 Additional information. [Optional]

As part of Zurich's engagement approach, teams now reflect ESG issues in their interaction with investee companies. In such cases, engagement is driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective to generate insight as part of the investment process. In 2018, Zurich also drove a coordinated top-down engagement campaign in connection with its thermal coal divestment. Insights gathered through this process were shared with portfolio managers. Zurich's in-house portfolio managers all have access to the proxy voting platform of their relevant universe.

(A) Implementation: Screening

LEI 04 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1

LEI 04.1

Indicate and describe the type of screening you apply to your internally managed active listed equities.

Type of screening

☑ Negative/exclusionary screening

Screened by



☑ Product
☑ Activity
☑ Sector
☐ Country/geographic region
$\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ Environmental and social practices and performance

Description

The screen that we apply currently comprises producers of UN-sanctioned weapons (banned cluster munitions and anti-personal landmines), companies that derive more than half of revenues from thermal coal mining or use more than half of coal in their power generation mix as well as any companies Zurich may choose to disengage with, based on the process described in LEI 04.2.

☐ Positive/best-in-class screening

☐ Norms-based screening

LEI 04.2

Describe how you notify clients and/or beneficiaries when changes are made to your screening criteria.

Zurich's insurance businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate potential ESG issues and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving large projects and corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers and brokers to better manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A referral desk is in place to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on appropriate mitigation actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and analyzed and management receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability risks in business transactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact in underwriting may result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases (primarily related to banned cluster munitions, and anti-personnel land mines and thermal coal), the approach may result in a decision to stop doing business with a company, including any forms of direct investment. In Zurich's view, it is very important to apply any 'exclusion' or 'negative screening' consistently across the Group, including in underwriting and investment activities.

If a decision is made to exclude, exclusion screens are prepared by Zurich's sustainability team, based on Zurich's code of conduct and the Group's commitment to the UN Global Compact, and are the result of a structured process to manage sustainability risks in business transactions. Currently, the screen consists mainly of weapons banned by the UN (cluster munitions and anti-personnel landmines) and companies that derive more than half of revenues from thermal coal mining or use more than half of coal in their generation mix. A list of these companies is provided quarterly by various third-party research providers. If a company is identified that is a Zurich customer, Zurich will conduct a sustainability assessment and start an engagement process with the customer. During the engagement process, Zurich will not enter into any new business or new direct investments. If, after a period of one year, the engagement has not delivered any positive results, Zurich will stop entering into any new business with the company in question and will also divest from direct investments. The list of companies is circulated quarterly to all internal and external asset managers.

LEI 05 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1



Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure screening is based on robust **LEI 05.1** analysis. ☑ Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products. ☑ Companies are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies ☑ External research and data used to identify companies to be excluded/included is subject to internal audit by ESG/RI staff, the internal audit function or similar ☑ Third-party ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure that portfolio holdings comply with fund policies. ☑ Trading platforms blocking / restricting flagged securities on the black list ☑ A committee or body with representatives independent of the individuals who conduct company research reviews some or all screening decisions ☑ A periodic review of the quality of the research undertaken or provided is carried out ☐ Review and evaluation of external research providers ☐ Other, specify ☐ None of the above Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject to **LEI 05.2** comprehensive ESG research as part your ESG screening strategy. ○ <10% O 10-50% ○ 51-90% >90% LEI 05.3 Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings are updated for screening purposes. Quarterly or more frequently O Bi-annually Annually O Less frequently than annually Indicate how frequently you review internal research that builds your ESG screens. LEI 05.4

- Quarterly or more frequently
- O Bi-annually
- Annually
- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$ Less frequently than annually

LEI 05.5

Additional information. [Optional]

Please refer to the process described in LEI 04.2 for details.

LEI 06	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1
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LEI 06.1	Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure fund criteria are not breached.						
	☑ Systematic checks are performed to ensure that stocks meet the funds' screening criteria.						
	☑ Automated IT systems prevent investment managers from investing in excluded stocks or those that do not meet positive screening criteria.						
☐ Audits of	fund holdings are undertaken regularly by internal audit function						
☐ Periodic a	☐ Periodic auditing/checking of the organisations RI funds by external party						
☐ Other, sp	ecify						
☐ None of the	he above						

In cases where guidelines are breached, the local, regional and/or central investment teams will discuss the breach with the asset manager, determine adequate remediation on a case-by-case basis (including the

reversal of transactions or granting of waivers), and inform the investment committee of the breach and action

If breaches of fund screening criteria are identified - describe the process followed to correct

LEI 06.3 Additional information.[Optional]

LEI 06.2

taken.

External and internal asset managers receive a quarterly 'restricted' list containing information on companies nearing or breaching counterparty credit risk limits on a Group level, as well as blacklisted names from the process explained in LEI 04.2. Occasional checks made of the blacklisted names against Group holdings are performed in line with a process used to manage other types of guideline breaches.

(C) Implementation: Integration of ESG factors LEI 08 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1 LEI 08.1 Indicate the ESG factors you systematically research as part of your investment analysis and the proportion of actively managed listed equity portfolios that is impacted by this analysis.



ESG issues	Proportion impacted by analysis		
Environmental			
	Environmental		
	○ <10%		
	O 10-50%		
	○ >90%		
Social			
	Social		
	O <10%		
	○ 51-90%		
	O >90%		
Corporate			
Governance	Corporate Governance		
	○ <10%		
	○ 10-50%		
	● 51-90%		
	O >90%		

LEI 08.2 Additional information. [Optional

Zurich does not generally conduct in-house equity research and interprets this question as relating to the overall analysis process, including the review of external research, leading up to security selection decisions. Please refer to LEI 01.3 for details about the minimum standards for ESG integration in the security selection process. Currently, all of Zurich's major in-house teams systematically apply the ESG integration process as described in LEI 01.2 and LEI 01.3, which includes a review of potential ESG issues.

LEI 09	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
LLI US	Manuatory	Fublic	COIE ASSESSEU	FIXI

LEI 09.1	Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure ESG integration is based on a robust analysis.					
☑ Compreh	☑ Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products					
	☑ Companies are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies					
☑ Third-par	ty ESG ratings are updated regularly.					
☐ A periodic	c review of the internal research is carried out					
	d, regular ESG specific meetings between responsible investment staff and the fund manager or vestments team					
☐ ESG risk	profile of a portfolio against benchmark					
☑ Analysis •	of the impact of ESG factors on investment risk and return performance					
☐ Other, sp	ecify					
☐ None of t	he above					
LEI 09.2	Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject to comprehensive ESG research as part your integration strategy.					
○ <10%						
○ 10-50%						
○ 51-90%						
● >90%						
LEI 09.3	Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings that inform your ESG integration strategy are updated.					
Quarterly	or more frequently					
O Bi-Annua	lly					
O Annually						
O Less freq	uently than annually					
LEI 09.5	Describe how ESG information is held and used by your portfolio managers.					
☑ ESG info	rmation is held within centralised databases or tools and it is accessible by all relevant staff					
	☐ ESG information or analysis is a standard section or aspect of all company research notes or industry/sector analysis generated by investment staff					
	ic records are kept that capture how ESG information and research was incorporated into decisions					
☐ Other, sp	□ Other, specify					



 $\hfill\square$ None of the above LEI 09.6

LEI 10

Additional information.[Optional]

Mandatory to Report Voluntary to

Zurich sources third-party ESG data and research, which is available to all portfolio managers and other relevant staff within Group Investment Management directly on the provider's platform. Portfolio managers and analysts are encouraged to complement this information with ESG research provided by brokers and other sources. Zurich does not generally conduct in-house equity research. In addition, ESG ratings and other key ESG information are integrated into Group Investment Management's global investment data warehouse (GIDW).

Public

Core Assessed

PRI 1

LEI 10.1	Indicate which aspects of investment analysis you integrate material ESG information
☑ Economic	analysis
	Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
O <109	6
10-5	0%
○ 51-9	0%
O >90°	6
☑ Industry a	nalysis
	Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
O <109	6
○ 10-5	0%
⊚ 51-9	0%
O >90%	6
☑ Quality of	management
	Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
O <109	6
○ 10-5	0%
○ 51-9	0%



☑ Analysis of company strategy

		Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
	O <10%	
	O 10-50%	
	○ >90%	
☑ F	Portfolio weig	hting
		Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
	○ <10%	
	O 10-50%	
	○ 51-90%	
	⊚ >90%	
☑ 5	Sensitivity an	d/or scenario analysis
		Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
	O <10%	
	10%10-50%	
	51-90%	
	© >90%	
√ F		ndamental analysis
	an valuo/lai	name mary one
		Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis
	O <10%	
	O 10-50%	
	○ >90%	
	Other, specify	
LEI		dicate which methods are part of your process to integrate ESG information into fair alue/fundamental analysis and/or portfolio construction.
abla A	Adjustments	to forecasted company financials (sales, operating costs, earnings, cash flows)
	Adjustments	to valuation-model variables (discount rates, terminal value, perpetuity growth rates)
✓\	/aluation mu	ltiples
☑ (Other adjustn	nents; specify
Т	he portfolio	manager will make a subjective adjustment
LE	10.2	ossriba how you intograte ESC information into partfolia unighting
CEI	10.3 D	escribe how you integrate ESG information into portfolio weighting.

Approaches applied by selected teams include:

- Assessment of weighted ESG ratings relative to benchmark
- Use of ESG rating to screen investment universe
- Taking larger active positions if ESG factors reduce risk



LEI 10.4

Describe the methods you have used to adjust the income forecast / valuation tool

The portfolio manager will make a subjective adjustment.

LEI 10.5

Describe how you apply sensitivity and/or scenario analysis to security valuations.

Approaches applied by selected teams include testing different levels of variables in their models to compare a company against its sector peers.

LEI 10.6

Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 01.3 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

	Outp	uts and	d outcomes			
LEI 1	2	Volu	ntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
	LEI 12	2.1	Indicate how your ESG incorporation or investment universe.	on strategies have in	nfluenced the composition of you	r portfolio(s)
	□ Scr	eening				
	☑ Inte	gration	of ESG factors			
Select which of these effects followed your ESG integration:						
	v	☑ Redu	ce or prioritise the investment univers	se		
		Overv	veight/underweight at sector level			
	V	Overv	veight/underweight at stock level			
☑ Buy/sell decisions						
	v	∄ Enga	gement / Voting			
☑ Other, specify						
		Positio	on sizing			
☐ None of the above						



LEI 12.2

Voluntary

LEI 13

Additional information.[Optional]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

Public

Descriptive

PRI 1

In answering LEI 12.1, options were selected if applied systematically at least by one team.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 01.3 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

LEI 13.1	Provide examples of ESG issues that affected your investment view and/or performance during reporting year.
☑ ESG fact	or 1
	ESG factor and explanation
fundamental po	anager concluded after a financial analysis that Company Z is an attractive opportunity from a int of view. But the presence of its founder on its board was a clear risk of Governance, as company has done in the past proved to be beneficial to the founder.
	ESG incorporation strategy applied
Integration	
☐ Screening	
☑ Integration	
	Impact on investment decision or performance
The portfolio material to investing.	anager waited until the founder sold all his shares and broke all his ties with the company prior

☑ ESG factor 2



ESG factor and explanation
The portfolio manager reviewed a holding in a car listings company. There were two key concerns - potential disruption to the business model from social media platforms becoming involved in the business and the potential for fewer car owners in a world where autonomous vehicles and car sharing are becoming more common.
ESG incorporation strategy applied
Integration
☐ Screening
☑ Integration
Impact on investment decision or performance
The portfolio manager decided to divest the holdings in the company's stock.
□ ESG factor 3
□ ESG factor 4
☐ ESG factor 5

LEI 13.2 Additional information.[Optional]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly, depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

The examples provided in LEI 13.1 apply to specific portfolios managed by different teams and reflect different investment approaches.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 03.2 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

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Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership

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Ove	rview				
LEA 01	Mand	latory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
LEAUI	Mand	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PKIZ
New se	election o	pptions have been adde	ed to this indicator. Pleas	se review your prefilled respo	nses carefully.
LEA	01.1	Indicate whether your or	rganisation has an active o	ownership policy.	
⊚ Ye	es				
	LEA 01.2	Attach or provide a	URL to your active owner	ship policy.	
	O Attach	ment provided:			
	● URL p	rovided:			
		LIDI			
		URL			
	{hyper	link:https://www.zurich.co	om/en/sustainability/respo	nsible-investment}	
	LEA 01.3	Indicate what your	active engagement policy	covers.	
	LLA UI.J	maioato what your	aouvo ongagomoni policy	00101	
		General approach	to active ownership		
		flicts of interest			
	☑ Alig	nment with national stew	ardship code requirement	S	
	☑ Ass	ets/funds covered by act	ive ownership policy		
	☑ Ехр	ectations and objectives			
	☑ Eng	agement approach			
		Engagement			
		ESG issues			
		Prioritisation of engage			
		Method of engagement			
		Transparency of engag			
		Due diligence and moni	itoring process		



☑ Insider information□ Escalation strategies

☐ Other specify;☑ (Proxy) voting approach

☐ Service Provider specific criteria

Voting			
☑ ESG issues			
☑ Prioritisation and scope of voting activities			
☑ Methods of voting			
☐ Transparency of voting activities			
☑ Regional voting practice approaches			
☐ Filing or co-filing resolutions			
☐ Company dialogue pre/post-vote			
☑ Decision-making processes			
☑ Securities lending processes			
☐ Other specify;			
□ Other			
☐ None of the above			
○ No			
LEA 01.4 Do you outsource any of your active ownership activities to service providers?			
Yes			
Where active ownership activities are conducted by service providers, indicate whether your active ownership policy covers any of the following.			
☑ Outline of service providers role in implementing organisation's active ownership policy			
☐ Description of considerations included in service provider selection and agreements			
☑ Identification of key ESG frameworks service providers must follow			
☑ Outline of information sharing requirements of service providers			
☐ Description of service provider monitoring processes			
Description of service provider monitoring processes			
☑ Other, specify			
☑ Other, specify			

LEA 01.6 Additional information [optional

The following minimum requirements and best practice have been agreed with regard to proxy voting and engagement:

Active ownership minimum standard

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy
- Reviewing ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues besides other material issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities on priority topics.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and Zurich's Group Responsible Investment team.

Best practice



- Pro-actively establishing and maintaining dialogue with brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee
 companies with material ESG issues, or regulatory bodies to support responsible investment matters Zurich
 has identified.
- Initiating or joining engagements with external asset managers or peers on identified priority topics.
- Actively taking on and championing topics for engagement through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other suitable channels.

Engagement LEA 02 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1,2,3

LEA 02.1 Indicate the method of engagement, giving reasons for the interaction.

Type of engagement	Reason for interaction	
Individual / Internal staff engagements	☑ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issues	
	☑ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure	
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management	
	☐ We do not engage via internal staff	
Collaborative engagements	☑ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issues	
	☑ To encourage improved/inreased ESG disclosure	
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management	
	☐ We do not engage via collaborative engagements	
Service provider engagements	☐ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issues	
	\square To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure	
	\square To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management	
	☑ We do not engage via service providers	

LEA 02.4 Additional information. [Optional]

See SG 09 for the list of industry networks / organisation we are engaged with.

LEA 03 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.



LEA 03.1

Indicate whether your organisation has a formal process for identifying and prioritising engagements.

Yes

LEA 03.2

Indicate the criteria used to identify and prioritise engagements for each type of engagement.

Type of engagement	Criteria used to identify/prioritise engagements			
Individual / Internal				
engagements	Internal / Individual engagements			
	☑ Geography / market of the companies			
	☑ Materiality of the ESG factors			
	☑ Exposure (size of holdings)			
	☑ Responses to ESG impacts that have already occurred			
	☐ Responses to divestment pressure			
	☐ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries			
	$\hfill\Box$ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)			
	\square Follow-up from a voting decision			
	☐ Client request			
	☑ Breaches of international norms			
	☐ Other, specify			
	☐ We do not outline engagement criteria for our individual engagements.			
Collaborative				
engagements	Collaborative engagements			
	☑ Potential to enhance knowledge of ESG issues from other investors			
	☑ Ability to have greater impact on ESG issues			
	☑ Ability to add value to the collaboration			
	☑ Geography/market of the companies targeted by the collaboration			
	☑ Materiality of ESG factors addressed by the collaboration			
	$\hfill\Box$ Exposure (size of holdings) to companies targeted by the collaboration			
	$\hfill\square$ Responses to ESG impacts addressed by the collaboration that have already occurred			
	□ Responses to divestment pressure			
	☐ Follow-up from a voting decision			
	☐ Alleviate the resource burden of engagement			
	☐ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries			
	$\hfill\Box$ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)			
	☐ Other, specify			
	$\hfill \square$ We do not outline engagement criteria for our collaborative engagements.			

 \bigcirc No



LEA 03.3

Additional information. [Optional]

We apply both a top-down and bottom-up approach to identify engagement topics. Top-down decisions are based on strategic considerations and driven by Group functions, whereas bottom-up decisions are based on a portfolio level and are driven by investment decision-makers, such as portfolio managers.

Top down:

 Topics of greatest priority are aligned with Zurich Insurance Group's business strategy, sustainability strategy, responsible investment strategy and existing external commitments (such as the UN Global Compact, The Investor Agenda, and others), or local stewardship codes, to which Zurich voluntarily adheres.

Bottom-up

- Financially material long-term ESG trends.
- Financially most-material ESG factors in terms of geography/industry sector/company in the portfolio manager's universe.

LEA 04 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

LEA 04.1 Indicate whether you define specific objectives for your organisation's engagement activities.

Individual / Internal engagements	 All engagement activities Majority of engagement activities Minority of engagement activities We do not define specific objectives for engagement activities carried out by internal staff.
O-lish sasting an arrange	
Collaborative engagements	All engagement activities
Collaborative engagements	 All engagement activities Majority of engagement activities
Collaborative engagements	

LEA 04.2

Additional information. [Optional

Top down engagement activities in 2018 focused on growing the green bond market, supporting the transition to a low-carbon economy and asking for the implementation of the Paris Agreement, as well as the establishment of an economically viable carbon price. A priority for 2018 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, which Zurich did in connection with divesting from companies that generated more than 50 percent of their revenues from mining thermal coal or had more than 50 percent of coal in their power generation mix.

All in-house teams conducted bottom-up engagement activities, which are monitored through an annual internal questionnaire including a follow-up discussion.

LEA 05	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2



LEA 05.1 Indicate if you monitor and/or review engagement outcomes.

Individual / Internal engagements	 Yes, in all cases Yes, in majority of cases Yes, in a minority of cases We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes carried out by our internal staff.
Collaborative engagements	 Yes, in all cases Yes, in a majority of cases Yes, in a minority of cases We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes via collaborative engagement activities.

LEA 05.2 Indicate if you do any of the following to monitor and review the progress of engagement activities.

Individual / Internal staff engagements	 ☑ Define timelines/milestones for your objectives ☑ Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs ☐ Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met ☐ Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on continuous basis ☑ Other; specify Annual in-house questionnaire
Collaborative engagements	 □ Define timelines/milestones for your objectives ☑ Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs □ Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met ☑ Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on continuous basis □ Other; specify

LEA 06 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 2,4

LEA 06.1

Indicate whether your organisation has an escalation strategy when engagements are unsuccessful.

○ Yes

No

LEA 07 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,2

LEA 07.1

Indicate whether insights gained from your organisation's engagements are shared with investment decision-makers



Type of engagement	Insights shared
Individual / Internal staff engagements	Yes, systematicallyYes, occasionallyNo
Collaborative engagements	Yes, systematicallyYes, occasionallyNo

LEA 07.2

Indicate the practices used to ensure information and insights collected through engagements are shared with investment decision-makers.

☑ Involving investment decision-makers when developing engagement programme
☑ Holding investment team meetings and/or presentations
☑ Using IT platforms/systems that enable data sharing
\Box Internal process that requires portfolio managers to re-balance holdings based on interaction and outcome levels
☐ Other; specify

LEA 07.3

☐ None

Indicate whether insights gained from your organisation's engagements are shared with your clients/beneficiaries.

Type of engagement	Insights shared
Individual/Internal staff engagements	Yes, systematicallyYes, occasionallyNo
Collaborative engagements	Yes, systematicallyYes, occasionallyNo

LEA 07.4

Additional information. [Optional

Based on our active ownership approach, one of the four pillars of the ESG integration, we have organized a network of responsible investment champions. Among others, the responsible investment champions share relevant research, news or other information related to responsible investment practices with their teams and form part of a global network of over 25 responsible investment champions who exchange views and their experiences in regular conference calls. We actively discuss progress on our engagement topics with peers or via collaborative networks.

LEA 08 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 2

Indicate if you track the number of your engagement activities.

LEA 08.1

Type of engagement	Tracking engagements	
Individual / Internal staff engagements	 Yes, we track the number of our engagements in full Yes, we partially track the number of our engagements We do not track 	
Collaborative engagements	 Yes, we track the number of our engagements in full Yes, we partially track the number of our engagements We do not track 	

Outputs and outcomes

LEA 09 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Core Assessed PRI 2

LEA 09.1

Indicate the proportion of companies from your listed equities portfolio with which your organisation engaged with during the reporting year.

	We did not complete any engagements in the reporting year.	Number of companies engaged (avoid double counting, see explanatory notes)	Proportion of companies engaged with, out of total listed equities portfolio
Individual / Internal staff engagements		300	25
Collaborative engagements		0	0

LEA 09.2

Indicate the proportion breakdown of engagements conducted within the reporting year by the number of interactions (including interactions made on your behalf)



No. of interactions with a company	% of engagements
O i da ii	○ >76%
One interaction	○ 51-75%
	11-50%
	○ 1-10%
	○ None
	○ >76%
2 to 3 interactions	
	○ 11-50%
	○ 1-10%
	○ None
	○ >76%
More than 3 interactions	○ 51-75%
	○ 11-50%
	1-10%
	○ None
Total	
	100%

LEA 09.5

Additional information. [Optional]

In 2018 we did not collaboratively engage in public equity-related forums, however, we remained very active in the Green Bond Principles and exchanged our views actively with various issuers.

LEA 10	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2
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LEA 10.1	Indicate which of the following your engagement involved.			
☑ Letters an	☑ Letters and emails to companies			
● In a r	minority of cases			
○ In a r	majority of cases			
○ In all	cases			
☐ Meetings	and/or calls with board/senior management			
	and/or calls with the CSR, IR or other management			
● In a r	minority of cases			
○ In a r	majority of cases			
○ In all	cases			
□ Visits to o	perations			
☐ Visits to th	☐ Visits to the supplier(s) from the 'company's supply chain			
☑ Participati	on in roadshows			
● In a r	minority of cases			
○ In a r	majority of cases			
○ In all	cases			

LEA 10.2 Additional information. [Optional]

Based on our engagement policy, whenever a company initiates dialogue through investor calls, roadshows, or meetings, investment professionals at Zurich are required to a) review ESG performance and controversial business practices and bring up material ESG topics in the discussion and b) cite the importance of sustainability, and hence company transparency, in their sustainability strategy and material ESG factors. One of our emerging market teams proactively sends ESG questionnaires to companies not yet publicly reporting on ESG issues. In 2018, we launched a formal letter campaign to thermal coal companies we divested from, letting them know we divested in order to engage them in a dialogue.

LEA 11	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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LEA 11.1

☐ Other

Provide examples of the engagements that your organisation or your service provider carried out during the reporting year.

☑ Add Example 1



ESG Topic	Climate Change, Plastics □ Executive Remuneration ☑ Climate Change □ Human rights □ Company leadership issues □ Pollution □ General ESG □ Diversity □ Shareholder rights □ Health and Safety □ Sustainability reporting □ Water risks □ Labour practices and supply chain management □ Anti-bribery and corruption □ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☐ Other governance
	☑ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted by	☑ Individual / Internal
	□ Collaborative
Objectives	We explored sustainability issues related to plastic packaging amid increasing concerns about packaging waste. We also sought to gather more information on this topic.
Scope and Process	Call with a leading global packaging company
Outcomes	☐ Company changed practice
	☐ Company committed to change
	☐ Disclosure / report published
	☐ Divestment
	☐ Failed/no outcome
	☑ Increased understanding / information
	☐ Invested in company
	□ Ongoing
	□ Voting
	□ Other

 $\ \ \, \square$ Add Example 2



ESG Topic	Climate Change
	☐ Executive Remuneration
	☑ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	□ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	☐ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☑ Individual / Internal
by	□ Collaborative
Objectives	
Objectives	Gain additional information about ESG factors
Scope and Process	We have investments in a company with a large portion of its activity directly or indirectly related to energy efficiency and energy transition. The company has an internal diversity promotion policy, a structure through which employers offer some of their time to charities, and it is working on reducing its carbon footprint significantly by gradually converting its vehicle fleet to electrical cars. The company is working on a specific brochure to explain all the ESG policies in more detail.
Outcomes	☐ Company changed practice
	☐ Company committed to change
	☑ Disclosure / report published
	□ Divestment
	☐ Failed/no outcome
	☐ Increased understanding / information
	☐ Increased understanding / information ☐ Invested in company
	-



□ Other

☑ Add Example 3



ESG Topic Climate Change	
☐ Executive Remuneration	
☑ Climate Change	
☐ Human rights	
☐ Company leadership issues	
☐ Pollution	
☐ General ESG	
☐ Diversity	
☐ Shareholder rights	
☐ Health and Safety	
☐ Sustainability reporting	
☐ Water risks	
☐ Labour practices and supply chain management	
☐ Anti-bribery and corruption	
☐ Deforestation	
☐ Aggressive tax planning	
☐ Cyber security	
☐ Other governance	
□ Plastics	
□ Other	
Conducted ☑ Individual / Internal	
by Collaborative	
Objectives Encouraging a faster transition to a low-carbon economy	
Encouraging a faster transition to a low-carbon economy	
Scope and Encouraging a factor transition to a low earlier accompanies know a	
Process Encouraging a faster transition to a low-carbon economy; letting coal companies know a our position to engage them in dialogue; In 2018, we launched a formal letter campaign companies we divested from, letting them know we divested in order to engage them in a companie we divested from the companies where the companies we divested from the companies where the companies we divested from the c	o coal
dialogue.	•
Outcomes Company changed practice	
☐ Company committed to change	
☑ Disclosure / report published	
☐ Divestment	
☐ Failed/no outcome	
☐ Increased understanding / information	
☐ Invested in company	
☐ Ongoing	
□ Voting	
□ Other	

 \square Add Example 4



	Add	Example	5
	Add	Example	6
	Add	Example	7
	Add	Example	8
	Add	Example	9
	Add	Example	10

(Proxy) voting and shareholder resolutions

LEA 12 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 2

LEA 12.1

Indicate how you typically make your (proxy) voting decisions.

Approach

- O We use our own research or voting team and make voting decisions without the use of service providers.
- We hire service provider(s) who make voting recommendations and/or provide research that we use to guide our voting decisions.

Based on

- O the service provider voting policy we sign off on
- our own voting policy
- O our clients' requests or policies
- $\bigcirc \text{ other, explain} \\$
- O We hire service provider(s) who make voting decisions on our behalf, except for some pre-defined scenarios where we review and make voting decisions.
- O We hire service provider(s) who make voting decisions on our behalf.

LEA 12.2

Provide an overview of how you ensure your voting policy is adhered to, giving details of your approach when exceptions to the policy are made.

Zurich's voting guidelines are adapted from Glass Lewis' continental European policy, and amended with a number of proprietary voting principles.

Voting ballots are pre-filled by our service provider, based on Zurich's proprietary policy. In addition, each portfolio manager will set up email alerts in connection to his/her universe, in order to be alerted of upcoming voting deadlines, as well as any topics deemed material by the portfolio manager. Portfolio managers have the right and opportunity to deviate from the pre-filled recommendation, provided they explain their rationale and make sure they discuss their decision with in-house portfolio managers in other countries covering the same stock. A detailed process description can be found in Zurich's proxy voting policy and guidelines.

LEA 12.3

Additional information.[Optional]

See full proxy voting policy and procedures under:

https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/zurich-proxy-voting-policy-and-guidelines.pdf?la=en&hash=96EC9253F41007590058B3DB1F21966B49A5D9A1



LEA	14	Volu	ntary	Public	Additional Asses	ssed	PRI 2
	LEA 1	4.1	Indicate if your organisation	has a securities len	ding programme.		
	Yes	8					
	L	EA 14.3	Indicate how voting is a	addressed in your se	curities lending programme	e.	
) We re	ecall all securities for voting or	n all ballot items			
		○ We m	aintain some holdings, so we	can vote at any tim	е		
		○ We sy criteria)	stematically recall some secu	urities so that we ca	n vote on their ballot items	(e.g., in line	with specific
		○ We re	call some securities so that w	ve can vote on their	ballot items on an ad hoc b	oasis	
) We er	mpower our securities lending	g agent to decide wh	en to recall securities for v	oting purpose	es
		• We do	o not recall our shares for voti	ing purposes			
		Other	specify;				
	○ No						
LEA	15	Mano	datory	Public	Descriptive		PRI 2
	LEA 1	5.1	Indicate the proportion of vo			on your behal	f have
	O 100)%					
○ 99-75%		75%					
O 74-50%							
	O 49-	25%					
	O 24-	1%					
	Nei	ther we	nor our service provider(s) ra	aise concerns with c	ompanies ahead of voting		

LEA 16 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

LEA 16.1

Indicate the proportion of votes participated in within the reporting year in which, you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf, have communicated to companies the rationale for abstaining or voting against management recommendations.

- 100%
- 99-75%
- O 74-50%
- O 49-25%
- **24-1%**
- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$ We do not communicate the rationale to companies
- O Not applicable because we and/or our service providers do not abstain or vote against management recommendations



	LEA 16.2	Indicate the reasons your organisat abstaining or voting against manag			onale for
	☐ Votes for	selected markets			
	□ Votes for	☐ Votes for selected sectors			
	☐ Votes relating to certain ESG issues				
	\square Votes on	companies exposed to controversy or	n specific ESG i	issues	
	☐ Votes for	significant shareholdings			
	☐ On reque	st by clients			
	Other				
		Explain			
	When cor	ntacted by investee companies			
	LEA 16.3	In cases where your organisation d against management recommenda			
	○ Yes				
	No				
		• •			
LEA	17 Mai	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
LEA	17 Mai	ndatory For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1 • We do tra	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	r your service p	provider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1 • We do tra	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	r your service pe of votes cast	provider have the mandate to iss during the reporting year.	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentag ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	r your service pe of votes cast	provider have the mandate to iss during the reporting year.	
LEA	LEA 17.1 • We do tra	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%) % Specify the basis on which this	r your service pe of votes cast percentage is only the percentage i	calculated ve issued instructions	
LEA	UEA 17.1 We do tra 30 of th	For listed equities where you and/o instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information Votes cast (to the nearest 1%) % Specify the basis on which this e total number of ballot items on which	r your service pe of votes cast percentage is on the you could have at which you could	calculated we issued instructions	



LEA 17.2	Explain your reason(s) for not voting on certain holdings		
☑ Shares we	ere blocked		
☐ Notice, ba	Illots or materials not received in time		
☐ Missed de	eadline		
☑ Geograph	ical restrictions (non-home market)		
✓ Cost			
☐ Conflicts of	of interest		
☐ Holdings of	deemed too small		
✓ Administration ✓ Administration	☑ Administrative impediments (e.g., power of attorney requirements, ineligibility due to participation in share placement)		
☐ Client req	☐ Client request		
Other			
	attendance required; progress of roll-out or proxy voting access to in-house managers; post-proxy ison portfolio turn-over		

LEA 17.3 Additional information. [Optional]

Proxy voting for in-house managed equity was fully rolled out for one country in 2018. Additional two countries came on board during 2018. Roll out to further countries is ongoing.

Note that we measure 'votes cast' based on end-of-year AuM. Accordingly, the share of votes not voted include assets not voted due to legal restrictions, cost/benefit considerations, stages of proxy voting roll-out of an asset manager or portfolio turn-over.

LEA 18	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2

LEA 18.1

Indicate if you track the voting instructions that you and/or your service provider on your behalf have issued.

Yes, we track this information

LEA 18.2

Of the voting instructions that you and/or third parties on your behalf issued, indicate the proportion of ballot items that were:



Voting instructions	Breakdown as percentage of votes cast	
For (supporting) management recommendations	90.6	
Against (opposing) management recommendations	9	
Abstentions	0.4	

100%

 \bigcirc No, we do not track this information

LEA 18<u>.3</u>

In cases where your organisation voted against management recommendations, indicate the percentage of companies you have engaged.

LEA 19 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

LEA 19.1

Indicate whether your organisation has a formal escalation strategy following unsuccessful voting.

O Yes

No

LEA 20 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 2

LEA 20.1

Indicate if your organisation directly or through a service provider filed or co-filed any ESG shareholder resolutions during the reporting year.

O Yes

No

LEA 20.6

Describe whether your organisation reviews ESG shareholder resolutions filed by other investors.

All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.

LEA 21 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 2



LEA 21.1

Provide examples of the (proxy) voting activities that your organisation and/or service provider carried out during the reporting year.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ Add Example 1



ESG Topic	Climate Change, Pollution, Sustainability reporting □ Executive Remuneration □ Climate Change □ Human rights □ Company leadership issues □ Pollution □ General ESG □ Diversity □ Shareholder rights □ Health and Safety □ Sustainability reporting □ Water risks □ Labour practices and supply chain management □ Anti-bribery and corruption □ Deforestation □ Aggressive tax planning □ Cyber security □ Political spending / lobbying □ Other governance
	□ Plastics □ Other
Conducted by	☑ Individual/Internal □ Service provider
Objectives	In 2018, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change related strategies of especially emission intensive companies is vital for investment decision-making.
Scope and Process	All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. In 2018 we supported a variety of reasonable shareholder proposals asking for increased transparency on climate change risks and strategies. For example one such a shareholder proposal was asking a company to issue a report describing how it could adapt its business model to align with a decarbonizing economy. Zurich has voted in favour of the proposal as the company operates in a GHG exposed sector; we believe it is key to set GHG reduction targets to make a difference.
Outcomes	 □ Company changed practice □ Company committed to change □ Disclosure / report published □ Divestment □ Failed/no outcome



☐ Increased understanding / information
☐ Invested in company
□ Ongoing
☑ Voting
□ Other

☑ Add Example 2



ESG Topic	Political spending / lobbying □ Executive Remuneration
	☐ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	□ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	□ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	□ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	□ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☑ Political spending / lobbying
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☑ Individual/Internal
by	☐ Service provider
Objectives	Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an
	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed.
Scope and Process	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and
-	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process
· ·	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted
Process	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted accordingly.
Process	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted accordingly.
Process	important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company and should therefore been publicly disclosed. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted accordingly. Company changed practice Company committed to change



	☐ Failed/no outcome	
	☐ Increased understanding / information	
	☐ Invested in company	
	☐ Ongoing	
	☑ Voting	
	□ Other	
☐ Add Example 3		
☐ Add Example 4		
	□ Add Example 5	
☐ Add Ex	xample 6	
☐ Add Ex	☐ Add Example 7	
☐ Add Ex	☐ Add Example 8	
☐ Add Ex	☐ Add Example 9	
☐ Add Ex	xample 10	



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Direct - Fixed Income

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



ESG incorporation in actively managed fixed income

Implementation processes

FI 01	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	PRI 1

FI 01.1

Indicate (1) Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies you apply to your actively managed fixed income investments; and (2) The proportion (+/- 5%) of your total actively managed fixed income investments each strategy applies to.

SSA		
		Screening alone
	0	
		Thematic alone
	92	
		Integration alone
	0	
		Screening + integration strategies
	0	
		Thematic + integration strategies
	8	
		Screening + thematic strategies
	0	
		All three strategies combined
	0	
		No incorporation strategies applied
	0	
	100%	
Corporate (financial)		
		Screening alone
	0	
		Thematic alone
	0	
		Integration alone
	0	
		Screening + integration strategies
	0	

	Thematic + integration strategies
0	
	Screening + thematic strategies
7	
	All three strategies combined
93	
	No incorporation strategies applied
0	
100%	



Corporate (non-		
financial)		Screening alone
	0	
		Thematic alone
		mematic alone
	0	
		Integration alone
	0	
		Screening + integration strategies
	0	
		Thematic + integration strategies
	0	
		Screening + thematic strategies
	12	
		All three strategies combined
	88	
		No incorporation strategies applied
	0	
	100%	

FI 01.2

Describe your reasons for choosing a particular ESG incorporation strategy and how combinations of strategies are used.

Please refer to the additional information provided in FI 01.3 for a detailed description of Zurich's ESG integration approach and the rationale for the chosen approach. Primary reasons are:

- Integration strategies: expected to yield superior risk-adjusted returns over the long-term: Note that ESG
 integration only applies to the municipal securities part of the SSA allocation (see OO 11.4 for a description
 of ESG integration scope).
- Screening: consistent Group-wide process to manage specific controversial issues (see LEI 04.2).
- Thematic: refers to Zurich's impact investing strategy (see SG 18.2 for details). We have a global approach
 for managing use-of-proceeds impact instruments such as green, social and sustainability bonds across all
 credit types. In 2018, we had investments in supranational, sovereign, municipal, agency, financial and
 non-financial corporate credit green, social or sustainability bonds.

Screening applies only to corporate bond investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of fixed income mandates in scope of ESG integration.



FI 01.3

Additional information [Optional].

ESG factors do have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distils all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.

Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all of its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curriculums.

2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated in-house teams, or broker research.

3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

Screening applies to all direct fixed income investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of fixed income mandates in scope of ESG integration, and to FI 04 for details on the screening process

FI 02	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1

FI 02.1

Indicate which ESG factors you systematically research as part of your analysis on issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Environmental data				
	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	
Social data				
	\checkmark	V	V	
Governance data				

FI 02.2

Indicate what format your ESG information comes in and where you typically source it

 $\ \ \square$ Raw ESG company data

Indicate who provides this information
✓ ESG research provider
□ Sell-side
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
☐ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ ESG factor specific analysis
Indicate who provides this information
☑ ESG research provider
☐ Sell-side
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
☐ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ Issuer-level ESG analysis
Indicate who provides this information
✓ ESG research provider
□ Sell-side
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
☐ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ Sector-level ESG analysis

Indicate who provides this information



☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
\square In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	n
\square In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team	
☐ Other, specify	
☐ Country-level ESG analysis	

FI 02.3

Provide a brief description of the ESG information used, highlighting any differences in sources of information across your ESG incorporation strategies.

Zurich provides in-house asset management teams access to ESG data and research provided by MSCI. Zurich also encourages portfolio managers and analysts to monitor a variety of ESG information sources and use any available ESG research provided by brokers. (See FI 10.1 for further details on the ESG integration process.)

FI 02.4

Additional information. [Optional

Note that SSA securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Other references made to SSA securities in this section refer to Zurich's impact investing approach (see also SG 18.2).

FI 03 **Mandatory Public Additional Assessed** PRI 1 FI 03.1 Indicate how you ensure that your ESG research process is robust: ☐ Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken internally to determine companies' activities; and products and/or services ☑ Issuers are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies ☑ Issuer information and/or ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure ESG research is accurate ☐ Internal audits and regular reviews of ESG research are undertaken in a systematic way. ☑ A materiality/sustainability framework is created and regularly updated that includes all the key ESG risks and opportunities for each sector/country. ☐ Other, specify ☐ None of the above



	FI 03.2	Describe how your ESG informat	tion or analysis is sl	hared among your investment tea	ım.		
	$\ensuremath{ riangledef{eta}}$ ESG information is held within a centralised database and is accessible to all investment staff						
	☑ ESG information is displayed on front office research platforms						
	☑ ESG info similar docu	rmation is a standard item on all ind ments	lividual issuer sumr	maries, research notes, 'tear shee	ets', or		
	✓ Investme committee r	nt staff are required to discuss ESG neetings	information on iss	uers as a standard item during in	vestment		
	✓ Records	capture how ESG information and r	esearch was incorp	porated into investment decisions			
	☐ Other, sp	ecify					
	☐ None of t	he above					
	(A) Impleme	ntation: Screening					
FI 04	Mand	atory	Public	Gateway	PRI 1		

Select all that apply

FI 04.1

	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)
	\checkmark	\checkmark
Negative/exclusionary screening		
Positive/best-in-class screening		
Norms-based screening		

Indicate the type of screening you conduct.

FI 04.2 Describe your approach to screening for internally managed active fixed income

Zurich's insurance businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate potential ESG issues and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving large projects and corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers and brokers to better manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A referral desk is in place to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on appropriate mitigation actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and analyzed and management receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability risks in business transactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact in underwriting may result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases (primarily related to banned cluster munitions, and antipersonnel land mines and thermal coal), the approach may result in a decision to stop doing business with a company, including any forms of direct investment. In Zurich's view it is very important to apply any 'exclusion' or 'negative screening' consistently across the Group, including underwriting and investment activities.

[further information see FI 04.3]



FI 04.3

Additional information. [Optional]

[follow on from FI 04.2]

If a decision is made to exclude, exclusion screens are prepared by Zurich's sustainability team, based on Zurich's code of conduct and the Group's commitment to the UN Global Compact, and are the result of a structured process to manage sustainability risks in business transactions. Currently, the screen consists mainly of weapons banned by the UN (cluster munitions and anti-personnel landmines) and companies that derive more than half of revenues from thermal coal mining or use more than half of coal in their generation mix. A list of these companies is provided quarterly by various third-party research providers. Should a company identified be an existing Zurich customer, Zurich will conduct a sustainability assessment and start an engagement process with the customer. During the engagement process, Zurich will not enter into any new business or new direct investments. If, after a period of one year, the engagement has not delivered any positive results, Zurich will stop entering into any new business with the company in question and will also divest from direct investments. The list of companies is circulated quarterly to all internal and external asset managers.

Voluntary **Additional Assessed** FI 05 **Public** PRI 1 Provide examples of how ESG factors are included in your screening criteria. FI 05.1 ☐ Corporate (financial) ☑ Corporate (non-financial) **ESG** factors □ Environmental ☐ Governance ☑ Negative/ exclusionary Description of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria Zurich applies a banned-weapons (cluster munitions and anti-personal landmines) screen to its investment universe. See FI 04 and FI 05 for details.



Type of fixed income
□ Corporate (financial)
☑ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG factors
☑ Environmental
□ Social
☐ Governance
Screening
☑ Negative/ exclusionary
Description of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria
Zurich applies a screen for companies that generate more than half of their revenues from mining thermal coal or use more than half of coal in their power generation mix. Zurich will not invest in new debt of these companies and will run off existing holdings.

 $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$ Example 3

Type of fixed income
□ Corporate (financial)
☑ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG factors
□ Environmental
□ Social
☑ Governance
Screening
☑ Negative/ exclusionary
Description of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria
Zurich's insurance businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate potential ESG issues and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving large projects and corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers and brokers to better manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A referral desk is in place to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on appropriate mitigation actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and analyzed and management receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability risks in business transactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact in underwriting may result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases, the approach may result in a decision to stop doing business with a company, including any forms of direct investment. See FI 04 and FI 05 for details.

FI 06 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1

FI 06.1

□ Example 4□ Example 5

Indicate which systems your organisation has to ensure that fund screening criteria are not breached in fixed income investments.

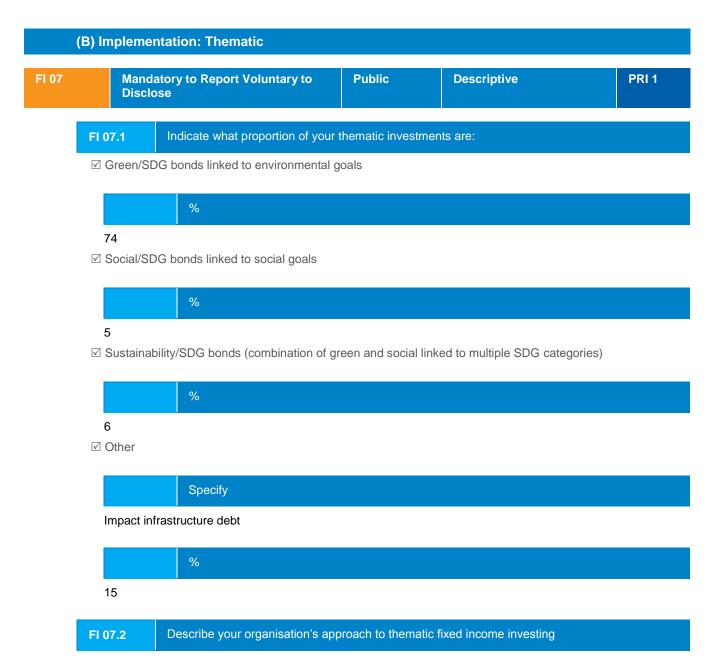
Type of screening	Checks				
	☑ Analysis is performed to ensure that issuers meet screening criteria				
Negative/exclusionary screening?	$\ensuremath{\square}$ We ensure that data used for the screening criteria is updated at least once a year.				
	☑ Automated IT systems prevent our portfolio managers from investing in excluded issuers or bonds that do not meet screening criteria				
	$\hfill \square$ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken yearly by internal audit or compliance functions				
	☐ Other, specify				
	☐ None of the above				



FI 06.2

Additional information. [Optional]

External and internal asset managers receive a quarterly restricted list containing information on companies nearing or breaching counterparty credit risk limits on a Group level as well as blacklisted names from the process explained in FI 04. Occasional checks of the blacklisted names against Group holdings are performed in line with a process used to manage other types of guideline breaches.



Zurich has committed to invest up to USD 5 billion in impact investments after having reached its commitment to invest up to USD 2 billion in green bonds in 2017. As of December 31, 2018, Zurich had invested USD 2.7 billion in green bonds as well as USD 425 million in social and sustainable (green and social mixed use) bonds and USD 540 million in green and social infrastructure debt (see also SG 18.2).

In our view, the unique characteristic of green, social and sustainable bonds is the pre-defined use of proceeds according to criteria to which issuers commit, clearly linking the investment to specific projects that allow the bond issuer to report a result or impact. The market for green bonds in particular has been developing rapidly since broadening from the traditional issuer base of supranational institutions in 2014. Green bonds can take many



forms: standard recourse-to-the-issuer debt obligations, revenue bonds, asset-backed securities, project bonds, etc., and are issued by supranational institutions, state agencies, corporates, and municipalities. Through its commitment to this market, Zurich is seeking to capture opportunities across the universe of green, social and sustainable bonds.

To capture the breadth of credit instruments and issuers represented in the green, social and sustainability bond market, Zurich has defined two separate but complementary approaches for investing in use-of-proceed bonds.

1. Dedicated green bond mandate for supranational green bonds issued in U.S. dollars:

Assets with minimum credit risk, such as those issued (or explicitly guaranteed) by national governments or supranational institutions, form a very significant part of Zurich's asset allocation. In line with our established approach to define portfolios along credit sector- and currency lines, Zurich has carved-out a dedicated green bond mandate to invest in U.S. dollar- denominated green bonds by such issuers on its North-American balance sheet. This mandate is managed by an external asset manager, BlackRock, according to portfolio guidelines, and will be funded with up to USD 1 billion.

2. Integrating green, social and sustainability bonds in existing fixed-income portfolios:

Beyond the dedicated mandate just described, Zurich has chosen to capture other credit sectors, issuers and currencies through a different approach. Rather than creating multiple green bond portfolios reflecting different credit sectors and currencies, or cross-currency, cross-credit- sector portfolios that would not fit Zurich's established approach to credit investing, an internal green bond expert was appointed to coordinate and facilitate green, social and sustainability bond investments across Zurich's many existing balance sheets, portfolios and asset managers. In this way, Zurich has already invested over USD 1.74 billion in green and 425 million in social and sustainability bonds.

In 2018, Zurich broadened its impact fixed income strategy to private debt, defining criteria for what constitutes green or social infrastructure for which impact reporting is available. As of December 31, 2018, Zurichs impact infrastructure portfolio comprised of USD 540 million in assets.

	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
FI 08.			d disclosure relating to the is: Bond Principles, or Sustainal	
☑ We	e require that themed bond proce	eeds are only allocated to	environmentally or socially be	eneficial projects
	e require the issuer (or 3rd party cts to which themed bond procee		process which determines the	ne eligibility of
	e require issuers to demonstrate eds to eligible projects until all fu		ent process of disbursing the	med bond
	e require issuers to report at leas ling a description of those project		jects to which proceeds have	been allocated
✓ Oth	ner, specify			
	strongly encourage issuers to rough green, social or sustainabil		ments but also impact of the	projects financed
□ No	ne of the above			



FI 08.2

Describe the actions you take when issuers do not disburse bond proceeds as described in the offering documents.

Zurich monitors all available reporting and actively engages with the issuers of green, social and sustainability bonds held in the portfolio. Zurich regularly engages with relevant issuers and held discussions directly with many issuers represented in our portfolio, focusing on use of proceeds, impact reporting and other aspects of their impact bonds. So far, Zurich has not come across an issuer disbursing proceeds in a way that was not aligned with stated intentions. However, in 2018 we saw few instances where a self-designated green, social or sustainability bond failed to meet Zurich's criteria to be counted as an 'impact investment,' as opposed to a 'conventional bond.' We communicated the fact the bond failed to meet the criteria to the issuers and their structuring banks.

FI 09		Manda	atory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1
	FI 0	9.1	Indicate how you assess the envi	ronmental or socia	I impact of your thematic investment	ents.
			e issuers to report at least once per investments	r year on specific e	nvironmental or social impacts re	sulting from
	\square V	Ve ensur	e independent audits are conducted	d on the environme	ntal or social impact of our invest	ments
	✓ V	Ve have	a proprietary system to measure en	vironmental and so	ocial impact	
	\ensuremath{arphi} We measure the impact of our themed bond investments on specific ESG factors such as carbon emissions or human rights					
		Other, spe	ecify			
		lone of th	ne above			
	FI 0	9.2	Additional information. [Optional]			

During 2018, Zurich worked on developing a methodology to aggregate the impact indicators of CO2 avoided and people benefited across asset classes on portfolio level. These numbers will be piloted in 2019. See FI 08.2 for further details on impact reporting for green bonds.

(C) Implementation: Integration FI 10 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1

FI 10.1 Describe your approach to integrating ESG into traditional financial analysis.

Zurich believes that ESG factors have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distils all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.



Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curriculums.

2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated in-house teams, or broker research.

3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. In a few instances, in-house asset management teams also manage specific funds that form part of insurance products offered directly to clients. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. However, while some best practices may not be applicable under all circumstances, minimum standards related to the four basic requirements of ESG integration (described in this text) apply across teams:

1. Training Minimum standard

- Responsible investment competency assigned to asset management team.
- Training modules covering assigned competency levels completed successfully.

Best practice

- Additional relevant training through seminars, webinars, etc.
- Review of selected academic research; responsible investment publications; etc.

2. Access to information Minimum standard

Access to MSCI ESG manager platform for all portfolio managers and investment analysts.

Best practice

- Use of ESG data from other data providers, such as Bloomberg, etc.
- Use of ESG research and analysis provided by brokers.
- · Encouraging brokers to reflect ESG issues in research and analysis.

3. Investment process Minimum standard

- Review of ESG research before making security selection decisions.
- Other things being equal preference for issuers with superior ESG performance.
- Integration of ESG risk exposure and exposure to controversial business practices in reporting to the local ALM investment committee (ALMIC).
- Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at investment team meetings.



Best practice

- Integration of ESG factors into bottom-up equity or credit investment research.[1]
- Integration of ESG factors into industry sector analysis.
- ESG analytics at a portfolio level.

4. Active ownership Minimum standard

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy.
- Reviewing ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues besides other material issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities on priority topics.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and Zurich's Group Responsible Investment team.

Best practice

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy.
- Pro-active and targeted outreach to brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee companies with material ESG issues, as well as industry or regulatory bodies in support of identified responsible investment matters.
- Initiating or joining engagements with external asset managers or peers on identified priority topics.
- Actively taking on and championing an engagement topic through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other adequate channels.

[1] Only few Zurich teams conduct bottom-up research in-house

FI 10.2 Describe how your ESG integration approach is adapted to each of the different types of fixed income you invest in.

SSA

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to municipal securities, as part of SSA.

Corporate (financial)

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to financial and non-financial corporate bonds.

Corporate (non-financial)

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to financial and non-financial corporate bonds.

FI 11 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1

FI 11.1

Indicate how ESG information is typically used as part of your investment process.



Select all that apply

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)
ESG analysis is integrated into fundamental analysis	V		
ESG analysis is used to adjust the internal credit assessments of issuers.	\checkmark	V	v
ESG analysis is used to adjust forecasted financials and future cash flow estimates.	V	V	
ESG analysis impacts the ranking of an issuer relative to a chosen peer group.	V	V	
An issuer's ESG bond spreads and its relative value versus its sector peers are analysed to find out if all risks are priced in.	V	V	
The impact of ESG analysis on bonds of an issuer with different durations/maturities are analysed.	V	V	
Sensitivity analysis and scenario analysis are applied to valuation models to compare the difference between base-case and ESG-integrated security valuation.			
ESG analysis is integrated into portfolio weighting decisions.	V	V	V
Companies, sectors, countries and currency and monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits.	V	V	
The ESG profile of portfolios is examined for securities with high ESG risks and assessed relative to the ESG profile of a benchmark.	V	☑	
Other, specify			

FI 11.2 Additional information [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (e.g., the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

In answering FI 11.1, options were selected if applied systematically by at least one team.

See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.



FI 12 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

FI 12.1

Indicate the extent to which ESG issues are reviewed in your integration process.

	Environment	Social	Governance	
SSA	Environmental	Social	Governance	
	Systematically	Systematically	Systematically	
	Occasionally	Occasionally	Occasionally	
	O Not at all	○ Not at all	O Not at all	
Corporate (financial)	Environmental	Social	Governance	
(iiiiaiiciai)	Systematically	Systematically	Systematically	
	Occasionally	Occasionally	Occasionally	
	O Not at all	O Not at all	O Not at all	
Corporate (non-	Environmental	Social	Governance	
financial)	Systematically	Systematically	Systematically	
	Occasionally	Occasionally	Occasionally	
	O Not at all	O Not at all	○ Not at all	

FI 12.2

Please provide more detail on how you review E, S and/or G factors in your integration process.

SSA

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.

Corporate (financial)

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.

Corporate (non-financial)

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.



FI 12.3 Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance products offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

In answering FI 12.1 'Systematically' was selected, based on practices applied by the major teams managing fixed income assets.

See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

FI 13 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1

Describe your RI approach for passively managed fixed income assets.

Passively-managed fixed income mandates are not currently in-scope for Zurich's responsible investment approach.

Fixed	d inco	me - Engagement			
FI 14		ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
FI 14.1 Indicate the proportion of your fixed income assets on which you engage. Please exclude any engagements carried out solely in your capacity as a shareholder.					

FI 13.1

Category	Proportion (of assets				
	○ >50%					
SSA	○ 26-50%					
	○ 5-25%					
	More than	0%, less than 5%				
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (SSA fixed income assets).				
	☑ To gain ar	n understanding of ESG strategy and/or management				
	☑ To encour	age improved/increased ESG disclosure				
		ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue				
Corporate (financial)	○ >50% ○ 26-50%					
(○ 5-25%					
	More than	0%, less than 5%				
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (Corporate, Financial fixed income assets)				
		n understanding of ESG strategy and/or management				
		age improved/increased ESG disclosure				
		ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue				
	○ >50%					
Corporate (non- financial)	○ 26-50%					
,	○ 5-25%					
	More than	0%, less than 5%				
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (Corporate, non-financial fixed income assets)				
	☑ To gain ar	n understanding of ESG strategy and/or management				
		age improved/increased ESG disclosure				
	☑ To influen	ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue				

FI 14.3 Additional information.[OPTIONAL

In 2017, Zurich implemented a strategy for engagement and all major teams began to discuss material ESG issues with issuers in a more systematic way as part of regular issuer interaction. In all these cases, engagement has been driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective of generating insights as part of the investment process and effecting change where appropriate. In 2018, Zurich subscribed to further collaborative engagement platforms beyond the PRI clearinghouse. Furthermore, a priority for 2018 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, which Zurich did by divesting equity or by halting provision of debt to companies that generated more than half of their revenues from mining thermal coal or used coal as more than half of their power generation mix.

Zurich also engages extensively with green, social and sustainability bond issuers on impact topics. With the development of the impact measurement framework, we engaged with several issuers to gain an in-depth understanding of their impact reporting methodology, and to request additional information from them.



New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

FI 15.1

Indicate how you typically engage with issuers as a fixed income investor, or as both a fixed income and listed equity investor. (Please do not include engagements where you are both a bondholder and shareholder but engage as a listed equity investor only.)

Select all that apply

Type of engagement	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Individual/Internal staff engagements				
Collaborative engagements				
Service provider engagements				

FI 15.2

Indicate how your organisation prioritises engagements with issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)	
Size of holdings	V		V	
Credit quality of the issuer				
Duration of holdings				
Quality of transparency on ESG	V		V	
Specific markets and/or sectors	V		V	
Specific ESG themes	V	\checkmark	V	
Issuers in the lowest ranks of ESG benchmarks				
Issuers in the highest ranks of ESG benchmarks				
Specific issues considered priorities for the investor based on input from clients and beneficiaries				
Other	V			

If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.3

Indicate when your organisation conducts engagements with issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
We engage pre-investment.	V	V	7
We engage post-investment.	V	V	✓
We engage proactively in anticipation of specific ESG risks and/or opportunities.			
We engage in reaction to ESG issues that have already affected the issuer.	V	Image: Control of the	
We engage prior to ESG-related divestments.			
Other, describe	V		

If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.4

Indicate what your organisation conducts engagements with issuers on.

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)	
We engage on ESG risks and opportunities affecting a specific bond issuer or its issuer.	V	V	☑	
We engage on ESG risks and opportunities affecting the entire industry or region that the issuer belongs to.			☑	
We engage on specific ESG themes across issuers and industries (e.g., human rights).	V	V	Ø	
Other, describe	V	V		



If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.5

Indicate how your organisation ensures that information and insights collected through engagement can feed into the investment decision-making process.

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
Ensuring regular cross-team meetings and presentations.	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	V
Sharing engagement data across platforms that is accessible to ESG and investment teams.			
Encouraging ESG and investment teams to join engagement meetings and roadshows.	V		
Delegating some engagement dialogue to portfolio managers/credit analysts.	V	I	
Involving portfolio managers when defining an engagement programme and developing engagement decisions.	V		
Establishing mechanisms to rebalance portfolio holdings based on levels of interaction and outcomes of engagements.			
Considering active ownership as a mechanism to assess potential future investments.	V	I	
Other, describe			
We do not ensure that information and insights collected through engagement can feed into the investment decision-making process.			



FI 15.6

Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

In 2017, Zurich implemented a strategy for engagement and all major teams began to discuss material ESG issues with issuers in a more systematic way as part of regular issuer interaction. In all these cases, engagement is driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective of generating insights as part of the investment process and effecting change where appropriate. In 2018, Zurich subscribed to further collaborative engagement platforms beyond the PRI clearinghouse. Furthermore, a priority for 2018 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, which Zurich did by divesting equity from or halting provision of providing debt to companies that generated more than half of their revenues from mining thermal coal or used coal as more than half of their power generation mix

Zurich also engages extensively with green, social and sustainability bond issuers about impact topics. With the development of the impact measurement framework we engaged with several issuers to understand their impact reporting methodology in depth and asked for additional information.

FI 16 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,2
Disclose

FI 16.1

Indicate if your publicly available policy documents explicitly refer to fixed income engagement separately from engagements in relation to other asset classes.

Yes

FI 16.2

Please attach or provide a URL to your fixed income engagement policy document. [Optional]

URL

{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en&hash=72A35940F6FEF2914231845A4A14F7FD46F24966}

O No

FI 16.3

Additional information [OPTIONAL]

Zurich's overall engagement policy and minimum standards apply to both fixed income and equity. However, Zurich describes a dedicated engagement approach valid for fixed income impact investments in its white paper 'Responsible Investment at Zurich - What we want to achieve, and how we do it.'

Zurich is a member of the executive committee that governs the Green Bond Principles. It is also a member of formal and informal working groups that play an active role in helping to develop the green bond market. Its activities reflect Zurich's particular interest in engaging other market participants in active dialogue on topics related to impact reporting.

Outputs and outcomes

FI 17 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Additional Assessed General

FI 17.1

Indicate whether your organisation measures how your incorporation of ESG analysis in fixed income has affected investment outcomes and/or performance.

Select all that apply

PRI Principles for Responsible Investment

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
We measure whether incorporating ESG impacts portfolio risk.	V	✓	
We measure whether incorporating ESG impacts portfolio returns.			
We measure the ESG performance/profile of portfolios (relative to the benchmark).	V	V	
None of the above			

FI 17.2

Describe how your organisation measures how your incorporation of ESG analysis in fixed income has affected investment outcomes and/or ESG performance. [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. In answering FI 17.1, options were selected if applied systematically at least by one team. See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

FI 18 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1,2

FI 18.1

Provide examples of how your incorporation of ESG analysis and/or your engagement of issuers has affected your fixed income investment outcomes during the reporting year.

☑ Example 1



Type of fixed income
☑ SSA
☐ Corporate (financial)
☐ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG issue and explanation
The inclusion of ESG disclosures in the issue documents added to the portfolio manager's appetite to re-invest
in a private placement of a callable bond
RI strategy applied
□ Screening
☐ Thematic
☑ Integration
□ Engagement
☐ ESG incorporation in passively managed funds
Impact on investment decision or performance
Investment reaffirmed

☑ Example 2



Type of fixed income
□SSA
☐ Corporate (financial)
☑ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG issue and explanation
Divested from coal exposure
RI strategy applied
□ Screening
☐ Thematic
□ Integration
☑ Engagement
☐ ESG incorporation in passively managed funds
Impact on investment decision or performance
Zurich has divested from and will no longer invest in assets that generate more than 50% of revenues from mining thermal coal or use more than 50% of coal in the power generation mix. A dedicated engagement campaign was launched to accompany the divestment.
☐ Example 3
□ Example 4
□ Example 5



Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Direct - Property

PRI disclaimer

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Overview

PR 01 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1-6

PR 01.1

Indicate if your organisation has a Responsible Property Investment (RPI) policy.

Yes

PR 01.2

Provide a URL or attach the document

☑ URL

☐ Attach Document

 \bigcirc No

PR 01.3

Provide a brief overview of your organisation's approach to responsible investment in property, and how you link responsible investment in property to your business strategy. [Optional]

Sustainability is captured as an explicit element in Zurich's real estate investment strategy. In 2016, Zurich integrated responsible investment practices into its global real estate investment guidelines. The guidelines define a global framework centered on sustainability scoring for all properties, supplemented by local best practices to reduce CO2 emissions, water consumption and waste, and to increase the share of labeled properties in the portfolio. The global framework is in the process of implementation, which is expected to be a multi-year process.

The largest portion of the portfolio of real estate assets is managed in Switzerland, representing 44 percent of Zurich's real estate exposure by value. For the remainder of this module, answers will reflect local best practices for Switzerland, based on the following elements:

- Sustainability strategy with a specific target to reduce energy consumption and CO2 emissions by 20 percent by 2020, and 80 percent by 2050.
- Sustainability targets are reflected in the operational optimization implementation plan, with a specific focus on energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy sources
- Sustainability best practices for all relevant ESG factors are reflected in project management guidelines to support decision-making at an asset-by-asset level

To achieve these objectives, Zurich introduced processes that reflect its focus on sustainability in real estate transactions, development and property management.

Pre-investment (selection)

PR 04 Mandatory Public Gateway/Core Assessed PRI 1

PR 04.1

Indicate if your organisation typically incorporates ESG issues when selecting property investments.

Yes



PR 04.2

Provide a description of your organisation's approach to incorporating ESG issues in property investment selection.

ESG factors are fully integrated into Zurich's real estate transaction management process. As part of the due diligence, Zurich performs an assessment if any potential investments are required to improve a property's energy consumption and CO2 emissions, as well as any other relevant ESG aspects. This assessment is then reflected in the investment decision.

PR 04.3

Indicate which E, S and/or G issues are typically considered by your organisation in the property investment selection process, and list up to three examples per issue.

☑ Environmental

	Environmental example 1, select one				
☐ Climate change adaptation					
☐ Contamination					
☑ Energy efficiency					
☐ Energy	supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
☐ Indoor e	environmental quality				
□ Natural	hazards				
☐ Resilien	ce				
☐ Transpo	ortation				
□ Water e	fficiency				
□ Waste n	nanagement				
☐ Water s	upply				
☐ Other					
\square Other					
☐ Flooding	g				
☐ GHG en	nissions				



	Environmental example 2, select one				
☐ Climate	change adaptation				
□ Contamination					
☐ Energy e	efficiency				
☑ Energy s	supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
☐ Indoor e	nvironmental quality				
□ Natural h	nazards				
☐ Resiliend	De Company of the Com				
☐ Transpoi	rtation				
□ Water ef	ficiency				
□ Waste m	nanagement				
□ Water su	ipply				
☐ Other					
☐ Other					
☐ Flooding					
☐ GHG em	uissions				
	Environmental example 3, select one				
☐ Climate	change adaptation				
□ Contami	nation				
☐ Energy e	efficiency				
☐ Energy s	supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
☐ Indoor e	nvironmental quality				
□ Natural h	nazards				
☐ Resiliend	pe e				
☑ Transpoi	rtation				
□ Water ef	ficiency				
□ Waste m	nanagement				
□ Water su	ıpply				
□ Other					
□ Other					
☐ Flooding					
☐ GHG em	issions				



	Social example 1, select one
☐ Building	safety and materials
☑ Health,	safety and wellbeing
☐ Socio-ed	conomic
☐ Accessil	pility
☐ Affordab	le Housing
□ Occupie	r Satisfaction
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
	Social example 2, select one
□ Building	safety and materials
_	Safety and wellbeing
✓ Socio-e	
☐ Accessil	
	olle Housing
	r Satisfaction
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
	Social example 3, select one
☐ Building	safety and materials
☐ Health, \$	Safety and wellbeing
☐ Socio-ed	conomic
	pility
☐ Affordab	le Housing
□ Occupie	r Satisfaction
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
☐ Other	
overnance	



	Governance example 1, se	lect one		
☑ Anti-brib	pery & corruption			
☐ Board structure				
☐ Conflicts of interest				
☐ Governa	ance structure			
□ Regulat	ory			
☐ Shareho	older structure & rights			
☐ Supply of	chain governance			
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
	Governance example 2, se	lect one	_	
☐ Anti-brib	pery & corruption			
☐ Board s	tructure			
☐ Conflicts	s of interest			
☐ Governa	ance structure			
☑ Regulate	ory			
☐ Shareho	older structure & rights			
☐ Supply of	chain governance			
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
	Governance example 3, se	lect one		
☐ Anti-brib	pery & corruption			
☐ Board s	tructure			
☐ Conflicts	s of interest			
☐ Governa	ance structure			
□ Regulate	ory			
Shareho	older structure & rights			
☐ Supply of	chain governance			
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
☐ Other				
Voluntary		Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1,3



PR 05

PR 05.1

Indicate what type of ESG information your organisation typically considers during your property investment selection process.

☑ Raw data from the target property asset/company
☑ Appraisals/audits
☑ Benchmarks/ratings against similar property asset
☑ Country level data/benchmarks
$\ensuremath{\square}$ Data aligned with established property reporting standards, industry codes and certifications
$\hfill \square$ International initiatives, declarations or standards
$\hfill\Box$ Data from engagements with stakeholders (e.g. tenants and local community surveys)
☑ Information from external advisers
☑ Other, specify
See PR 05.2

PR 05.2

☐ We do not track this information

Provide a brief description of how this ESG information was incorporated into your investment selection process.

ESG factors are fully integrated into Zurich's real estate transaction management process. Information related to ESG issues contained in external appraisals is taken into account and is supplemented with other information and own analysis. Specifically, as part of the due diligence process, Zurich performs an assessment of any potential investments required to improve a property's energy consumption and CO2 emissions, as well as any other relevant ESG aspects. This assessment is then reflected in the investment decision.

PR 06		Mar	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
	PR 06.	1	Indicate if ESG issues impacted you year.	ur property investm	ent selection process during the i	reporting
	☑ ESG issues helped identify risks and/or opportunities for value creation					
	☑ ESG issues led to the abandonment of potential investments					
	☑ ESG issues impacted the investment in terms of price offered and/or paid					
	\square ESG issues impacted the terms in the shareholder/purchase agreements and/or lending covenants					
	\square ESG issues were considered but did not have an impact on the investment selection process					
	□ Oth	er, sp	ecify			
	□ Not	applic	cable, our organisation did not select a	ny investments in t	the reporting year	
	□We	do no	t track this potential impact			



PR 06.	.2	Indicate how ESG issues impacted reporting year.	your property	investment deal structuring proc	esses during the	
☑ ESC	G issue	es impacted the investment in terms o	of price offered	and/or paid		
□ ES0	3 issue	es impacted the terms in the sharehol	der/purchase a	agreements and/or lending cove	nants	
□ ESC	G issue	es were considered but did not have a	an impact on th	e deal structuring process		
☐ Oth	er, spe	ecify				
□ Not	applic	able, our organisation did not select a	any investment	s in the reporting year		
□We	do not	track this potential impact				
PR 06.	.3	Additional information.				
Please re	efer to	PR 05.2 for details.				
Selec	tion, a	appointment and monitoring thi	ird-party pro	perty managers		
07	Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 4	
			F00:		17 29 2	
PR 07.	.1	PR 07.1 Indicate if your organisation includes ESG issues in your selection, appointment and/or monitoring of third-party property managers.				

PR 07.2

Yes

Indicate how your organisation includes ESG issues in your selection, appointment and/or monitoring of third party property managers.

☑ Selection process of property managers incorporated ESG issues

Types of actions

- $\ensuremath{\square}$ Request explanation of how ESG is effectively integrated, including inquiries about governance and processes
- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ Request track records and examples of how the manager implements ESG in their asset and property management
- ☑ Discuss property level out-performance opportunities through greater integration of ESG criteria
- ☐ Request explanation of engaging stakeholders on ESG issues
- ☐ Other, explain

Coverage

- >75% to 100%
- >50% to 75%
- <50%
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ Contractual requirements when appointing property managers includes ESG issues



Types of actions
\ensuremath{ert} Include clear and detailed expectations for incorporating ESG
\square Require dedicated ESG procedures in all relevant asset and property management phases
☐ Clear ESG reporting requirements
☐ Clear ESG performance targets
☐ Other, explain
Coverage
● >75% to 100%
○ >50% to 75%
○ <50%
Monitoring of property managers covers ESG responsibilities and implementation
Types of actions
$\ensuremath{\square}$ Performance against quantitative and material environmental / resource targets over specified timeframe.
$\hfill \square$ Performance against quantitative and material environmental / resource targets against relevant benchmarks
$\hfill \Box$ Performance against quantitative and qualitative targets to address social impacts of the portfolio/investment,
☐ Other, explain
Coverage
○ >75% to 100%
● >50% to 75%
O <50%

 \bigcirc No

PR 07.3

Provide a brief description of your organisations selection, appointment and monitoring of third party property managers and how they contribute to the management of ESG issues for your property investments.

On a global level, selection and monitoring starts with our asset manager selection. Every RFP run for asset manager selection includes a section dedicated to ESG management. Before assigning a mandate, we compare and score ESG practices and capabilities of the manager with regard to their ESG program, activities and how property managers are selected and monitored. When selecting a new property manager, or at renewal of their contract, ESG plays part in the evaluation matrix of the respective service-level agreement

With regards to the Swiss portfolios, over 90 percent of Zurich's investment properties in Switzerland are managed by the property management company Apleona, with which Zurich successfully implemented the carbon reduction program for all Swiss assets.

Zurich regularly discusses energy efficiency and other ESG factors with property managers and relies on property managers to collect data related to energy consumption.

Coverage based on number of assets.



Post-investment (monitoring and active ownership)

Overview

PR 08 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 2

PR 08.1

Indicate if your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in post-investment activities relating to your property assets.

Yes

PR 08.2

Indicate whether your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in the following post-investment activities relating to your property assets.

- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property monitoring and management
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property developments and major renovations.
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property occupier engagements
- ☐ We consider ESG issues in community engagements related to our properties
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in other post-investment activities, specify

Also smaller repairs and maintenance work are always considered under their ESG relevance (e.g., replacement of windows, heating system, lighting system etc.)

PR 08.3

Describe how your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in post-investment activities related to your property assets.

Property monitoring and management: Zurich requires its property managers to perform energy accounting for its properties and monitors energy consumption data, as well as CO2 emissions through an energy controlling system.

Property development and refurbishments: as part of the operational optimization plan measures are implemented to reduce energy consumption and CO2 emissions. The optimal mix of measures is determined on an asset-by-asset basis. See PR 16 for examples.

Occupier engagement: Zurich's property managers make information leaflets on issues such as effective heating and venting practices, etc. available to all tenants.

Note: CO2 emission monitoring and objectives as stated above currently reflect local best practice in Switzerland, where Zurich holds 44 percent of real estate investments by value. Implementation of CO2 emission objectives in other countries has yet not started.

○ No

Property monitoring and management

PR 09 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2,3



PR 09.1

Indicate the proportion of property assets for which your organisation, and/or property managers, set and monitored ESG targets (KPIs or similar) during the reporting year.

- >90% of property assets
- 51-90% of property assets
- 10-50% of property assets
- <10% of property assets

(in terms of number of property assets)

PR 09.2

Indicate which ESG targets your organisation and/or property managers typically set and monitor

☑ Environmental

Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
Energy consumption (20 percent reduction by 2020 vs 2010 baseline; 80 percent reduction by 2050) CO2 emissions (20 percent reduction by 2020 vs 2010 baseline; 80	-10% -14% Water use reduction and waste water
percent reduction by 2050)	technologies

□ Social

☐ Governance

☐ We do not set and/or monitor against targets

PR 09.3

Additional information. [Optional

See PR 01.3 for further details.

Note: Answers in this section represent local best practice for Switzerlandand refer to 2017.

PR 10	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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PR 10.1

Indicate whether your property assets are assessed against certification schemes, ratings and/or benchmarks

Yes

PR 10.2

List the certification schemes, ratings and/or benchmarks your property assets are assessed against and what proportion of your property assets they apply to.

☑ Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 1



Specify	Minergie, DGNB, LEED
Proportion of property assets these apply to	○ >90% of property assets
	○ 51-90% of property assets
	○ 10-50% of property assets
	(in terms of number of property assets)

☑ Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 2

Specify	CO2 emissions in Swiss RE
Proportion of property assets these apply to	○ >90% of property assets
	● 51-90% of property assets
	○ 10-50% of property assets
	○ <10% of property assets
	(in terms of number of property assets)

 \square Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 3

 \bigcirc No

PR 10.3

Indicate if your organisation uses property specific reporting standards to disclose information related to your property investments' ESG performance.

- ☐ Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Construction & Real Estate Sector Supplement (CRESS)
- ☑ Other property reporting standards, specify

SIA 2040

 $\hfill\square$ No property specific reporting standards are used

PR 10.4

Additional information.

Zurich does not set any minimum requirements or targets with respect to property certifications. The cost and benefit of certification are taken into account on an asset-by-asset basis, but the responsible investment approach in real estate investment focuses primarily on a property's contribution to the portfolio's overall ESG scoring, including energy consumption and CO2 emission levels in Switzerland.

Property developments and major renovations

PR 11	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2



PR 11.1

Indicate the proportion of active property developments and major renovations where ESG issues have been considered.

- >90% of active developments and major renovations
- 51-90% of active developments and major renovations
- 10-50% of active developments and major renovations
- <10% of active developments and major renovations
- O N/A, no developments and major renovations of property assets are active

(by number of active property developments and refurbishments)

PR 11.2

Indicate if the following ESG considerations are typically implemented and monitored in your property developments and major renovations.

- ☑ Environmental site selection requirements
- ☑ Environmental site development requirements
- ☑ Sustainable construction materials
- ☑ Water efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy generation from on-site renewable sources
- ☑ Waste management plans at sites
- ☑ Health and safety management systems at sites
- ☐ Health and wellbeing of residents
- ☑ Construction contractors comply with sustainability guidelines
- ☑ Resilient building design and orientation
- ☐ Other, specify

PR 11.3

Additional information. [Optional

For all property developments and refurbishments, Zurich's real estate investment managers will determine the optimal mix of measures to achieve energy consumption and CO2 emission targets, as well as other sustainability considerations in line with the operational optimization plan and sustainability best practices as defined in project management guidelines. Measures taken will depend on a property's location, whether buildings remain fully or partially occupied during refurbishments, and other factors.

Occupier engagement

PR 12 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2



PR 12.1

Indicate the proportion of property occupiers your organisation, and/or your property managers, engaged with on ESG issues during the reporting year.

- >90% of occupiers
- 50-90% of occupiers
- 10-50% of occupiers
- <10% of occupiers

(in terms of number of occupiers)

PR 12.2

Indicate if the following practises and areas are typically part of your, and/or your property managers', occupier engagements.

- ☑ Distribute a sustainability guide to occupiers
- ☐ Organise occupier events focused on increasing sustainability awareness
- ☐ Deliver training on energy and water efficiency
- ☐ Deliver training on waste minimisation
- ☐ Provide feedback on energy and water consumption and/or waste generation
- ☐ Provide feedback on waste generation
- ☐ Carry out occupier satisfaction surveys
- ☐ Health and wellbeing of residents
- ☐ Offer green leases
- ☐ Other, specify

PR 12.3

Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich's property managers make information available to all new tenants in the form of leaflets, for example, on effective heating and ventilation practices, etc.

Note: Answers in this section represent local best practice for Switzerland, where 44 percent of Zurich's direct real estate investments by value are held.

PR 13 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 2

PR 13.1

Indicate the proportion of all leases signed during the reporting year that used green leases or the proportion of Memoranda of Understandings (MoUs) with reference to ESG issues.

- >90% of leases or MoUs
- O 50-90% of leases or MoUs
- O 10-50% of leases or MoUs
- <10% of leases or MoUs</p>
- O 0% of leases or MoUs
- O N/A, no leases or MoUs were signed during the reporting year

(in terms of number of leases or MoUs)



Outputs and outcomes

PR 15 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,2

PR 15.1

Indicate whether your organisation measures how your approach to responsible investment in property investments has affected financial and/or ESG performance.

☑ We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impacts funds' financial performance

PR 15.2a

Describe the impact on the following.

Describe the impact on:	Impact
Funds' financial performance	Positive
	○ Negative
	O No impact

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impacts funds' ESG performance

PR 15.2b

Describe the impact on the following

Describe the impact on:	Impact
Funds' ESG performance	Positive
	○ Negative
	○ No impact

 $\hfill\square$ None of the above

PR 15.3

Describe how you are able to determine these outcomes.

Zurich aims to include savings from energy efficiency in investment decisions at the individual property level. However, data are not always sufficient to determine the underlying cost savings accruing to the tenant.

The Swiss real estate team requires its property managers to perform energy accounting for its properties and monitors energy consumption data, as well as CO2 emissions through an energy controlling system. Zurich then works with a specialized external provider to evaluate this data and determine energy consumption and CO2 emission levels for the overall portfolio.

PR 16 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1,3

PR 16.1

Provide examples of ESG issues that affected your property investments during the reporting year.

☑ Add Example 1



ESG issue	Energy consumption / CO2 emissions	
Types of properties affected	Office building, Zurich, own-use asset, ongoing refurbishment	
Impact (or potential impact) on investment	 2000 Watt Society certification LEED certification 	
Activities undertaken to influence the investment and the outcomes	Ongoing refurbishmentOngoing refurbishment	

	bbA	Example	2
-	/ luu		<i>, _</i>

☐ Add Example 3

☐ Add Example 4

 \square Add Example 5

Zurich Insurance Group

Reported Information

Public version

Confidence building measures

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



	Confidence building measures						
CM1	01	Mar	adatory	Public	Additional Assessed	General	
	CM1 0 ⁻	1.1	Indicate whether the reported inform year has undergone:	nation you have pr	ovided for your PRI Transparenc	y Report this	
	☐ Third party assurance over selected responses from this year's PRI Transparency Report						
	☐ Third party assurance over data points from other sources that have subsequently been used in your PRI responses this year						
	☐ Thire PRI thi		y assurance or audit of the correct impr)	plementation of RI	processes (that have been repor	ted to the	
			udit of the correct implementation of R he PRI this year)	RI processes and/or	r accuracy of RI data (that have b	peen	
	☑ Inter	rnal ve	erification of responses before submis	sion to the PRI (e.	g. by the CEO or the board)		
	•	Who	le PRI Transparency Report has beer	n internally verified			
	0	Sele	cted data has been internally verified				
	☐ Othe	er, spe	ecify				
	□ Non	e of th	ne above				
CM1	02	Mar	datory	Public	Descriptive	General	
CIVIT	02	IVICII	idator y	Fublic	Descriptive	General	
	CM1 02	2.1	We undertook third party assurance	e on last year's PR	Transparency Report		
	○ Who	ole PR	I Transparency Report was assured I	ast year			
	Selected data was assured in last year's PRI Transparency Report						
	O We did not assure last year's PRI Transparency report						
	O None of the above, we were in our preparation year and did not report last year.						
	CM1 02	2.2	Whole report was assured in last ye	ear's PRI Transpar	ency Report		
	Who has conducted the assurance						

Pricewaterhouse Coopers AG



	Assurance standard used					
☑ ISAE/ AS	SEA 3000					
☐ ISAE 34	☐ ISAE 3402					
☐ ISO star	☐ ISO standard					
□ AAF01/0	□ AAF01/06					
□ AA1000	□ AA1000AS					
☐ IFC perfe	☐ IFC performance standards					
☑ ASAE 34	☑ ASAE 3410 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements.					
□ National	□ National standard					
☐ Other						
	Level of assurance sought					
Limited of	or equivalent					
○ Reasona	able or equivalent					
	Link to external assurance provider's report					
{hyperlink:h	{hyperlink:https://www.zurich.com/en/corporate-responsibility/measuring-our-progress}					
CM1 02.2	Selected data was assured in last year's PRI Transparency Report					
	What data has been assured					
	I and organisational data					
☑ Data related to RI activities						
□ RI policies						
☐ RI processes (e.g. engagement process)						
☑ ESG operational data of the portfolio						
☑ Other						
	Specify					

All financial and organisational data published in Zurich's annual report or annual review, as well as all Responsible Investment KPIs published in Zurich's Sustainability Highlights report have been externally assured



		Relevant modules				
	☑ Organisa	tional Overview				
		and Governance				
		- Manager Selection, Ap	ppointment and	d Monitoring		
	☑ Direct - L	isted Equity Incorporat	ion			
	☑ Direct - L	isted Equity Active Ow	nership			
	☑ Direct - F	ixed Income				
	☑ Direct - F	Property				
CM1 03	Mand	latory		Public	Descriptive	General
CI	M1 03.1	We undertake confider Transparency Report:	nce building me	easures that	are unspecific to the data o	contained in our PRI
	We adhere	to an RI certification or	labelling scher	me		
					public report (such as a su	stainability report)
ex	xtracts of wh	ich are included in this	year's PRI Tra	nsparency R	eport	
	CM1 03.3				sustainability report that yo extracts of in this year's P	
					surance provider 's report.	
		Link to sustainal	bility, RI, or inte	egrated repo	rt [URL]	
	{hyperlinl	k:https://www.zurich.com	m/ /media/dbe	c/corporate/d	ocs/corporate-responsibility	//sustainability-
	highlights	s-2018.pdf}	_	·		•
		Link to external	assurance prov	vider's report	[URL]	
	{hyperlinl	k:https://www.zurich.co	m/_/media/dbe	corporate/d	ocs/corporate-responsibility	y/sustainability-
		s-2018.pdf}				
	ESG audit					
	Other, spec	-				
	None of the	above				
0111 01						
CM1 04	Mand	latory		Public	Descriptive	General
		De very plan to conduc	A Aladinal manufactor		de vecado DDI Transportario	
C	M1 04.1	Do you plan to conduc	t third party as:	surance of tr	nis year's PRI Transparenc	y report?
С	Whole PRI	Transparency Report w	vill be assured			
•	Selected da	ata will be assured				
	CM1 04.2	Selected data will	be assured			



ell

Pricewaterhouse Coopers AG



		Assurance standard to be used			
	☑ ISAE/ A	SEA 3000			
	☐ ISAE 34	02			
	☐ ISO standard				
	□ AAF01/06				
	□ AA1000AS				
	☐ IFC performance standards				
	☑ ASAE 3410 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements.				
	☐ National standard				
	☐ Other				
		Level of assurance sought			
	Limited	or equivalent			
	○ Reasona	able or equivalent			
CM1 05	Mano	datory	Public	Descriptive	General
	Mand M1 05.1	datory Provide details related to the third p Transparency Report and/or over d used in your PRI responses this yea	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
		Provide details related to the third p Transparency Report and/or over d	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1	Provide details related to the third p Transparency Report and/or over d used in your PRI responses this year	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia	Provide details related to the third p Transparency Report and/or over d used in your PRI responses this year	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia	Provide details related to the third provide details related to the third provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when ye	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia ☑ Data rela	Provide details related to the third provide details related to the third provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the state of the provided in your PRI responses this year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when the provided in your PRI responses the year when ye	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia ☑ Data rela □ RI Polici □ RI Proce	Provide details related to the third provide details related to the third provided in your PRI responses this year which was been assured all and organisational data atted to RI activities	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia ☑ Data rela □ RI Polici □ RI Proce	Provide details related to the third process transparency Report and/or over dused in your PRI responses this year and organisational data atted to RI activities lies lesses (e.g. engagement process)	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI
	M1 05.1 ☑ Financia ☑ Data rela □ RI Polici □ RI Proce ☑ ESG ope	Provide details related to the third process transparency Report and/or over dused in your PRI responses this year and organisational data atted to RI activities lies lesses (e.g. engagement process)	party assurance over	er selected responses from this ye	ear's PRI

All financial and organisational data published in Zurich's annual report or annual review, as well as all Responsible Investment KPIs published in Zurich's Sustainability Highlights report have been externally assured



	Relevant modules				
✓ Organis	sational Overview				
-	☑ Strategy and Governance				
✓ Indirect	☑ Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring				
☑ Direct -	☑ Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation				
☑ Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership					
	Fixed Income				
☑ Direct -	Property				
	Who has conducted the assurance				
Pricewaterho	ouse Coopers AG				
	Assurance standard used				
☑ ISAE/ A	SEA 3000				
☐ ISAE 34	402				
□ ISO sta	ndard				
□ AAF01/	06				
□ AA1000	DAS				
☐ IFC per	formance standards				
☑ ASAE 3	3410 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements.				
□ Nationa	ul standard				
☐ Other					
	Level of assurance sought				
Limited	or equivalent				
○ Reason	able or equivalent				
	Please provide:				
	Link to external assurance provider's report [URL]				
	https://www.zurich.com/_/media/dbe/corporate/docs/corporate-responsibility/sustainability-highlights-la=en&hash=17B1D406E90BABF02224882A25123DA112857AE6}				
	Link to original data source (if public) [URL]				
{hyperlink:	https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/measuring-our-progress}				
7 Man	datory Public Descriptive General				
CM1 07.1	Indicate who has reviewed/verified internally the whole - or selected data of the - PRI Transparency Report . and if this applies to selected data please specify what data was reviewed				



Who has conducted the verification

☑ CEO or other Chief-Level staff

		Sign-off or review of responses			
	☑ Sign-off				
	☑ Review of responses				
	☐ The Board				
	☐ Investment Committee				
☐ Compliance Function					
\checkmark	☑ RI/ESG Team				
\checkmark	☑ Investment Teams				
\checkmark	☑ Legal Department				
\checkmark	Other (specify	r)			
		specify			

Group Publishing Team

